## SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NEW YORK

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

- against -

DONALD J. TRUMP,

Defendant.

Index No. 71543-23

AFFIRMATION OF TODD BLANCHE IN SUPPORT OF PRESIDENT DONALD J. TRUMP'S POST-TRIAL PRESIDENTIAL IMMUNITY MOTION

Todd Blanche, a partner at the law firm Blanche Law PLLC, duly admitted to practice in the courts of the State of New York, hereby affirms the following to be true under penalties of perjury:

1. I represent President Donald J. Trump in this matter and submit this affirmation and the accompanying memorandum of law in support of President Trump's motion to dismiss the Indictment and to vacate the jury's verdicts based on the Presidential immunity doctrine articulated last week by the Supreme Court of the United States and the Supremacy Clause.

2. This affirmation is submitted upon my personal knowledge or upon information and belief, the source of which is my communications with prosecutors and with other counsel, my review of documents in the case file, a review of the available discovery, and an independent investigation into the facts of this case.

3. Attached as Exhibit 1 is a true and accurate copy of DANY's February 22, 2024 motions *in limine*.

4. Attached as Exhibit 2 is a true and accurate copy of President Trump's March 7, 2024 motion.

5. Attached as Exhibit 3 is a true and accurate copy of DANY's March 13, 2024 opposition to President Trump's March 7, 2024 motion.

6. Attached as Exhibit 4 is a true and accurate copy of the Court's April 3, 2024 Decision and Order denying President Trump's March 7, 2024 motion.

Attached as Exhibit 5 is a true and accurate copy of President Trump's April 15,
 2024 premotion letter.

8. Attached as Exhibit 6 is a true and accurate copy of DANY's April 16, 2024 response to President Trump's April 15, 2024 premotion letter.

9. Attached as Exhibit 7 is a true and accurate copy of DANY's February 26, 2020 brief submitted to the United States Supreme Court in *Trump v. Vance*.

10. Attached as GX 81 is a true and accurate copy of the document introduced into evidence at trial as Government Exhibit 81.

11. Attached as GXs 407-F through 407-I are true and accurate copies of the documents introduced into evidence at trial as Government Exhibits 407F through 407I.

12. Attached as GX 181 is a true and accurate copy of the document introduced into evidence at trial as Government Exhibit 181.

13. Attached as GX 201 is a true and accurate copy of the document introduced into evidence at trial as Government Exhibit 201.

14. Attached as GX 319 is a true and accurate copy of the document introduced into evidence at trial as Government Exhibit 319.

15. Attached as GX 68 is a true and accurate copy of the document introduced into evidence at trial as Government Exhibit 68.

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16. Attached as GX 260 is a true and accurate copy of the document introduced into evidence at trial as Government Exhibit 260.

17. Attached as GX 202 is a true and accurate copy of the document introduced into evidence at trial as Government Exhibit 202.

18. Attached as GX 217 is a true and accurate copy of the document introduced into evidence at trial as Government Exhibit 217.

19. Attached as GX 205 is a true and accurate copy of the document introduced into evidence at trial as Government Exhibit 205.

20. Attached as GX 207 is a true and accurate copy of the document introduced into evidence at trial as Government Exhibit 207.

21. Attached as GX 69 is a true and accurate copy of the document introduced into evidence at trial as Government Exhibit 69.

22. Attached as GX 35 is a true and accurate copy of the document introduced into evidence at trial as Government Exhibit 35.

23. Attached as GX 1 is a true and accurate copy of the document introduced into evidence at trial as Government Exhibit 1.

24. Attached as GX 246 is a true and accurate copy of the audio recording introduced into evidence at trial as Government Exhibit 246.

25. Attached as GX 248 is a true and accurate copy of the document introduced into evidence at trial as Government Exhibit 248.

26. Attached as GX 93 is a true and accurate copy of the document introduced into evidence at trial as Government Exhibit 93.

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WHEREFORE, for the reasons set forth in the accompanying memorandum of law, the Court should dismiss the Indictment and vacate the jury's verdicts based on the Presidential immunity doctrine and the Supremacy Clause.

Dated: July 10, 2024 New York, New York

> By: <u>/s/ Todd Blanche</u> Todd Blanche Blanche Law PLLC 99 Wall Street, Suite 4460 New York, NY 10005 212-716-1250 toddblanche@blanchelaw.com

Attorney for President Donald J. Trump

# **EXHIBIT 1**

### SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NEW YORK: PART 59

### THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

-against-

Ind. No. 71543-23

DONALD J. TRUMP,

Defendant.

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### NOTICE OF MOTIONS IN LIMINE

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the People will move this Court, located at 100 Centre

Street, New York, New York, on a date and time to be set by the Court, for an order:

(1) excluding expert testimony regarding federal campaign finance law;

(2) excluding evidence or argument that the Federal Election Commission dismissed complaints that defendant committed campaign finance violations;

(3) excluding evidence or argument regarding any purported decision by the United States Department of Justice not to charge defendant with campaign finance violations;

(4) excluding evidence or argument regarding selective prosecution or government misconduct;

(5) excluding evidence or argument regarding federal prosecutors' purported views of Michael Cohen's credibility;

(6) precluding argument regarding any alleged reliance on advice of counsel unless and until defendant establishes a sufficient factual predicate for that defense;

(7) excluding evidence or argument regarding legal defenses the Court has already rejected; and

(8) permitting the introduction of potential *Molineux* evidence;

and for such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper. A supporting

affirmation, memorandum of law, and exhibits are attached to this notice of motion.

### DATED: February 22, 2024

Respectfully submitted,

ALVIN L. BRAGG, JR. District Attorney, New York County

By: <u>/s/ Matthew Colangelo</u> Matthew Colangelo Christopher Conroy Susan Hoffinger Becky Mangold Joshua Steinglass *Assistant District Attorneys* New York County District Attorney's Office 1 Hogan Place New York, NY 10013 212-335-9000

### SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NEW YORK: PART 59

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

-against-

DONALD J. TRUMP,

AFFIRMATION AND MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN SUPPORT OF MOTIONS IN LIMINE

Ind. No. 71543-23

Defendant.

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### AFFIRMATION

Matthew Colangelo, an attorney admitted to practice before the courts of this state, affirms under penalty of perjury that:

1. I am an Assistant District Attorney in the New York County District Attorney's Office. I am assigned to the prosecution of the above-captioned case and am familiar with the facts and circumstances underlying the case.

2. I submit this affirmation in support of the People's motions in limine.

3. Defendant is charged with thirty-four counts of falsifying business records in the first degree, PL § 175.10. These charges arise from defendant's efforts to conceal an illegal scheme to influence the 2016 presidential election. As part of this scheme, defendant requested that an attorney who worked for his company pay \$130,000 to an adult film actress shortly before the election to prevent her from publicizing an alleged sexual encounter with defendant. Defendant then reimbursed the attorney for the illegal payment through a series of monthly checks. Defendant caused business records associated with the repayments to be falsified to disguise his and others' criminal conduct.

4. Attached as Exhibit 1 is a true and correct copy of defendant's Witness Disclosure for Bradley A. Smith dated January 22, 2024.

5. Attached as Exhibit 2 is a true and correct copy of *United States v. Suarez*, No. 5:13-cr-420 (N.D. Ohio June 24, 2014).

6. Attached as Exhibit 3 is a true and correct copy of the signed engagement letter between Bradley A. Smith and Todd Blanche dated January 4, 2024, for *People v. Trump*, Ind. No. 71543-23.

7. Attached as Exhibit 4 is a true and correct copy of the Decision & Order in *Peoplev. The Trump Corporation*, Ind. No. 1473/2021 (Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cnty. Jan. 5, 2022).

Attached as Exhibit 5 is a true and correct copy of the Hearing Transcript in *People v. The Trump Corporation*, Ind. No. 1473/2021 (Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cnty. Oct. 20, 2022).

9. Attached as Exhibit 6 is a true and correct copy of a document titled Expert Witness Disclosure, Professor Bradley A. Smith, in *United States v. Bankman-Fried*, No. 22 Cr. 673 (LAK), ECF No. 276-5.

Attached as Exhibit 7 is a true and correct copy of the Hearing Transcript in *People v. The Trump Corporation*, Ind. No. 1473/2021 (Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cnty. Oct. 21, 2022).

11. Attached as Exhibit 8 is a true and correct copy of the Judgment of Conviction in *United States v. Cohen*, No. 18-cr-602 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 12, 2018).

12. Attached as Exhibit 9 is a true and correct copy of the Information in *United Statesv. Cohen*, No. 18-cr-602 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 21, 2018).

13. Attached as Exhibit 10 is a true and correct copy of the Hearing Transcript in *United States v. Cohen*, No. 18-cr-602 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 21, 2018).

14. Attached as Exhibit 11 is a true and correct copy of defendant's social media posts dated February 1, 2023, March 9, 2023, and March 27, 2023.

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15. Attached as Exhibit 12 is a true and correct copy of a document titled Certification, *In the Matter of Donald J. Trump for President, Inc., et al.*, Federal Election Comm'n Matter Under Review 7324, 7332, 7364, & 7366 (Mar. 11, 2021).

16. Attached as Exhibit 13 is a true and correct copy of the Letter from Lynn Y. Tran, Assistant General Counsel, Federal Election Commission, to E. Stewart Crosland (June 1, 2021).

17. Attached as Exhibit 14 is a true and correct copy of a document titled Statement of Reasons of Chair Shana M. Broussard & Commissioner Ellen L. Weintraub, *In the Matter of Donald J. Trump for President, Inc., et al.*, Federal Election Comm'n Matter Under Review 7324, 7332, 7364, & 7366 (July 1, 2021).

18. Attached as Exhibit 15 is a true and correct copy of a document titled Statement of Reasons of Vice Chair Allen Dickerson et al., *In the Matter of Donald J. Trump for President, Inc., et al.*, Federal Election Comm'n Matter Under Review 7324, 7332, 7364, & 7366 (June 28, 2021).

Attached as Exhibit 16 is a true and correct copy of a document titled Certification,
 *In the Matter of Michael D. Cohen, et al.*, Federal Election Comm'n Matter Under Review 7313,
 7319, & 7379 (Mar. 31, 2021).

20. Attached as Exhibit 17 is a true and correct copy of the Letter from Lynn Y. Tran, Assistant General Counsel, Federal Election Commission, to E. Stewart Crosland (Mar. 31, 2021).

21. Attached as Exhibit 18 is a true and correct copy of a document titled Statement of Reasons of Commissioners Sean J. Cooksey & James E. "Trey" Trainor III, *In the Matter of Michael Cohen, et al.*, Federal Election Comm'n Matter Under Review 7313, 7319, & 7379 (Apr. 26, 2021).

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22. Attached as Exhibit 19 is a true and correct copy of the excerpted Hearing Transcript in *People by James v. Trump*, No. 452564/2022 (Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cnty. Jan. 11, 2024).

23. Attached as Exhibit 20 is a true and correct copy of the excerpted Trial Transcript in *People by James v. Trump*, No. 452564/2022 (Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cnty. Nov. 6, 2023).

24. Attached as Exhibit 21 is a true and correct copy of defendant's social media post dated October 7, 2016.

25. Attached as Exhibit 22 is a true and correct copy of Megan Twohey & Michael Barbaro, *Two Women Say Donald Trump Touched Them Inappropriately*, N.Y. Times, Oct. 12, 2016.

26. Attached as Exhibit 23 is a true and correct copy of Natasha Stoynoff, *Physically Attacked by Donald Trump—A PEOPLE Writer's Own Harrowing Story*, People Magazine, Oct. 12, 2016.

27. Attached as Exhibit 24 is a true and correct copy of defendant's social media posts dated October 15, 2016, October 16, 2016, and October 17, 2016.

#### **MEMORANDUM OF LAW**

Courts deciding whether to preclude or admit evidence must determine whether the evidence is relevant and, if so, whether it is admissible. *People v. Primo*, 96 N.Y.2d 351, 355 (2001). Evidence is relevant if it has any tendency to make a fact more or less probable than it would be without the evidence, and the fact is material to the determination of the action. *People v. Lewis*, 69 N.Y.2d 321, 325 (1987). Irrelevant evidence is not admissible. *See id*. The court may exclude relevant evidence if its admission violates an exclusionary rule, *People v. Alvino*, 71 N.Y.2d 233, 241 (1987), or "if its probative value is outweighed by the prospect of trial delay, undue prejudice to the opposing party, confusing the issues or misleading the jury." *Primo*, 96 N.Y.2d at 355. The Court has authority to consider pretrial motions *in limine* seeking evidentiary rulings based on both "the inherent power of a trial court to admit or exclude evidence" and the court's "inherent authority to manage the course of trials." *People v. Michael M.*, 162 Misc. 2d 803, 806-07 (Sup. Ct. Kings Cnty. 1994) (citing cases). Pretrial evidentiary rulings avoid the risk of presenting prejudicial, confusing, immaterial, or inadmissible evidence to the jury, *see State v. Metz*, 241 A.D.2d 192, 198 (1st Dep't 1998), and minimize delay and disruption during trial, *see Gallegos v. Elite Model Mgmt. Corp.*, 195 Misc. 2d 223, 226-27 (Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cnty. 2003).

For the reasons that follow, the People respectfully request that the Court grant the People's motions *in limine* to:

- preclude defendant's proposed testimony from Bradley A. Smith regarding federal campaign finance law;
- preclude the presentation of argument or introduction of evidence that the Federal Election Commission dismissed complaints alleging, or cleared defendant of, federal campaign finance violations;
- preclude the presentation of argument or introduction of evidence regarding any purported decision by the United States Department of Justice not to charge defendant with campaign finance violations;
- preclude the presentation of argument or introduction of evidence regarding defendant's claims of selective prosecution or government misconduct;
- preclude the presentation of argument or introduction of evidence regarding federal prosecutors' purported views of Michael Cohen's credibility;
- preclude argument regarding any alleged reliance on advice of counsel unless and until defendant establishes a sufficient factual predicate for that defense;

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- preclude evidence or argument regarding legal defenses the Court has already rejected; and
- 8. permit the introduction of potential *Molineux* evidence.

### I. Motion to exclude witness testimony or argument regarding federal election laws.

### A. Introduction.

Defendant intends to proffer witness testimony at trial from Bradley A. Smith about "industry norms, regulations, and practices" regarding "federal election laws," including campaign finance law. Ex. 1. The Court should exclude Mr. Smith's testimony because conclusions of law are not proper expert testimony; because his proposed testimony is irrelevant; and because the proposed testimony would improperly mislead and confuse the jury. Two different federal courts have precluded Mr. Smith's proposed testimony on campaign finance law in separate criminal prosecutions, and his testimony is just as improper here. *See United States v. Bankman-Fried*, No. 22-cr-673 (LAK), 2023 WL 6162865, at \*3 (S.D.N.Y. Sept. 21, 2023); *United States v. Suarez*, No. 5:13-cr-420, slip op. at 1-2 (N.D. Ohio June 24, 2014) (Ex. 2).

### B. Background.

On January 22, 2024, defendant disclosed his intent to call Bradley A. Smith, a law professor and former member of the Federal Election Commission, as a witness at trial. *See* Ex. 1. Defendant styled this disclosure as a "Witness Disclosure (Background / Non-Expert Testimony)," and stated that Mr. Smith may be called as a witness "to testify about background information regarding federal election laws." *Id.* 

Defendant's disclosure states that "Mr. Smith's knowledge, skill, experience, training, and education are well beyond the ordinary lay person regarding federal election law, campaign finance law, and voting rights issues," but asserts that "Mr. Smith is not being called as an 'expert' because the defense will not ask him to give an opinion but instead will call him to testify about

industry norms, regulations, and practices." Id.

The signed engagement letter between Mr. Smith and defense counsel for this matter describes the "Scope of Engagement" as follows:

Blanche Law is engaging me to provide, as requested, expert consultation in connection with litigation in the above-referenced matter, to provide required written reports to the court, and to provide expert testimony as necessary in both pre-trial and trial stages. If requested or approved by Blanche Law, I may also engage in commentary with media organizations covering the matter as part of this engagement. My services are requested for commentary on laws and regulations pertaining to campaign finance law and common campaign practices, and in particular to federal campaign finance law pursuant the [sic] Federal Election Campaign Act, 52 U.S.C. § 30301 [sic] et seq., and regulations issued thereunder, and to historical background on enforcement. The work may, as necessary, include additional research.

Ex. 3 at 1. Defendant is paying Mr. Smith \$1,200 per hour for this engagement.<sup>1</sup> Id.

### C. Argument.

## 1. Defendant's disclosure is properly considered a proffer of expert witness testimony, not lay witness testimony.

As an initial matter, the Court should treat Mr. Smith's proposed testimony as expert

testimony, not lay testimony.

Defendant has proffered Mr. Smith's testimony on four broad topics:

• "That federal campaign finance laws provide (1) that a candidate cannot use campaign funds for personal expenses, (2) that if an expense does not 'arise out' of a campaign, it cannot be paid for using campaign funds, even if the expense would have an impact on the campaign, and (3) that an expenditure made by a candidate, or by a third-party on his behalf, must be reported as a campaign contribution only if it is a campaign contribution but not if it is a personal expenditure," Ex. 1 at 2;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Defendant's retention of a witness to "engage in commentary with media organizations covering the matter" at a rate of \$1,200 per hour, Ex. 3 at 1, raises separate concerns about potential efforts by defendant to taint the jury pool or otherwise prejudice these proceedings.

- "That at the time that Mr. Cohen made the payment to Stormy Daniels, there had never been a case in which someone was convicted of violating federal campaign finance laws by making a 'hush payment' to an alleged girlfriend or former lover (either directly or through a third party) using non-campaign funds, and that there had never been any finding by the Federal Election Commission that such conduct violates federal campaign finance law," *id.*;
- "That the federal prosecution of former U.S. Senator and vice-presidential nominee John Edwards is the one public case in which a 'hush payment' theory has been alleged. Further, that in that case, the federal charges—including those based on purported federal campaign finance law violations—were either rejected by the jury or dismissed by the government." *Id.*; and
- "That the Edwards prosecution was heavily criticized and resulted in a wide consensus, among the public, media, and legal scholars, that the conduct alleged did not violate federal campaign finance laws." *Id*.

On its face, this proposed testimony relates exclusively to the interpretation and application of federal campaign finance law, rather than any factual issues relevant to this case. The proposed topics call for opinion testimony by a specialist; Mr. Smith is not a percipient witness as to any event or conduct at issue in this prosecution.

Defendant's witness disclosure asserts that "Mr. Smith is not being called as an 'expert' because the defense will not ask him to give an opinion but instead will call him to testify about industry norms, regulations, and practices." Ex. 1. But testimony about campaign finance law from a law professor whom defendant himself describes as having "knowledge, skill, experience, training, and education" in that specialized field "well beyond the ordinary lay person," Ex. 1, is the very definition of expert opinion testimony. *See* Guide to N.Y. Evid. rule 7.01(1)(a), Opinion of Expert Witness. That defendant describes Mr. Smith's proposed testimony as relating to "industry norms, regulations, and practices" does not change this conclusion, because of course the relevant norms, regulations, and practices he is describing are all governed by federal law and regulations. And in any event, testimony regarding "industry norms" in any specialized field is generally treated as expert opinion testimony under New York law. *See, e.g.*, Prince, Richardson

on Evidence § 7-307 (noting that "standards within an industry" is the subject matter of expert testimony) (*citing, e.g., Lugo v. LJN Toys*, 75 N.Y.2d 850, 852 (1990)); *see also Regan v. Eight Twenty Fifth Corp.*, 287 N.Y. 179, 182 (1941); *French v. Ehrenfeld*, 180 A.D.2d 895, 896 (3d Dep't 1992); *Bailey v. Baker's Air Force Gas Corp.*, 50 A.D.2d 129, 132 (3d Dep't 1975); *Berman v. H.J. Enters., Inc.*, 13 A.D.2d 199, 201 (1st Dep't 1961).

Indeed, the engagement letter between Mr. Smith and defense counsel in this case shows that he was retained at a \$1,200-per-hour rate "as an expert consultant and witness" to provide "expert testimony as necessary in both pre-trial and trial stages" of this prosecution. Ex. 3. Where defendant retained a law professor and agreed to pay him \$1,200 an hour to serve "as an expert consultant and witness" by providing "expert testimony" about his interpretation of campaign finance law (Ex. 3), on the basis of "knowledge, skill, experience, training, and education" that are "well beyond the ordinary lay person" (Ex. 1), the Court should reject defendant's claim that the witness is "not being called as an 'expert."<sup>2</sup> *Id*.

### 2. Mr. Smith's proposed testimony should be excluded in full because expert testimony as to a legal conclusion is impermissible.

The Court should preclude Mr. Smith's proffered testimony because defendant seeks to call him to testify about conclusions of law, and testimony regarding conclusions of law is impermissible. Just a few months ago, Judge Kaplan in the Southern District of New York precluded Mr. Smith's proposed testimony for the defendant regarding the application of federal campaign finance law to the government's prosecution of Sam Bankman-Fried on the ground that,

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  For the reasons described below, Mr. Smith's improper testimony should be excluded in full. If his testimony is not precluded entirely, however, the Court should still conclude that he is an expert witness and should direct defendant to comply immediately and fully with all discovery obligations under CPL § 245.20(1)(f). Defendant should not be permitted to evade or delay reciprocal discovery by retaining a law professor "as an expert consultant and witness," Ex. 3, but then claiming that "he is not being called as an 'expert." Ex. 1.

among other reasons, "Mr. Smith's testimony is improper because he seeks to instruct the jury on issues of law." *Bankman-Fried*, 2023 WL 6162865, at \*3. This Court should do the same.

Expert testimony is permitted where the Court determines that scientific, technical, medical, or other specialized knowledge is necessary to "help the finder of fact to understand the evidence or determine a fact in issue." Guide to N.Y. Evid. rule 7.01(1)(b), Opinion of Expert Witness; see People v. Inoa, 25 N.Y.3d 466, 472 (2015); People v. Cronin, 60 N.Y.2d 430, 432-33 (1983). But "[e]xpert opinion as to a legal conclusion is impermissible." Colon v. Rent-A-Center, Inc., 276 A.D.2d 58, 61 (1st Dep't 2000) (citing Marx & Co., Inc. v. Diners' Club Inc., 550 F.2d 505, 508-12 (2d Cir. 1977)); see also Russo v. Feder, Kaszovitz, Isaacson, Weber, Skala & Bass, LLP, 301 A.D.2d 63, 68-69 (1st Dep't 2002) ("An expert may not be utilized to offer opinion as to the legal standards which he believes should have governed a party's conduct."); People v. Kirsh, 176 A.D.2d 652, 653 (1st Dep't 1991) (trial court properly denied defendant's application to call an expert who would have offered opinion as to a legal defense), leave denied, 79 N.Y.2d 949 (1992); People v. Johnson, 76 A.D.2d 983, 984 (3d Dep't 1980) (same). Indeed, "[t]he rule prohibiting experts from providing their legal opinions or conclusions is 'so wellestablished that it is often deemed a basic premise or assumption of evidence law-a kind of axiomatic principle."" In re Initial Pub. Offering Sec. Litig., 174 F. Supp. 2d 61, 64 (S.D.N.Y. 2001) (quoting Tomas Baker, The Impropriety of Expert Witness Testimony on the Law, 40 U. Kan. L. Rev. 325, 352 (1992)).

Expert testimony as to a legal conclusion is properly excluded because it does not "help the finder of fact to . . . determine a fact in issue," Guide to N.Y. Evid. rule 7.01(1)(b), and instead improperly infringes on the Court's role. "Each courtroom comes equipped with a 'legal expert,' called a judge, and it is his or her province alone to instruct the jury on the relevant legal standards." *Burkhart v. Wash. Metro. Area Transit Auth.*, 112 F.3d 1207, 1213 (D.C. Cir. 1997) (trial court erred in admitting expert testimony that "consisted of impermissible legal conclusions rather than permissible factual opinions"). Courts routinely and properly exclude testimony that purports to explain the law to the jury. *See United States v. Stewart*, 433 F.3d 273, 311-12 (2d Cir. 2006) (trial court properly excluded defense expert testimony regarding legal principles because "[c]learly, an opinion that purports to explain the law to the jury trespasses on the trial judge's exclusive territory"); *Kirsh*, 176 A.D.2d at 653 ("Any instructions . . . as to a legal defense lay within the responsibility of the court"); *Johnson*, 76 A.D.2d at 984 (trial court properly excluded defense expert because "the proposed expert testimony involved interpretation and application of the Social Services Law and pertinent regulations and such was within the sole province of the court").

This Court had occasion to apply this principle very recently in connection with the proffered testimony of a defense expert in the *Trump Corporation* prosecution, during which the Court repeatedly noted that "this Court will not permit this trial to become a referendum on the Internal Revenue Code or a master class on taxation. The evidence at trial will be limited to what is relevant and necessary for the finders of fact to perform their duties – and nothing more." Decision & Order 3, *People v. The Trump Corporation*, Ind. No. 1473/2021 (Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cnty. Jan. 5, 2022) (Ex. 4); *see also* Hearing Tr. 33, *People v. The Trump Corporation*, Ind. No. 1473/2021 (Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cnty. Oct. 20, 2022) ("[A]s I said a long time ago, this trial is not going to turn into a master class on taxation, and I'm certainly not going to permit the jury to become confused by irrelevant issues.") (Ex. 5).

As noted in Part I.C.1 above, each of the four topics of Mr. Smith's proposed testimony relates exclusively to the interpretation and application of federal campaign finance law. Ex. 1. Testimony purporting to explain how campaign finance law applies to the election interference

scheme at issue in this prosecution would run afoul of the axiomatic principle that "[e]xpert opinion as to a legal conclusion is impermissible."<sup>3</sup> *Colon*, 276 A.D.2d at 61. Indeed, as noted above, a federal court very recently precluded Mr. Smith from testifying for the defense in a criminal trial—on topics much like those he proposes to testify about here—on the ground that his proffered testimony improperly sought to instruct the jury on the law.<sup>4</sup> *See Bankman-Fried*, 2023 WL 6162865, at \*3. Mr. Smith's effort to instruct the jury on campaign finance law should get no more purchase in this case than it did before Judge Kaplan in the Southern District of New York. The Court should preclude Mr. Smith's proposed testimony here on the ground that it is improper legal instruction. *See id.*; *Russo*, 301 A.D.2d at 68-69; *Colon*, 276 A.D.2d at 61; *Kirsh*, 176 A.D.2d at 653; *Johnson*, 76 A.D.2d at 984.

### 3. Mr. Smith's proposed testimony should be excluded in full because it is irrelevant.

Mr. Smith's proposed testimony should be excluded on the entirely separate ground that it is irrelevant. Indeed, Mr. Smith was prohibited from testifying in a different federal criminal prosecution where the trial court held that Mr. Smith's views regarding federal campaign finance law were irrelevant to the defendants' own state of mind in that case. *See United States v. Suarez*, No. 5:13-cr-420, slip op. at 1-2 (N.D. Ohio June 24, 2014) (Ex. 2). Mr. Smith's testimony is just as irrelevant here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> To the extent the Court treats Mr. Smith as a lay witness and not an expert witness, his testimony should still be excluded. The same reasons that bar expert testimony about legal matters also extend to lay testimony, including that it is the trial judge's exclusive role to instruct the jury on the law.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Mr. Smith's expert witness disclosure in the *Bankman-Fried* prosecution is appended as Ex. 6 for comparison to his disclosure here. As in this case, Mr. Smith sought to testify regarding Federal Election Commission "rules and decisions governing the application and interpretation" of specific sections of the Federal Election Campaign Act, Ex. 6 at 2; as well as purportedly "[c]ommon, established, and well-known practices" for certain kinds of campaign contributions, Ex. 6 at 3.

Defendant is charged with thirty-four felonies for falsifying business records with the intent to commit, aid, or conceal the commission of another crime, in violation of Penal Law § 175.10. As pertinent here, the People may allege at trial that among the crimes defendant intended to commit, aid, or conceal are violations of the Federal Election Campaign Act ("FECA"). On that issue, the relevant question for the finder of fact is what defendant intended when he falsely described the reimbursements to Cohen for the Stormy Daniels payoffs as payments for legal services pursuant to a retainer agreement; and whether his intent in doing so included concealing Cohen's criminal violation of federal campaign finance law in connection with that payoff. Mr. Smith does not purport to have any direct evidence of defendant's state of mind. His proposed testimony about what unspecified others might have thought about the facts of a different case is thus irrelevant to the jury's factual findings regarding defendant's fraudulent intent here.

Mr. Smith's own proposed—and excluded—testimony in yet another criminal case again provides support for the exclusion of his testimony here. In *United States v. Suarez*, the defendant sought to introduce expert testimony from Mr. Smith to testify that "federal campaign laws are confusing to individuals who lack formal training," that "people often misunderstand the campaign laws," and that "it is reasonable for individuals to believe that the law allows 'straw man' donations." *Suarez*, slip op. at 1-2 (Ex. 2). The court held that "the expert testimony offered by Smith is inadmissible because it is not relevant." As the court explained:

> [W]hether the laws are commonly misunderstood does not weigh on whether defendants *in this case* intended to violate the campaign finance laws. What other individuals who may have contacted Smith knew or thought simply has no bearing on what defendants knew or thought. Because the evidence is not relevant, it will not be admitted.

*Id.* at 3. The exact same reasoning applies here. Mr. Smith proposes to testify that some among "the public, media, and legal scholars" thought the conduct alleged in the *United States v. Edwards* prosecution did not violate federal campaign finance laws; and the import of Mr. Smith's proposed

testimony on the other topics in his disclosure is that federal campaign finance law does not clearly criminalize some personal expenditures on other facts. Ex. 1. But the only relevant question in this case is whether—after Cohen made an illegal campaign contribution to defendant by paying \$130,000 to Stormy Daniels to silence her on the eve of a presidential election—defendant intended to conceal that crime by falsely describing his reimbursements to Cohen as payments for legal services pursuant to a retainer. Mr. Smith's proposed testimony about industry norms, or about what other people might have thought the law would criminalize on other facts, "does not weigh on whether defendant[] *in this case* intended to violate [or conceal violations of] the campaign finance laws."<sup>5</sup> *Suarez*, slip op. at 3 (Ex. 2).

This Court reached the same conclusion as to the defense's proffered expert in the *Trump Corporation* prosecution, holding that the defendants were prohibited from offering expert testimony regarding what "any of the high managerial agents intended" because "He's an expert. He was not there. He did not speak to them. He cannot read their minds. He does not know what their intent was." *See* Hearing Tr. 14, *People v. The Trump Corporation*, Ind. No. 1473/2021 (Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cnty. Oct. 21, 2022) (Ex. 7). The same reasoning applies here, and the Court should exclude Mr. Smith's testimony in full as irrelevant.

### 4. Mr. Smith's proposed testimony about whether the Stormy Daniels payoff violated federal campaign finance law should be excluded because it would mislead and confuse the jury.

If the Court does not exclude Mr. Smith's proposed testimony in full for the reasons identified above, the Court should exclude his proposed testimony regarding whether the conduct

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> And to the extent Mr. Smith did plan to testify regarding his speculative views of defendant's potential intent based on what Mr. Smith thinks others thought of the *Edwards* prosecution, that too would be wholly inadmissible and improper; it is settled law that an expert may not testify as to a defendant's intent. *See People v. Kincey*, 168 A.D.2d 231, 232 (1st Dep't 1990) ("It was highly improper and prejudicial to allow [an expert] to testify concerning the defendant's intent").

involved in Cohen's payoff to Stormy Daniels "violates federal campaign finance law"—the second topic in Mr. Smith's witness disclosure, *see* Ex. 1—because it would mislead and confuse the jury.

Michael Cohen pleaded guilty to and was convicted of two criminal counts of violating FECA in connection with the Karen McDougal and Stormy Daniels payoffs. See Judgment of Conviction, United States v. Cohen, No. 18-cr-602 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 12, 2018) (the "Cohen Judgment") (Ex. 8). In connection with the Daniels payment in particular, Cohen was charged with and pleaded guilty to the offense of making an excessive campaign contribution in violation of 52 U.S.C. §§ 30116(a)(1)(A) and 30116(a)(7). See Information ¶¶ 24-44, United States v. Cohen, No. 18-cr-602 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 21, 2018) (Ex. 9); Hearing Tr. 23-24, 27-28, United States v. Cohen, No. 18-cr-602 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 21, 2018) (the "Cohen Hearing Tr.") (Ex. 10). The federal district court had an independent obligation to "assure itself... that the conduct to which the defendant admits is in fact an offense under the statutory provision under which he is pleading guilty." United States v. Culbertson, 670 F.3d 183, 191 (2d Cir. 2012). Mindful of that obligation, the district court accepted Cohen's guilty plea and adjudged Cohen guilty: "[B]ecause I find your plea is entered knowingly and voluntarily and is supported by an independent basis in fact containing each of the essential elements of the crimes, I accept your guilty plea and adjudge you guilty of the eight offenses to which you have just pleaded as charged in the information." Cohen Hearing Tr. 28 (Ex. 10); see also Cohen Judgment (Ex. 8).

Mr. Smith's proposed testimony—that "at the time Mr. Cohen made the payment to Stormy Daniels, there had never been a case in which someone was convicted of violating federal campaign finance laws by making a 'hush payment' to an alleged girlfriend or former lover (either indirectly or through a third party) using non-campaign funds," Ex. 1—appears intended to suggest

to the jury that the Daniels payoff was not a crime. But it was, in fact, a crime: a federal judge concluded that the conduct to which Cohen admitted "is in fact an offense" under FECA. *Culbertson*, 670 F.3d 183, 191 (2d Cir. 2012); and Cohen went to prison for it. *See Cohen* Judgment (Ex. 8). Expert testimony purporting to show that such conduct did not "violate[] federal campaign finance law" would therefore mislead the jury and should be excluded. *See, e.g., People v. Corby*, 6 N.Y.3d 231, 234 (2005); *People v. Davis*, 43 N.Y.2d 17, 27 (1977).

## 5. Mr. Smith's proposed testimony about the *United States v. Edwards* prosecution should be excluded because it would mislead and confuse the jury.

Finally, and if the Court does not exclude Mr. Smith's proposed testimony in full for the reasons identified above, the Court should exclude the witness's proposed testimony regarding the *United States v. Edwards* prosecution—the third and fourth topics in Mr. Smith's witness disclosure, *see* Ex. 1—because it would mislead and confuse the jury.

The United States indicted former Senator and presidential candidate John Edwards in 2011 on four counts of acceptance and receipt of illegal campaign contributions in violation of FECA, 52 U.S.C. §§ 30116(a)(1)(A), 30116(f), 30109(d)(1)(A)(i). The indictment alleged that while running for President in 2007 and 2008, Edwards was engaged in an extramarital affair with a woman that resulted in her pregnancy. He allegedly sought to conceal the affair and pregnancy from the public out of concern that public disclosure would undermine his campaign. Edwards and a campaign staffer solicited money from several friends and campaign donors of Edwards, which was then sent to the woman to cover living expenses and medical care for the purpose of keeping her from disclosing the affair and pregnancy during the campaign. The government alleged that those donations were illegal contributions, and that Edwards was aware they were illegal contributions and intentionally violated the law by accepting and failing to disclose them. *See* 

generally Government's Resp. to Def.'s Mot. to Dismiss 2-6, United States v. Edwards, No. 1:11cr-161-1 (M.D.N.C. Sept. 26, 2011), ECF No. 59.

Edwards moved to dismiss the indictment on the ground that he was motivated by noncampaign-related, purely personal reasons to conceal the relationship, and that payments to conceal an affair for personal reasons do not become unlawfully campaign-related just because disclosure of the affair might also have the effect of damaging his candidacy for office. The government argued that under FECA and the Federal Election Commission's implementing regulations, third-party payments of expenses for a candidate's personal use are campaign contributions—and thus subject to FECA's donation limits and disclosure requirements—"unless the payment would have been made irrespective of the candidacy." *Id.* at 10 (quoting 11 C.F.R. § 113.1(g)(6)).

The district court denied the motion to dismiss without prejudice to it being raised after the close of the government's evidence at trial. *See* Hearing Tr. 4-5, *United States v. Edwards*, No. 1:11-cr-161-1 (M.D.N.C. Oct. 27, 2011), ECF No. 108. The defense moved again after the close of the government's case, and the court again denied the motion. *See* Trial Tr. 97, *United States v. Edwards*, No. 1:11-cr-161-1 (M.D.N.C. May 11, 2012), ECF No. 303. The court ultimately provided the following jury instructions (in relevant part): "The government does not have to prove that the sole or only purpose of the money was to influence the election. People rarely act with a single purpose in mind. . . . If you find beyond a reasonable doubt that one of her purposes was to influence an election, then that would be sufficient." *See* Final Jury Instructions 8-9, *United States v. Edwards*, No. 1:11-cr-161-1 (M.D.N.C. May 18, 2012), ECF No. 288. The jury then acquitted Edwards on the charges.

Thus, in the *Edwards* prosecution, the government's case was lost not on the legal sufficiency of the allegations but on the jury's factual findings at trial. And that jury verdict of acquittal has no legal import here. Apart from double jeopardy protection for the specific defendant in a given case, a jury acquittal does not establish legal precedent—it may reflect mistake, compromise, or lenity, *see United States v. Powell*, 469 U.S. 57, 65 (1984); and is in any event not a holding as to the law. The only conceivably relevant legal determinations from the *Edwards* case are the denials of the defendant's motions to dismiss and the trial court's jury instruction quoted above—all of which support the People here, and which Mr. Smith's proposed testimony conspicuously fails to address.

Here, the People intend to present evidence at trial showing that the Stormy Daniels payoff (and the other underlying federal campaign finance violations) were *not* purely personal; and that instead, at least one of the purposes of the entire hush money scheme was to influence the 2016 presidential election. Because testimony from Mr. Smith explaining that former Senator Edwards was acquitted at trial does not illuminate whether the payoff scheme here was intended in part to influence defendant's candidacy for the 2016 election, its admission could only mislead and confuse the jury. *See Corby*, 6 N.Y.3d at 234-35; *Primo*, 96 N.Y.2d at 356-57. The jury's factual findings about former Senator Edwards's motives following the presentation of evidence in that trial do not bear on defendant's motives here. And as noted, Mr. Smith's proposed testimony makes clear that he has nothing to say on the factual issue that was the dispositive factor in *Edwards*—namely, what was defendant's intent when he falsified the reimbursements to Cohen. Mr. Smith's testimony regarding the outcome of the *Edwards* trial should thus be excluded as misleading and confusing.

### II. Motion to exclude evidence or argument regarding the Federal Election Commission's dismissal of complaints against defendant.

### A. Introduction.

The Federal Election Commission ("FEC") received a number of administrative complaints against defendant in connection with the hush money payoffs at issue in this prosecution and dismissed those complaints without investigation after the Commissioners deadlocked on tie votes regarding whether or not to proceed. Defendant has asserted in public statements and may seek to argue at trial that this prosecution is unwarranted because of those dismissals. *See* Ex. 11.<sup>6</sup> The Court should exclude any evidence or argument at trial regarding dismissal of the FEC complaints against defendant because those dismissals are not relevant to the determination of any legal question or fact in issue in this prosecution, and because evidence or argument regarding those dismissals would confuse and mislead the jury.

### B. Background.

The FEC received and considered multiple complaints that defendant and others violated

FECA in connection with the payoff scheme involving Daniels, McDougal, and Sajudin.<sup>7</sup> See 11

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> *E.g.*, Ex. 11 at 1 (claiming that "[t]he FEC dopped the 'Horseface' Daniels Fake Witch Hunt, because they found no evidence of problems."); Ex. 11 at 3 (claiming that "[e]very Prosecutor, and the FEC, who looked at it, took a pass.").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The FEC's compliance procedures are codified at 11 C.F.R. part 111. Under those procedures, "[a]ny person who believes that a violation of" FECA has occurred "may file a complaint in writing with the General Counsel" of the FEC. 11 C.F.R. § 111.4(a). The General Counsel reviews those complaints and makes a recommendation to the Commission "whether or not it should find reason to believe that a respondent has committed or is about to commit a violation of statutes or regulations over which the Commission has jurisdiction." 11 C.F.R. § 111.7(a). The Commissioners then vote on what is called a "reason to believe" finding, with an affirmative vote of four (out of six) Commissioners required to proceed to open an investigation. *Id.* § 111.9(a). If four Commissioners vote in favor of a reason-to-believe finding, an investigation is conducted and subsequent steps in the compliance process follow (including, if warranted, a "probable cause to believe" recommendation and finding, conciliation attempts, and civil litigation). *See id.* §§ 111.9(a), 111.10, 111.16–.19. Absent four votes at the reason-to-believe stage, no investigation

C.F.R. §§ 111.3(a), 111.4(a). As to defendant's culpability in connection with the McDougal and Sajudin payoffs, the six members of the FEC split three-three on whether there was reason to believe that defendant knowingly and willfully accepted prohibited contributions, and because the votes of four out of six members are required for a reason-to-believe finding, *see* 11 C.F.R. §§ 111.9(a), 111.10(a), the Commission closed the complaints before any investigation was conducted.<sup>8</sup> The three Commissioners who voted to dismiss did so *not* on the merits but instead as a matter of prosecutorial discretion, explaining that "[i]n choosing how to allocate the Commission's limited enforcement resources, we opted against pursuing the long odds of a successful enforcement in these matters" against Trump, and "instead voted to dismiss as an exercise of prosecutorial discretion." Statement of Reasons of Vice Chair Allen Dickerson et al., *In the Matter of Donald J. Trump for President, Inc., et al.*, Federal Election Comm'n Matter Under Review 7324, 7332, 7364, & 7366 (June 28, 2021) (Ex. 15).

The FEC resolved the complaints regarding defendant's involvement in the Daniels payoff in the same way. The FEC again stalemated (this time on a two-two vote among the four participating Commissioners) on the question whether there was reason to believe that defendant knowingly and willfully accepted excessive contributions from Cohen. *See* Certification, *In the Matter of Michael D. Cohen, et al.*, Federal Election Comm'n Matter Under Review 7313, 7319, & 7379 (Mar. 31, 2021) (Ex. 16); Letter from Lynn Y. Tran, Assistant General Counsel, Federal

is conducted, and the FEC then generally "terminates its proceedings" and closes the matter. *See id.* § 111.9.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See Certification, In the Matter of Donald J. Trump for President, Inc., et al., Federal Election Comm'n Matter Under Review 7324, 7332, 7364, & 7366 (Mar. 11, 2021) (Ex. 12); Letter from Lynn Y. Tran, Assistant General Counsel, Federal Election Commission, to E. Stewart Crosland (June 1, 2021) (Ex. 13); Statement of Reasons of Chair Shana M. Broussard & Commissioner Ellen L. Weintraub, In the Matter of Donald J. Trump for President, Inc., et al., Federal Election Comm'n Matter Under Review 7324, 7332, 7364, & 7366 (July 1, 2021) (Ex. 14).

Election Commission, to E. Stewart Crosland (Mar. 31, 2021) (Ex. 17); 11 C.F.R. § 111.9(a). The two Commissioners who voted to dismiss did so *not* on the merits but "as an exercise of prosecutorial discretion" because (1) the FEC faced an "extensive enforcement backlog"; (2) "a federal judge was sufficiently satisfied" that Cohen had explained the factual basis for his guilty plea to FECA violations "count by count, during his allocution"; and (3) Cohen had already "been punished by the government of the United States." Statement of Reasons of Commissioners Sean J. Cooksey & James E. "Trey" Trainor III, *In the Matter of Michael Cohen, et al.*, Federal Election Comm'n Matter Under Review 7313, 7319, & 7379 (Apr. 26, 2021) (Ex. 18). Accordingly, the two Commissioners concluded that "pursuing these matters further was not the best use of agency resources." *Id.* The Commission then closed the complaints without investigation.

### C. Argument.

The Court should exclude evidence or argument regarding the FEC's dismissal of these complaints for three reasons. First, because the FEC dismissed the complaints against defendant at the reason-to-believe stage without any investigation after the Commissioners stalemated on tie votes regarding whether to proceed, defendant's public claims that the FEC "found no evidence of problems," Ex. 11, is based on demonstrably false and misleading premises about how the FEC conducts its enforcement matters. Argument or evidence purporting to show (falsely) that the FEC cleared defendant of FECA culpability would improperly confuse and mislead the jury and should be excluded. *See Corby*, 6 N.Y.3d at 234; *Davis*, 43 N.Y.2d at 27.

Second, the fact of the FEC dismissals should be excluded because it is irrelevant. The FEC's dismissal of administrative complaints against defendant without investigation does not make any fact regarding defendant's intent to defraud—or any other element of the charged offenses—more or less probable, particularly where the Commissioners who voted to dismiss did so not on the merits but as an exercise of prosecutorial discretion. *See Lewis*, 69 N.Y.2d at 325.

Evidence or argument regarding the FEC's dismissals should therefore be excluded as irrelevant. *See People v. Greene*, 16 A.D.3d 350, 350 (1st Dep't 2005); *People v. Griffin*, 173 A.D.2d 120, 124-25 (4th Dep't 1991), *aff'd*, 80 N.Y.2d 723 (1993).

Finally, even if the FEC dismissals did reflect some determination by that agency regarding whether defendant violated FECA—which they do not—the dismissals should be excluded for the separate reason that whether defendant himself committed another crime is not material to the jury's determination of defendant's intent to defraud, as this Court has repeatedly recognized in this case. See Decision & Order on Def.'s Omnibus Motions 12 (Feb. 15, 2024) (the "Trump Omnibus Decision"); Decision & Order on Mot. to Quash Def.'s Subpoena 10 (Dec. 18, 2023). Courts have upheld convictions under Penal Law § 175.10 even when the defendant was acquitted of the crimes that he intended to commit or conceal, so long as the evidence showed that, notwithstanding the acquittal, defendant falsified business records with the requisite general intent. See, e.g., People v. Holley, 198 A.D.3d 1351, 1351-52 (4th Dep't 2021); People v. Houghtaling, 79 A.D.3d 1155, 1157-58 (3d Dep't 2010); People v. McCumiskey, 12 A.D.3d 1145, 1145-46 (4th Dep't 2004). And there is no requirement that a defendant intend to conceal the commission of his own crime; instead, "a person can commit First Degree Falsifying Business Records by falsifying records with the intent to cover up a crime committed by somebody else." People v. Dove, 15 Misc. 3d 1134(A), at \*6 n.6 (Sup. Ct. Bronx Cnty. 2007) (citing People v. Smithtown Gen. Hosp., 93 Misc. 2d 736, 736 (Sup. Ct. Suffolk Cnty. 1978)). The FEC dismissals of administrative complaints against defendant are thus not material to whether defendant acted with the requisite intent to conceal the commission of another crime. Evidence or argument regarding the FEC dismissals should be excluded.

## III. Motion to exclude evidence or argument regarding any purported decision by the United States Department of Justice not to charge defendant with campaign finance violations.

#### A. Introduction.

Defendant has asserted in public statements and may seek to argue at trial that this prosecution is unwarranted because the United States Department of Justice did not indict him for federal campaign finance violations. *See* Ex. 11. The Court should exclude any evidence or argument regarding any purported decision by the Justice Department not to charge defendant with violating federal campaign finance law because it is irrelevant and would mislead the jury.

### B. Argument.

Defendant has frequently claimed that the Justice Department previously examined his conduct and "found that I did nothing wrong." Ex. 11. That defendant was not indicted by the federal government in connection with the election interference scheme at issue here is probative of literally nothing relevant to this prosecution.

Defendant was the sitting President during the entire period that the federal government investigated the campaign finance violations to which Cohen pleaded guilty.<sup>9</sup> The Department of Justice "has long understood that a President is absolutely immune from arrest, indictment, and criminal prosecution while he remains in office." Brief for the United States as Amicus Curiae Supporting Petitioner at 11, *Trump v. Vance*, 140 S. Ct. 2412 (2020) (No. 19-635). Thus, even assuming defendant was the target of a federal criminal investigation related to the campaign finance violations to which Cohen pleaded guilty, he could not have been indicted under the Justice

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Cohen pleaded guilty to federal campaign finance violations in August 2018, *see Cohen* Hearing Tr. 23-24, 27-28 (Ex. 10); and the federal government concluded its investigation into whether other individuals may be criminally liable for that conduct in July 2019. *See* Government's Letter 1 n.1, *United States v. Cohen*, No. 18-cr-602 (S.D.N.Y. July 18, 2019).

Department's longstanding approach. *Cf. CREW v. U.S. Dep't of Justice*, 45 F.4th 963, 968 (D.C. Cir. 2022) (noting that "[i]n light of the sitting President's immunity from criminal prosecution, [Special Counsel] Mueller declined to determine whether President Trump's potentially obstructive conduct" in connection with the investigation into Russian interference in the 2016 presidential election "constituted a crime").

Argument or evidence that defendant was not charged with campaign finance violations by the Justice Department would thus improperly confuse and mislead the jury and should be excluded. *See Corby*, 6 N.Y.3d at 234; *Davis*, 43 N.Y.2d at 27; *see also, e.g., United States ex rel. Feldman v. van Gorp*, No. 03 Civ. 8135 (WHP), 2010 WL 2911606, at \*2-3 (S.D.N.Y. July 8, 2010) (granting motion *in limine* to exclude evidence of the Justice Department's decision not to intervene in False Claims Act case as irrelevant, because "the government may have a host of reasons for not pursuing a claim" (quoting *United States ex rel. Atkins v. McInteer*, 470 F.3d 1350, 1360 n.17 (11th Cir. 2006))).

Such argument and evidence would also be irrelevant for the same reasons identified in Part II.C above: whether defendant himself violated FECA is not material to the jury's determination of defendant's intent to defraud. *Trump* Omnibus Decision 12; *see also People v. Taveras*, 12 N.Y.3d 21, 27 (2009); *People v. Thompson*, 124 A.D.3d 448, 449 (1st Dep't 2015); *Houghtaling*, 79 A.D.3d at 1157-58; *McCumiskey*, 12 A.D.3d at 1145.

## IV. Motion to exclude evidence or argument regarding selective prosecution or government misconduct.

#### A. Introduction.

Defendant may seek to argue at trial that he has been singled out for prosecution based on impermissible considerations, and—relatedly—that the charges in the indictment are novel or unprecedented. Selective prosecution is not a valid trial defense, and the Court properly rejected

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defendant's pretrial motion to dismiss on this basis. *Trump* Omnibus Decision 20-22. Because the presentation of evidence or argument purporting to show selective prosecution would risk confusing and misleading the jury and is not probative of defendant's guilt or innocence, the Court should exclude any evidence or argument regarding defendant's claim of selective prosecution, including argument that the prosecution is politically motivated or that the charges are novel or unusual.

### B. Argument.

Defendant has repeatedly stated in court filings and public statements that this prosecution is based on impermissible motives and that he is being singled out for improper reasons. Defendant has also asserted in court filings and public statements that the charges in the indictment are "novel" or "unprecedented." *E.g.*, Def.'s Omnibus Mem. 29, 31. The Court should preclude defendant from presenting argument and introducing evidence of purported selective prosecution at trial because selective prosecution is not a valid trial defense, and because any selective prosecution argument at trial would serve no purpose other than to advance an improper jury nullification defense.

### 1. Selective prosecution is not a valid trial defense.

The Court of Appeals has emphasized that a defendant's claim of selective prosecution is not a valid trial defense and is instead a constitutional claim for dismissal that should be addressed before trial. "[I]n our State, the claim of unequal protection is treated not as an affirmative defense to criminal prosecution or the imposition of a regulatory sanction but rather as a motion to dismiss or quash the official action." *Matter of 303 W. 42nd St. Corp. v. Klein*, 46 N.Y.2d 686, 693 (1979) (citing *People v. Goodman*, 31 N.Y.2d 262, 268-69 (1972); *People v. Utica Daw's Drug Co.*, 16 A.D.2d 12, 15-18 (4th Dep't 1962)). That is because "[a] claim of discriminatory enforcement does not reach the issue of the guilt or innocence of the defendant." *Goodman*, 31 N.Y.2d at 269; *see also Utica Daw's Drug Co.*, 16 A.D.2d at 15-16. Thus, "the claim of discriminatory enforcement should not be considered as an affirmative defense to the criminal charge, to be determined together with the issue of guilt by the trier of fact, but, rather, should be addressed to the court *before trial* as a motion to dismiss the prosecution upon constitutional grounds." *Goodman*, 31 N.Y.2d at 268-69.

Here, defendant moved to dismiss the indictment on the ground that he was singled out for prosecution for impermissible reasons, and sought discovery and an evidentiary hearing on that claim. The People opposed, and the Court denied defendant's motion. *See Trump* Omnibus Decision 20-22. The presentation of any argument or evidence regarding defendant's claims of selective prosecution at trial would be irrelevant to any fact the jury needs to decide, and would instead confuse and mislead the jury and needlessly prolong the trial. Indeed, the Court of Appeals has expressly recognized—in directing that claims of discriminatory enforcement "should be addressed to the court by a pretrial motion to dismiss"—that permitting the introduction at trial of argument or evidence on selective prosecution risks "delay or confusion at trial." *Goodman*, 31 N.Y.2d at 269; *see People v. Decker*, 218 A.D.3d 1026, 1042 (3d Dep't 2023) (trial court properly precluded defendant from "exploring a collateral issue concerning any potential bias of the [Sheriff's Department], as the probative value of such evidence was outweighed by the danger that it could confuse or mislead the jury into deciding the case on issues beyond the evidence presented").

### 2. Argument regarding selective prosecution would improperly advance a jury nullification defense.

Second, argument or evidence purporting to show selective prosecution should be excluded because it would serve no purpose other than to advance an improper jury nullification defense. As noted above, the Court of Appeals has long held that selective prosecution "does not reach the issue of the guilt or innocence of the defendant," *Goodman*, 31 N.Y.2d at 269; and this Court already considered and rejected defendant's request for dismissal on the basis of claimed constitutional violations. *See Trump* Omnibus Decision 20-22. Presenting argument or evidence purporting to show that defendant was unfairly singled out for prosecution for political or other improper reasons would thus serve no purpose other than to urge the jury to acquit even if the facts establish each element of the charged offenses. But jury nullification "is not a legally sanctioned function of the jury." *People v. Goetz*, 73 N.Y.2d 751, 752 (1998).

The Court should thus preclude defendant from mounting "a 'political' defense ... and invit[ing] jury nullification by questioning the Government's motives." *United States v. Rosado*, 728 F.2d 89, 93 (2d Cir. 1984) (claims by the defendants that they were victims of political persecution were "matters far beyond the scope of legitimate issues in a criminal trial"); *see United States v. Regan*, 103 F.3d 1072, 1081 (2d Cir. 1997) (affirming district court's decision to preclude defendant from "introducing evidence at trial that the grand jury investigation was illegitimate," because "requir[ing] juries in perjury cases to evaluate the government's motives for bringing particular investigations ... would add a new element to the crime"); *see also Decker*, 218 A.D.3d at 1042.

## 3. The Court should make clear that any holding that precludes argument regarding selective prosecution includes all versions of this claim that defendant has advanced in his frequent public comments on this case.

The Court should specify that any holding that precludes defendant from presenting argument and evidence of selective prosecution includes, but is not limited to, the following claims that defendant has advanced in his frequent public comments on this case.

*1*. Argument or evidence purporting to show that the indictment is novel, unusual, or unprecedented should be precluded because it would be irrelevant and would "improperly invite[] the jury to make legal determinations," which are "the exclusive province of the court." *United* 

*States v. Stewart*, No. 03-cr-717 (MGC), 2004 WL 113506, at \*1-2 (S.D.N.Y. Jan. 26, 2004) (granting motion *in limine* to preclude defendants from arguing that one of the counts in the indictment was "novel" or was "an unusual or unprecedented application of the securities laws"); *see United States v. Navarro*, 651 F. Supp. 3d 212, 242 (D.D.C. 2023) (granting the government's motion *in limine* to exclude argument that the charges in that case were "infrequent" or "unprecedented," because those arguments "simply repackage Defendant's selective prosecution defense" and "are not relevant to any element of the charged offenses or any valid defense"); *see also* Hearing Tr. 38-39, *People v. The Trump Corporation*, Ind. No. 1473/2021 (Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cnty. Oct. 20, 2022) (granting the People's motion *in limine* and holding that "the defendants are precluded from remarking during jury selection and in their opening statements that the charges are novel, unusual, or unprecedented") (Ex. 5).

2. Argument or evidence regarding former Special Assistant District Attorney Mark Pomerantz's purported views on this prosecution, as related in his book titled *People vs. Donald Trump: An Inside Account*, should be precluded because the selective prosecution claims defendant has cited that book to support were properly rejected in the Court's omnibus ruling, *see Trump* Omnibus Decision 21-22; and because any hearsay statements in that book are irrelevant to defendant's guilt or innocence in any event.

*3*. Argument or evidence regarding defendant's claims regarding the length of the People's investigation, his allegation of unconstitutional preindictment delay, and the related claim that this prosecution was somehow timed to interfere with defendant's presidential campaign,<sup>10</sup> should be

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> See, e.g., Hearing Tr. 12 (Feb. 15, 2024) (Defense counsel: "[I]t is completely election interference to say, you are going to sit in this courtroom, in Manhattan, when there is no reason for it."); *Former President Trump on Hush Money Case*, C-SPAN (Feb. 15, 2024), https://www.c-span.org/video/?533626-1/president-trump-hush-money-case (Defendant: "It's an election

precluded because those assertions "simply repackage Defendant's selective prosecution defense," *Navarro*, 651 F. Supp. 3d at 242; and could "confuse or mislead the jury into deciding the case on issues beyond the evidence presented." *Decker*, 218 A.D.3d at 1042; *see also Trump* Omnibus Decision 3-6 (rejecting defendant's motion to dismiss based on the claim of unconstitutional pre-indictment delay).

4. Argument or evidence referencing the purported motivations or personal and professional backgrounds of the District Attorney or counsel for the People in this case should be precluded because it does not support an affirmative defense to prosecution; does not reach the issue of defendant's guilt or innocence; risks confusing and misleading the jury; and improperly invites jury nullification. *See, e.g., Goodman,* 31 N.Y.2d at 269; *Decker,* 218 A.D.3d at 1042; *Rosado,* 728 F.2d at 93. Evidence and argument regarding "the motivation and conduct" of counsel "are categorically irrelevant"; and "even if evidence of them had any slight relevance, it would be substantially outweighed by the capacity of such evidence and lawyer arguments to confuse the jury and create unfair prejudice." *Hart v. RCI Hospitality Holdings, Inc.,* 90 F. Supp. 3d 250, 271 (S.D.N.Y. 2015) (granting motion in limine); *see also United States v. Xiong,* 262 F.3d 672, 675 (7th Cir. 2001) (personal attacks on a party's counsel are "reprehensible" and "detract from the dignity of judicial proceedings").

5. Argument, questions, or evidence regarding potential punishment or other consequences of these proceedings<sup>11</sup> should be prohibited in front of the jury because it has no tendency to prove

interference case. Nobody's ever seen anything like it in this country, it's a disgrace.... They want to keep me nice and busy so I can't campaign so hard.").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> See, e.g., Trial Tr. 3628:3-6, *People by James v. Trump*, No. 452564/2022 (Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cnty. Nov. 6, 2023) (Defendant: "And it is a shame what is going on. And we sit here all day, and it is election interference because you want to keep me in this courthouse all day long, and let's keep going.") (Ex. 20).

any material fact. *See Lewis*, 69 N.Y.2d at 325; *see also Shannon v. United States*, 512 U.S. 573, 579 (1994) ("Information regarding the consequences of a verdict is . . . irrelevant to the jury's task."); *Navarro*, 651 F. Supp. 3d at 242. Similarly, arguments or evidence that the charges in this case are not serious or should be considered misdemeanors, as defendant has frequently asserted in court filings and public statements, should likewise be precluded. Presenting argument or eliciting evidence regarding the claimed seriousness of the offense or the effect of these proceedings on defendant's outside commitments is also improper because it invites nullification and otherwise confuses the issues before the jury. *See Navarro*, 651 F. Supp. 3d at 242 (citing *United States v. Wade*, 962 F.3d 1004, 1012 (7th Cir. 2020)); *People v. Douglas*, 178 Misc. 2d 918, 926-28 (Sup. Ct. Bronx Cnty. 1998).

*6.* Argument or evidence regarding alleged bias or purported motivations of the Court and court staff should be precluded. Defendant prolifically attacks judges and court staff in his public comments,<sup>12</sup> and impugned the motives of the court on repeated occasions in the courtroom during court proceedings in the recent *People by James v. Trump* civil fraud trial.<sup>13</sup> Any such argument here would be irrelevant and would improperly invite the jury to reach a verdict based on something other than the evidence at trial. *Rosado*, 728 F.2d at 93.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> See, e.g., People's Mot. to Quash or for a Protective Order 3-4 (Nov. 9, 2023) (collecting statements); People's Mot. for a Protective Order 2-3, 7-12 (Apr. 24, 2023) (same).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> See, e.g., Hearing Tr. 116, People by James v. Trump, No. 452564/2022 (Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cnty. Jan. 11, 2024) (Defendant to the Court: "You have your own agenda, I can certainly understand that. You can't listen for more than one minute.") (Ex. 19); Trial Tr. 3510:9-10, People by James v. Trump, No. 452564/2022 (Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cnty. Nov. 6, 2023) ("This is a very unfair trial, very, very.") (Ex. 20); *id.* at 3558:5-3559:13 ("I think it's fraudulent, the [court's] decision. I think it's fraudulent. The fraud is on the Court, not on me. . . . And how do you do that? How do you rule against somebody and call them a fraud, as the President of the United States, who did a great job. . . . It's a terrible thing you did. You knew nothing about me. You believed this political hack back there, and that's unfortunate.") (Ex. 20); *id.* at 3628:7-8 ("And we have a very hostile Judge, extremely hostile Judge, and it is sad.") (Ex. 20).

### V. Motion to exclude evidence or argument regarding the federal government's purported views of Michael Cohen's credibility.

#### A. Introduction.

Defendant may argue or seek to introduce evidence of the Justice Department's purported views regarding Michael Cohen's credibility, including claims that he has lied to or withheld evidence from federal investigators or prosecutors in the past. Although Cohen and other witnesses may be subject to appropriate cross-examination on topics that properly go to their believability— subject to the Court's case-by-case assessment that such cross-examination is not irrelevant, prejudicial, or confusing—a witness may not be impeached based on the federal government's claimed hearsay opinions regarding credibility or prior bad acts. The Court should thus exclude argument or evidence regarding the Justice Department's purported views of Cohen's credibility.

#### B. Argument.

In multiple filings before this Court, defendant has cited Justice Department filings in Cohen's federal criminal case as evidence that Cohen lied to, made material false statements, or declined to provide full information to federal investigators or prosecutors. *See* Def.'s Mem. Opp. People's Mot. to Quash 10 (Nov. 30, 2023) (citing the Justice Department's 2019 opposition to Cohen's motion to reduce his sentence); Def.'s Mot. to Reargue 4-5 (Jan. 17, 2024) (citing the Justice Department's 2023 opposition to Cohen's motion for termination of supervised release). And in cross-examining Cohen during the *People by James v. Trump* civil fraud trial several months ago, counsel for Trump offered into evidence the federal government's 2018 sentencing memo from the *United States v. Cohen* prosecution (without objection by the Attorney General), and cross-examined Cohen on assertions by the federal government in that memo (again without objection). *See* Trial Tr. 2284-87, *People by James v. Trump*, No. 452564/2022 (Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cnty. Oct. 24, 2023). Because those observations by federal prosecutors are inadmissible hearsay

and improper opinion evidence regarding credibility, the Court should exclude at this trial argument or evidence purporting to describe the federal government's views of Cohen's credibility.

Hearsay is any out-of-court statement offered for its truth. *People v. Buie*, 86 N.Y.2d 501, 505 (1995). Memoranda or pleadings from court files offered for their truth are routinely excluded as inadmissible hearsay. *See, e.g., 2641 Concourse Co. v. City Univ. of New York*, 147 A.D.2d 379, 379 (1st Dep't 1989), *aff'g on op. below*, 135 Misc. 2d 464, 465-66 (N.Y. Ct. Cl. 1987); *Liberto v. Worcester Mut. Ins. Co.*, 87 A.D.2d 477, 478-79 (2d Dep't 1982); *People v. Brann*, 69 Misc. 3d 201, 207 (Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cnty. 2020). Evidence or argument based on the federal government's legal memoranda purporting to establish as true that Cohen lied to investigators or prosecutors should thus be excluded as inadmissible hearsay.

Evidence or argument regarding federal prosecutors' views of Cohen should separately be excluded because it would be improper opinion evidence. Opinion evidence is inadmissible as a general rule. *See* Prince, Richardson on Evidence § 7-101. Although there are exceptions to this general exclusion, *see* Guide to N.Y. Evid. rule 7.03(1) (Opinion of Lay Witness), opinion testimony regarding a witness's credibility is not among those exceptions because "[c]redibility is, as the cases have repeated and insisted from the dawn of the common law, a matter solely for the jury." *People v. Williams*, 6 N.Y.2d 18, 26 (1959).

Finally, the admission of evidence during cross-examination that purports to reflect federal prosecutors' views of Cohen's credibility as indicated in federal court filings would be an improper use of extrinsic evidence to challenge Cohen's credibility. "The general rule is that a party may not introduce extrinsic evidence on a collateral matter solely to impeach credibility." *Alvino*, 71

N.Y.2d at 248. The purposes of this rule are "judicial economy, to prevent needless multiplication of issues in a case, and to insure that the jury is not confused with irrelevant evidence." *Id.* 

### VI. Motion to preclude argument regarding any alleged reliance on advice of counsel unless and until defendant establishes a sufficient factual predicate at trial.

#### A. Introduction.

The People ask the Court to preclude improper argument, including in opening statements, regarding any alleged reliance on advice of counsel unless and until defendant establishes a sufficient factual predicate for the advice-of-counsel defense at trial.

#### B. Argument.

First, defendant has not shown the proper predicate for an advice-of-counsel defense. In order for any defendant to employ that defense, there must be "sufficient facts in the record" to establish that the defendant "honestly and in good faith sought the advice of counsel," "fully and honestly laid all the facts before his counsel," and "in good faith and honestly followed counsel's advice." *United States v. Scully*, 877 F.3d 464, 476 (2d Cir. 2017) (quoting *United States v. Colasuonno*, 697 F.3d 164, 181 (2d Cir. 2012)). There is no evidence that would support any of these facts. Defendant has identified Alan Garten, the Trump Organization's Chief Legal Officer, as a potential trial witness, but has not disclosed any statements from Mr. Garten pursuant to CPL § 245.20(4) or any other documents or records pursuant to CPL § 245.20(1)(o); and there is no other evidence that would support an advice-of-counsel defense.<sup>14</sup>

Second, New York law is clear that defendant's "own testimony establishing reliance on counsel's advice [is] a prerequisite to . . . the proposed defense of advice of counsel." *People v*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> The Court has directed defendant "to provide notice and disclosure of his intent to rely on the defense of advice-of-counsel by March 11, 2024, and to produce all discoverable statements and communications within his possession or control by the same date." Decision & Order Regarding Advice-of-Counsel Defense 6 (Feb. 7, 2024).

*Lurie*, 249 A.D.2d 119, 124 (1st Dep't 1998), *leave denied*, 92 N.Y.2d 900 (1998), *habeas denied sub nom. Lurie v. Wittner*, 228 F.3d 113, 132-34 (2d Cir. 2000). Because defendant has no obligation to testify at trial—and because there is no way to confirm whether he will do so before he takes the stand—any argument that asserts reliance on an advice-of-counsel defense would be improper before defendant has met the necessary prerequisite through his own testimony.

Because there is currently no factual predicate to assert the advice-of-counsel defense, the Court should preclude any argument at trial suggesting otherwise-including in defendant's opening statement—until sufficient facts are established. See United States v. Lacey, No. CR-18-00422, 2023 WL 4746562, at \*6-7 (D. Ariz. July 24, 2023) (holding that if evidence to support an advice-of-counsel defense has not been "disclosed or produced prior to opening statements, Defendants are precluded from making such early pronouncements," because "[t]o permit Defendants to tell the jury" that they relied on the advice of counsel absent a sufficient factual predicate "would present irrelevant evidence, could be factually misleading, would result in jury confusion, and would prejudice the Government"); United States v. Charlemagne, No. 8:15-cr-462, 2016 WL 11678620, at \*2-3 (M.D. Fla. Sept. 2, 2016) (granting government's motion in limine to preclude reference to reliance on advice of counsel in opening statement, "without prejudice to Defendant's right to assert a good faith reliance on counsel defense if and when a proper predicate is laid and the attorney-client privilege is expressly waived by Defendant"); United States v. King, No. 3:06-cr-212, 2006 WL 3490805, at \*8 (M.D. Fla. Dec. 1, 2006) (describing oral order granting government's motion in limine and ruling that "until Defendant could lay the proper predicate, Defendant could not argue that he relied on an attorney's advice").

### VII. Motion to exclude evidence or argument regarding legal defenses the Court has already rejected.

The Court should exclude evidence or argument regarding legal defenses the Court has already rejected.

The Court's ruling on defendant's omnibus motions rejected various legal defenses, holding (among other things) that the People did not unconstitutionally delay bringing charges, *see Trump* Omnibus Decision 3-6; that a federal offense is a valid object crime for charges of first-degree falsifying business records, *id.* at 13-14; that New York Election Law § 17-152 applies to the charged conduct and is not preempted, *id.* at 15-16; that this prosecution was not motivated by an improper purpose, *id.* at 20-22; that the charges are timely under the statute of limitations, *id.* at 22-23; and that there are no violations of grand jury secrecy that affected the integrity of these proceedings, *id.* at 27-28.

Any argument or evidence that contradicts any of the Court's prior orders in this case should be excluded because questions of law are for the Court to decide. *See United States v. Gorham*, 523 F.2d 1088, 1098 (D.C. Cir. 1975) (it is "the duty of the court to expound the law and that of the jury to apply the law as thus declared to the facts as ascertained by them" (quoting *Sparf v. United States*, 156 U.S. 51, 106 (1895))); *Kirsh*, 176 A.D.2d at 653. And the introduction of evidence or argument regarding issues foreclosed by the Court's prior decisions would confuse the issues, mislead the jury, waste time, and cause undue delay.

#### VIII. Motion to introduce potential *Molineux* evidence.

The People respectfully request a pretrial ruling regarding the admissibility of three categories of potential *Molineux* evidence. *See People v. Ventimiglia*, 52 N.Y.2d 350, 362 (1981); *People v. Molineux*, 168 N.Y. 264 (1901).

First, the Court should permit the introduction of evidence regarding defendant's prior bad acts that relate to or were committed in the course of the underlying conspiracy to promote his election. This evidence is not *Molineux* evidence at all but is instead part of the *res gestae* of defendant's criminal conduct. To the extent the Court analyzes it under the *Molineux* doctrine, it is clearly admissible because it is highly relevant to material, non-propensity issues regarding defendant's intent to defraud.

Second, the Court should permit the introduction of evidence regarding (a) the Access Hollywood Tape, and (b) public allegations of sexual assault that followed the release of the Access Hollywood Tape in the fall of 2016. This evidence is probative of defendant's motive and intent, and provides necessary background and context to explain defendant's conduct to the jury.

Third, the Court should permit the introduction of evidence regarding defendant's prior bad acts that involve efforts to dissuade witnesses from cooperating with law enforcement—including through pressure campaigns, public harassment, and retaliation—because such evidence shows defendant's consciousness of guilt and corroborates his intent.

#### A. Legal standard.

Under the *Molineux* rule, "evidence of uncharged crimes is inadmissible where its *only* relevance is to show defendant's bad character or criminal propensity," because of the concern that the jury will convict defendant based on his criminal predisposition rather than his involvement in the charged misconduct. *People v. Agina*, 18 N.Y.3d 600, 603 (2012) (emphasis added). By contrast, "when the evidence of the other crimes is relevant to an issue other than the defendant's criminal tendency," the jury may properly consider such evidence to help flesh out its understanding of the charges against the defendant. *People v. Beam*, 57 N.Y.2d 241, 250 (1982). Thus, evidence of a defendant's uncharged crimes or other bad acts is admissible if (1) it is "relevant to some material issue in the case," and (2) "the trial court determines in its discretion that the probative value of the

evidence outweighs the risk of undue prejudice to the defendant." *People v. Frumusa*, 29 N.Y.3d 364, 369 (2017) (internal quotation marks omitted).

Evidence of a defendant's prior bad acts is generally relevant to a material issue when the evidence is probative of a defendant's "motive, intent, absence of mistake, identity, and common scheme or plan." *Molineux*, 168 N.Y. at 292-94. The categories that the Court of Appeals identified in *Molineux* are "merely illustrative," and "[t]here is no closed category of relevancy." Prince, Richardson on Evidence § 4-501 (citing cases). Accordingly, courts have also held that the People may introduce evidence of uncharged conduct to, for example, "complete a witness's narrative to assist the jury in their comprehension of the crime," *People v. Mendez*, 165 A.D.2d 751, 752 (1st Dep't 1990), or where the evidence is "inextricably interwoven with the narrative of events and was necessary background to explain to the jury the relationship" between the parties. *People v. Santiago*, 295 A.D.2d 214, 215 (1st Dep't 2002).

"Weighing the evidence's probative value against its potential prejudice to the defendant is a matter of discretion for the trial court." *People v. Morris*, 21 N.Y.3d 588, 595 (2013) (internal quotation marks omitted). To be sure, "almost all relevant, probative evidence" of prior bad acts "will be, in a sense, prejudicial," because "[e]vidence which helps establish a defendant's guilt can always be considered evidence that 'prejudices' him or her." *People v. Brewer*, 28 N.Y.3d 271, 277 (2016); *see also People v. Colavito*, 87 N.Y.2d 423, 429 (1996). "But the probative value of a piece of evidence is not automatically outweighed by prejudice merely because the evidence is compelling." *Brewer*, 28 N.Y.3d at 277. Instead, what makes *Molineux* testimony permissible "is that the damage resulted from something other than [the evidence's] tendency to prove propensity." *Id*.

## B. The Court should permit the introduction of evidence regarding defendant's prior bad acts that relate to or were committed in the course of the underlying conspiracy to promote his election.

The People allege that defendant falsified business records as part of a criminal scheme to conceal damaging information from the voting public in advance of the 2016 presidential election. *Trump* Omnibus Decision 1-3, 6. To establish the intent-to-defraud element of the charged offenses under Penal Law § 175.10, the People will introduce evidence at trial regarding defendant's agreement with others to influence the 2016 presidential election by identifying and purchasing negative information about him to suppress its publication and benefit his electoral prospects, as well as evidence regarding the steps that were taken to carry out that unlawful agreement.

In particular, and as described in the People's prior filings in this case, the People will

present evidence regarding:

- defendant's August 2015 meeting at Trump Tower with David Pecker and Michael Cohen, where they agreed that Pecker would help with defendant's presidential campaign by identifying and suppressing negative information about defendant, and by publishing positive stories about defendant and negative stories about defendant's competitors for the election, *see, e.g., Trump* Omnibus Decision 1-2; People's Omnibus Opp. 3; People's Statement of Facts ¶¶ 7-9;
- the purchase of information from Dino Sajudin regarding an alleged out-of-wedlock child Trump had fathered with one of his housekeepers, *see* People's Omnibus Opp. 3-4, 8; People's Statement of Facts ¶¶ 10-11, 22-23;
- the purchase of information regarding an alleged extramarital relationship between Karen McDougal and defendant, *see Trump* Omnibus Decision 2; People's Omnibus Opp. 4-6, 8; People's Statement of Facts ¶¶ 12-15, 22-23;
- the purchase of information regarding an alleged sexual encounter between Stormy Daniels and defendant, *see Trump* Omnibus Decision 2-3; People's Omnibus Opp. 1, 6-8; People's Statement of Facts ¶¶ 3, 16-21; and
- AMI's publication of negative information about defendant's competitors for the election, as well as the publication of positive stories regarding defendant, *see* People's Omnibus Opp. 3; People's Statement of Facts ¶ 9.

As described below, this evidence is part of the *res gestae* of defendant's criminal conduct and is not properly considered *Molineux* evidence for that reason. For the avoidance of any doubt, however, the Court may also hold that even if this evidence does constitute evidence of prior uncharged crimes or bad acts under *Molineux*, it is admissible because it is inextricably interwoven with the narrative of events and is probative of defendant's intent, and because any prejudicial impact is outweighed by its probative value.

## 1. Evidence regarding the formation and execution of defendant's conspiracy with others to influence the 2016 presidential election is not *Molineux* because it is part of the *res gestae* of his criminal conduct.

Evidence regarding the Trump Tower agreement and the steps taken to implement that agreement is direct evidence of an element of the offense: namely, defendant's intent to defraud. First-degree falsifying business records requires that defendant's intent to defraud include "an intent to commit another crime or to aid or conceal the commission thereof." PL § 175.10. The People allege that defendant intended to commit or conceal election law crimes, including violations of Election Law § 17-152 and FECA. *See Trump* Omnibus Decision 12-16. The People must establish only that defendant *intended* to commit or conceal another crime. *Id.* at 12.

As the Court has already recognized, the evidence described above—including evidence of the August 2015 Trump Tower agreement; the payoffs to Sajudin, McDougal, and Daniels that were made because of the Trump Tower agreement; and AMI's publication of flattering stories about defendant paired with denigrating stories about his opponents—supports a finding that defendant intended to commit or conceal criminal conduct. *See id.* at 11-16. Thus, evidence regarding the agreement to promote defendant's election, as well as evidence of the steps taken to execute that agreement, is not *Molineux* evidence at all but is instead part of the *res gestae* of defendant's criminal conduct.

The Court of Appeals has explained that "the common thread in all Molineux cases is that the evidence sought to be admitted concerns a separate crime or bad act committed by the defendant. Frumusa, 29 N.Y.3d at 369-70. But "[w]here, as here, the evidence at issue is relevant to the very same crime for which the defendant is on trial, there is no danger that the jury will draw an improper inference of propensity because no separate crime or bad act committed by the defendant has been placed before the jury." Id. at 370. Evidence regarding the formation and execution of defendant's conspiracy with others to influence the 2016 presidential election is part of the res gestae of his criminal conduct and is admissible without regard to the Molineux doctrine. See, e.g., People v. Alfaro, 19 N.Y.3d 1075, 1076 (2012) (affirming decision below that evidence was properly admitted where "the items were part of the 'res gestae' of the entire criminal transaction"); People v. Delacruz, 199 A.D.3d 614, 614 (1st Dep't 2021) (video of defendant displaying a gun and threatening the victim "did not constitute Molineux evidence" because it was instead "direct proof of defendant's specific criminal intent"); People v. Robinson, 200 A.D.2d 693, 694 (2d Dep't 1994) (affirming trial court's admission of facts that were "essential components of the res gestae").

## 2. In the alternative, evidence regarding defendant's conspiracy with others to influence the presidential election is centrally relevant to material issues in the case, and its probative value far outweighs any prejudicial effect.

To the extent the Court concludes that evidence regarding the formation and execution of defendant's conspiracy with others to influence the 2016 presidential election may be *Molineux* evidence, the Court should conclude that it is relevant to a material, non-propensity issue, and that the probative value of the evidence far outweighs the risk of undue prejudice. *See Frumusa*, 29 N.Y.3d at 370 (encouraging the People to bring possible evidentiary issues to the attention of the

court and defendant before trial, including where the *Molineux* doctrine may not need to be applied).

First, evidence of defendant's steps to conspire with others to help his candidacy by purchasing and suppressing damaging information is "inextricably interwoven with the narrative of events and [is] necessary background to explain to the jury" the criminal conduct defendant intended to commit or conceal. Santiago, 295 A.D.2d at 215. Defendant is charged with falsely stating in the business records of New York enterprises that his 2017 payments to Cohen were for legal services rendered pursuant to a retainer agreement, when in fact those payments were instead reimbursements for one part-the Stormy Daniels payoff-of the conspiracy to assist defendant's presidential campaign. Evidence regarding the Trump Tower agreement and the subsequent steps to execute the plan that was hatched at that meeting-which included the Daniels payoff-thus provides necessary background to explain the criminal conduct defendant intended to conceal when he falsified the business records at issue in this prosecution.<sup>15</sup> See id.; see also, e.g., People v. Vails, 43 N.Y.2d 364, 367-69 (1977) (Molineux evidence is relevant where it shows "a concurrence of common features such that the acts proved can naturally be explained as caused by a general plan of which each act is but a part"); People v. DeJesus, 127 A.D.3d 589, 590 (1st Dep't 2015); People v. Finkelstein, 121 A.D.3d 615, 615-16 (1st Dep't 2014). Indeed, the Court's opinion on defendant's omnibus motions described this evidence "by way of background" when

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Relatedly, the People will also present evidence that the \$420,000 reimbursement amount to Cohen was made up in part of a \$50,000 request for reimbursement for expenses he claimed he incurred. *See* Trump Omnibus Decision 3; People's Omnibus Opp. 8; People's Statement of Facts ¶ 25. The People will elicit testimony that the \$50,000 expense claim related to Cohen's payments to a tech firm, RedFinch Solutions, to rig an online poll ranking business leaders in defendant's favor. Because the RedFinch expense is a component of the total reimbursement amount for the payments at issue in this criminal prosecution, it is admissible for the same reasons described above: it is part of the *res gestae* of defendant's criminal conduct; and if the Court instead considers it *Molineux*, it is inextricably interwoven with the narrative of events.

introducing and describing the charged offenses. *Trump* Omnibus Decision 1-3; *see also People v. Till*, 87 N.Y.2d 835, 837 (1995) (evidence of prior bad acts admissible to provide necessary background information).

Second, and relatedly, this evidence is necessary to "complete the narrative" concerning the charged crimes. Till, 87 N.Y.2d at 837; see also People v. Gines, 36 N.Y.2d 932, 932-33 (1975). Evidence of the Trump Tower agreement and the steps the participants took to execute that agreement is all part of a single narrative that explains the illegal conduct defendant sought to conceal when he falsely described the payments to Cohen as payments for legal services instead of truthfully describing them as reimbursements for the Stormy Daniels payoff. See, e.g., Alfaro, 19 N.Y.3d at 1075 (holding that items were properly admitted where, "[e]ven assuming that the subject items constituted prior uncharged crimes evidence under Molineux," they "completed the narrative of this particular criminal transaction"); People v. Flambert, 160 A.D.3d 605, 606 (1st Dep't 2018) (evidence admissible where it tends to "place the events in question in a believable context"). Indeed, each of the transactions that was pursued as a result of the Trump Tower agreement is so central to the conspiracy to influence the election that the conspiracy cannot be accurately understood without reference to each of the other transactions-to omit any of the episodes would be to present an incomplete and nonsensical narrative of the events that form the basis for the charged conduct. This evidence is thus admissible because it is necessary to "flesh out the narrative so there are no gaps in the story line provided to the jury." People v. Leonard, 29 N.Y.3d 1, 4 (2017); People v. Green, 35 N.Y.2d 437, 442 (1974) ("[S]ome cases are sufficiently complex that the jury would wander helpless, as in a maze, were the decisive occurrences not placed in some broader, expository context.").

Third, this evidence is highly probative of defendant's intent. In cases where the defendant's mental state cannot be "inferred from the commission of the act" alone, the Molineux doctrine is especially flexible in permitting the introduction of evidence that tends to show that the defendant acted with the requisite state of mind. Alvino, 71 N.Y.2d at 242-43 (citing cases). Cases involving fraudulent intent are paradigmatic cases where *Molineux* evidence has often been allowed, "because a fraudulent intent rarely can be established by direct evidence." Matter of Brandon, 55 N.Y.2d 206, 211 (1982); see also People v. Rodriguez, 17 N.Y.3d 486, 489 (2011). Here, evidence that defendant agreed with others to execute an illegal scheme to identify and purchase negative information about him in order to suppress its publication and benefit his electoral prospects is highly probative of defendant's mental state when he later falsified business records to cover up that scheme. See People v. Leeson, 12 N.Y.3d 823, 827 (2009) (Molineux evidence was relevant to defendant's state of mind when it "placed the charged conduct in context" (quoting People v. Dorm, 12 N.Y.3d 16, 19 (2009))); People v. Ingram, 71 N.Y.2d 474, 480 (evidence is admissible under the *Molineux* intent exception where it "makes the innocent explanation improbable"); see also Trump Omnibus Decision 18-19 (evidence that defendant intended to pay money "to prevent the publication of information that could have adversely affected his presidential aspirations" was material to defendant's intent to defraud).

Finally, evidence regarding the specific allegations defendant sought to suppress through the Sajudin, McDougal, and Daniels payoffs is relevant to defendant's motive. In each instance, the allegations that defendant sought to suppress—that he had an out-of-wedlock child; that he had an extramarital sexual relationship; that he had an extramarital sexual encounter with an adult film actress—are allegations that defendant knew could damage his candidacy. *See Trump* Omnibus Decision 1; People's Omnibus Opp. 3-8; People Statement of Facts ¶¶ 10-23. Evidence regarding the nature of these allegations is critical evidence that supports defendant's motive in making false entries in the relevant business records in order to prevent disclosure of both the payoff scheme and the underlying information. *See, e.g., People v. Frankline*, 27 N.Y.3d 1113, 1115 (2016) (evidence of a prior assault admissible to show motive for a subsequent assault); *Till*, 87 N.Y.2d at 837 (evidence of uncharged robbery was properly admitted where it "established a motive for defendant's attempt to kill or assault the off-duty police officer to avoid capture and punishment"); *People v. Johnson*, 137 A.D.3d 811, 812 (2d Dep't 2016) (*Molineux* testimony was properly admitted where "it was relevant to and probative of defendant's motive to commit the charged crimes").

The probative value of this evidence far outweighs any risk of "undue," *People v. Cass*, 18 N.Y.3d 553, 560 (2012), or "unfair," *Frankline*, 27 N.Y.3d at 1115, prejudice to defendant. As explained above, evidence that defendant conspired with others to unlawfully influence the 2016 presidential election could not be more probative: it bears directly on material issues involving defendant's state of mind when he later falsified business records to conceal that conspiracy, and separately provides necessary background to explain crucial context and complete the narrative regarding the charged crimes.

By contrast, the risk of undue prejudice to defendant is low. This evidence is centrally relevant to the jury's understanding of the charged offenses. "When evidence of uncharged crimes is relevant to some issue other than the defendant's criminal disposition," it is only when the evidence "is actually of slight value when compared to the possible prejudice to the accused" that it can be said its admission is an abuse of the trial court's discretion. *People v. Allweiss*, 48 N.Y.2d 40, 47 (1979); *see also Frumusa*, 29 N.Y.3d at 373 (evidence "was not unduly prejudicial" where, among other factors, "it was relevant to defendant's larcenous intent"); *Cass*, 18 N.Y.3d at 563

(evidence not unduly prejudicial where it had "a direct bearing" on the question of defendant's intent). And because the evidence is directly relevant to specific issues in the case, there is little risk the jury will overestimate its significance. *See Allweiss*, 48 N.Y.2d at 46.

The Court should therefore hold that evidence of defendant's prior acts is admissible where it relates to or was committed in the course of the underlying conspiracy to promote his election.

#### C. The Court should permit the introduction of evidence regarding the Access Hollywood Tape and subsequent public allegations by women that defendant sexually assaulted them.

The Court should also permit the introduction of evidence regarding (1) the Access Hollywood Tape; and (2) certain public allegations of sexual assault that followed the release of the Access Hollywood Tape in the fall of 2016. Each of these categories of evidence is probative of defendant's motive and intent, and provides necessary background information for the jury that places the charged offenses in context.

#### 1. The Access Hollywood Tape.

On October 7, 2016, about one month before the 2016 presidential election, the Washington Post published a video recorded in 2005 that depicted defendant saying to the host of *Access Hollywood*: "You know I'm automatically attracted to beautiful – I just start kissing them. It's like a magnet. Just kiss. I don't even wait. And when you're a star, they let you do it. You can do anything. . . . Grab 'em by the pussy. You can do anything." *Carroll v. Trump*, 660 F. Supp. 3d 196, 200-01 (S.D.N.Y. 2023) (quoting the Access Hollywood Tape). In response, defendant issued public statements describing the tape as "locker room banter," Ex. 21, and drawing a distinction between words (which he admitted saying) and conduct (which he denied).<sup>16</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Both the Access Hollywood Tape and defendant's statements explaining his remarks on that tape (by distinguishing between words and conduct) are contained in video exhibits which the People will submit to the Court if the Court would like to review them in adjudicating this motion.

The Access Hollywood Tape is centrally relevant to critical issues in the case, and its probative value outweighs any risk of undue prejudice. The evidence at trial will show that after the release of the Access Hollywood Tape one month before the presidential election, defendant and his campaign staff were deeply concerned that the tape would harm his viability as a candidate and reduce his standing with female voters in particular. The release of the tape-and the accompanying concerns about its possible impact on the election-are thus directly related to the Stormy Daniels payoff, which was executed just a few weeks later. See People's Omnibus Opp. 6-7, 55; People's Statement of Facts ¶ 16-21. The Access Hollywood Tape is such a central component of defendant's conspiracy to influence the election that it is "inextricably interwoven with the narrative of events and [is] necessary background to explain to the jury" why the Daniels payoff was made when it was. Santiago, 295 A.D.2d at 215; see also Vails, 43 N.Y.3d at 367-69; Green, 35 N.Y.2d at 442. Omitting the Access Hollywood Tape would leave counterfactual and artificial "gaps in the story line presented to the jury," Leonard, 29 N.Y.3d at 4; the tape is necessary to "complete[] the narrative of this particular criminal transaction," Alfaro, 19 N.Y.3d at 1075, and "place the events in question in a believable context," Flambert, 160 A.D.3d at 606.

The Access Hollywood Tape is also relevant to defendant's intent and motive at the time he and his confederates executed the Daniels payoff and when he later sought to conceal it. *See Trump* Omnibus Decision 18-19. Evidence regarding the tape and its impact on the campaign supports the conclusion that defendant wanted to avoid further damaging disclosures immediately before the election, which makes other, "innocent explanation[s]" for the payoff and coverup "improbable." *Ingram*, 71 N.Y.2d at 480. The tape is highly relevant to defendant's motive for the same reason—it supports the conclusion that he suppressed the Daniels story and then concealed the payoff because he believed additional disclosures about an alleged sexual encounter with an

adult film actress, following immediately on the heels of the Access Hollywood Tape, would cost him votes. *Frankline*, 27 N.Y.3d at 1115; *Till*, 87 N.Y.2d at 837. Indeed, the release of the Access Hollywood Tape was so monumental to the campaign that the first draft of the non-disclosure agreement with Stormy Daniels was penned within four days. The motivation to complete the Daniels non-disclosure agreement cannot be understood without reference to the desperation facing defendant and his campaign in the wake of the tape's release.

The probative value of the Access Hollywood Tape outweighs any risk of undue prejudice. The Access Hollywood Tape and its impact on the campaign could not be more relevant to the Daniels payoff and subsequent coverup. As the Court of Appeals has explained, "[i]f the evidence has substantial probative value and is directly relevant to the purpose—other than to show criminal propensity—for which it is offered, the probative value of the evidence outweighs the danger of prejudice and the court may admit the evidence." *Cass*, 18 N.Y.3d at 560. And the prejudicial impact is low because the evidence is directly relevant to defendant's intent. *See id.* at 563; *see also Frumusa*, 29 N.Y.3d at 373. Indeed, a federal court recently held in a defamation case against Trump that the Access Hollywood Tape was admissible under Rule 404(b) of the Federal Rules of Evidence (the federal-law provision for "Other Crimes, Wrongs, or Acts") because it was relevant to the defendant's intent, and was not unduly prejudicial because "[t]here would be nothing inherently 'unfair' in receiving evidence that is uniquely probative" of defendant's state of mind. *Carroll v. Trump*, No. 20-cv-7311 (LAK), 2024 WL 97359, at \*9-11 (S.D.N.Y. Jan. 9, 2024).

#### 2. Public allegations of sexual assault that followed the release of the Access Hollywood Tape in the fall of 2016.

About five days after the Access Hollywood Tape was published, and following defendant's public explanation that the tape reflected only banter, not behavior, several women alleged in news reports that defendant had sexually assaulted them in the past. *See* Megan Twohey

& Michael Barbaro, *Two Women Say Donald Trump Touched Them Inappropriately*, N.Y. Times, Oct. 12, 2016 (Ex. 22); Natasha Stoynoff, *Physically Attacked by Donald Trump—A PEOPLE Writer's Own Harrowing Story*, People Magazine, Oct. 12, 2016 (Ex. 23). In public comments at campaign rallies and on social media, defendant denied the allegations of sexual assault and asserted that the allegations were being made to harm—and were harming—his standing with voters in general and women voters in particular.<sup>17</sup> Ex. 24.

As with the Access Hollywood Tape, evidence of these allegations and defendant's public response provides critical context for the charges the jury will consider, and is manifestly relevant to defendant's intent and motive in paying to silence Stormy Daniels and then concealing the payoff. As noted above, defendant's public comments in reaction to the allegations published on October 12, 2016 in the New York Times and People Magazine show his awareness and concern that the allegations risked his candidacy by hurting his standing with female voters. *E.g.*, Ex. 24 at 1 ("Nothing ever happened with any of these women. Totally made up nonsense to steal the election. Nobody has more respect for women than me!"); *id.* at 2 ("Polls close, but can you believe I lost large numbers of women voters based on made up events THAT NEVER HAPPENED. Media rigging election!"); *id.* at 3 ("Can't believe these totally phony stories, 100% made up by women (many already proven false) and pushed big time by press, have impact!"). Thus, this evidence not only provides important context and background, but also explains defendant's intent and motive in arranging the Stormy Daniels hush payment and subsequent coverup, because further disclosures of alleged sexual misconduct—and especially the disclosure of an alleged

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Defendant's comments at campaign rallies are contained in excerpted video exhibits which the People will submit to the Court if the Court would like to review them in adjudicating this motion.

sexual liaison with an adult film actress just weeks before Election Day—seriously risked his electoral prospects.

The risk of undue prejudice is low. First, this evidence would not be admitted to show that defendant in fact sexually assaulted the women who accused him of doing so; there is thus no propensity issue at play. See Agina, 18 N.Y.3d at 603 (Molineux evidence inadmissible "where its only relevance is to show defendant's bad character or criminal propensity" (emphasis added)). And appropriate limiting instructions would make clear to the jury that this evidence should be considered only for the fact that the allegations were made, not as evidence of defendant's character or as proof that the allegations are true. See People v. Hernandez, 103 A.D.3d 433, 434 (1st Dep't 2013) (prejudicial effect of Molineux evidence was minimized by the court's limiting instructions); see also People v. Morris, 21 N.Y.3d 588, 598 (2013) (jurors are presumed to follow a trial court's limiting instructions). Second, the People propose to admit evidence of only three accusations of sexual assault (the accusations that were reported in the New York Times and People Magazine articles published on October 12, 2016). There are public reports that more than dozen women accused defendant of sexual assault in the weeks following the release of the Access Hollywood Tape;<sup>18</sup> evidence of just a select few instances of those allegations—which defendant specifically referenced on the campaign trail in acknowledging the effect on his campaign—is not cumulative. Cf. People v. Rodriguez, 193 A.D.3d 554, 556 (1st Dep't 2021) (introducing a "significant quantum of evidence" is more likely to cause undue prejudice). Third, the risk of unfair prejudice is low where the allegations reported in the New York Times and People Magazine articles are not "any more sensational or disturbing" than other evidence that will be before the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> See, e.g., Lindsay Kimble, Everything You Need to Know About the Sexual Assault Allegations Against Donald Trump Before Election Day, People Magazine, Nov. 1, 2016, https://people.com/politics/ every-sexual-assault-accusation-against-donald-trump/.

jury. United States v. Roldan-Zapata, 916 F.2d 795, 804 (2d Cir. 1990); see United States v. Siegel,

717 F.2d 9, 16-17 (2d Cir. 1983).

## D. The Court should permit the introduction of evidence regarding defendant's efforts to dissuade witnesses from cooperating with law enforcement, including through pressure campaigns, public harassment, and retaliation.

The Court should also permit the introduction of evidence regarding defendant's attempts

to dissuade witnesses from cooperating with law enforcement because such evidence shows

defendant's consciousness of guilt and corroborates his intent. This evidence falls into four

categories:

- First, after the FBI executed a search warrant on Cohen's residences, office, and electronic devices in April 2018, defendant and others engaged in a public and private pressure campaign to ensure that Cohen did not cooperate with the federal investigation into campaign finance violations related to the McDougal and Daniels payoffs. *See* People's Statement of Facts ¶¶ 35-40. The People will introduce evidence of this pressure campaign and will elicit testimony regarding how these statements affected a witness.
- Second, defendant has singled out two of the People's witnesses—Michael Cohen and Stormy Daniels—with harassing comments on social media and in other public statements. The People will introduce evidence of these statements, and will elicit testimony from witnesses regarding the threats and harassment they received after defendant targeted them with these and other public attacks.
- Third, in April 2023, eight days after he was arraigned in this case, defendant sued Cohen in federal court in Florida seeking \$500 million in damages based on allegations that Cohen "spread falsehoods" about defendant. The People will elicit witness testimony regarding that lawsuit and its effect on the witness.
- Fourth, the People will introduce evidence of past comments by defendant endorsing aggressive attacks on one's perceived opponents. For example, in one book, defendant wrote: "When somebody hurts you, just go after them as viciously and as violently as you can."<sup>19</sup> In another book, defendant wrote: "When you are wronged, go after those people because it is a good feeling and because other people will see you doing it."<sup>20</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Donald J. Trump, *Trump: How to Get Rich* 138 (2004).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Donald J. Trump, *Think Big: Make it Happen in Business and in Life* 192 (2007).

This evidence is relevant to material, non-propensity issues in the case. Evidence of the pressure campaign against Cohen is probative of both defendant's effort to deter Cohen from cooperating with law enforcement, and of defendant's steps to intimidate Cohen and retaliate against him once he began doing so. See, e.g., Report on the Investigation into Russian Interference in the 2016 Presidential Election, Vol. II of II, at 154-56 (Mar. 2019) ("The evidence concerning this sequence of events could support an inference that the President used inducements in the form of positive messages in an effort to get Cohen not to cooperate, and then turned to attacks and intimidation to deter the provision of information or undermine Cohen's credibility once Cohen began cooperating."), https://www.justice.gov/storage/report\_volume2.pdf. The Court of Appeals has long recognized that efforts to coerce or harass witnesses can show consciousness of guilt. See People v. Bennett, 79 N.Y.2d 464, 469-70 (1992); People v. Shilitano, 218 N.Y. 161, 179 (1916) (evidence of "an effort to coerce witnesses and suppress evidence against the defendant" admissible to prove consciousness of guilt). And evidence of post-crime conduct that reflects a defendant's consciousness of guilt-including efforts at coercion, threats, or intimidation of witnesses—is admissible under the Molineux doctrine for that reason. See, e.g., People v. Parilla, 211 A.D.3d 1609, 1610 (4th Dep't 2022) (efforts to bribe witness showed consciousness of guilt and were admissible under Molineux); People v. Cotton, 184 A.D.3d 1145, 1146 (4th Dep't 2020) (evidence of tampering or witness intimidation admissible under *Molineux* to show consciousness of guilt).

The same is true of the evidence that defendant has targeted Cohen and Daniels on social media and in other public statements with persistent, harassing, and denigrating comments. *See Cotton*, 184 A.D.3d at 1146; *People v. Pitt*, 170 A.D.3d 1282, 1284 (3d Dep't 2019) (threatening post-crime comments showed consciousness of guilt and were admissible under *Molineux*); *People* 

*v. Leitzsey*, 173 A.D.2d 488, 488-89 (2d Dep't 1991) (same). And evidence that defendant sued Cohen just days after defendant's arraignment in this matter—and sought enormous money damages for claimed injuries based in part on Cohen's testimony before the grand jury—likewise is relevant to material issues in this case because it supports consciousness of guilt and therefore corroborates defendant's intent in connection with the charged conduct. *See, e.g., People v. Lumaj*, 298 A.D.2d 335, 335 (1st Dep't 2002) (evidence of efforts to deter a witness from testifying was "clearly admissible as it demonstrated defendant's consciousness of guilt"); *People v. De Vivo*, 282 A.D.2d 770, 772 (3d Dep't 2001) (evidence of threats, retaliation, and efforts to get witnesses to change their testimony "is highly probative and was properly admitted as it was indicative of defendant's consciousness of guilt") (citing cases). The final category of evidence—defendant's prior statements that perceived opponents should be attacked "as viciously and as violently" as possible—is material and relevant for a non-propensity purpose because it provides context for witness testimony the People will elicit regarding the effect defendant's public attacks and harassment had on them.<sup>21</sup> *See Flambert*, 160 A.D.3d at 606.

Given the direct connection between this consciousness-of-guilt evidence and defendant's intent, its probative value outweighs the danger of any unfair prejudice. *See Lumaj*, 298 A.D.2d at 335; *Cotton*, 184 A.D.3d at 1146; *see generally Cass*, 18 N.Y.3d at 560. An appropriate limiting instruction that the jury is to consider this evidence only for consciousness of guilt and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> The evidence mentioned in this paragraph—defendant's public harassment of Cohen and Daniels; his \$500 million lawsuit against Cohen; and his prior written statements endorsing retaliation against opponents—likely is not *Molineux* at all, and its admission at trial should be assessed just like any other evidence. *See People v. Hamilton*, 73 A.D.3d 408, 409 (1st Dep't 2010). The People include this evidence here for the avoidance of any doubt and to the extent the Court believes the *Molineux* doctrine does apply. *See Frumusa*, 29 N.Y.3d at 370.

corroboration of defendant's intent—not to show defendant's bad character or criminal propensity—will further reduce any risk of undue prejudice. *See Parilla*, 211 A.D.3d at 1610.

Dated: February 22, 2024

Respectfully submitted,

<u>/s/ Matthew Colangelo</u> Matthew Colangelo Christopher Conroy Susan Hoffinger Becky Mangold Joshua Steinglass *Assistant District Attorneys* New York County District Attorney's Office 1 Hogan Place New York, NY 10013 212-335-9000

## SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NEW YORK: PART 59

#### THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

-against-

DONALD J. TRUMP,

Defendant.

\_\_\_\_\_

#### **AFFIRMATION OF SERVICE**

The undersigned affirms under penalty of perjury that on February 22, 2024, he served the People's Motions in Limine and the accompanying Affirmation, Memorandum of Law, and Exhibits on counsel for defendant (Todd Blanche, Emil Bove, Susan Necheles, Gedalia Stern, and Stephen Weiss) by email with consent.

Dated: February 22, 2024

Respectfully submitted,

Ind. No. 71543-23

<u>/s/ Matthew Colangelo</u> Matthew Colangelo Assistant District Attorney

#### SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NEW YORK

#### THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

-against-

DONALD J. TRUMP,

Defendant.

#### MOTIONS IN LIMINE Indictment No. 71543-23

Alvin L. Bragg, Jr. District Attorney New York County One Hogan Place New York, New York 10013 (212) 335-9000

# **EXHIBIT 2**

### SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NEW YORK

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

- against -

DONALD J. TRUMP,

Defendant.

Index No. 71543-23

#### PRESIDENT DONALD J. TRUMP'S MOTIONS TO EXCLUDE EVIDENCE AND FOR AN ADJOURNMENT BASED ON PRESIDENTIAL IMMUNITY

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#### **INTRODUCTION**

President Donald J. Trump respectfully submits this motion (1) for an adjournment of the trial pending review of the scope of the presidential immunity doctrine in *Trump v. United States*, which the Supreme Court agreed to hear on February 28, 2024, and is scheduled to be argued before the Court on April 25, 2024; and (2) to preclude evidence of President Trump's official acts at trial based on presidential immunity.

The Court must preclude the People from offering evidence at trial of President Trump's official acts as the Commander in Chief, which the People have not yet specified as the existing trial date approaches. However, in motions in *limine* recently filed on February 22, 2024, the People argued that they should be permitted to offer evidence at trial concerning a fictitious socalled "pressure campaign" by President Trump in 2018 relating to Michael Cohen. People's MILs at 50. Although the People did not describe the evidence they intend to offer in detail, it appears that the evidence includes public statements by President Trump and posts to his official Twitter account, as well as testimony from unspecified witnesses. See id. The People's recent proffer implicates presidential immunity because President Trump was President of the United States at the time of those actions in 2018. He made at least some of the 2018 statements at issue—and potentially all of them, though it is hard to be sure in light of the People's vague in limine description-in his official capacity as the nation's Chief Executive. Moreover, while it is clear that the People intend to offer documents and testimony relating to the period in 2017 when President Trump was in office, they have not provided sufficiently specific notice of the nature and extent of that evidence to allow President Trump or the Court to distinguish between personal and official acts.

Such distinctions are necessary and complex, as illustrated by the D.C. Circuit's recent guidance in *Blassingame v. Trump*, where the panel emphasized that President Trump is entitled to "every opportunity" to present this defense. 87 F.4th 1, 22 (D.C. Cir. 2023). This area of law is evolving in real time. Specifically, on February 28, 2024, the Supreme Court granted certiorari with respect to the following question: "Whether and if so to what extent does a former President enjoy presidential immunity from criminal prosecution for conduct alleged to involve official acts during his tenure in office." *Trump v. United States*, 2024 WL 833184 (Feb. 28, 2024).

In addition, on March 4, 2024, a unanimous Supreme Court held that the Colorado Supreme Court had erred by excluding President Trump from Colorado's 2024 presidential primary ballot. *Trump v. Anderson*, 2024 WL 899207, at \*2 (Mar. 4, 2024). The *Anderson* Court reasoned, in part, that states' "power over governance . . . does not extend to *federal* . . . candidates." *Id.* at \*3 (emphasis in original). The Court's emphasis on federalism principles further supports the timing of this motion, and is relevant to the application of presidential immunity because "any effort . . . to retaliate against a President for official acts" would be "an unconstitutional attempt to 'influence' a superior sovereign 'exempt' from such obstacles." *Trump v. Vance*, 140 S. Ct. 2412, 2428 (2020) (citing *McCulloch v. Maryland*, 4 Wheat. 316, 417 (1819)).

Therefore, President Trump respectfully submits that an adjournment of the trial is appropriate to await further guidance from the Supreme Court, which should facilitate the appropriate application of the presidential immunity doctrine in this case to the evidence the People intend to offer at trial. Following the Supreme Court's guidance, and consistent with the remand in *Blassingame*, the Court should hold a hearing outside the presence of the jury to identify and preclude documentary and testimonial official-acts evidence based on presidential immunity.

#### BACKGROUND

As far as we can gather from the description of the so-called "pressure campaign" in the People's motions *in limine*, there are several types of evidence that implicate the concept of official acts for purposes of presidential immunity, and therefore must be precluded.

First, President Trump used his Twitter account, which was an official communications channel during his Presidency, to communicate with the public regarding matters of public concern. In 2018, such matters included Michael Cohen after the FBI executed search warrants targeting him. For example:

- On April 21, 2018, President Trump posted messages on his Twitter account that included the following: "Michael is a businessman for his own account/lawyer who I have always liked & respected. Most people will flip if the Government lets them out of trouble, even if . . . it means lying or making up stories. Sorry, I don't see Michael doing that despite the horrible Witch Hunt and the dishonest media." Ex. 1.
- On May 3, 2018, President Trump posted messages on his Twitter account that included the following: "Mr. Cohen, an attorney, received a monthly retainer, not from the campaign and having nothing to do with the campaign, from which he entered into, through reimbursement, a private contract between two parties, known as a non-disclosure agreement, or NDA. These agreements are . . . very common among celebrities and people of wealth. . . . Money from the campaign, or campaign contributions, played no rol[e] in this transaction." Ex. 2.
- On August 22, 2018, President Trump posted a message on his Twitter account that included the following: "I feel very badly for Paul Manafort and his wonderful family. 'Justice' took a 12 year old tax case, among other things, applied tremendous pressure on him and, unlike Michael Cohen, he refused to 'break' make up stories in order to get a 'deal.' Such respect for a brave man." Ex. 3.

Second, President Trump made public statements on official premises and during media

appearances. For example:

• On April 5, 2018, during statements to reporters on board Air Force One, President Trump directed reporters to "ask Michael Cohen" regarding the public allegations and added, "Michael is my attorney. And you'll have to ask Michael Cohen." Ex. 4.

- On April 26, 2018, during a telephone call aired on *Fox & Friends*, President Trump explained that Cohen "has a percentage of my overall legal work a tiny, tiny little fraction. But Michael would represent me on some things. . . . [L]ike with this crazy Stormy Daniels deal he represented me. And, you know, from what I see he did absolutely nothing wrong. There were no campaign funds going into this." Ex. 5.
- On August 23, 2018, during an interview on *Fox & Friends*, President Trump stated: "If you look at President Obama, he had a massive campaign violation, but he had a different Attorney General and they viewed it a lot differently, you know. We have somebody that they seem to like to go after a lot of Republicans, but he settled his very easily. In fact I put that out fairly recently. So Obama had it, other people have it, almost everybody that runs for office has campaign violations, but what Michael Cohen pled to weren't even campaign related, they weren't crimes." Ex. 6.

Third, the People seem to want to offer documentary evidence that reflects official acts.

This category appears to include a form that President Trump submitted to the U.S. Office of

Government Ethics in 2018. Ex. 7.

Fourth, it appears that the People will seek to elicit testimony at trial relating to official

acts. For example, Hope Hicks is on the People's witness list as of January 29, 2024. During

grand jury testimony,	
	. Tr. 698.
	Tr. 699.
	Tr. 704-06.
Similarly,	
	. Tr. 890-91, 916-17, 919-20. According to
	Tr. 919.
	Tr. 924.

#### DISCUSSION

#### I. President Trump Is Immune From State Prosecution Based On Official Acts

For the reasons set forth below, President Trump is entitled to immunity from prosecution

based on evidence of official acts that he undertook during his first term in Office.<sup>1</sup>

#### A. The Executive Vesting Clause And Supremacy Clause Require Presidential Immunity From State Prosecution For Official Acts

Under the Executive Vesting Clause of Article II, § 1, state courts and prosecutors lack authority to sit in judgment over a President's official acts. The Executive Vesting Clause provides that "[t]he executive Power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America." U.S. CONST. art. II, § 1, cl. 1. Just as the Executive Vesting Clause prevents an Article III court from arrogating the "executive power" to itself based on the separation of powers,<sup>2</sup> state authorities

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The D.C. Circuit recently erred in finding that President Trump was not entitled to presidential immunity in connection with the set of federal criminal charges pending in the District of Columbia. *See United States v. Trump*, 91 F.4th 1173, 1200 (D.C. Cir. 2024). The D.C. Circuit's analysis is not persuasive for many of the reasons discussed below and, as noted, will be reviewed by the Supreme Court pursuant to the February 28 grant of certiorari. *Trump v. United States*, 2024 WL 833184 (Feb. 28, 2024).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See, e.g., Clinton v. Jones, 520 U.S. 681, 719 (1997) (Breyer, J., concurring) (reasoning that there is an "unbroken historical tradition . . . implicit in the separation of powers that a President may not be ordered by the Judiciary to perform particular Executive acts" (cleaned up)); Chi. & S. Air Lines v. Waterman S.S. Corp., 333 U.S. 103, 112 (1948) (reasoning that "whatever of this order emanates from the President is not susceptible of review by the Judicial Department"); Mississippi v. Johnson, 71 U.S. 475, 501 (1866) ("[T]his court has no jurisdiction of a bill to enjoin the President in the performance of his official duties."); In re Trump, 958 F.3d 274, 297-98 (4th Cir. 2020), cert. granted, judgment vacated sub nom. Trump v. D.C., 141 S. Ct. 1262 (2021) (Wilkinson, J., dissenting) ("Since Mississippi, the federal courts have continued this practice without exception and have not sustained a single injunction against the President in his official capacity." (italics in original)); Newdow v. Roberts, 603 F.3d 1002, 1013 (D.C. Cir. 2010) ("With regard to the President, courts do not have jurisdiction to enjoin him, and have never submitted the President to declaratory relief.") (cleaned up). This is also the consistent litigation position of the U.S. Department of Justice. See, e.g., Reply Brief for Pet'r at 4-6, In re Trump, No. 18-2486 (4th Cir. Feb. 21, 2019) (invoking "the separation-of-powers principle that 'courts have no jurisdiction of a bill to enjoin the President in the performance of his official duties") (quoting Mississippi, 71 U.S. at 501) (cleaned up); DOJ Mem. at 25, ECF No. 28, Missouri v. Biden, No. 21 Civ. 287 (E.D. Mo. June 4, 2021) (same).

purporting to dictate how the President must exercise the executive power violate the Supremacy Clause and federalism principles. *See, e.g., Clinton v. Jones*, 520 U.S. 681, 691 n.13 (1997) (reasoning that "any direct control by a state court over the President, who has principal responsibility to ensure that those laws are 'faithfully executed,' Art. II, § 3, may implicate concerns that are quite different from the interbranch separation-of-powers questions addressed here," such as under "the Supremacy Clause"); *Mayo v. United States*, 319 U.S. 441, 445 (1943) ("[T]he activities of the Federal Government are free from regulation by any state."); *see also United States v. McLeod*, 385 F.2d 734, 751-52 (5th Cir. 1967) ("Both the Supremacy Clause and the general principles of our federal system of government dictate that a state grand jury may not investigate the operation of a federal agency. . . . [T]he investigation . . . is an interference with the proper governmental function of the United States . . . [and] an invasion of the sovereign powers of the United States of America.").

In *Marbury v. Madison*, Chief Justice Marshall described the presidential immunity doctrine as foundational and self-evident. "By the constitution of the United States, the President is invested with certain important political powers, in the exercise of which he is to use his own discretion, and is accountable only to his country in his political character, and to his own conscience." *Marbury v. Madison*, 5 U.S. 137, 165-66 (1803). When it comes to the President's official acts, "whatever opinion may be entertained of the manner in which executive discretion may be used, still there exists, and can exist, no power to control that discretion." *Id.* at 166. "[N]othing can be more perfectly clear than that" the President's discretionary "acts are only politically examinable." *Id.* "Questions . . . which are, by the constitution and laws, submitted to the executive, can never be made in this court." *Id.* at 170. The President's official acts, therefore, "*can never be examinable by the courts.*" *Id.* at 166 (emphasis added).

The Supremacy Clause prohibits state and local officials from using their powers to "defeat the legitimate operations" of the national government. *McCulloch v. Maryland*, 17 U.S. 316, 427 (1819). States may not impede "the measures of a government created by others as well as themselves, for the benefit of others in common with themselves." *Id.* at 435. The *McCulloch* court reasoned:

If we apply the principle for which the state of Maryland contends [regarding state taxation], to the constitution, generally, we shall find it capable of changing totally the character of that instrument. We shall find it capable of arresting all the measures of the government, and of prostrating it at the foot of the states.

Id. at 432. The McCulloch Court rejected that possibility.

In 1833, citing *Marbury*, Justice Story wrote that "[i]n the exercise of his political powers [the President] is to use his own discretion, and is accountable only to his country, and to his own conscience. His decision, in relation to these powers, is subject to no control; and his discretion, when exercised, is conclusive." 3 J. STORY, COMMENTARIES ON THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES, ch. 37, § 1563 (1833), https://lonang.com/library/reference/story-commentaries-usconstitution/sto-337. "It is incompatible with his constitutional position that [the President] be compelled personally to defend his executive actions before a court." Franklin v. Massachusetts, 505 U.S. 788, 827 (1992) (Scalia, J., concurring in part and concurring in the judgment); cf. Martin v. Mott, 25 U.S. 19, 32-33 (1827) (Story, J.) (holding that, "[w]hen the President exercises an authority confided to him by law," his official conduct cannot "be passed upon by a jury" or "upon the proofs submitted to a jury"); see also Johnson v. Maryland, 254 U.S. 51, 57 (1920) (reasoning that "immunity of the instruments of the United States from state control in the performance of their duties" prohibits prosecution of a post officer for violating a state license law); Ohio v. Thomas, 173 U.S. 276, 284 (1899) (prohibiting state criminal prosecution of federal officer for violating food regulations because "in the performance of that duty he was not subject to the

direction or control of the legislature of Ohio"); *In re Tarble*, 80 U.S. 397, 409 (1871) (reasoning that it is "manifest that the powers of the National government could not be exercised with energy and efficiency at all times, if its acts could be interfered with and controlled for any period by officers or tribunals of another sovereignty"); *McClung v. Silliman*, 19 U.S. 598, 605 (1821) (holding that state court cannot mandamus an officer of the United States because that officer's "conduct can only be controlled by the power that created him").

### B. The Impeachment Judgment Clause Confirms Presidential Immunity

Presidential immunity from criminal prosecution for official acts draws support directly from the text of the Constitution, as the Impeachment Judgment Clause states that a President cannot be criminally prosecuted unless he is first impeached and convicted by the U.S. Senate.

The Impeachment Judgment Clause provides that "Judgment in Cases of Impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from Office . . . but *the Party convicted* shall nevertheless be liable and subject to Indictment, Trial, Judgment and Punishment, according to Law." U.S. CONST. art. I, § 3, cl. 7 (emphasis added). Because the Constitution specifies that only "the Party *convicted*" by trial in the Senate may be "liable and subject to Indictment, Trial, Judgment and Punishment," *id.*, it plainly indicates that a President who is *not* convicted may *not* be subject to criminal prosecution. SCALIA & GARNER, READING LAW: THE INTERPRETATION OF LEGAL TEXTS, § 10, at 107 (2012) ("When a car dealer promises a low financing rate to 'purchasers with good credit,' it is entirely clear that the rate is *not* available to purchasers with spotty credit.").

 CONSTITUTION 480 (2d ed. 1863)) (cleaned up). "With respect to acts taken in his 'public character'—that is, official acts—the President may be disciplined principally by impeachment, not by private lawsuits for damages. But he is otherwise subject to the laws for his purely private acts." *Id.; see also* THE FEDERALIST No. 43 (J. Madison); THE FEDERALIST Nos. 65, 69, 77 (A. Hamilton) (Alexander Hamilton explaining in three essays that criminal prosecution of a President can occur only "afterwards," "after," "subsequent" to, and as a "consequence" of impeachment and conviction by the Senate).

As Justice Alito noted in *Vance*, "[t]he plain implication" of the Impeachment Judgment Clause "is that criminal prosecution, like removal from the Presidency and disqualification from other offices, is a consequence that can come about only after the Senate's judgment, not during or prior to the Senate trial." 140 S. Ct. at 2444 (Alito, J., dissenting). "This was how Hamilton explained the impeachment provisions in the Federalist Papers. He wrote that a President may 'be impeached, tried, and, upon conviction . . . *would afterwards be liable to prosecution and punishment in the ordinary course of law*."" *Id.* (quoting THE FEDERALIST No. 69, p. 416 (C. Rossiter ed. 1961)); *see also* THE FEDERALIST No. 77, p. 464 (C. Rossiter ed. 1961) (A. Hamilton) (arguing that a President is "at all times liable to impeachment, trial, [and] dismission from office," but any other punishment must come only "by subsequent prosecution in the common course of law"); THE FEDERALIST No. 65.

### C. The President's Unique Role Requires Immunity From Prosecution Based On Official Acts

"The President occupies a unique position in the constitutional scheme." *Nixon v. Fitzgerald*, 457 U.S. 731, 749 (1982). Under Article II, § 1 of the Constitution, the President is "the chief constitutional officer of the Executive Branch, entrusted with supervisory and policy responsibilities of utmost discretion and sensitivity." *Id.* at 749-50. "Nor can the sheer prominence

of the President's office be ignored." *Id.* at 752-53. "In view of the visibility of his office and the effect of his actions on countless people, the President would be an easily identifiable target for" criminal prosecution in countless federal, state, and local jurisdictions across the country. *Id.* at 753. "Cognizance of this personal vulnerability frequently could distract a President from his public duties, to the detriment of not only the President and his office but also the Nation that the Presidency was designed to serve." *Id.* This "unique status under the Constitution distinguishes him from other executive officials." *Id.* at 750. As a result of "the singular importance of the President's duties," "diversion of his energies by concern with" criminal prosecution administered by the judicial branch "would raise unique risks to the effective functioning of government." *Id.* at 751; *see also* Brett Kavanaugh, *Separation of Powers During the Forty-Fourth Presidency and Beyond*, 93 MINN L. REV. 1454, 1461 (2009) ("[A] President who is concerned about an ongoing criminal investigation is almost inevitably going to do a worse job as President").

Without immunity from criminal prosecution based on official acts, the President's political opponents will seek to influence and control his or her decisions via *de facto* extortion or blackmail with the threat, explicit or implicit, of indictment by a future, hostile Administration, for acts that do not warrant any such prosecution. This threat will hang like a millstone around every future President's neck, distorting Presidential decisionmaking, undermining the President's independence, and clouding the President's ability "to deal fearlessly and impartially with the duties of his office." *Fitzgerald*, 457 U.S. at 752 (cleaned up).

### D. "The Presuppositions Of Our Political History" Support Presidential Immunity From Prosecution For Official Acts

"[T]he presuppositions of our political history," including "tradition[s] so well grounded in history and reason," help to define the scope of presidential immunity. *Fitzgerald*, 457 U.S. at 745. This history dates back to the founding and was upheld in *Marbury v. Madison*, as discussed above. There, Charles Lee, who served as Attorney General under Presidents Washington and Adams, "declare[d] it to be [his] opinion, grounded on a comprehensive view of the subject, that the President is not amenable to *any court of judicature for the exercise of his high functions*, but is responsible only in the mode pointed out in the constitution," *i.e.*, by impeachment. *Marbury*, 5 U.S. at 149 (emphasis added).

Indeed, in 234 years from 1789 to 2023, no president was ever prosecuted for his official acts. "Such a lack of historical precedent is generally a telling indication of a severe constitutional problem with the asserted power." *Trump v. Anderson*, 2024 WL 899207, at \*5 (Mar. 4, 2024) (cleaned up); *see also Seila Law, LLC v. CFPB*, 140 S. Ct. 2183, 2201 (2020) ("Perhaps the most telling indication of [a] severe constitutional problem . . . is [a] lack of historical precedent to support it." (cleaned up)).

The unbroken tradition of not exercising the supposed formidable power of criminally prosecuting a President for official acts—despite ample motive and opportunity to do so, over centuries—implies that the power does not exist. *See id.; see also, e.g., NFIB v. OSHA*, 595 U.S. 109, 119 (2022) (per curiam); *Free Enter. Fund v. Pub. Co. Accounting Oversight Bd.*, 561 U.S. 477, 505 (2010)). "[T]he longstanding 'practice of the government,' can inform our determination of 'what the law is.'" *N.L.R.B. v. Noel Canning*, 573 U.S. 513, 525 (2014) (first quoting *McCulloch*, 17 U.S. at 401, and then quoting *Marbury*, 5 U.S. at 177). "That principle is neither new nor controversial," and this Court's "cases have continually confirmed [this] view." *Id.* (citing *Mistretta v. United States*, 488 U.S. 361, 401 (1989), and eight other cases from 1803 to 1981).

American history abounds with examples of presidents who were accused by political opponents of committing crimes through their official acts—yet none was ever prosecuted, until last year. These include, among many others, John Quincy Adams' alleged "corrupt bargain" in

appointing Henry Clay as Secretary of State;<sup>3</sup> President George W. Bush's allegedly false claim to Congress that Saddam Hussein possessed stockpiles of "weapons of mass destruction," which led to war in which thousands of Americans were killed;<sup>4</sup> and President Obama's alleged authorization of a drone strike that targeted and killed a U.S. citizen abroad (and his teenage son, also a U.S. citizen).<sup>5</sup> They also include, among many other examples, President Clinton's lastminute pardon of fugitive financier Marc Rich,<sup>6</sup> President Clinton's repeated use of airstrikes in the Middle East in August and November 1998 in an alleged attempt to distract attention from the Monica Lewinsky scandal,<sup>7</sup> President Biden's egregious mismanagement of the United States' border security, and President Biden's alleged "material support for terrorism" through both the funding of the UNRWA despite its documented history of direct support for terrorism, and release

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See, e.g., Jessie Kratz, *The 1824 Presidential Election and the "Corrupt Bargain"*, NAT'L ARCHIVES (Oct. 22, 2020), https://prologue.blogs.archives.gov/2020/10/22/the-1824-presidential-election-and-the-corrupt-bargain.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See, e.g., Gary L. Gregg II, George W. Bush: Foreign Affairs, UVA MILLER CENTER, https://millercenter.org/president/gwbush/foreign-affairs; Tim Arango, *Ex-Prosecutor's Book Accuses Bush of Murder*, N.Y. TIMES (July 7, 2008), https://www.nytimes.com/2008/07/07/business/media/07bugliosi.html.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See, e.g., Spencer Ackerman, US Cited Controversial Law in Decision to Kill American Citizen by Drone, THE GUARDIAN (June 23, 2014), https://www.theguardian.com/world/2014/jun/23/us-justification-drone-killing-american-citizen-awlaki.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Andrew C. McCarthy, *The Wages of Prosecuting Presidents for their Official Acts*, NAT'L REV. (Dec. 9, 2023), https://www.nationalreview.com/2023/12/the-wages-of-prosecuting-presidents-over-their-official-acts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See, e.g., World Media Troubled by Clinton's Timing in Airstrikes, CNN (Dec. 18, 1998), http://edition.cnn.com/WORLD/meast/9812/18/iraq.press/; Francis X. Clines and Steven Lee Myers, Attack on Iraq; The Overview; Impeachment Vote in House Delayed As Clinton Launches Iraq Air Strike, Citing Military Need to Move Swiftly, N.Y. TIMES (Dec. 17, 1998), https://www.nytimes.com/1998/12/17/world/attack-iraq-overview-impeachment-vote-house-delayed-clinton-launches-iraq-air.html.

of billions of dollars to Iran's terror-sponsoring regime.<sup>8</sup> Despite numerous examples of presidents committing allegedly "criminal" behavior in their official acts throughout American history, none was ever prosecuted in 234 years before 2023. The "presuppositions of our political history," *Fitzgerald*, 457 U.S. at 745, thus confirm that prosecutors and courts lack authority to prosecute and place a President on trial for official acts.

### E. Analogous Immunity Doctrines Support Presidential Immunity From Prosecution Based On Official Acts

Analogous immunity doctrines strongly favor the conclusion that absolute presidential immunity extends to immunity from criminal prosecution for official acts. *See Vance*, 140 S. Ct. at 2426 (noting the *Fitzgerald* Court's "careful analogy to the common law absolute immunity of judges and prosecutors").

In their common-law origins, immunity doctrines extended to both civil and criminal liability: "The immunity of federal executive officials began as a means of protecting them in the execution of their federal statutory duties from criminal or civil actions based on state law." *Butz v. Economou*, 438 U.S. 478, 489 (1978) (citation omitted). Common-law immunity doctrines

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See, e.g., Jason Willick, The Eyebrow-Raising Line in the Trump Immunity Opinion, WASH. POST (Feb. 7, 2024), https://www.washingtonpost.com/opinions/2024/02/07/trump-immunity-decisiondisclaimer; Andrew C. McCarthy, Thoughts on Biden's Funding of Terror-Sponsoring UNRWA and D.C. Circuit's Delay on Trump Immunity, NAT'L REVIEW (Jan. 31, 2024), https://www.nationalreview.com/corner/thoughts-on-bidens-funding-of-terror-sponsoring-unrwaand-d-c-circuits-delay-on-trump-immunity ("When President Biden insisted on restarting funding for UNRWA, to the tune of over \$1 billion since 2021, there was abundant, well-known evidence, going back decades, that UNRWA provides material support to terrorism. It was not just a hypothetical possibility that Biden's funding might end up facilitating Hamas's operations. There were notorious cases over the years of UNRWA terror support."); The Editorial Board, Hamas Was Right Under Unrwa's WALL ST. J. (Feb. 2024), Nose. 11. https://www.wsj.com/articles/hamas-was-right-under-unrwas-nose-tunnels-gaza-israel-warf715d219?mod=opinion lead pos2 ("Israel has provided evidence that 12 Unrwa employees took part in the Oct. 7 massacre, and that 1,200 are affiliated with or members of Hamas and Islamic Jihad.").

encompass the "privilege . . . to be free from arrest or civil process," *i.e.*, criminal and civil proceedings alike. *Tenney v. Brandhove*, 341 U.S. 367, 372 (1951).

Members of Congress are immune from criminal prosecution for acts within the scope of their legislative duties. See United States v. Johnson, 383 U.S. 169, 179 (1966) ("The legislative privilege, protecting against possible prosecution by an unfriendly executive and conviction by a hostile judiciary, is one manifestation of the 'practical security' for ensuring the independence of the legislature."). Speech and debate immunity resembles presidential immunity because it serves a unique role in preserving the separation of powers in our constitutional structure. See Tenney, 341 U.S. at 376. "[I]t is apparent from the history of the [Speech and Debate] clause that the privilege was not born primarily of a desire to avoid private suits . . . , but rather to prevent intimidation by the executive and accountability before a possibly hostile judiciary." Johnson, 383 U.S. at 180-81 (emphasis added). Thus, Johnson held that criminal prosecution for official acts-not civil liability-was the "chief fear" that led to the adoption of legislative immunity. Id. at 182; see also Gravel v. United States, 408 U.S. 606, 624 (1972) (reasoning that acts "within the sphere of legitimate legislative activity" "may not be made the basis for a civil or criminal judgment against a Member"). Presidential immunity serves no less important a role in "our scheme of government," Tenney, 341 U.S. at 377, than legislative immunity.

Likewise, absolute judicial immunity protects state and federal judges from criminal prosecution, as well as civil suits, based on their official judicial acts—excepting cases involving judicial bribery and extortion, which have long been held not to constitute judicial acts. *See Spalding v. Vilas*, 161 U.S. 483, 494 (1896) ("The doctrine which holds a judge exempt from a civil suit or indictment for any act done or omitted to be done by him, sitting as judge, has a deep root in the common law." (cleaned up)); *see also Alvarez v. Snyder*, 264 A.D.2d 27, 34 (1st Dep't

2000) ("[F]ew doctrines were more solidly established at common law than the immunity of judges from liability for damages for acts committed within their judicial jurisdiction." (cleaned up)); *Weitzner v. New York City Dep't of Soc. Servs.*, 212 A.D.2d 414, 414 (1st Dep't 1995) ("[I]mmunity is absolute where the conduct is judicial or quasi-judicial in nature.").

"This immunity applies even when the judge is accused of acting maliciously and corruptly." Pierson v. Ray, 386 U.S. 547, 554 (1967); see also Fitzgerald, 457 U.S. at 745-46; Moskovits v. New York, 206 A.D.3d 535, 536 (1st Dep't 2022) ("[T]he court correctly held the claim is barred by the doctrine of judicial immunity, which extends to all [j]udges and encompasses all judicial acts, even if such acts are in excess of their jurisdiction and are alleged to have been done maliciously or corruptly." (cleaned up)). In the few cases where prosecutors have brought criminal charges against judges for their judicial acts, courts have rejected them. See, e.g., United States v. Chaplin, 54 F. Supp. 926, 928 (S.D. Cal. 1944) (holding that judicial immunity barred the criminal prosecution of a judge who was "acting in his judicial capacity and within his jurisdiction in imposing sentence and probation upon a person charged with an offense in his court to which the defendant has pleaded guilty"). Reviewing many authorities, Chaplin concluded that absolute immunity shielded the judge from criminal prosecution as well as civil suit. Id. at 934 (holding that criminal prosecution of judges for judicial acts "would... destroy the independence of the judiciary and mark the beginning of the end of an independent and fearless judiciary"); cf. Salomon v. Mahoney, 271 A.D. 478, 479-80 (1st Dep't 1946) ("The immunity of judges for statements made and acts done in their judicial capacity is for sound reasons of public interest and policy a fundamental principle of our jurisprudence on which rests the independence of the administration of justice."). The exact same reasoning applies to President Trump and all Presidents.

### F. Public Policy Considerations Support Presidential Immunity From Prosecution

In considering presidential immunity, the Supreme Court "has weighed concerns of public policy, especially as illuminated by our history and the structure of our government." *Fitzgerald*, 457 U.S. at 747-48 (citations omitted). Here, public policy overwhelmingly supports a finding of immunity from prosecution based on evidence of official acts.

First, robust immunity is appropriate for officials who have "especially sensitive duties." *Fitzgerald*, 457 U.S. at 746. The President's duties are "highly sensitive." *Id.* at 756.

Second, immunity is most appropriate for officials from whom "bold and unhesitating action" is required. *Fitzgerald*, 457 U.S. at 745.<sup>9</sup> "[T]o submit all officials, the innocent as well as the guilty, to the burden of a trial and to the inevitable danger of its outcome would dampen the ardor of all but the most resolute, or the most irresponsible, in the unflinching discharge of their duties," and subject them "to the constant dread of retaliation." *Barr v. Matteo*, 360 U.S. 564, 571-72 (1959) (quoting *Gregoire v. Biddle*, 177 F.2d 579, 581 (2d Cir. 1949) (Hand, J.)); *see also id.* at 571 (expressing concern that suits would "inhibit the fearless, vigorous, and effective administration of policies of government"). In *Vance*, the Supreme Court noted this concern was central to its adoption of absolute immunity for the President, holding that *Fitzgerald* "conclud[ed]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Similarly, in the context of immunity under the Speech or Debate Clause, which includes criminal immunity, "[t]here is little doubt that the instigation of criminal charges against critical or disfavored legislators by the executive in a judicial forum was the chief fear prompting the long struggle for parliamentary privilege in England and, in the context of the American system of separation of powers, is the predominate thrust of the Speech or Debate Clause. In scrutinizing this criminal prosecution, then, we look particularly to the prophylactic purposes of the clause." *Johnson*, 383 U.S. at 182. The Supreme Court has thus emphasized that criminal as well as civil immunity is essential for a legislator to have the freedom to exercise bold and unhesitating action in his or her legislative acts, which is itself essential to preserving the legislative "independence" required by the separation of powers: "The legislative privilege, protecting against possible prosecution by an unfriendly executive and conviction by a hostile judiciary, is one manifestation of the 'practical security' for ensuring the independence of the legislature." *Id.* at 179.

that a President . . . must deal fearlessly and impartially with the duties of his office—not be made unduly cautious in the discharge of [those] duties by the prospect of civil liability for official acts." 140 S. Ct. at 2426 (cleaned up). The threat of criminal prosecution poses a greater risk of deterring bold and unhesitating action than the threat of civil suit.

Third, "[f]requently acting under serious constraints of time and even information," a President inevitably makes many important decisions, and "[d]efending these decisions, often years after they were made, could impose unique and intolerable burdens . . . ." *Imbler v. Pachtman*, 424 U.S. 409, 425-26 (1976). The President's "focus should not be blurred by even the subconscious knowledge" of the risk of future prosecution. *Id.* at 427. And "[t]here is no question that a criminal prosecution holds far greater potential for distracting a President and diminishing his ability to carry out his responsibilities than does the average civil suit." *Vance*, 140 S. Ct. at 2452 (Alito, J., dissenting). Far more than civil liability, the threat of criminal prosecution undermines the President's "maximum ability to deal fearlessly and impartially with the duties of his office." *Fitzgerald*, 457 U.S. at 752 (citation and quotation marks omitted).

Fourth, another key purpose of immunity for senior officials is to "prevent them being harassed by vexatious actions." *Spalding*, 161 U.S. at 495 (quotation omitted); *see also Vance*, 140 S. Ct. at 2452 (Alito, J., dissenting) (expressing concern that the subpoena "threaten[ed] to impair the functioning of the Presidency and provides no real protection against the use of the subpoena power by the Nation's 2,300+ local prosecutors"). The President, as the most high-profile government official in the country, is most likely to draw politically motivated ire, and most likely to be targeted for harassment by vexatious actions. *See Cheney v. U.S. Dist. Ct. for D.C.*, 542 U.S. 367, 369 (2004) (recognizing "the paramount necessity of protecting the Executive Branch from vexatious litigation that might distract it from the energetic performance of its

constitutional duties."). The rationale of *Vance*, 140 S. Ct. at 2426, provides additional support for a finding of official immunity—as *Fitzgerald*, *Spalding*, *Butz*, *Imbler*, and similar cases held. Without immunity from criminal prosecution based on official acts, the presidency will cease to function and that will erode the bedrock of our republic.

# II. The Court Should Adjourn The Trial Until The Supreme Court Decides *Trump v.* United States

While the concept of presidential immunity is firmly established, the doctrine's scope presents a "serious and unsettled question of law." *Fitzgerald*, 457 U.S. at 743. Therefore, the Court should adjourn the trial until the Supreme Court resolves *Trump v. United States* for several reasons.

While adjournments are "ordinarily committed to the sound discretion of the trial court," "in particular situations, when the protection of fundamental rights has been involved in requests for adjournments, that discretionary power has been more narrowly construed." *People v. Spears*, 64 N.Y.2d 698, 699-700 (1984); *see also People v. Foy*, 32 N.Y.2d 473, 477 (1973) (recognizing that "mere inconvenience is not sufficient ground for denying an adjournment when to do so would abridge a basic right"). Because of the importance of the Presidency in the constitutional order, as well as the Supremacy Clause and related federalism principles implicated here, the adjournment is warranted to ensure proper adjudication of the presidential immunity defense and to prevent improper evidence of official acts from being used in the unprecedented fashion apparently contemplated by the People.

Waiting to try the case until after the Supreme Court addresses the question before it following oral argument just next month—will likely simplify the application of the defense to evidentiary issues raised by the People's motions *in limine*. *See Mook v. Homesafe Am., Inc.*, 144 A.D.3d 1116, 1117 (2d Dep't 2016) ("[A] prior determination in the criminal proceeding could have collateral estoppel effect in this action, thereby simplifying the issues."). Specifically, as discussed below, the scope of "official acts" for purposes of applying presidential immunity is a developing area of the law that the Supreme Court is expected to address, at least to a certain extent, in *Trump v. United States. See Gen. Aniline & Film Corp. v. Bayer Co.*, 305 N.Y. 479, 485 (1953) (reasoning that "considerations of comity and orderly procedure" are relevant to stay application); *cf. Arizonans for Off. Eng. v. Arizona*, 520 U.S. 43, 63 n.18 (1997) (explaining that "in the interest of uniformity and to discourage forum shopping, the Arizona appeals court decided to defer to the federal litigation, forgoing independent analysis," including "stay[ing] proceedings pending our decision in this case"); *Aquino v. United States*, 2020 WL 1847783, at \*1 (S.D.N.Y. Apr. 13, 2020) (noting that defendant's "motion has been the subject of judicial stays pending decisions of appellate courts").

The adjournment would also "avoid[] the unnecessary risk of inconsistent adjudications as to the defenses asserted" by President Trump in state and federal courts relating to the presidential immunity doctrine. *Goodridge v. Fernandez*, 121 A.D.2d 942, 945 (1st Dep't 1986); *Belopolsky v. Renew Data Corp.*, 41 A.D.3d 322, 322 (1st Dep't 2007) (finding no abuse of discretion in stay, "[u]pon due consideration of the goals of judicial economy, orderly procedure and the prevention of inequitable results," where "the determination of the prior action may dispose of or limit issues which are involved in the subsequent action"); *Schneider v. Lazard Freres & Co.*, 159 A.D.2d 291, 293-94 (1st Dep't 1990) ("[W]e stay the New York action because the Delaware action raises numerous possibilities for the application of collateral estoppel . . . .").

Finally, the adjournment would mitigate the risk that an error in the application of this complex federal-law issue could require the Court, the parties, the State, the City, and the County to expend the resources necessary to re-try the case.

# III. The People Must Be Precluded From Offering Evidence Of President Trump's Official Acts

The Court should preclude the People from offering evidence at trial that Your Honor determines, following a hearing outside the presence of the jury, constituted an "official act" during President Trump's first term in Office.

### A. "Official Acts" Include Presidential Decisions On The "Outer Perimeter"

The presidential immunity doctrine is "capacious by design." *Blassingame*, 87 F.4th at 12. President Trump is entitled to immunity "for acts within the 'outer perimeter' of his official responsibility." *Fitzgerald*, 457 U.S. at 756 (quoting *Barr*, 360 U.S. at 575). This "outer perimeter" includes presidential actions that "can reasonably be understood as the official actions of an office-holder," where it is "reasonable to think he was exercising his official responsibilities as President." *Blassingame*, 87 F.4th at 30. "The decisions from which [*Fitzgerald*] drew the outer-perimeter test make evident that a President's official responsibilities encompass more than just those acts falling within the office's express constitutional and statutory authority," and also include even "discretionary acts" within the "concept of duty" associated with the Presidency. *Id.* at 13 (cleaned up).

Put somewhat differently: an act lies within the outer perimeter of an official's duties if it is the kind of act not manifestly or palpably beyond [the official's] authority, but rather having more or less connection with the general matters committed by law to his control or supervision.

### *Id.* (cleaned up).

"[T]he President's actions do not fall beyond the outer perimeter of official responsibility merely because they are unlawful or taken for a forbidden purpose." *Blassingame*, 87 F.4th at 14. The Supreme Court has so held, repeatedly. *See, e.g., Fitzgerald*, 457 U.S. at 756 (rejecting a rule that would permit "an inquiry into the President's motives" as "highly intrusive"); *Pierson v. Ray*, 386 U.S. 547, 554 (1967) (reasoning that judicial "immunity applies even when the judge is accused of acting maliciously and corruptly"); *Barr*, 360 U.S. at 575 ("The claim of an unworthy purpose does not destroy the privilege."); *Spalding*, 161 U.S. at 498 (holding that immunity does not turn on "any personal motive that might be alleged to have prompted his action"); *Bradley v. Fisher*, 80 U.S. 335, 354 (1871) (holding that immunity "cannot be affected by any consideration of the motives with which the acts are done").

### **B.** The Court Must Preclude Evidence Of Official Acts

President Trump is entitled to "every opportunity" to prevent official-acts evidence from being used against him at trial, and the Court must preclude such evidence. *Blassingame*, 87 F.4th at 22.

In assessing whether immunity applies, the Court must look to the "nature of the act itself." *Stump v. Sparkman*, 435 U.S. 349, 362 (1978). "[T]here is not always a clear line between [the President's] personal and official affairs." *Trump v. Mazars USA, LLP*, 591 U.S. 848, 868 (2020). The issue is whether the action can "reasonably be understood" as official. *Blassingame*, 87 F.4th at 21 (quoting *Trump v. Hawaii*, 585 U.S. 667, 705 (2018)). "[T]he inquiry does not consist of trying to identify speech that would benefit a president politically." *Id.* at 22 (cleaned up). "When an appropriately objective, context-specific assessment yields no sufficiently clear answer in either direction, the President, in our view, should be afforded immunity." *Blassingame*, 87 F.4th at 21.

In the current procedural posture, *Blassingame* and other immunity authorities require the Court to preclude the People from offering evidence at trial of President Trump's official acts. For example, in *Johnson*, the Supreme Court held that, in a case involving "a criminal statute of general application," the prosecutors could "not draw in question the legislative acts of the defendant member of Congress or his motives for performing them" under the Speech or Debate Clause. 383 U.S. at 185. "[A]ll references to this aspect of the conspiracy" had to be "eliminated" so that the case was "wholly purged of elements offensive to the Speech or Debate Clause." *Id*.

Under these appropriate standards, President Trump's social media posts and public statements—while acting as President and viewed in context—fell within the outer perimeter of his Presidential duty, to which communicating with the public on matters of public concern was central. See, e.g., Exs. 1-6; Hawaii, 585 U.S. at 701 ("The President of the United States possesses an extraordinary power to speak to his fellow citizens . . . ."); see also Council on Am. Islamic Rels. v. Ballenger, 444 F.3d 659, 665-666 (D.C. Cir. 2006) ("A Member's ability to do his job as a legislator effectively is tied, as in this case, to the Member's relationship with the public and in particular his constituents and colleagues in the Congress. In other words, there was a clear nexus between the congressman answering a reporter's question about the congressman's personal life and the congressman's ability to carry out his representative responsibilities effectively. To that extent, service in the United States Congress is not a job like any other." (cleaned up)); see also Pleasant Grove City v. Summum, 555 U.S. 460, 467-68 (2009) ("A government entity has the right to speak for itself..... [I]t is entitled to say what it wishes, and to select the views that it wants to express." (cleaned up)); Barr, 360 U.S. at 574-75 (finding agency head immune from libel suit where commenting on, inter alia, "his own integrity in his public capacity," which "had been directly and severely challenged in charges made on the floor of the Senate and given wide publicity"); JEFFREY K. TULIS, THE RHETORICAL PRESIDENCY 4 (2017) ("Today it is taken for granted that presidents have a *duty* constantly to defend themselves publicly... And for many, this presidential 'function' is not one duty among many, but rather the heart of the presidency its essential task.") (emphasis in original).

President Trump's April 5, 2018 statement from Air Force One is a powerful example of the manner in which the context of the statement—here, the location—bears on the analysis. *See* Ex. 4; *Blassingame*, 87 F.4th at 22 ("[S]everal objective considerations strongly suggest that the

speech was—and was treated by the President and executive branch as—part of an official event, regardless of whether what was said or how it was conceived might have borne some subjective connection to enhancing President Trump's re-election prospects.").

With respect to President Trump's social media posts, *e.g.*, Exs. 1-3, the official-acts conclusion is supported by the fact that his Twitter account was "one of the White House's main vehicles for conducting official business." *Knight First Amend. Inst. v. Trump*, 928 F.3d 226, 232 (2d Cir. 2019), *judgment vacated as moot*, 141 S. Ct. 1220 (2021); *see also Blassingame*, 87 F.4th at 21 (reasoning that "if an activity is organized and promoted by official White House channels," "it is more likely an official presidential undertaking"). Indeed, the Second Circuit held "that the evidence of the official nature of the Account is overwhelming." *Knight First Amend. Inst.*, 928 F.3d at 234.

The Office of Government Ethics ("OGE"), "established by the Ethics in Government Act of 1978, provides overall leadership and oversight of the executive branch ethics program, which is designed to prevent and resolve conflicts of interest."<sup>10</sup> Because OGE regulates Executive Branch personnel, President Trump's communications with OGE during his first term were also official acts and are therefore also inadmissible at trial. *See, e.g.*, Ex. 7.

Finally, there is no constitutionally significant distinction to be drawn between documents and testimony for purposes of presidential immunity. Thus, the Court must preclude the People from eliciting testimony relating to official-acts communications by President Trump, such as those disclosed in grand jury testimony by **sector** and **sector**. The same rule applies, to the extent President Trump's statements were official in nature, for other witnesses.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> U.S. OFFICE OF GOV'T ETHICS, OGE AGENCY PROFILE 4 (2020), https://www.oge.gov/web/OGE.nsf/0/0DCB095C47EB209D85258610005CA2D3/\$FILE/2020%20OGE %20Profile%20Book%20(Final).pdf.

### CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, the Court should (1) adjourn the trial pending Supreme Court review of the scope of the presidential immunity doctrine in *Trump v. United States*, which is scheduled to be argued before the Supreme Court on April 25, 2024; and (2) following an evidentiary hearing outside the presence of the jury, preclude evidence of President Trump's official acts at trial based on presidential immunity.

Dated: March 7, 2024 New York, N.Y.

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Attorneys for President Donald J. Trump

# EXHIBIT 3

### SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NEW YORK: PART 59

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK -against-

DONALD J. TRUMP,

PEOPLE'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO EXCLUDE EVIDENCE AND FOR AN ADJOURNMENT BASED ON PRESIDENTIAL IMMUNITY

Defendant.

Ind. No. 71543-23

### **INTRODUCTION**

On March 7, 2024, defendant filed a motion seeking two forms of relief: (1) preclusion of evidence of defendant's "official acts at trial based on presidential immunity"; and (2) "an adjournment of the trial pending review of the scope of the presidential immunity doctrine in *Trump v. United States*," which the Supreme Court has scheduled for argument on April 25, 2024. Notably, unlike in the pending Supreme Court case, defendant is not seeking dismissal of the criminal charges here on the basis of presidential immunity. *Compare United States v. Trump*, 91 F.4th 1173, 1180 (D.C. Cir. 2024) ("Former President Trump moved to dismiss the Indictment"), *with* Mot. 1-2, 24. Indeed, he has never asserted such a defense in this criminal proceeding, and he "expressly waived any argument premised on a theory of absolute presidential immunity" in his unsuccessful effort to remove this action to federal court. *New York v. Trump*, No. 23-3773, 2023 WL 4614689, at \*8 (S.D.N.Y. July 19, 2023), *appeal dismissed sub nom. People v. Trump*, No. 23-1085, 2023 WL 9380793 (2d Cir. Nov. 15, 2023). Instead, defendant invokes presidential immunity here solely as a basis to preclude certain 2018 statements he made after the conduct charged in the indictment, and then relies on such preclusion to seek an adjournment of the trial.

This Court should deny the motion in its entirety. As a threshold matter, defendant's immunity argument is untimely, and can be rejected at this stage on that basis alone. Defendant

has provided no valid reason for waiting until a mere two-and-a-half weeks before trial to raise this immunity argument when he has long been aware of the defense of absolute presidential immunity and evidence of the 2018 "pressure campaign" was expressly discussed nearly one year ago both in the grand jury and in the statement of facts issued with the indictment in this case. Defendant's attempt to link this case to the pending Supreme Court appeal in *Trump v. United States* is particularly egregious when, even setting aside that the immunity issue there is dissimilar, the very existence of that appeal shows that defendant could have raised an immunity argument months before the current motion.

In any event, defendant's immunity argument is meritless. The 2018 statements on which defendant bases his immunity claim are not the subject of the criminal charges here. Even assuming that those statements constitute official conduct, there is no categorical bar to using evidence of immunized conduct in a trial involving non-immunized conduct, as several courts have recognized. Regardless, the 2018 statements do not constitute official acts. Multiple courts have now rejected defendant's sweeping claim that *every* statement he made as President is an official act enjoying absolute immunity. Here, all of the statements that are the subject of defendant's motion involved defendant speaking in his personal capacity regarding his personal affairs.

Because defendant's immunity argument is either untimely presented or meritless, this Court should deny his motion in its entirety, including his request to adjourn the forthcoming trial.

#### ARGUMENT

# A. The unexplained and belated nature of defendant's motion warrants denial or, alternatively, deferral on deciding defendant's evidentiary objection.

The CPL makes clear that parties must abide by court-ordered deadlines for "all pre-trial motions." CPL 255.20(1). That requirement is critical "to avoid the proliferation experienced under prior procedure in which a defendant could bombard the courts and Judges with dilatory

tactics continuing right up to the eve of trial." *People v. Lawrence*, 64 N.Y.2d 200, 204-05 (1984). Unless a party identifies a valid reason for delay, filings beyond a court's deadlines "may be summarily denied." CPL 255.20(3).

Here, the Court may summarily deny defendant's belated request to preclude evidence because defendant has failed to identify any plausible excuse for waiting until two-and-a-half weeks before trial to file this motion. Months ago, this Court set a September 29, 2023, deadline for omnibus motions and a February 22, 2024, deadline for motions in limine. There is no justification whatsoever for defendant to disregard these deadlines and wait until a mere two-anda-half weeks before jury selection to assert an argument about presidential immunity for the first time. Defendant was sufficiently aware of the issue of presidential immunity to waive it in the federal removal proceeding in this case on June 15, 2023, see Def.'s Mem. of Law Opp. Mot. for Remand 21, People v. Trump, No. 23- 03773, Dkt. No. 34 (June 15, 2023), and to raise it as a ground for dismissal in the D.C. prosecution on October 5, 2023, see Mot. to Dismiss Indictment Based on Presidential Immunity, United States v. Trump, No. 23-cr-00257, Dkt. No. 74 (D.D.C. Oct. 5, 2023). Moreover, the facts that defendant relies on now to support his current immunity arguments were also made available to him months ago. The indictment identified specific records from "the period in 2017 when President Trump was in office" (Mot. 1). And contrary to defendant's suggestion that the People's recent motions in limine identified for the first time the "pressure campaign' by President Trump in 2018 relating to Michael Cohen" (Mot. 2), that pressure campaign was described in the People's statement of facts filed on April 4, 2023 (Statement of Facts ¶¶ 35-40); defendant's 2018 social-media statements

that defendant has possessed since May 23, 2023 (e.g.,

Tr. 749, 922-23, 939); and defendant literally cites to

in describing

that he claims are subject to immunity (Mot. 4).

Defendant is also wrong to suggest that "the timing of this motion" is supported by recent actions by the U.S. Supreme Court (Mot. 2). The recent decision about Colorado's disqualification of defendant from the Republican primary ballot in that State, *Trump v. Anderson*, No. 23-719, 2024 WL 899207 (U.S. Mar. 4, 2024), concerned an application of Section 3 of the Fourteenth Amendment to defendant's acts of insurrection on January 6, 2021; this case does not seek disqualification, does not concern the Fourteenth Amendment, and concerns different acts of election interference by defendant. And in *United States v. Trump*, No. 23-939, the Supreme Court will consider whether defendant has absolute presidential immunity from criminal prosecution for his official acts while in office; as will be discussed below, the charged conduct here does not involve any official acts, and defendant has not asserted presidential immunity for the charged conduct in any event. Defendant cannot justify an eve-of-trial motion, based on legal arguments that could have been raised six months ago, based on U.S. Supreme Court cases that have nothing to do with this prosecution aside from his involvement as a defendant.

In the alternative, this Court would also be well within its discretion to defer any determination on the admissibility of this evidence until trial. Even assuming that there were a valid reason for this late filing, the CPL provides only that this Court may resolve the motion "at any-time before the end of the trial." CPL 255.20(3). Nothing thus compels this Court to address a late filing *before* trial.

It would make particular sense here to defer ruling on defendant's evidentiary objections, even assuming that this Court were inclined to overlook defendant's disregard of the Court's deadlines. Defendant repeatedly complains that the People have not "describe[d] the evidence they intend to offer in detail" (Mot. 1). That complaint is misplaced given the details provided in the indictment, statement of facts, grand jury minutes, and subsequent briefing. But even assuming that defendant's complaint were valid, the solution is to proceed to trial, where the People can present their case in chief and dispel defendant's apparent confusion. Although this Court certainly has the discretion to rule on evidentiary objections before trial, there is no obstacle to its "refusing to do so in advance of the time when the question presents itself in regular course." *People v. Ocasio*, 47 N.Y.2d 55, 59 (1979). Thus, if this Court does not summarily deny defendant's late-filed motion, it could also simply defer any ruling until trial.

# B. Defendant's claim of presidential immunity is not a basis for precluding evidence that is otherwise relevant and admissible.

Assuming that this Court decides to address defendant's claims now, it should deny defendant's request to preclude evidence based on a theory of presidential immunity.

### 1. Defendant does not claim immunity based on the charged conduct, and there would be no such immunity in any event.

As an initial matter, defendant does not appear to be raising any claim of absolute presidential immunity based on the actual criminal charges here. The indictment charged 34 counts of falsifying business records in the first degree based on false entries that defendant made or caused in 2017. Defendant's motion, however, makes no immunity argument at all regarding those records. Instead, the motion focuses on a series of public communications by defendant in 2018, and argues that these "social media posts and public statements" are official acts for which defendant should be immune from prosecution (Mot. 22; *see generally id.* at 3-4, 20-23). Defendant's only reference to evidence from 2017 is his complaint that the People "have not provided sufficiently specific notice" of the "documents and testimony relating to the period in 2017" to allow him "to distinguish between personal and official acts" (Mot. 1). But that complaint

cannot possibly refer to the 2017 conduct charged in the indictment, which precisely identifies the documents supporting each count of falsifying business records in the first degree.<sup>1</sup>

Defendant's current motion thus raises no presidential immunity argument regarding the actual charges in the indictment. Such an interpretation would be consistent with defendant's general approach to the immunity defense throughout this litigation. As discussed, defendant expressly waived presidential immunity in his federal removal proceeding, even though "one of the most important reasons for removal is to have the validity of the defense of official immunity tried in a federal court." *Willingham v. Morgan*, 395 U.S. 402, 407 (1969). And defendant also failed to raise an immunity defense in his omnibus motions in this proceeding, thus further waiving any defense based on presidential immunity to the charges here. *See Carroll v. Trump*, 88 F.4th 418, 429-30 (2d Cir. 2023) (holding, in removed civil proceeding, that defendant waived defense of presidential immunity by failing to raise it in "his answer to Plaintiff's original complaint in New York state court").

In any event, any claim of presidential immunity based on the charged conduct would be meritless. As an initial matter, there is a serious question about whether a former President can claim absolute presidential immunity against criminal liability at all. The Supreme Court has made

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In any event, defendant is wrong to say that there has not been adequate notice on this front. First, the indictment and statement of facts provided more than adequate notice. Second, defendant acknowledged as much by seeking to remove this proceeding to federal court on the ground that the charged conduct related to acts performed under color of his former presidential office. *See* Notice of Removal ¶¶ 25-30, *New York v. Trump*, No. 23-3773, Dkt. No. 1 (S.D.N.Y. May 4, 2023). Third, the federal removal proceeding involved extensive briefing and an evidentiary hearing on the precise question—the distinction "between personal and official acts" (Mot. 1)—that defendant claims to be mystified about here. *See Trump*, 2023 WL 4614689, at \*7 ("The evidence overwhelmingly suggests that the matter was a purely a personal item of the President.... Hush money paid to an adult film star is not related to a President's official acts."). Finally, defendant should have requested more details in his several requests for a bill of particulars, yet inexplicably failed to do so on this ground.

clear—in a case involving this defendant—that a sitting President is subject to both federal and state criminal process, including "when the President is under investigation," and specifically observed that "state grand juries are free to investigate a sitting President with an eye toward charging him *after completion of his term*," as has occurred here. *Vance*, 140 S. Ct. at 2426-27 (emphasis added); *see also Nixon v. Fitzgerald*, 418 U.S. 683, 706 (1974). And although the Department of Justice has long taken the position that a President cannot be criminally prosecuted while in office, it has also emphasized that this temporary immunity "would not preclude such prosecution once the President's term is over." U.S. Dep't of Justice, Office of Legal Counsel, *A Sitting President's Amenability to Indictment and Criminal Prosecution*, 24 Op. OLC 222, 255 (2000) (Ex. 18); *see also* U.S. Dep't of Justice, Office of Legal Counsel, *Amenability of the President, Vice President and other Civil Officers to Federal Criminal Prosecution While in Office* 32 (Sept. 24, 1973) (Ex. 19). There is thus no clear support for a *former* President claiming immunity against criminal charges.

At most, however, any immunity would be limited to defendant's actions that were plausibly within his official responsibilities as President. The President possesses "absolute immunity from damages liability predicated on his official acts," which extends to "acts within the 'outer perimeter' of his official responsibility." *Fitzgerald*, 457 U.S. at 749, 756. But there is "no support for an immunity for *unofficial* conduct"—*i.e.*, conduct "beyond the scope of any action taken in an official capacity." *Clinton v. Jones*, 520 U.S. 681, 694-95 (1997) (quoting *Forrester v. White*, 484 U.S. 219, 229 (1988)).

Here, the charged conduct involves unofficial rather than official acts by defendant, as the federal district court found in addressing the related question of whether defendant was acting "under color of office" here. Specifically, the court found that "[t]he evidence overwhelmingly

suggests that the matter [i.e., the conduct charged here] was a purely a personal item of the President—a cover-up of an embarrassing event. Hush money paid to an adult film star is not related to a President's official acts. It does not reflect in any way the color of the President's official duties." *Trump*, 2023 WL 4614689, at \*7. Moreover, in the federal proceeding, defendant "conceded ... that he hired Cohen to attend to his private matters," and the court identified multiple additional facts demonstrating that the conduct alleged here was unofficial: "Cohen's invoices and their associated records were maintained by the Trump Organization, a private enterprise, in New York City, not in Washington, D.C. as official records of the President. Trump paid Cohen from private funds, and the payments did not depend on any Presidential power for their authorization." *Id.* 

At base, as the federal court correctly recognized, the falsified business records at issue here were generated as part of a scheme to reimburse defendant's personal lawyer for an entirely unofficial expenditure that was made before defendant became President—namely, Michael Cohen's October 2016 payment of \$130,000 to an adult film actress, in exchange for her signing of a nondisclosure agreement regarding her sexual encounter with defendant. There is no colorable argument that these actions constituted official conduct, and accordingly no basis for defendant to assert absolute presidential immunity based on those actions. *See Clinton*, 520 U.S. at 696 (the President "is otherwise subject to the laws for his purely private acts").<sup>2</sup> Perhaps for this reason, defendant does not raise such an immunity defense here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Defendant's extended discussion of presidential immunity based on "official acts" (Mot. 5-18) is thus entirely beside the point. And his attempt to analogize this case to *Trump v. United States* (Mot. 18-19) is also meritless, as the courts in that criminal case have assumed that the charged conduct involved official acts. *See Trump v. United States*, No. 23-939, 2024 WL 833184, at \*1 (U.S. Feb. 28, 2024); *Trump*, 91 F.4th at 1205 n.14.

## 2. No categorical rule precludes admission of evidence of official acts that is relevant to criminal charges for non-immune conduct.

Because defendant has no argument based on presidential immunity for the charged conduct, his only argument is based on presidential immunity for 2018 public statements he made that he claims constitute "official acts" subject to presidential immunity (Mot. 20-23). But defendant is not being criminally charged for those 2018 statements. *Compare Trump*, 91 F.4th at 1180-82, 1188 (rejecting defendant's claim of presidential immunity from "the conduct alleged in the Indictment"). Nor are the People seeking to subpoen this information from defendant, since all the statements are already publicly available. *Compare Trump v. Vance*, 140 S. Ct. 2412, 2429 (2020) (rejecting claim of absolute presidential immunity from responding to state grand jury subpoena). In other words, defendant is not raising presidential immunity for any of the purposes that the defense typically serves: namely, immunity from criminal charges or criminal process.

Instead, defendant makes the peculiar argument that immunity can somehow preclude introduction of evidence of official presidential acts in a criminal proceeding, even if that evidence is otherwise relevant and admissible for criminal charges to which no immunity attaches (Mot. 20). Defendant cites no precedent supporting such a rule of preclusion, and several courts have squarely held otherwise. *See United States v. Wen*, slip op. 2-3, No. 04-cr-241 (E.D. Wisc. Sept. 12, 2025) (attached as Ex. 1) (consular immunity "does not create an evidentiary privilege that renders evidence of such conduct inadmissible at trial"), *conviction aff'd*, 477 F.3d 896, 897 (7th Cir. 2007); *United States v. Zhong*, No. 16-614, 2018 WL 6186474, at \*6 (E.D.N.Y. Nov. 26, 2018) ("Although Defendant is entitled to residual immunity from prosecution, the government may admit evidence of Defendant's acts while he was an accredited diplomat...."), *rev'd on other grounds*, 26 F.4th 536 (2d Cir. 2022). Indeed, the Second Circuit, while reversing the conviction in *Zhong* on other grounds, agreed with the district court that "there is no per se bar on the use of

immune behavior in completing the story—or proving a defendant's knowledge, intent, or planning—of charged non-immune conduct."<sup>3</sup> Zhong, 26 F.4th at 553 n.9.

To be sure, prosecutors may not introduce evidence of immunized conduct in support of criminal charges directly based on such conduct. The Supreme Court held as much in United States v. Johnson, 383 U.S. 169 (1966) (cited at Mot. 21), concluding that a conspiracy charge could not be predicated on conduct immunized by the federal Constitution's Speech and Debate Clause, although it could proceed on other non-immune evidence. See id. at 184-85. Here, by contrast, the People are not pursuing criminal charges arising from defendant's 2018 statements at all. Instead, as the People have explained in their motions in limine (pp. 50-53), the evidence of defendant's 2018 pressure campaign against Stormy Daniels and Michael Cohen will be introduced as Molineux evidence to establish, among other things, defendant's consciousness of guilt. New York courts have held that such *Molineux* evidence is distinct from direct evidence of charged conduct. See, e.g., People v. Snagg, 35 A.D.3d 1287, 1288 (4th Dep't 2006) (distinguishing between elements of conspiracy charge and separate Molineux evidence); People v. Morales, 309 A.D.2d 1065, 1066 (3d Dep't 2003) (same). Because the 2018 conduct on which defendant bases his immunity argument is thus not the subject of the criminal charges in the indictment, but instead bears only on "defendant's knowledge, intent, or planning . . . of charged non-immune conduct," Zhong, 26 F.4th at 553 n.9, there is no categorical rule foreclosing its admission.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Second Circuit reversed the conviction in *Zhong* because it found that the bad-acts evidence at issue did not satisfy the federal equivalent of the *Molineux* rule. *Zhong*, 26 F.4th at 551-53.

### 3. Defendant's 2018 conduct would not constitute official acts in any event.

Finally, even assuming that there were some rule precluding use of evidence of official acts in a criminal prosecution not arising from such acts, that rule would not apply here because the 2018 actions described in defendant's motion were not official acts.

Defendant's basic claim is that all of his 2018 public statements were official acts because he was "communicating with the public on matters of public concern" (Mot. 22). But the D.C. Circuit has squarely rejected the argument that "*all* of a President's speech on matters of public concern, as a categorical rule, is an exercise of official presidential responsibility." *Blassingame v. Trump*, 87 F.4th 1, 15 (D.C. Cir. 2023). Moreover, "whether the President speaks (or engages in conduct) on a matter of public concern bears no necessary correlation with whether he speaks (or engages in conduct) in his official or personal capacity." *Id.* at 16. Rather, the question is whether, for each of the statements at issue here, defendant was "act[ing] in an unofficial, private capacity," or instead "carrying out the official duties of the presidency." *Id.* at 4.

Applying that standard, the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York recently held that defendant was not acting in an official capacity—and hence did not enjoy absolute presidential immunity—when he made several statements in 2019 on Twitter, in remarks to reporters, and in an interview regarding an individual who had accused him of sexual assault. *See Carroll v. Trump*, No. 20-7311, 2023 WL 4393067, at \*2-3, \*9-11 (S.D.N.Y. July 5, 2023), *aff'd in part, appeal dismissed in part*, 88 F.4th 418 (2d Cir. 2023). The district court found that defendant could not invoke presidential immunity simply by making the general claim that the President's official duties include responding to personal attacks; instead, the court found that "the *content* of [defendant's] statements matter," and concluded that defendant's personal attacks on his accuser lacked "any connection . . . to any official responsibility of the president." *Id.* at \*11.

Here, too, the 2018 statements that defendant cursorily claims are official acts are in fact "disconnected entirely from an official function." *Id.* All of the statements concern a subject matter that a federal court has already determined to be purely personal, rather than official. *See Trump*, 2023 WL 4614689, at \*7. The content of the statements confirms that, even in 2018, defendant was commenting on this personal matter in his personal capacity. For example, many of defendant's 2018 social media posts and interview statements comment on his relationship with Michael Cohen—but, as defendant averred in the federal removal proceeding, defendant had at that time hired Cohen as his "personal lawyer... to handle his personal affairs." *Id.* at \*3 (quoting defendant's notice of removal). And defendant has utterly failed to identify *any* specific official duty or responsibility that defendant was fulfilling, or official authority that defendant was invoking, in making gratuitous public statements in 2018 regarding his personal affairs or his personal lawyer. Instead, defendant was making these statements "in an unofficial, private capacity," *Blassingame*, 87 F.4th at 16, thereby foreclosing any invocation of absolute presidential immunity.

### C. Adjournment of the trial is not warranted under any circumstance.

Because defendant's immunity argument is untimely raised, inapposite to admissibility, or simply meritless, there is no basis whatsoever to adjourn the forthcoming trial. But an adjournment would not be warranted even if there were any merit to defendant's current argument. As discussed, defendant raises no immunity argument regarding the charged conduct; thus, unlike in *Trump v. United States*, there is no threshold barrier to proceeding to trial. Moreover, evidentiary objections are routinely raised and resolved mid-trial when the question of admissibility becomes ripe. There is no danger in following that procedure here, when the evidence in question is not privileged or unduly prejudicial. And, to the extent that there is any credibility to defendant's current complaint that the relevant facts are unclear (Mot. 1), factual development at trial may very

well clarify whether and to what extent defendant may have any viable claim of presidential immunity. As the D.C. Circuit has observed, claims of official immunity are necessarily fact-bound and may depend on the record developed at trial. *See Blassingame*, 87 F.4th at 5. There would thus be no reason to adjourn the upcoming trial, even assuming defendant had timely presented a colorable immunity argument as a basis for precluding evidence.

### CONCLUSION

Defendant's motion to exclude evidence and for an adjournment should be denied.

Dated:

March 13, 2024

Steven C. Wu Philip V. Tisne Of Counsel Respectfully submitted,

<u>/s/ Matthew Colangelo</u> Matthew Colangelo Christopher Conroy Susan Hoffinger Becky Mangold Joshua Steinglass Assistant District Attorneys New York County District Attorney's Office 1 Hogan Place New York, NY 10013 212-335-9000

# SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NEW YORK: PART 59

### THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

-against-

DONALD J. TRUMP,

Defendant.

\_\_\_\_\_

### **AFFIRMATION OF SERVICE**

The undersigned affirms under penalty of perjury that on March 13, 2024, he served the foregoing Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Exclude Evidence and for an Adjournment Based on Presidential Immunity on counsel for defendant (Todd Blanche, Susan Necheles, Emil Bove, Gedalia Stern, and Stephen Weiss) by email with consent.

Dated: March 13, 2024

Respectfully submitted,

Ind. No. 71543-23

<u>/s/ Matthew Colangelo</u> Matthew Colangelo Assistant District Attorney

# **EXHIBIT 4**

### SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NEW YORK: PART 59

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

against -

DONALD J. TRUMP,

Defendant.

DECISION AND ORDER ON DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO EXCLUDE EVIDENCE AND FOR AN ADJOURNMENT ON THE GROUNDS OF PRESIDENTIAL IMMUNITY

Ind. No. 71543/2023

HON. JUAN M. MERCHAN A.J.S.C.:

On April 4, 2023, the Defendant was arraigned before this Court on an indictment charging him with 34 counts of Falsifying Business Records in the First Degree, in violation of Penal Law § 175.10.

On May 4, 2023, the Defendant filed a notice of removal to federal court. *People v. Trump*, SD NY No. 23-CV-03773 (AKH), ECF No. 1. In opposing the People's motion to remand the case back to New York County Supreme Court, Defendant, while arguing that he "...has more than adequately demonstrated a federal defense entitling him to Supremacy Clause immunity," made clear in that same section that he was fully aware of the defense of presidential immunity. *Id.* at ECF No. 34 at pgs. 21-23.

On October 5, 2023, Defendant moved to dismiss the indictment in *United States v. Trump*, US Dist Ct, DDC No. 23-CR-257 (TSC), where he is charged with four criminal counts stemming from actions he allegedly engaged in to interfere with the 2020 presidential election. *United States v. Trump*, US Dist Ct, DDC 23 CR 257, (TSC) ECF No. 74. In his motion, he argued among other things, that the federal charges should be dismissed on the grounds of presidential immunity, that the "scope of criminal immunity includes all actions that fall within the 'outer perimeter' of the President's official duties," and that "making public statements, including tweets, about matters of national concern is an official action that lies at the heart of Presidential duties." *Id.* at pgs. 21, 28. The motion was denied by Judge Tanya S. Chutkan on December 1, 2023. *Id.* at ECF No. 171. Defendant appealed on December 7, 2023. On February 6, 2024, after further briefing by the parties, the United States *v. Trump*, 91

F4th 1173 [DC Cir 2024]. On February 28, 2024, the Supreme Court granted *certiorari* in the matter of *Trump v. United States*, --Sct-- 2024 WL 833184 [2024], Defendant's Memo at pg. 2.

On February 22, 2024, Defendant filed his motions *in limine* in the instant matter. Attached to the motions was the Affirmation of Todd Blanche, (hereinafter "Blanche MIL Affirmation"), which contained numerous exhibits. Exhibit 5 contained statements purportedly made by Defendant, which the People intend to introduce at trial. Defendant sought to preclude the "94 statements allegedly made by President Trump in various forms of media…" Motions *in limine* (hereinafter "Defendant's MIL"). Defendant's MIL at pgs. 40-43. On February 22, 2024, the People also filed their motions *in limine* (hereinafter "People's MIL"), wherein the People argued that this Court should "permit the introduction of evidence regarding the defendant's attempts to dissuade witnesses from cooperating with law enforcement because such evidence shows defendant's consciousness of guilt and corroborates his intent." People's MIL at pg. 50. The People specifically noted that "defendant has targeted Cohen and Daniels on social media and in other public statements with persistent, harassing, and denigrating comments." *Id.* at pg. 51.

On February 29, 2024, Defendant responded to the People's motions *in limine* (hereinafter "Defendant's MIL Opposition"). In his response, Defendant argued that the People "must pre-clear" the evidence of a purported pressure campaign against witnesses with the Court prior to its introduction at trial. Defendant's MIL Opposition at pg. 29. Specifically, Defendant argued that the "People need to identify the witness(es) in question, the substance of the proffered testimony, and any related exhibits they seek to offer. *Id*.

On March 7, 2024, Defendant filed the instant motion to exclude evidence and for an adjournment based on presidential immunity (hereinafter "Defendant's Memo"). At the time Defendant's Memo was filed, trial was set to commence on March 25, 2024. On March 13, 2024, the People filed their motion in opposition (hereinafter "People's Opposition.").

### **CONTENTIONS OF THE PARTIES**

Defendant seeks (1) "an adjournment of the trial pending review of the scope of the presidential immunity doctrine in *Trump v. United States*" and (2) preclusion of "evidence of President Trump's official acts at trial based on presential immunity." Defendant argues that he is (1) immune from state prosecution based on official acts, (2) the instant matter should be adjourned in light of the recent action by the Supreme Court of the United States of America granting *certiorari*, and (3) that the People should be precluded from offering evidence of President Trump's official acts. Specifically, the

Defendant argues that he is entitled to immunity "for acts within the 'outer perimeter' of his official responsibility." Defendant's Motion at pg. 20, citing to *Nixon v. Fitzgerald*, 457 US 371 (1982).

The People cite to Criminal Procedure Law ("CPL") § 255.20(3) and argue that Defendant's motion must be denied as untimely. They further argue that Defendant's claim of presidential immunity is "not a basis for precluding evidence that is otherwise relevant and admissible." People's Opposition at pg. 5. The People also argue that the Defendant provides no authority to support his claim that immunity can "preclude the introduction of evidence of official presidential acts in a criminal proceeding, even if that evidence is otherwise relevant and admissible for charges to which no immunity attaches." *Id.* at 9. Finally, the People note that although Defendant argues that presidential immunity applies to potential *Molineux* evidence, he does *not* argue that the defense applies to the charged conduct at the heart of the instant Indictment. *Id.* 

#### DISCUSSION

For the following reasons, Defendant's motion is DENIED as untimely.

"Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, whether the defendant is represented by counsel or elects to proceed pro se, all pre-trial motions shall be served or filed within forty-five days after arraignment and before commencement of trial, or within such additional time as the court may fix upon application of the defendant made prior to the entry of judgment." CPL § 255.20(1). The court must entertain and decide on its merits an appropriate pre-trial motion based upon "grounds of which the defendant could not, with due diligence, have previously been aware, or which, for other good cause, could not reasonably have been raised" within the period specified by CPL § 255.20(1). CPL § 255.20(3). A court may summarily deny a motion that is filed late. William C. Donnino, Practice Commentary, McKinney's Cons Laws of NY, CPL § 255.20

A court's decision on the issue of timeliness is discretionary. See People v. Marte, 197 AD3d 411 [1st Dept 2021]. In reviewing the excuses proffered by the Defendant for the timing of his motion, this Court finds that they are inadequate and not convincing. Id. at 414. Defendant appears to justify the timing of the filing on the basis of two events: (1) the filing of the People's motions in limine on February 22, 2024, which indicated their intent to offer at trial evidence that Defendant engaged in an alleged "pressure campaign" against certain witnesses and (2) the February 28, 2024, decision by the United States Supreme Court to grant Defendant certiorari in Trump v. United States, --Sct- 2024 WL 833184 [2024], where the issue of presidential immunity will presumably be decided. Defendant's Memo at pgs. 1-2.

Those two reasons, even when considered in tandem, as Defendant does, fail to explain why Defendant waited long past the statutory period allotted by CPL § 255.20. The Defendant had ample notice that the People were in possession of, and intended to use, the various statements allegedly made by Defendant on social media, in public, and in various interviews. He was also well aware that the defense of presidential immunity, even if unsuccessful, might be available to him. For example, and as discussed more fully below, Defendant fully briefed the issue of presidential immunity in his motion to dismiss the matter of United States v. Trump, US Dist Ct, DDC 23 CR 257, (TSC) (hereinafter "Federal Insurrection Matter") on October 5, 2023. He also demonstrated awareness that the defense was available to him when he attempted to remove the instant matter to federal court on May 4, 2023, in People v. Trump, SD NY No. 23-CV-03773 (AKH). Nonetheless, Defendant chose not to raise the defense of presidential immunity until well past the 45-day period provided by statute. He also did not raise it in his omnibus motion, in his motions in limine or in his response to the People's motions in limine. Defendant's decision is unjustifiable and renders this motion untimely. Further, and as an aside, the fact that the Defendant waited until a mere 17 days prior to the scheduled trial date of March 25, 2024, to file the motion, raises real questions about the sincerity and actual purpose of the motion. After all, Defendant had already briefed the same issue in federal court and he was in possession of, and aware that, the People intended to offer the relevant evidence at trial that entire time. The circumstances, viewed as a whole, test this Court's credulity.

Turning specifically to Defendant's availability of the defense of presidential immunity. The procedural history of the instant matter, together with the procedural history of the Federal Insurrection Matter, leave no doubt that Defendant was aware that the defense, even if unsuccessful, was available to him well before March 7, 2024, when this motion was filed. On October 5, 2023, the Defendant moved to dismiss his Federal Insurrection Matter on the grounds of presidential immunity. *United States v. Trump*, 2023 WL 8359833, 23cr257, TSC ECF No. 74. In his motion papers therein, he specifically argued that that his actions as president were on the "outer perimeter," that is, "the law provides absolute immunity 'for acts within the 'outer perimeter' of [the President's] official responsibility." *Id.* at pg. 1, *citing to Nixon v. Fitzgerald*, 457 US 731, 756 [1982]. The "outer perimeter" of Presidential duties, the Defendant argued, "encircles a vast swath of territory, because the scope of the President's duty and authority in our constitutional system is uniquely and extraordinarily broad." *Id.* at pg. 22. He also took the position that "...making public statements on matters of public concern especially where they relate to a core federal function such as the administration of a federal election – unquestionably falls within the scope of the President's official duties." *Id.* at pg. 28. Those

arguments are substantially similar to arguments he presents now – five months later. *See* Defendant's Memo at pgs. 3, 20, 22. Defendant's awareness of the availability of the defense is further demonstrated in arguments he has made in this very proceeding. For example, when he attempted to remove this case to federal court, Defendant argued that he "is immune from state prosecution for actions taken as a result of his role as president." *People v. Trump*, 23cv03773 (AKH) at ECF No. 34 at pg. 21. Nonetheless, Defendant strategically waited until March 7, 2024, to raise the defense.

Turning next to Defendant's knowledge of the People's intention to introduce evidence of his alleged "pressure campaign" against certain witnesses. This Court finds that Defendant was indeed aware and had notice of the People's intent, well before he filed this motion, and he has failed to demonstrate good cause for the late filing. He has also failed to persuade this Court that it should consider the motion in the interest of justice. People v. Roberts, 76 Misc3d 448 [Sup Ct, NY County 2022]. The People note in their opposition, that the alleged "pressure campaign" was expressly referred to and discussed in the statement of facts which accompanied the Indictment in this matter, as well as in the grand jury minutes, all of which were provided to Defendant in and around April and May 2023. People's Opposition at pg. 3. That Defendant had notice of the statements cannot possibly be disputed. For example, in the instant motion, Defendant references three tweets that the People intend to introduce at trial as Molineux evidence. See Defendant's Memo at pg. 3. However, the three tweets (among other statements) were referenced in Defendant's own exhibit attached to his motions in limine. Exhibit 5 of Blanche MIL Affirmation. Indeed, Defendant argued in his motions in limine, that the very same statements should be "precluded ... until [the People have] established their relevance and admissibility outside the presence of the jury." Defendant's Memo in Support of his Motions in Limine at pgs. 40-43. Rather than make the argument, as Defendant does now, that the admissions should be precluded on the grounds of presidential immunity, Defendant argued then that the statements should be precluded on relevance and evidentiary grounds.

#### CONCLUSION

This Court finds that Defendant had myriad opportunities to raise the claim of presidential immunity well before March 7, 2024. Defendant could have done so in his omnibus motions on September 29, 2023, which were filed a mere six days before he briefed the same issue in his Federal Insurrection Matter and several months *after* he brought his motion for removal to federal court on

May 4, 2023. Further, the Defendant could have expanded his argument on this topic in his motions *in limine* or in his opposition to the People's motions *in limine* – but he did not.

Lastly, having addressed the issue of timeliness and turning to Defendant's motion for preclusion of the People's evidence of the alleged "pressure campaign," the Court reminds Defendant that it already ruled on this issue in its Decision and Order on Defendant's Motions *in Limine* at pgs. 7-8

Defendant's motion is **DENIED** in its entirety as untimely. The Court declines to consider whether the doctrine of presidential immunity precludes the introduction of evidence of purported official presidential acts in a criminal proceeding<sup>1</sup>.

The foregoing constitutes the Decision and Order of this Court.

April 3, 2024 New York, New York

APR n 3 2024

Juan M. Merchan

Acting Justice of the Supreme Court Judge of the Court of Claims

## KON. J. MERCHAN

<sup>1</sup> As the People have noted in their Memo, the Defendant does not appear to raise a claim of presidential immunity as to the underlying facts that make out the charges of Falsifying Business Records in the First Degree. Therefore, his argument here is not the same as his argument in the Federal Insurrection Matter where the issue of "absolute immunity from federal criminal liability" was presented in the context of the underlying criminal conduct that serves as the basis for that indictment.

# **EXHIBIT 5**

PART 59 APR 1 6 2024



TODD BLANCHE ToddBlanche@blanchelaw.com (212) 716-1250

April 15, 2024

<u>Via Email</u> Honorable Juan M. Merchan Acting Justice - Supreme Court, Criminal Term

#### Re: People v. Trump, Ind. No. 71543/23

Dear Justice Merchan:

We respectfully submit this pre-motion letter, as discussed prior to jury selection on April 15, 2024, regarding our evidentiary objection to DANY offering evidence of President Trump's official acts during the trial. We respectfully incorporate by reference our March 7, 2024 motion on presidential immunity (the "Motion"), and ask that this letter and the Motion be treated as our full submission on these issues unless further briefing would assist the Court.

For the reasons stated in the Motion, President Trump is entitled to immunity from prosecution for his official acts. See Mot. at 5-17. In Blassingame v. Trump, 87 F.4th 1 (D.C. Cir. 2023), the D.C. Circuit instructed a trial court in a civil case to perform the "task" of "distinguish[ing] between official acts and private acts." *Id.* at 20. "The potential difficulty of meting out that distinction in some situations, then, cannot justify simply giving up on the enterprise altogether." *Id.* Similarly, when interpreting the analogous doctrine of legislative immunity, the Supreme Court characterized proof of an official act—a congressman's speech—as "inadmissible evidence" at a trial that also involved proof of non-official acts. *United States v. Johnson*, 383 U.S. 169, 177 (1966). The "bulk of the evidence" in *Johnson* did not present a "substantial question" regarding exclusion because the other proof related to private activities such as "financial transactions with the other co-conspirators." *Id.* at 172. However, evidence of the congressional speech presented a "constitutional problem" and should have been precluded at trial. *Id.* In *United States v. Brewster*, the Supreme Court characterized *Johnson* as "as a unanimous holding that a Member of Congress may be prosecuted under a criminal statute provided that the Government's case *does not rely on legislative acts.* or the motivation for legislative acts." 408 U.S. 501, 512 (1972) (emphasis added).

The logic of Johnson and Brewster, applied under analogous circumstances in connection with the presidential immunity doctrine in Blassingame, requires preclusion of official-acts evidence at President Trump's trial. See Mot. at 20-23. Specifically, the Court should preclude (1) the "Executive Branch Personnel Public Financial Disclosure Report" that President Trump submitted to the Office of Government Ethics on May 15, 2018, marked People's Exhibit 81; (2) the 2018 social media posts to the Twitter account that President Trump used during his time in the White House, marked People's Exhibits 407-G -407-1; and (3) witness testimony regarding President Trump's official acts during his first term in Office, such as anticipated testimony from former White House staff regarding their communications with President Trump during his first term. For example, in Blassingame, the D.C. Circuit explained that "if an activity is organized and promoted by official White House channels and government officials and funded with public resources, it is more likely an official presidential undertaking." Trump, 87 F.4th at 21. The Twitter account at issue in People's Exhibits 407-G – 407-I was "one of the White House's main vehicles for conducting official business." Knight First Amend. Inst. v. Trump, 928 F.3d 226, 232 (2d Cir. 2019). In addition, speaking on matters of public concern is an official act. See Council on Am. Islamic Rels. v. Ballenger, 444 F.3d 659, 665-66 (D.C. Cir. 2006) ("A Member's ability to do his job as a legislator effectively is tied, as in this case, to the Member's relationship with the public and in particular his constituents and colleagues in the Congress. In other words, there was a clear nexus between the congressman answering a reporter's question about the congressman's personal life and the congressman's ability to carry out his representative responsibilities effectively." (cleaned up)); see also Mot. at 22 (citing additional authorities).

Finally, there is no procedural impediment to this application. On April 3, 2024, the Court denied President Trump's presidential immunity motion as untimely based on CPL § 255.20. However, that provision is limited to "pre-trial motion[s]," which, as defined in CPL § 255.10, does not apply to motions to preclude evidence. Moreover, President Trump was not required to raise this evidentiary objection prior to trial, but he elected to do so after the Supreme Court granted certiorari in *Trump v. United States*, 2024 WL 833184 (Feb. 28, 2024). In any event, the historical significance of this issue and the fact that it is under consideration by the Supreme Court warrants the Court exercising discretion to address the objection on the merits for purposes of any necessary appellate review.

April 15, 2024 Page 2

Respectfully Submitted,

<u>/s/ Todd Blanche</u> Todd Blanche Emil Bove Blanche Law PLLC

Attorneys for President Donald J. Trump

Enclosure

Cc: DANY attorneys of record

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# EXHIBIT 6

April 16, 2024

PART 59 APR 1 8 2024

The Honorable Juan M. Merchan New York State Supreme Court, Criminal Term, Part 59 100 Centre Street New York, New York 10013

Dear Justice Merchan,

The People respectfully submit this response to defendant's April 15, 2024, letter raising once again—an objection to the introduction of evidence regarding defendant's purportedly official acts as president. As the Court is aware, defendant previously sought an adjournment based on presidential immunity and a pretrial ruling on the admissibility of such "official acts" evidence. This Court denied defendant's motion as untimely (Apr. 3, 2024 Decision & Order at 6).

This Court should adhere to that procedural ruling and reserve judgment on defendant's evidentiary objection until trial. As this Court found, defendant forfeited his opportunity to obtain a pretrial advisory ruling on this issue by failing to raise his objection in a timely manner. Defendant claims the deadlines in CPL § 255.20 do not apply here, but he *also* ignored the Court's February 22, 2024 deadline for motions *in limine*—a deadline the Court set last December after seeking the parties' views on the motion schedule. Having forfeited his opportunity to request a pretrial advisory ruling, defendant's recourse is now to make appropriate objections during trial as the evidence comes in, if merited. This Court can then rule on those objections, not in a vacuum, but in the context of actual evidence offered for admission.

To the extent defendant re-raises his objection at trial, and as the People explained in their March 13, 2024 opposition to defendant's motion the last time he sought relief on this exact question, there is absolutely no basis to preclude evidence based on defendant's "official acts" theory because: (1) presidential immunity from criminal liability does not exist; (2) even if it did, there is no corresponding evidentiary privilege precluding the introduction of immune conduct at a trial on charges not arising from that conduct; and (3) the evidence that defendant has sought to preclude would not be subject to a claim of presidential immunity in any event, since defendant was not acting in an official capacity.

The People stand ready to submit additional briefing on these questions, if the Court believes it would be helpful.

Respectfully Submitted,

<u>/s/ Matthew Colangelo</u> Matthew Colangelo Christopher Conroy Katherine Ellis Susan Hoffinger Becky Mangold Joshua Steinglass Assistant District Attorneys

# **EXHIBIT 7**

No. 19-635

In the

# Supreme Court of the United States

#### DONALD J. TRUMP,

Petitioner,

v.

#### CYRUS R. VANCE, JR., IN HIS OFFICIAL CAPACITY AS DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE COUNTY OF NEW YORK, et al.,

Respondents.

ON WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE SECOND CIRCUIT

#### **BRIEF OF RESPONDENT**

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Counsel for Respondent Cyrus R. Vance, Jr.

#### **QUESTION PRESENTED**

Whether a state grand jury subpoena directing a third party to produce material that pertains only to unofficial and non-privileged conduct by a President and various private parties must be quashed under Article II or the Supremacy Clause of the Constitution.

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#### INTRODUCTION

This case involves a novel claim of presidential immunity from a state grand jury investigation that implicates no official presidential conduct or communications. Petitioner contends that Article II and the Supremacy Clause make him absolutely immune from providing evidence of private, potentially criminal acts that largely predate his presidency—even if the investigation is necessary to preserve evidence of purely private wrongdoing by petitioner and others so long as he occupies office. That immunity exists, he says, even though he offers no case-specific showing of prosecutorial abuse or cognizable burden on his official functions.

Petitioner's sweeping and unprecedented contention is unfounded, and the reasoning underlying it is flawed. Relying on a Department of Justice (DOJ) opinion finding that a President has constitutional immunity from *indictment and prosecution* during his term of office, petitioner reasons that he necessarily has parallel immunity from *investigation* by state authorities. Yet prosecution and investigation implicate significantly different concerns, and the reasons offered by DOJ to support immunity from prosecution provide no support for petitioner's claim of per se immunity from investigation. To the contrary, immunity from investigation for private conduct runs counter to precedent, the structure and operation of the Constitution, and the bedrock principle that no person is above the law.

A President may of course invoke applicable evidentiary privileges when asked to disclose privileged official communications. A President may also seek to make a case-specific showing that a state grand jury subpoena impermissibly interferes with the ability to perform Article II functions or was issued in bad faith. But petitioner has made no such showing here, nor could he. The grand jury is conducting an investigation into potential criminal conduct by multiple individuals and corporate entities, and its gathering of information does not intrude on petitioner's ability to perform his official duties. If the novel constitutional immunity proposed by petitioner were accepted, it not only could defeat the ordinary processes of the criminal law as to him but also could unjustifiably insulate private parties who have no immunity to assert. No principle of constitutional law justifies that outcome.

#### STATEMENT OF THE CASE

#### A. Factual Background

This case arises from an investigation commenced in summer of 2018 by the New York County District Attorney's Office (Office) into business transactions involving multiple individuals whose conduct may have violated state law. It is based on information derived from public sources, judicial admissions, confidential informants, and the grand jury process.<sup>1</sup>

1. In recent years, multiple public reports have appeared of possible criminal misconduct in activities connected to the Trump Organization. BIO 2-3. The reports described transactions and tax strategies—

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The scope and foundation of the investigation is detailed in redacted portions of the Shinerock Declaration, filed under seal. C.A. Dkt. 101.

spanning more than a decade—involving individual and corporate actors based in New York County, and raised the prospect that criminal activity might have occurred in the Office's jurisdiction within applicable statutes of limitations, particularly if (as the reports suggested) the transactions involved a continuing pattern of conduct over many years.

One of the issues raised related to "hush money" payments made on behalf of petitioner to two women with whom petitioner allegedly had extra-marital affairs. In August 2018, Michael Cohen, petitioner's counselor, pleaded guilty to campaign finance violations arising from payments to one of those women. United States v. Cohen, 366 F. Supp. 3d 612, 618 (S.D.N.Y. 2019). Cohen admitted that he violated campaign finance laws in coordination with, and at the direction of, an individual later identified as petitioner. Tr. of Plea Hr'g 23, United States v. Cohen, No. 18-cr-602 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 21, 2018), ECF No. 7; Gov't Sentencing Submission 11, United States v. Cohen, No. 18-cr-602 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 7, 2018), ECF No. 27; Hearing with Michael Cohen, Former Attorney to President Donald Trump: Hearing Before the H. Comm. on Oversight and Reform, 116th Cong. 1, 11 (Feb. 27, 2019).

Around the time Cohen entered his guilty plea, at the request of federal prosecutors and to avoid potential disruption of the ongoing federal investigation, the Office agreed to defer its own investigation pending resolution of the federal matter. In July 2019, the Office learned that the federal investigation had concluded without any further charges. See United States v. Cohen, 2019 WL 3226988, at \*2 (S.D.N.Y. July 17, 2019). The Office resumed its investigation shortly thereafter.<sup>2</sup>

2. The Office then issued grand jury subpoenas *duces tecum* for records including financial statements and tax returns, as well as the working papers necessary to prepare and test those records.

On August 1, 2019, the Office served the Trump Organization with a grand jury subpoena seeking records and communications concerning specific financial transactions, their treatment in the Trump Organization's books and records, and the personnel involved in determining that treatment. Soon after, the Office informed the Trump Organization's counsel that the subpoena required production of certain tax returns. From August 2019 through December 2019, the Trump Organization produced certain responsive documents—but not tax returns.

On August 29, 2019, the Office served petitioner's accounting firm, Mazars USA LLP (Mazars), with a grand jury subpoena (Mazars Subpoena or Subpoena) seeking financial and tax records—including for petitioner and entities he owned before he became President—from January 1, 2011 to the date of the Subpoena. The Office largely patterned the Mazars Subpoena on a subpoena for some of the same materials issued by the Committee on Oversight and Reform of the U.S. House of Representatives, with the aim of minimizing the burden on Mazars and facilitating expeditious production of responsive documents. The

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Contrary to petitioner's suggestion (Petr. Br. 6), the Office's investigation did not begin in summer 2019 but resumed then.

Mazars Subpoena does not seek any official communications, involve any official presidential conduct, or require *petitioner* to produce anything.

#### **B.** The Current Controversy

1. After the Mazars Subpoena was served, counsel for the Trump Organization informed the Office that they believed the request for production of tax records implicated constitutional considerations, and the Office agreed to temporarily suspend the tax portion of the Mazars Subpoena to allow petitioner to challenge it.

Petitioner then filed a complaint against Mazars and respondent in federal court and sought emergency injunctive relief, claiming that the Constitution provides a sitting President absolute immunity from any form of "criminal process" or "investigation," including a subpoena to a third party for records unrelated to petitioner's official conduct. D. Ct. Dkt. 1, at 1-2.

Respondent moved to dismiss, arguing that the court should abstain under *Younger v. Harris*, 401 U.S. 37 (1971); that petitioner's sweeping claim of immunity is contrary to settled precedent; and that petitioner had failed to establish irreparable harm. D. Ct. Dkt. 16.<sup>3</sup> Briefing and argument were highly expedited, and the Office agreed to temporarily forbear

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Mazars has taken no position on the legal issues presented in this case, viewing the dispute as solely between petitioner and respondent.

enforcement of the Mazars Subpoena. D. Ct. Dkt. 28.<sup>4</sup> DOJ filed a Statement of Interest asserting that abstention was inappropriate but taking no position on the merits. D. Ct. Dkt. 32.

2. The district court abstained and ruled in the alternative that petitioner was not entitled to injunctive relief. Pet. App. 36a-37a.

The court not only found that the balance of factors favored abstention but also rejected petitioner's contention that *Younger*'s bad-faith exception applied. Pet. App. 58a. The court observed that petitioner "fail[ed] to show that [respondent] could not reasonably expect to obtain a favorable outcome in [the] criminal investigation" furthered by the Mazars Subpoena, and after considering an *in camera* submission, found no basis to "impute bad faith to [respondent] in relation to these proceedings." *Id*.

On the merits, the district court rejected petitioner's "extraordinary claim" that "the person who serves as President, while in office, enjoys absolute immunity from criminal process of any kind." Pet. App. 31a. That position, the court explained, "finds no support in the Constitution's text or history" or in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Respondent did not "express[] concern" at any point "that he would run out of time to bring 'charges' against 'the president himself' before he 'is out of office." Petr. Br. 9 (quoting D. Ct. Dkt. 38, at 40). Respondent merely requested the district court resolve this matter expeditiously to prevent a procedural delay of the Office's investigation until after statutes of limitations expire, at which point the Office would "have no charges available" against *any* potential defendant. D. Ct. Dkt. 38, at 40.

this Court's precedent. *Id.* at 34a. While "some aspects of criminal proceedings could impermissibly interfere with ... the President's ability to discharge constitutional functions," "that consequence would not necessarily follow every stage of every criminal proceeding." *Id.* at 33a. And it "would not apply to the specific set of facts presented here," *id.*—*i.e.*, a state grand jury subpoena calling for a third party to produce petitioner's "personal and business records," *id.* at 62a.

3. The Second Circuit vacated the district court's determination that *Younger* abstention applied. Pet. App. 13a-14a. But the court of appeals affirmed on the immunity question, holding that "any presidential immunity from state criminal process does not extend to investigative steps like the grand jury subpoena at issue here." *Id.* at 2a.

The Second Circuit focused in particular on United States v. Nixon, 418 U.S. 683 (1974), which held that neither absolute presidential immunity nor executive privilege barred enforcement of a subpoena directing President Nixon to produce materials "relating to his conversations with aides and advisers for use in a criminal trial against high-level advisers to the President." Pet. App. 16a (internal guotation marks omitted). Given that "executive privilege did not preclude enforcement of the subpoena issued in Nixon," the court saw no reason why "the Mazars [S]ubpoena must be enjoined despite seeking no privileged information and bearing no relation to the President's performance of his official functions." Id. at 17a. Regardless of any constitutional issues that might arise if a court sought to compel a President to

appear at a particular time and place, the court explained, compliance with the Mazars Subpoena "does not require the President to do anything at all." *Id.* at 20a. Furthermore, that President Nixon was required to produce "documents for a trial proceeding on an indictment that named him as a conspirator strongly suggests that the mere specter of 'stigma' or 'opprobrium' ... is not a sufficient reason to enjoin a subpoena—at least when, as here, no formal charges have been lodged." *Id.* at 22a.

The court of appeals also rejected DOJ's argument-made for the first time on appeal and not embraced at the time by petitioner—that "while the President may not be absolutely immune from a state grand jury's subpoena power, any prosecutor seeking to exercise that power must make a heightened showing of need for the documents sought." Pet. App. 27a. The cases cited by DOJ, the court observed, all address "documents protected by executive privilege" and thus have "little bearing on a subpoena that, as here, does not seek any information subject to executive privilege." Id. "Surely the exposure of potentially sensitive communications related to the functioning of the government is of greater constitutional concern than information relating solely to the President in his private capacity and disconnected from the discharge of his constitutional obligations," the court reasoned. Id. at 28a.

#### SUMMARY OF ARGUMENT

I. A President has no categorical immunity from a state grand jury subpoena for documents unrelated to official duties. A. This Court's precedents make clear that a President's Article II immunity extends only to official acts. *See Clinton v. Jones*, 520 U.S. 681 (1997); *Nixon v. Fitzgerald*, 457 U.S. 731 (1982). The same is true for qualified evidentiary privileges.

The Supremacy Clause likewise provides no immunity as to private conduct, instead precluding States from directly interfering with a President's *official* acts.

B. The mere risk of interference with official functions does not afford a President categorical immunity against subpoenas for documents concerning private conduct. Presidents throughout history have been subject to judicial process in appropriate circumstances. Recognizing as much, this Court in *Clinton* held that the possibility that private litigation would distract a President from official functions does not warrant categorical immunity. And *Clinton* built on precedent including *United States v. Nixon*, 418 U.S. 683 (1974), in which the Court required the President to disclose Oval Office conversations that implicated official conduct and executive privilege.

C. These principles preclude petitioner's assertion of absolute immunity, as the Mazars Subpoena implicates only private, unofficial documents. A President may of course challenge a *particular* subpoena based on a case-specific showing of impermissible Article II burden, but the mere *potential* for such interference does not justify categorical immunity.

II. That conclusion is not altered by any of petitioner's or the Solicitor General's arguments in favor of a categorical, prophylactic rule of presidential immunity from investigation.

A. Even assuming a sitting President is immune from indictment, the considerations that might justify such a rule do not support immunity from investigation, as the Office of Legal Counsel (OLC) has recognized. Responding to a grand jury subpoena is far less burdensome than facing indictment or prosecution, and an investigation protected by grand jury secrecy does not impose any stigmatic harm comparable to that of an official, public accusation of wrongdoing. Indeed, this Court has upheld judicial process accompanied by much greater burdens and stigmatic harms, and its analysis in *Nixon* confirms that the indictment and subpoena immunity inquiries are distinct.

B. Petitioner's speculation that state prosecutors cannot be trusted to investigate responsibly provides no basis for an absolute immunity rule. This Court in *Clinton* rejected a claim of immunity from private suits based on similar speculation, and the imagined risks are even less probable here. The States are central to the Nation's criminal justice system, and state prosecutions are cloaked with a presumption of regularity that makes federal interference particularly inappropriate. Existing structural constraints—including jurisdictional limitations, ethical rules, and the prohibition on state investigation of *official* presidential conduct—further mitigate any risk of harassing or overly burdensome state investigations.

In the event that a President can make a credible showing that a *particular* subpoena is overly burdensome or harassing, state and federal courts are wellequipped to address such claims. Such case-by-case checks are consistent with this Court's precedent; petitioner's proposed blanket immunity rule is not.

C. The Solicitor General does not expressly adopt petitioner's absolute immunity rule but contends that any state criminal subpoena must satisfy a heightened-need standard, under which a prosecutor would have to show that the subpoena seeks important evidence unavailable from any other source. Courts have applied that standard in the face of claims of executive privilege, but the requirement makes no sense where the subpoenaed materials are not privileged and do not otherwise implicate official conduct. Nor does the *risk* of overly burdensome or harassing subpoenas justify a heightened standard. Existing procedures afford a President fully adequate means for pressing case-specific claims of burden or harassment. to be reviewed with all of the sensitivity and respect due a Chief Executive.

D. The rules petitioner and the Solicitor General propose come with substantial harms that further counsel against them.

The costs of the absolute immunity advocated by petitioner are severe. Immunizing a President from criminal investigation while in office could effectively provide immunity from indictment and prosecution after a presidential term due to the loss of evidence. Absolute presidential immunity from investigation could also impede criminal investigation of other parties. Even if evidence could eventually be gathered after a President's term ends, the statutes of limitations as to third parties may well have expired, and there is no plausible argument that a President's immunity from investigation would toll the limitations period for indicting others.

A heightened-need standard would likewise impose substantial costs. Not only would it unduly hamper the States' traditional authority to enforce criminal laws through the grand jury's investigatory process but, if applied in the manner the Solicitor General suggests, it would in practice amount to the absolute immunity petitioner seeks.

III. Although a President may show that a particular subpoena is overly burdensome or issued in bad faith, petitioner has made neither showing here. The Mazars Subpoena is substantially less burdensome than the judicial process ratified in *Clinton* and *Nixon*. And the district court already considered the evidence petitioner cites and rejected a claim of bad faith in the context of *Younger* abstention, foreclosing any case-specific showing of harassment here.

#### ARGUMENT

- I. A PRESIDENT HAS NO CATEGORICAL IM-MUNITY FROM A SUBPOENA FOR DOCU-MENTS UNRELATED TO OFFICIAL DU-TIES
  - A. Article II And The Supremacy Clause Provide Immunity Only From Subpoenas That Interfere With A President's Official Functions

Petitioner contends that, during his term of office, Article II and the Supremacy Clause provide complete and categorical immunity from any criminal process that implicates his conduct. Petr. Br. 19-39. He is incorrect. Both provisions protect a President only against interference with *official* conduct. Neither provides broad immunity from scrutiny of private acts.

1. Article II vests in a President the federal government's executive power but does not immunize a President for acts taken as a citizen. This Court's precedents have thus consistently limited any Article II-based presidential immunities or privileges from judicial process to circumstances that directly implicate or otherwise substantially interfere with a President's official duties. The Court has "never suggested that the President ... has an immunity that extends beyond the scope of any action taken in an official capacity." *Clinton v. Jones*, 520 U.S. 681, 694 (1997).

Presidential immunity against civil suit reflects this dichotomy. In *Nixon v. Fitzgerald*, 457 U.S. 731 (1982), this Court held that the President's "unique position in the constitutional scheme" requires "absolute immunity from damages liability predicated on ... official acts." *Id.* at 749. But this absolute immunity extends only to "liability for acts within the 'outer perimeter' of [a President's] official responsibility." *Id.* at 756; *see also Mississippi v. Johnson*, 71 U.S. (4 Wall.) 475, 501 (1867) (barring injunction of President's "performance of ... official duties").

Private conduct is subject to a different rule. This Court has held that immunity for *official* conduct "provides no support for an immunity for *unofficial* conduct." *Clinton*, 520 U.S. at 694. The "character of the office that was created by Article II of the Constitution" does not alone justify immunity for private conduct, *id.* at 697, because the "doctrine of separation of powers is concerned with the allocation of *official* power among the three coequal branches of our Government," *id.* at 699 (emphasis added).<sup>5</sup>

The same restriction applies to qualified evidentiary privileges. A President may assert privilege against disclosure of communications that reflect presidential deliberations and decision-making. See, e.g., United States v. Nixon, 418 U.S. 683, 708-13 (1974). But that privilege encompasses only internal deliberations and decision-making about public or official acts. See Nixon v. Admin. of Gen. Servs., 433 U.S. 425, 449 (1977) (presidential privilege "is limited to communications 'in performance of (a President's) responsibilities ... of his office" (quoting Nixon, 418 U.S. at 711, 713)); In re Sealed Case, 121 F.3d 729, 752 (D.C. Cir. 1997) (presidential privilege encompasses only communications specifically related to advice to a President on "official government matters"). It does not extend to a President's discussions with private citizens concerning private conduct.

2. The Supremacy Clause likewise does not immunize a President from the everyday obligations of citizenship. See U.S. CONST. art. VI, cl. 2. It precludes the States from directly interfering with a President's (and other federal officials') official acts. See, e.g., Tennessee v. Davis, 100 U.S. 257, 263 (1879)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Petitioner's reference (Petr. Br. 22) to *Kendall v. United States ex rel. Stokes*, 37 U.S. (12 Pet.) 524 (1838), is inapt for the same reason. There, the Court suggested only that a President is "beyond the reach of any other department ... as far as his powers are derived from the constitution." Id. at 610 (emphasis added).

(States cannot "affix penalties to acts done under the immediate direction of the national government" and "within the scope of [the officer's] authority"); In re Tarble, 80 U.S. (13 Wall.) 397, 409-10 (1871) (States cannot "interfere[] with" or "control[]" acts "under the authority ... of the United States"); McClung v. Silliman, 19 U.S. (6 Wheat.) 598, 605 (1821) (state court cannot compel federal officer to take governmental action); McCulloch v. Maryland, 17 U.S. (4 Wheat.) 316, 436 (1819) (States "have no power ... to retard, impede, burden, or in any manner control, the operations of the" federal government); see also Petr. Br. 31-32 (citing additional cases). Absent such interference, the Supremacy Clause does not supplant the States' authority to regulate the conduct of a President (or any other federal official) as a private citizen. See, e.g., United States ex rel. Drury v. Lewis, 200 U.S. 1, 8 (1906) (refusing to grant habeas corpus to federal official in advance of his state criminal trial where evidence raised a genuine issue about whether official federal conduct was involved).

It follows that someone's status as a federal officer does not by itself trigger Supremacy Clause immunity. See In re McShane's Petition, 235 F. Supp. 262, 273 (N.D. Miss. 1964) ("[I]t cannot be said that any federal official is absolutely immune merely because of his official standing and his official purpose."). Instead, such immunity turns on whether a State is attempting to dictate how a federal officer carries out an official function. As petitioner concedes, the doctrine immunizes federal officers from state regulation "only when they undertake official acts." Petr. Br. 25 (emphasis added); see, e.g., Cunningham v. Neagle, 135 U.S. 1, 75 (1890) (Supremacy Clause protects federal officer from state punishment only if federal law "authorized" officer to do the challenged act, "which it was his duty to do as [an officer] of the United States"). An officer is not entitled to Supremacy Clause immunity, by contrast, for acts "other ... than official acts." Maryland v. Soper, 270 U.S. 9, 35 (1926).

This dichotomy reflects the structural purpose of the Supremacy Clause. The Clause establishes that "[w]henever, therefore, any *conflict* arises between [federal and state] enactments ..., or in the enforcement of their asserted authorities," those of the federal government prevail. *In re Tarble*, 80 U.S. at 407. When a State attempts to regulate a federal official's exercise of federal powers, its actions necessarily conflict with supreme federal authority, and the Supremacy Clause resolves the conflict in favor of the federal government. But when a State regulates the private, unofficial conduct of individuals who are also federal officials, no such conflict arises, and the Supremacy Clause does not apply.<sup>6</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> In *Clinton*, the Court reserved the question whether the Supremacy Clause might apply if a state court exercised "direct control ... over the President" in a civil action, presumably in a way that interfered with the performance of official responsibilities. 520 U.S. at 691 n.13. Nothing in that reservation implied a wholesale exemption of a President from the ordinary responsibilities of a citizen with respect to a state grand jury subpoena for private records, absent any showing of interference with official duties, much less that such an exemption would apply where, as here, a subpoena was issued to a third party.

Petitioner contends that, although this is the general rule, under *Fitzgerald*, a President's Supremacy Clause protection is broader than that afforded other federal officials and must extend to unofficial conduct. Petr. Br. 25. That is incorrect. *Fitzgerald* was a federal case that had nothing to do with the Supremacy Clause. And if *Fitzgerald* has any relevance at all, it undercuts petitioner's argument. The cited passage explained that even though federal officials have only qualified immunity for official acts, the unique position of the presidency requires absolute immunity for action within the outer bounds of official presidential duties. See 457 U.S. at 750-51, 756. But the Court was careful to explain that, for any official, the immunity extends only to official conduct. See supra at 13-15. No case has ever held that the Supremacy Clause's scope extends to a President's conduct as a private citizen.

## B. The Mere Risk That A Subpoena *Duces Tecum* May Interfere With Official Presidential Functions Does Not Afford A President Categorical Immunity

Historical practice and this Court's precedent establish that the mere *risk* that a documentary subpoena seeking evidence of private conduct *might* interfere with official presidential functions does not justify a rule of categorical presidential immunity. The possibility that a President may have to expend effort to comply with judicial process or may experience incidental burdens has never been enough to demand Article II immunity. *See* Randolph D. Moss, Asst. Atty. Gen., *A Sitting President's Amenability to Indictment and Criminal Prosecution*, 24 O.L.C. Op. 222, 254 (Oct. 16, 2000) (Moss Memo) (no general immunity from "subpoenas for documents or testimony" or civil suits despite risk of interference with a President's time and energy and mental burdens).

1. Petitioner and the Solicitor General cite various writings of the Framers, which they contend show that the Framers uniformly believed a sitting President could not be subject to any criminal process whatsoever. Petr. Br. 22-23; U.S. Br. 9. But this Court considered the same historical evidence in *Clinton* and, after surveying conflicting statements from other Framers, concluded that these historical sources do not provide a definitive answer, and in fact "largely cancel each other" out. 520 U.S. at 696-97. The Court accordingly has looked to longstanding practice from our Nation's earliest years, which confirms that nothing in the Constitution prohibits a President from being "subject to judicial process in appropriate circumstances." *Id.* at 703.

Throughout American history, many Presidents not only have voluntarily participated in but also have been involuntarily compelled to comply with various forms of judicial process, including subpoenas to testify and produce documents in both civil and criminal cases. The earliest example involved Aaron Burr's treason trial, in which Chief Justice Marshall ruled that President Jefferson could be required to respond to a subpoena *duces tecum*. *Clinton*, 520 U.S. at 703-04 (citing *United States v. Burr*, 25 F. Cas. 30 (C.C.D. Va. 1807) (No. 14,692D)). President Monroe later "responded to written interrogatories," *id.* at 704 (citing Ronald Rotunda, *Presidents and Ex-Presidents as Witnesses: A Brief Historical Footnote*, 1975 U. ILL. L. FORUM 1, 5-6 (1975)), after soliciting an opinion from the Attorney General, who concluded, based on *Burr*, that a subpoena *ad testificandum* could be issued to a President, *see* Rotunda, 1975 U. ILL. L. FO-RUM at 5-6. President Ford "complied with an order to give a deposition in a criminal trial." *Clinton*, 520 U.S. at 705. President Clinton "twice g[ave] videotaped testimony in criminal proceedings." *Id*. And "President Nixon was obligated to comply with a subpoena commanding him to produce certain tape recordings of his conversations with his aides" for use in a criminal trial. *Id*. at 704 (citing *Nixon*, 418 U.S. at 706).

2. Based in part on this established historical practice, this Court has repeatedly held that a President is subject to ordinary judicial process, even where there is a substantial risk that complying will distract a President or otherwise indirectly burden the ability to perform official presidential functions, or when a particular subpoena directly implicates privileged communications.

*Clinton*, for example, rejected a claim of temporary presidential immunity from a private lawsuit for unofficial conduct even though the Court understood that such a lawsuit would impose burdens on a President, requiring him to produce documents and even provide sworn testimony. *Id.* at 691-92. The Court also specifically rejected President Clinton's contention that, if denied immunity, the President would be the target of politically motivated, harassing, and frivolous litigation. *Id.* at 708-10. And it rejected the suggestion that courts would be unable to weed out such claims, noting that sanctions would be a "significant deterrent to litigation directed at the President in his unofficial capacity for purposes of political gain or harassment." *Id.* at 708-09. As the Court explained, the threat that such litigation would distract a President in the exercise of official Article II duties is simply not the type of interference that triggers constitutional immunity. *See id.*; *see also id.* at 705 n.40 (the distractions of pending litigation, however "vexing," "do not ordinarily implicate constitutional separation-of-powers concerns").

Clinton was itself based in large part on this Court's longstanding view that a sitting President may be subject to a subpoena in a criminal proceeding without impermissibly intruding on a President's official functions. As noted, Chief Justice Marshall first considered the issue more than 200 years ago while overseeing the trial of Aaron Burr. President Jefferson contended that the Constitution immunized him from having to comply with a subpoena *duces tecum* in a criminal proceeding. But Chief Justice Marshall rejected that contention, holding that the fact that "the president of the United States may be subpoenaed ... and required to produce any paper in his possession, is not controverted." United States v. Burr, 25 F. Cas. 187, 191 (C.C.D. Va. 1807) (No. 14,694).

The full Court in *Nixon* later unanimously, "unequivocally[,] and emphatically endorsed Marshall's position." *Clinton*, 520 U.S. at 704 (citing *Nixon*, 418 U.S. at 706). *Nixon* obligated the President to comply with a subpoena directing him to produce "tape recordings and documents relating to his conversations with aides and advisers"—*i.e.*, tapes created while he was in office, of conversations between himself and White House aides in the Oval Office, that by nature implicated official conduct and privileged communications. *Nixon*, 418 U.S. at 686, 687 n.3.

President Nixon moved to quash the subpoena, asserting a "claim of absolute privilege." Id. at 705. The President cited the "need for protection of communications between high Government officials and those who advise and assist them in the performance of their manifold duties," id., arguing that separationof-powers principles "insulate[] a President from a judicial subpoena in an ongoing criminal prosecution," id. at 706. This Court rejected that contention, holding that "neither the doctrine of separation of powers, nor the need for confidentiality of high-level communications, without more, can sustain an absolute, unqualified Presidential privilege of immunity from judicial process under all circumstances." Id.<sup>7</sup>

In reaching that conclusion, the Court acknowledged the "need for confidentiality in the communications of [a President's] office" and "the public interest in candid, objective, and even blunt or harsh opinions in Presidential decisionmaking." *Nixon*, 418 U.S. at 708, 712-13. But that interest was not the only im-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Petitioner contends that *Nixon* "did not consider (let alone deny) a claim of presidential immunity." Petr. Br. 43. But that is exactly what this Court considered and rejected: an "unqualified Presidential privilege of immunity from judicial process." *Nixon*, 418 U.S. at 706; *cf. Nixon v. Sirica*, 487 F.2d 700, 708 (D.C. Cir. 1973) ("Counsel argue ... that, so long as he remains in office, the President is absolutely immune from the compulsory process of a court").

portant public interest at stake and had to be evaluated "in light of our historic commitment to the rule of law" and "the twofold aim (of criminal justice) ... that guilt shall not escape or innocence suffer." *Id.* at 708-09. "The need to develop all relevant facts in the adversary system," the Court emphasized, "is both fundamental and comprehensive." *Id.* at 709. Barring enforcement of the subpoena would therefore "cut deeply into the guarantee of due process of law and gravely impair the basic function of the courts." *Id.* at 712. Such an impediment to the fair administration of criminal justice could not be justified, the Court concluded, solely by "the generalized interest in confidentiality" of presidential communications. *Id.* at 713.

# C. A Subpoena Seeking Non-Privileged Evidence About A President's Private, Unofficial Conduct May Be Challenged As Applied If The President Shows An Impermissible Burden On Article II Functions

These principles preclude petitioner's assertion of categorical immunity, as it is undisputed that the grand jury investigation at issue here concerns only unofficial, private conduct, and none of the materials sought reflects confidential communications subject to a claim of executive privilege. *See* Pet. App. 17a-18a; Petr. Br. 15, 19, 32-33, 47, 48 (subpoena seeks only "personal" information); Cert. Reply 3, 8 (subpoena involves merely "unofficial" action); U.S. Br. 1, 6-7, 15-16, 23, 26, 28 (similar).

That does not mean, of course, that a President would have no remedy against a subpoena or other form of judicial process upon showing that it *in fact*  materially interferes with the ability to perform official presidential functions. While "potential burdens" on a President do not provide immunity, "those burdens are appropriate matters for [a court] to evaluate in its management of the case." *Clinton*, 520 U.S. at 707. And the "high respect that is owed to the office of the Chief Executive, though not justifying a rule of categorical immunity, is a matter that should inform the conduct of the entire proceeding, including the timing and scope of discovery." *Id*.

Thus, if a court is faced with a factually supported claim of *actual* interference with Article II functions—for example, unreasonably burdensome process that unduly distracts a President—it should ameliorate such problems on a case-by-case basis. As explained in Part III, petitioner has made no showing of case-specific burdens here. But categorical immunity based only on *potential* interference with the ability to perform official presidential functions has no basis in constitutional text, practice, or precedent, and should be rejected by this Court.

# II. THE PROPHYLACTIC IMMUNITY RULES PROPOSED BY PETITIONER AND THE SO-LICITOR GENERAL ARE UNSOUND

Both petitioner and the Solicitor General resist the lesson from history, precedent, and logic that a subpoena for documents in a criminal investigation involving a President's private, non-privileged conduct raises no constitutional issue, unless the President makes a case-specific showing that the process will interfere with Article II functions. They instead contend that considerations that might favor presidential immunity from indictment, as well as the potential for politically motivated or harassing subpoenas, justify prophylactic, across-the-board rules that impose absolute or highly restrictive barriers to criminal investigations of unofficial conduct while a President occupies office. Nothing in the Constitution justifies such barriers, which would for the first time immunize a President from the ordinary responsibilities of citizenship in the context of private, unofficial conduct and impede the investigation of criminal conduct under state law.

#### A. The Considerations Asserted To Justify Presidential Immunity From Prosecution Do Not Justify Immunity From Investigation For Unofficial Conduct

Petitioner's principal argument is that he must be absolutely immune from criminal investigation into unofficial conduct because such an investigation raises the same concerns that OLC has identified as precluding indictment and prosecution of a sitting President. *See* Moss Memo 246-54. Reasoning from the premise that a sitting President is immune from indictment and prosecution because of the burden, distraction, and stigma from facing potential loss of liberty after a criminal trial, petitioner asserts that he must necessarily be immune from criminal investigation. Petr. Br. 29.

For the purpose of this case, the Court may assume the validity of OLC's position that a sitting President is not amenable to criminal prosecution.<sup>8</sup> Certainly, a criminal trial and incarceration would infringe Article II. But the concerns that drove OLC's finding of an implied constitutional immunity from formal accusation do not extend to the *investigation* of unofficial, potentially criminal conduct during a President's term. Thus, even while finding an immunity from indictment and prosecution, OLC also concluded that "[a] grand jury could continue to gather evidence throughout the period of immunity [for a sitting President], even passing this task down to subsequently empaneled grand juries if necessary." Moss Memo 257 n.36.

Gathering evidence is all the grand jury seeks to do here. And that task is vital to ensure that a President may be held accountable for criminal violations upon leaving office—which all agree is basic to our constitutional scheme. Indeed, any constitutional rule of temporary immunity from prosecution during a President's term should not be transformed into a rule of permanent immunity simply because investigatory leads have grown stale or because the statute

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> This case does not involve the question whether a sitting President may be indicted by a state or local grand jury for unofficial conduct, and accordingly, it presents no opportunity for resolving that issue. The Court may proceed on the assumption that such immunity exists, however, coupled with the knowledge that respondent—who has made no determination on the ultimate merits—would be obligated under state law in this case to provide notice and, by extension, an opportunity to seek judicial review before any grand jury vote on an indictment. *See* N.Y. CRIM. PROC. LAW § 190.50(5)(a)-(b); *cf. Holder v. Humanitarian Law Project*, 561 U.S. 1, 16 (2010).

of limitations has run.<sup>9</sup> To guarantee that a President, along with individuals and entities connected to him, are not permanently above the law, the grand jury must be permitted to collect evidence and follow leads when memories are fresh and relevant evidence is available. Nothing in the Constitution requires otherwise.

Moreover, the concerns asserted to justify temporary presidential immunity from prosecution do not apply to grand jury investigations into unofficial conduct.

1. As an initial matter, petitioner incorrectly asserts that the text of the Impeachment Judgment Clause, U.S. CONST. art. I, § 3, cl. 7, establishes that a President may be criminally indicted "only *after* he is 'convicted' by the Senate." Petr. Br. 21. As the Moss Memo explains, that is not so; the Clause does not differentiate among federal officers who may be impeached, and history and the original understanding settle that prosecution may precede removal. *See* Moss Memo 223-25. But even if that were not so for the President, the Clause says nothing to preclude investigation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> For this reason, unless state law provides for tolling, or a federal immunity rule had the constitutional corollary of tolling the statute of limitations during a President's term of office, *see* Moss Memo 256 & n.33; Petr. Br. 33; U.S. Br. 32, the filing of a sealed indictment, with a stay of proceedings, might be a necessary and appropriate procedure. It is unnecessary to confront those difficult issues here, however, because—regardless of the breadth of any immunity from *prosecution*—the rationale for such a rule does not extend to *investigation*.

2. As a functional matter, responding to a grand jury subpoena does not impose the kinds of burdens on a President's time and effort associated with criminal indictment or prosecution. A grand jury subpoena does not "make it physically impossible for the President to carry out" official duties by restraining a President's liberty as a sentence of incarceration would. *Id.* at 246. Nor does responding to a grand jury subpoena for documents require a President to choose between exercising constitutional rights—to attend trial, to confront witnesses, to have a public and speedy trial—and fulfilling Article II functions. *See id.* at 251-54. A grand jury subpoena is not an accusation that demands a defense; it is an investigative step that generally unfolds behind closed doors.

Presidents have routinely responded to much more burdensome requests for evidence than that at issue here without any disruption of their Article II functions. See supra at 18-19. And responding to a grand jury subpoena duces tecum for documents related to unofficial conduct would not even impose the kinds of burdens that this Court has found acceptable in prior cases, including requiring a President to testify under oath and disclose tape recordings of privileged Oval Office communications with close advisors. See supra at 19-22 (discussing Clinton and Nixon). Responding to such a subpoena is an incident of citizenship that does not, absent some special case-specific showing, impose burdens cognizable under Article II.

3. Unlike a criminal indictment or prosecution, a grand jury subpoena does not impose any cognizable

stigmatic burdens on a President either. An "indictment and criminal prosecution," the Moss Memo reasoned, creates a "distinctive and serious stigma" that would "threaten the President's ability to act as the Nation's leader in both the domestic and foreign spheres." Moss Memo 249. A grand jury subpoena does not implicate any remotely similar stigmatic harm, for at least three reasons.

*First*, a criminal indictment and subsequent prosecution is uniquely stigmatizing because it is a "public ... allegation of wrongdoing," id. at 250-an "official pronouncement that there is probable cause to believe [the defendant] committed a criminal act," id. at 254. A grand jury subpoena, in contrast, is not an "official pronouncement" of wrongdoing; it signals only that an investigation is underway. Grand jury investigations are "necessarily broad," United States v. Dionisio, 410 U.S. 1, 13 (1973), and while they seek to discover possible criminal conduct, they also serve the "invaluable function in our society of standing between the accuser and the accused" and protecting "the innocent against hasty, malicious, and oppressive prosecution," Wood v. Georgia, 370 U.S. 375, 390 (1962). Thus, it is "clearly recognized" that giving evidence as part of a grand jury investigation is a "public dut[y] which every person within the jurisdiction of the government is bound to perform upon being properly summoned." Blair v. United States, 250 U.S. 273, 281 (1919). And that notion—that it is every person's civic obligation to participate fully in a grand jury investigation—"in itself removes any stigma" from the participation. In re Grand Jury Proceedings Harrisburg Grand Jury 79-1, 658 F.2d 211, 214 (3d Cir. 1981); see

also United States v. Doe, 457 F.2d 895, 898 (2d Cir. 1972) ("A [grand jury] subpoena is served in the same manner as other legal process; it involves no stigma whatever ... and it remains at all times under the control and supervision of a court."), *cert. denied*, 410 U.S. 941 (1973).

Second, unlike criminal indictments and prosecutions, a core feature of grand jury investigations is secrecy: "Since the 17th Century, grand jury proceedings have been closed to the public, and records of such proceedings have been kept from the public eye." Douglas Oil Co. v. Petrol Stops Nw., 441 U.S. 211, 218 n.9 (1979); see also United States v. Proctor & Gamble, 356 U.S. 677, 681-82 (1958). Today, federal and state rules guarantee secrecy in grand jury proceedings. See, e.g., FED. R. CRIM. P. 6(e)(2); N.Y. CRIM. PROC. LAW § 190.25(4)(a).

Petitioner contends that he is nonetheless subject to stigma because he is not merely a witness but the "target" of the grand jury's criminal investigation. That is not so. The only person who has ever described petitioner as a "target" of the grand jury investigation at issue is petitioner himself.<sup>10</sup> But even if petitioner were a "target," grand jury secrecy prevents any stigma by ensuring "that persons who are accused but exonerated by the grand jury will not be held up to public ridicule." *Douglas Oil Co.*, 441 U.S. at 219.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The Mazars Subpoena does not identify petitioner (or anyone else) as a "target" of the investigation but was issued as a part of the grand jury's fact-gathering process into conduct that involves petitioner and multiple other persons and entities.

Third, to the extent that a grand jury subpoena for a President's records of unofficial conduct raises any stigmatic concerns, the Court has already rejected far more serious stigmatic harms as a basis to avoid judicial process. Nixon required the production—and, depending on relevance, public disclosure—of the President's privileged, sensitive Oval Office conversations that would implicate him in a criminal conspiracy. Clinton envisioned civil proceedings that could result in a jury verdict determining that the President had acted improperly or unlawfully in his private conduct. An investigatory subpoena for documents in the sanctity of the grand jury threatens no remotely comparable stigma.

4. *Nixon* confirms that the prospect of temporary presidential immunity from indictment does not imply immunity from a criminal subpoena. *Nixon* held that a sitting President could be required to produce confidential communications from the Oval Office. 418 U.S. at 703, 713. Yet at the same time, the Court expressly declined to address whether the grand jury acted within its authority in naming President Nixon as an unindicted coconspirator, concluding that resolution of that issue was "unnecessary to resolution of the question whether the claim of privilege [in resisting the subpoenal is to prevail." Id. at 687 n.2. That necessarily means that the subpoena question is distinct from the indictment question—it did not matter to the Nixon Court whether a President could be named as an unindicted coconspirator because the President could be issued a trial subpoena either way.

Petitioner overlooks this aspect of *Nixon* and instead relies on *Fitzgerald*, which he contends held that a President is immune from civil suits stemming from official conduct because "personal vulnerability" to such suits would "distract [the President] from ... public duties." Petr. Br. 30 (quoting Fitzgerald, 457 U.S. at 753). If a *civil* suit is too distracting, petitioner reasons, a *criminal* investigation must also be. Id. But the Court's immunity holding in Fitzgerald was not based on distraction caused by the litigation itself. If it were, then *Clinton* would have come out the other way. Rather, *Fitzgerald* recognized that liability for official conduct would "render [a President] unduly cautious in the discharge of his official duties." 457 U.S. at 752 n.32; see Clinton, 520 U.S. at 694 n.19. And, as explained, this Court has recognized that the Constitution does not immunize a President from the general burden of responding to legal process involving private conduct. Clinton, 520 U.S. at 694, 701-706.

Criminal investigation of a President's private conduct, in short, does not come with such inherent, serious burdens as to justify a categorical rule of absolute immunity.

#### B. Absolute Immunity From State Criminal Investigation Would Strike Deeply Into Principles Of Accountability And Federalism

Beyond his arguments for immunity from any and all criminal process (including investigation), petitioner asserts that such immunity is especially important where *state or local* grand jury investigations are concerned. *See* Petr. Br. 16, 23. If state prosecutors are permitted to ask grand juries to investigate a President, he argues, thousands of vexatious and harassing investigations will "embroil the sitting President in criminal proceedings," making it impossible to fulfill Article II functions. *Id.* at 26. Those speculative concerns cannot justify an unprecedented new rule of immunity that would flip constitutional notions of federalism and accountability on their head.

1. It is a fundamental tenet of our system of federalism that "both the Federal government and the States wield sovereign powers." *Gamble v. United States*, 139 S. Ct. 1960, 1968 (2019). The federal government's powers are limited and expressly delineated, while the Constitution reserves any remaining powers for the States and the people. *See* U.S. CONST. amend. X. In particular, our system "reserv[es] a generalized police power to the States," in recognition of the States' unique interest in investigating and prosecuting crimes within their borders. *United States v. Morrison*, 529 U.S. 598, 618 n.8 (2000).

Despite the centrality of the States to the Nation's criminal justice system, petitioner contends that the presidency requires a blanket immunity from state investigations because state prosecutors cannot be trusted to exercise their investigatory power responsibly when it comes to a President. Yet petitioner cannot identify a single instance of state prosecutors abusing that power.<sup>11</sup> He insists that a lack of abusive investigations or prosecutions is evidence that

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> The Solicitor General's catalogue of examples of purportedly harassing behavior by state officials, *see* U.S. Br. 18-21, demonstrates the opposite of what he suggests. Only one of these examples involved a state or local prosecutor. In the lone

state prosecutors did not previously understand themselves to have such power, and that once they do, "the floodgates will open." Petr. Br. 28. That is a remarkably thin reed on which to rest a claim of prophylactic constitutional immunity, which is why this Court rejected a virtually identical argument in *Clin*ton. There, the President argued that a decision denying immunity would "engulf the Presidency" in a "deluge" of private litigation. *Clinton*, 520 U.S. at 702. But that prediction did not convince the Court to recognize an immunity from civil suits for private conduct, and moreover, the prediction turned out to be wrong: In the two decades since *Clinton* was decided, only a handful of private suits have been filed against Presidents, many of which have been quickly dismissed by courts, minimizing any potential interference with the presidency. See, e.g., Johnson v. Trump for Pres., Inc., 2019 WL 2492122 (M.D. Fla. June 14, 2019); Sibley v. Obama, 866 F. Supp. 2d 17 (D.D.C. 2012).

The Court's refusal to credit speculative claims of harassing civil litigation in *Clinton* applies *a fortiori* to state criminal investigations. If anything, such investigations by officials who take an oath to support the Constitution give rise to substantially less cause for concern. U.S. CONST. art. VI, cl. 3 (requiring state

exception, an outgoing district attorney indicted Vice President Cheney and other federal officials, not President Bush, and a state court promptly dismissed the indictment, demonstrating that courts are fully capable of checking any prosecutorial misconduct. See Debra Cassens Weiss, Judge Tosses Indictments of Vice President Cheney, Ex-AG Gonzales, A.B.A. J. DAILY NEWS, Dec. 2, 2008, http://bit.ly/2SSNVPW.

officers to "be bound by Oath or Affirmation, to support this Constitution"). A state prosecutor, unlike a private plaintiff, is "under an ethical obligation, not only to win and zealously to advocate for his client but also to serve the cause of justice." Cheney v. U.S. Dist. Ct., 542 U.S. 367, 386 (2004). Thus, the "responsible exercise of prosecutorial discretion" serves as a check on potentially vexatious or harassing criminal litigation that has no counterpart in the civil system. Id. This Court has repeatedly explained that the lack of "the check imposed by prosecutorial discretion" is a reason to reject or narrow the scope of private actions. RJR Nabisco, Inc. v. European Cmty., 136 S. Ct. 2090, 2106 (2016) (quoting Sosa v. Alvarez-Machain, 542) U.S. 692, 727 (2004)). The presence of that same check provides ample reason here to refrain from immunizing a President against criminal investigation of private conduct.

Indeed, decades of this Court's precedents flatly reject the assumption implied in petitioner's prophylactic rule—*viz.*, that state prosecutors are likely to exercise their investigatory powers irresponsibly. As "representative[s] not of an ordinary party to a controversy, but of a sovereignty whose obligation to govern impartially is as compelling as its obligation to govern at all," prosecutors' "interest ... in a criminal prosecution is not that [they] shall win a case, but that justice shall be done." *Berger v. United States*, 295 U.S. 78, 88 (1935). Accordingly, state prosecutors, like their federal counterparts, are cloaked in a presumption of regularity: "It is generally to be assumed that state courts and prosecutors will observe constitutional limitations as expounded by this Court." Dombrowski v. Pfister, 380 U.S. 479, 484 (1965). Thus, this Court has recognized that "federal interference with a State's good-faith administration of its criminal laws is peculiarly inconsistent with our federal framework," *id.*, and cautioned against "denigrat[ing] the independent judgment of state prosecutors to execute the laws of those sovereigns," *Carachuri-Rosendo v. Holder*, 560 U.S. 563, 580 (2010).

This Court, in sum, has been "unwilling to credit ... ominous intimations of hostile state prosecutors and collaborationist state courts interfering with federal officers." *Mesa v. California*, 489 U.S. 121, 138 (1989). Yet that is exactly what petitioner asks this Court to do, based on unwarranted generalizations and rampant speculation without even a hint of evidence in history or actual practice. No constitutional principle authorizes a rule of prophylactic immunity from the ordinary incidents of citizenship premised on such unfounded fears.

2. Petitioner's argument for a special rule of immunity from state investigation also ignores the substantial structural and practical limitations on state prosecutors. State prosecutors generally may only bring prosecutions within their jurisdictions and so are inherently limited in the investigations they can launch. Every state jurisdiction also has adopted a rule requiring prosecutors to refrain from prosecuting baseless charges unsupported by probable cause,<sup>12</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Forty-nine States and the District of Columbia have adopted the American Bar Association's Model Rule of Professional Conduct 3.8(a), which provides that prosecutors "shall refrain from prosecuting a charge that the prosecutor knows is not

and a prosecutor who violates that rule can be subject to professional discipline. *Connick v. Thompson*, 563 U.S. 51, 66 (2011). The "development and enforcement of [these] professional standards for prosecutors ... lessen the danger ... [of] prosecutorial misconduct." *Malley v. Briggs*, 475 U.S. 335, 343 n.5 (1986). And if these professional disciplinary mechanisms were not enough, prosecutors can be punished criminally under 18 U.S.C. § 242 for "willfully depriv[ing] [a] citizen of ... constitutional rights." *O'Shea v. Littleton*, 414 U.S. 488, 503 (1974).

As petitioner himself points out and the cases he cites show, moreover, state grand juries are already precluded from targeting federal officials for official acts. Petr. Br. 30-31 (citing United States v. McLeod, 385 F.2d 734, 750-52 (5th Cir. 1967) (state grand jury precluded from investigating DOJ activities); United States v. Owlett, 15 F. Supp. 736, 741 (M.D. Pa. 1936) (state legislative committee barred from investigating operations of Federal Works Progress Administration)). That result follows from the protections for the exercise of official duties granted by the Supremacy Clause. See supra at 13-15. This prohibition against state prosecutors' investigating a President's official conduct minimizes any risk of prosecutorial interference with Article II duties. No basis exists to extend such an immunity to cover purely private acts.

3. Finally, petitioner fails to explain why existing judicial checks on harassing or overly burdensome subpoenas do not suffice to ameliorate any harm that

supported by probable cause." California has an analogous rule. *See* CAL. RULES OF PROF'L CONDUCT r. 3.8(a).

might occur in a particular case. State courts, like federal courts, have tools to protect the presidency from grand jury abuse and harassment. See, e.g., Virag v. Hynes, 54 N.Y.2d 437, 443-44 (1981) (explaining grounds to quash grand jury subpoena duces te*cum*); *infra* at 42-43. And a President can seek to make a credible factual showing in federal court that a subpoena seeking evidence of unofficial, unprivileged conduct is issued in bad faith or actually threatens Article II interests. Cf. Huffman v. Pursue, Ltd., 420 U.S. 592, 611 (1975) (federal intervention in a state proceeding may be appropriate if "the state proceeding is motivated by a desire to harass or is conducted in bad faith"); Younger v. Harris, 401 U.S. 37, 45 (1971) ("[W]hen absolutely necessary for protection of constitutional rights, courts of the United States have power to enjoin state officers from instituting criminal actions.").<sup>13</sup> Federal and state courts are required to approach any case-specific allegation of harassment or burden on a President's Article II functions with the "high respect that is owed to the office of the Chief Executive." Clinton, 520 U.S. at 707. Petitioner provides no reason to believe that, in the unlikely event that a state prosecutorial office abuses its authority, both state and federal courts will fail to protect the presidency from a well-founded showing of harassment or burden.

Such case-by-case checks are consistent with this Court's prior treatment of judicial process against a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Respondent did not challenge in this Court the Second Circuit's holding that *Younger* abstention does not preclude such federal court review.

President, especially when it comes to unofficial conduct. See supra at 19-22. In contrast, a prophylactic immunity protecting a President from the ordinary duties of citizenship with respect to purely private conduct would be unprecedented. Congress could, of course, enact such a prophylactic immunity if it believed it necessary to provide a President more protection than the Constitution requires. See Clinton, 520 U.S. at 709. But no constitutional provision or principle authorizes this Court to adopt such a novel rule.

#### C. The Solicitor General's Heightened-Need Standard Applies Only To Privileged Materials

The Solicitor General stops short of supporting petitioner's claim of absolute, unqualified immunity. But the Solicitor General puts forth his own categorical, prophylactic rule, arguing that a state prosecutor must in every case "satisfy a heightened standard of need." U.S. Br. 26. Nothing justifies applying such a rule to state grand jury subpoenas across the board.

The heightened-need standard derives principally from *Nixon*, where the Court held that when a subpoena seeks material over which a President makes an "assertion of privilege," the government must show a "demonstrated, specific need" for the evidence to overcome that claim. 418 U.S. at 713. *Nixon* involved a trial subpoena, but the D.C. Circuit later applied this standard in the grand jury context, concluding that "to overcome [a] presidential privilege it is necessary to demonstrate with specificity why it is likely that the subpoenaed materials contain important evidence and why this evidence, or equivalent evidence, is not practically available from another source." *In re Sealed Case*, 121 F.3d at 756.

The Solicitor General contends that respondent "has not satisfied" that standard here. U.S. Br. 26. But respondent never attempted to satisfy any heightened-need standard in the district court because petitioner argued only for categorical immunity—not a heightened standard—until his petition for certiorari in this Court.<sup>14</sup> In any event, nothing justifies applying such a heightened threshold standard when the materials sought are not privileged or confidential official documents but rather purely private ones pertaining only to acts taken by a President as an ordinary citizen.

1. The Solicitor General acknowledges that, in every case applying the heightened-need standard, the subpoena at issue involved "the President's [confidential] communications with his advisors." U.S. Br. 28. There has never been any real dispute on this point, see, e.g., In re Sealed Case, 121 F.3d at 753 (heightened-need standard concerns the "type of showing of need the [prosecutor] must make in defense of the grand jury subpoena in order to overcome the privilege"), but petitioner—who advances a heightened-need standard as a fallback—disputes it anyway, arguing that Nixon's heightened-need holding was independent of President Nixon's claim of privilege, Petr. Br. 46.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> DOJ raised its proposed heightened-need standard for the first time on appeal in the Second Circuit—also after respondent would have had any opportunity to demonstrate that he can satisfy it.

Petitioner is wrong. *Nixon* announced the heightened-need standard in the section of the opinion labeled "The Claim of Privilege" and explained that the government must show a "demonstrated, specific need" for the evidence when there has been an "assertion of privilege" based on "confidentiality." 418 U.S. at 703, 713. The portion of *Nixon* on which petitioner relies that is *not* specifically addressed to a claim of privilege concerned Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 17, *id.* at 702, and had nothing to do with the heightened-need standard.

Petitioner also seeks to expand heightened need beyond executive claims grounded in confidentiality interests, based on a distorted reading of *Cheney*. He cites that case for the proposition that "[s]pecial considerations control' ... whenever the 'autonomy' of the President's office is at stake—which is always the case 'in the conduct of litigation against' the Chief Executive." Petr. Br. 46 (quoting Cheney, 542 U.S. at 385). What this Court actually said was that "special considerations control when the Executive Branch's interests in maintaining the autonomy of its office and safeguarding the confidentiality of its communications are implicated." Cheney, 542 U.S. at 385 (emphasis added). The Vice President did not formally invoke executive privilege in *Cheney*, but this Court held that facially overbroad requests for information about a task force that advised the President could nonetheless be narrowed to avoid unnecessary interference with official Executive Branch functions. Id. at 387. Even interpreting *Cheney* to impose some type of heightened burden when a civil plaintiff seeks discovery of official materials, no case from this or any

other Court suggests that a heightened showing is required when the evidence sought is unofficial, purely private, and implicates no interest in government confidentiality or privilege.

2. Requiring a prosecutor to make a showing of special need for evidence makes sense in the context of privilege: Article II provides a qualified privilege to protect the confidentiality of official communications. See supra at 14, 38. But that privilege (like any qualified privilege) must be balanced against other important public interests, such as the public's interest in "the fair adjudication of a particular criminal case in the administration of justice." Nixon, 418 U.S. at 713. Otherwise said, because a President's confidential communications in furtherance of official presidential duties are presumptively protected, a prosecutor must make a special showing to overcome the presumption. No such across-the-board rule makes sense, however, when the materials in guestion are not confidential communications with Executive-Branch advisers but are instead a President's purely private records.

The Solicitor General nevertheless argues that a heightened-need standard is required to "mitigate the risk of harassment" of a President by prosecutors and "reduce the risk of subjecting the President to unwarranted burdens." U.S. Br. 28. But this argument fails for the same reason that petitioner's similar argument for absolute immunity fails: The Solicitor General offers no basis for an across-the-board rule based on a *risk* of such harms when courts can (and should) remedy those harms if and when they actually arise in a particular case. *Cf. Burr*, 25 F. Cas. at 34 ("The guard, furnished to [a President], to protect him from being harassed by vexatious and unnecessary subpoenas, is to be looked for in the conduct of a court after those subpoenas have issued; not in any circumstance which is to precede their being issued.").

In fact, the ordinary procedures for challenging grand jury subpoenas already provide for quashing or modifying subpoenas on harassment and excessiveburden grounds. See, e.g., FED. R. CRIM. P. 17(c)(2) ("[A] court may quash or modify [a] subpoena if compliance would be unreasonable or oppressive."); United States v. R. Enters., Inc., 498 U.S. 292, 299 (1991) ("Grand juries are not licensed to engage in arbitrary fishing expeditions, nor may they select targets of investigation out of malice or an intent to harass."); Virag, 54 N.Y.2d at 443-44 (grand jury subpoena duces tecum may be quashed if the "materials sought have no relation to the matter under investigation" or upon showing of "bad faith").

Article II, moreover, requires courts to be especially sensitive to the unique position occupied by a sitting President, making clear that they are not "required to proceed against the president as against an ordinary individual." *Nixon*, 418 U.S. at 708 (quoting *Burr*, 25 F. Cas. at 192). Thus, if a President showed in a particular case that complying with a grand jury subpoena would unduly impede Article II functions, a court could narrow the subpoena, extend the time to comply, or, in extreme cases, quash it. As this Court explained in *Clinton*, "[i]f and when" a President shows that judicial process would interfere with official presidential functions, a court should respond "in such fashion ... that interference with the President's duties would not occur." 520 U.S. at 708. But in a case when "no such impingement upon the President's" official conduct is shown, *id.*, no basis exists for requiring a heightened showing.

The same is true for harassing subpoenas. Courts already must quash grand jury subpoenas issued "out of malice or an intent to harass," R. Enters., 498 U.S. at 299; see Virag, 54 N.Y.2d at 443-44, and the same protections would apply with special force to a President, in light of the office's unique position as the head of the Executive Branch, cf. Nixon, 418 U.S. at 702 (appellate review of a subpoena to a President should be "particularly meticulous" (citing Burr, 25 F. Cas. at 34)). Beyond that review, a President could invoke constitutional principles grounded in Article II if the President could make a factual showing that an investigative demand for private documents was intended as retaliation for official policies. Cf. United States v. Goodwin, 457 U.S. 368, 380 n.12 (1982) (defendant may establish claim for vindictive prosecution by "prov[ing] through objective evidence an improper prosecutorial motive"); Branzburg v. Hayes, 408 U.S. 665, 707-08 (1972) (First and Fifth Amendments prohibit grand jury subpoenas that constitute "[o]fficial harassment"). But the Solicitor General has offered no ground for special scrutiny where, as here, the President has made no prima facie showing of malice, harassment, or politically motivated conduct.15

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Because all subpoenas, state or federal, are ultimately constrained by constitutional principles, *see Branzburg*, 408 U.S.

The Solicitor General also errs in suggesting that a prophylactic, across-the-board rule is required to ensure federal-court review of allegedly overly burdensome or harassing subpoenas issued to a President. U.S. Br. 28-29. A President may address objections to grand jury subpoenas in state *or* federal court if a viable constitutional claim is put forward based on a case-specific showing. *See supra* at 36-37.

There is, in sum, no constitutional basis for requiring state prosecutors to satisfy a heightened-need standard in every case based on the *risk* of impermissibly burdensome or harassing subpoenas, when a President will have every opportunity to show that a particular subpoena in a particular case *in fact* interferes with the ability to carry out official presidential duties or was issued in bad faith or to harass. As explained in Part III, however, petitioner has made neither showing in this case, which requires affirming the decision below.

at 707-08; In re Grand Jury Subpoenas for Locals 17, 135, 257, & 608 of the United Bhd. of Carpenters & Joiners, 72 N.Y.2d 307, 312-17 (1988), the fact that Rule 17(c) does not apply in state proceedings does not leave a President with inadequate protection, nor does it suggest that a heightened-need standard must be universally applied in Rule 17(c)'s place. Contra Petr. Br. 47.

## D. The Prophylactic Rules Proposed By Petitioner And The Solicitor General Would Impose Severe And Unwarranted Negative Consequences On The Criminal Justice System

Apart from lacking any constitutional basis, the prophylactic, across-the-board rules pressed by petitioner and the Solicitor General will substantially harm the public's interest in the proper administration of criminal justice.

1. The costs of an absolute rule of presidential immunity during a President's term of office are obvious and severe.

To start, petitioner concedes that a President is amenable to criminal indictment and prosecution after leaving office. Petr. Br. 16. Yet immunizing a President from investigation during a presidential term risks effectively providing permanent immunity from indictment and prosecution, because delay "increase[s] the danger of prejudice [to the State] resulting from the loss of evidence." Clinton, 520 U.S. at 707-08. And "the constitutional need for production of relevant evidence in a criminal proceeding is specific and central to the fair adjudication of a particular criminal case in the administration of justice"-"[w]ithout access to specific facts a criminal prosecution may be totally frustrated." Nixon, 418 U.S. at 713. This is presumably why OLC has concluded that while a President is not amenable to indictment while in office, "[a] grand jury could continue to gather evidence throughout the period of immunity." Moss Memo 257 n.36.

The immunity petitioner seeks would also profoundly affect criminal investigations into conduct by other parties. Complex financial relationships, such as those being investigated here, often have multiple members, and a President's records may be (and are in this case) essential to evaluating the actions of other individuals and entities. Not only would petitioner's absolute immunity rule frustrate investigation of such third parties but it could well immunize them altogether. Absent the gathering of sufficient evidence, no indictment could be filed—and any rule that might toll a limitations period during the term of a President's immunity, see supra at 25-26 & n.9, would provide no basis for tolling the limitations period for third parties who are not legally immune from prosecution. A delay in the ability to investigate such third parties for the length of a presidential term may well result in the running of the relevant limitations period and thus de facto immunity.

All of that assumes that the evidence in a President's possession would inculpate third parties. But such evidence could also *exonerate* them. Shielding exculpatory evidence during a President's term could lead to wrongful indictment or even conviction, eroding the grand jury's "invaluable function" in "standing between the accuser and the accused." *Wood*, 370 U.S. at 390.

2. The Solicitor General's alternative heightened-need rule would likewise impose serious costs on the administration of criminal justice. After all, the grand jury's "right to every man's evidence" yields only as to "those persons protected by a constitutional, common-law, or statutory privilege." *Branzburg*, 408 U.S. at 688; *see supra* at 14, 38. And as the Court explained in *Nixon*, such "exceptions ... are not lightly created nor expansively construed, for they are in derogation of the search for truth." 418 U.S. at 710.

The impediment to criminal accountability for private conduct would be especially severe if the Court were to adopt the Solicitor General's expansive view of the heightened-need standard. According to the Solicitor General, respondent cannot satisfy the standard because respondent "in all events lacks the power to indict the President before the end of the President's term," and so "the immediate production of the President's records" is not "critical to the grand jury's investigation." U.S. Br. 32. On that view, there would be no difference between the heightened-need standard and the absolute immunity that petitioner seeks. The heightened-need standard would thereby implicate all the same severe harms to the criminal justice system as petitioner's absolute immunity rule. When a subpoena seeks confidential official records that implicate Article II concerns, a countervailing constitutional interest may justify limited costs to the administration of criminal justice. But there is no constitutional or other justification for imposing such costs on criminal justice when the subpoena concerns only a President's private, unofficial records.

III. PETITIONER HAS NOT SHOWN THAT THIS SUBPOENA IMPERMISSIBLY BUR-DENS HIS ABILITY TO PERFORM OFFI-CIAL FUNCTIONS OR WAS ISSUED IN BAD FAITH

Although petitioner is not entitled to any prophylactic immunity rule, a President could move to quash or narrow a subpoena in a particular case upon a showing of either an *actual* (not theoretical) burden that interferes with the ability to perform official Article II duties, or *actual* bad faith or harassment. But petitioner has not demonstrated any cognizable burden here. And while he has suggested that the Mazars Subpoena was issued in bad faith, that contention lacks support, as the district court has already found.

A. Petitioner has not shown that responding to the Mazars Subpoena would unduly interfere with his ability to carry out his official duties. To the contrary, the potential burdens of the Subpoena are minimal, particularly when compared with the judicial processes this Court has ratified in prior cases.

*First*, the Mazars Subpoena seeks only petitioner's personal documents. It does not require him to appear at a hearing or testify under oath. Yet this Court in *Clinton* concluded that requiring a President to prepare for deposition and give sworn testimony did not warrant even a stay of that proceeding, let alone full immunity. *See* 520 U.S. at 704-06. Even setting aside that this subpoena is not directed at petitioner himself, *see infra* at 50, the burden imposed by the requirement to disclose readily available financial records is far less than the already-approved burden of preparing for and providing sworn testimony at a civil deposition.

Second, the Nixon subpoena required the production of documents that would be used in a criminal *trial*, which would be open to the public. 418 U.S. at 688, 711; see U.S. CONST. amend. VI. Public disclosure of a President's communications with top-level advisers in the Oval Office clearly would have had a substantial impact on the President's interest in confidentiality and would have been a major distraction from official presidential functions. Here, in contrast, the records sought by the Mazars Subpoena will be directed to a state grand jury proceeding, the secrecy of which is mandated by New York law. See N.Y. CRIM. PROC. LAW § 190.25(4)(a). Only if a prosecution were instituted and the records constituted evidence of the crimes charged would they be offered in a public trial, and even then, confidentiality concerns could be addressed through routine court orders, for example to redact sensitive identifying information. Cf. Nixon, 418 U.S. at 714-16.<sup>16</sup>

*Third*, the information sought by the Mazars Subpoena is far less sensitive than the material subpoenaed in *Nixon*. The financial information, such as tax returns, sought by the Mazars Subpoena has nothing to do with presidential functions. In fact, tax returns are routinely submitted to federal and state agencies, presidential candidates and Presidents routinely release them publicly, and petitioner himself

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Petitioner asserts that the fact that this case involves a grand jury investigation, rather than a criminal trial, cuts against enforcement of the Mazars Subpoena, because a "trial triggers additional and competing constitutional rights held by the criminal defendant." Petr. Br. 43 n.7. But petitioner offers no plausible argument for why that matters. The truth-finding interests that compelled enforcement of the trial subpoena in *Nixon* are just as weighty in the grand jury context. *See supra* at 22. That a criminal defendant has greater constitutional protections than the subject of a grand jury investigation does not somehow make a grand jury subpoena more burdensome or less necessary than a trial subpoena.

has asserted that he would do so if his returns were not under audit. There is no additional burden to providing those same documents to a secret grand jury by court order.

*Fourth*, unlike the *Nixon* subpoena, which required the President himself to produce documents and recordings, the Mazars Subpoena "is directed not to the President, but to his accountants," and "compliance does not require the President to do anything." Pet. App. 20a. Petitioner objects that, because the underlying documents are his, he has standing to challenge a subpoena seeking them. Petr. Br. 17, 35. But the question here is not standing. It is whether having to comply with the Mazars Subpoena will interfere with petitioner's ability to perform official functions because of distraction. And the fact that the Mazars Subpoena is not directed at petitioner, even if his lawyers consult with him before production, makes clear that the judicial process here will impose no direct, cognizable burden on petitioner.<sup>17</sup>

B. Petitioner has also failed to make a threshold showing that the Mazars Subpoena was issued in bad faith or with the intent to harass. Despite having had

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Petitioner contends that it is not any direct burden but the indirect "distractions and mental burdens" associated with the Mazars Subpoena that "matter." Petr. Br. 38. But as explained above, if the mere fact that a President might be required to "consult with his attorneys, consider the need to assert available privileges, and otherwise participate in his defense," Petr. Br. 38 (footnote omitted), were a cognizable burden, *Clinton* would have been decided differently. *See supra* at 19-20, 48. And petitioner does not and cannot identify any more specific imposition that exists in this case.

the opportunity to adduce any relevant evidence before the district court, see D. Ct. Dkt. 38, petitioner continues to rely principally on two facts to show harassment—viz., (i) that the Mazars Subpoena was largely patterned on congressional subpoenas, Petr. Br. 48; and (ii) that various officials in New York unaffiliated with respondent have made statements regarding efforts to investigate petitioner and his tax returns, *id.* at 26-27. Yet the district court rejected these very arguments when evaluating petitioner's contention that the bad-faith exception to Younger abstention applied and concluded that they did not suffice to demonstrate bad faith.

As the district court recognized, there is nothing suspect about the Office's decision to pattern the Mazars Subpoena on the congressional subpoenas, because those subpoenas "encompass documents relevant to the state's investigation," and mirroring the congressional subpoenas would "enable Mazars to produce those documents promptly." Pet. App. 56a. That respondent sought to facilitate the production of documents by streamlining the process is certainly not evidence of bad faith.

Meanwhile, the vast majority of the statements petitioner cites as supposed evidence of the motives behind this investigation were not made by respondent or anyone else associated with the Office or the investigation, and therefore (as the district court found) "do not reveal the 'subjective motive' of [respondent] in initiating these particular proceedings." Pet. App. 56a. The only statements petitioner cites that were actually made by the Office are badly mischaracterized: Each was a direct response to or summary of petitioner's or DOJ's position, not a description of the true motivation for the investigation or the Mazars Subpoena. *See* C.A. Dkt. 99, at 4, 6 (summarizing petitioner's and DOJ's position that any state investigation of a President must come after impeachment); D. Ct. Dkt. 33, at 1-2 (responding to DOJ's position that compliance with the Subpoena would result in irreparable harm); D. Ct. Dkt. 38, at 43 (responding to argument that the grand jury might not preserve the secrecy of the subpoenaed documents).

Having considered these facts, the district court found no basis to "impute bad faith to [respondent]." Pet. App. 58a. Petitioner has offered this Court no basis to second-guess that conclusion, which is plainly correct. See, e.g., Inwood Labs., Inc. v. Ives Labs., Inc., 456 U.S. 844, 857 (1982) ("[a]n appellate court cannot substitute its interpretation of the evidence for that of the trial court simply because the reviewing court might give the facts another construction [or] resolve the ambiguities differently" (internal quotation marks omitted)).

Petitioner has failed, in short, to demonstrate that the Mazars Subpoena imposes a burden that would unduly interfere with his ability to perform his official duties or that it is a bad faith effort at presidential harassment.

### CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, the decision below should be affirmed.

Respectfully submitted,

CAITLIN HALLIGAN	CAREY R. DUNNE
RYAN W. ALLISON	Counsel of Record
DAVID A. COON	CHRISTOPHER CONROY
SELENDY & GAY PLLC	SOLOMON B. SHINEROCK
1290 Sixth Avenue	JAMES H. GRAHAM
New York, NY 10104	SARAH WALSH
	Allen J. Vickey
WALTER DELLINGER	NEW YORK COUNTY
DUKE UNIVERSITY LAW	DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE
School	One Hogan Place
Science Drive &	New York, NY 10013
Towerview Road	(212) 335-9000
Durham, NC 27706	dunnec@dany.nyc.gov

Counsel for Respondent Cyrus R. Vance, Jr.

February 26, 2020

### 53

# GX 1

### **Deborah Tarasoff**

>

From: Sent: To: Cc: Subject: Jeff McConney Tuesday, February 14, 2017 12:11 PM Deborah Tarasoff Allen Weisselberg FW: \$\$

Deb,

Please pay from the Trust. Post to legal expenses. Put "retainer for the months of January and February 2017" in the description.

Thanks Jeff



THE TRUMP ORGANIZATION

Jeffrey S. McConney Senior Vice President/Controller 725 Fifth Avenue | New York, NY | 10022 p. 17231 | f. 5396 &trumporg.com | Trump.com

842457
842460
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE
ENTITY # DITREY
AMOUNT \$
G/L'CODE # 51505
DATE PAID

From: Allen Weisselberg Sent: Tuesday, February 14, 2017 12:03 PM To: Jeff McConney < @ Trumporg.com> Subject: RE: \$\$

Ok to pay as per agreement with Don and Eric.

From: Jeff McConney Sent: Tuesday, February 14, 2017 12:02 PM To: Allen Weisselberg Subject: FW: \$\$

Allen,

Please approve the below invoice for payment.

Thanks Jeff



Jeffrey S. McConney Senior Vice President/Controller 725 Fifth Avenue | New York, NY | 10022 p. 231 | f. 5396 Strumpora.com | Trump.com



CONFIDENTIAL

1 1

From: Michael Cohen	[mailto:	@gmail.com]
Sent: Tuesday, Februar	ry 14, 2017	11:58 AM
To: Jeff McConney <	<u>.</u>	trumporg.com>
Subject: Re: \$\$		



February 14, 2017

Invoice

Allen Weisselberg C/O: Donald J. Trump 725 Fifth Avenue New York, New York 10022

Dear Allen,

Pursuant to the retainer agreement, kindly remit payment for services rendered for the months of January and February, 2017.

January, 2017: \$35,000.00 February, 2017: \$35,000.00

Thank you. Michael Cohen

On Tue, Feb 14, 2017 at 10:34 AM Jeff McConney < @trumporg.com> wrote:

\$35,000 per month

*	Jeffrey S. McConney Senior Vice President/Controller 725 Fifth Avenue   New York, NY   10022 p7231   f5396
	Minumporg.com   Trump.com

From: Michael Cohen [mailto: @gmail.com] Sent: Tuesday, February 14, 2017 10:01 AM

@trumporg.com> To: Jeff McConney < Subject: Re: \$\$

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Jeff,	i.
Please remind me of the monthly amount?	2
On Tue, Feb 14, 2017 at 8:43 AM Jeff McConney	
Mike,	1-1
Please send me invoices so I can have the checks cut.	
	ŧ
Thanks	
Jeff	Ę
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	00
Jeffrey S. McConney Senior Vice President/Controller 725 Fifth Avenue   New York, NY   10022 p. 7231   f. 7231   f.	i
<u> Rtrumporg.com</u>   <u>Trump.com</u>	1 1
From: Michael Cohen [mailto: @gmail.com] Sent: Tuesday, February 14, 2017 7:59 AM	
To: Jeff McConney < @trumporg.com> Subject: Re: \$\$	1
	1
Jeff,	I
Sorry for the delay and thank you for the reminder. Please have the monthly checks for J made payable to Michael D. Cohen, Esq. and sent to	anuary and February
Hope you are well and see you soon.	
On Mon, Feb 6, 2017 at 9:39 AM Jeff McConney	
Mike,	, F - F

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; ; ; , Just a reminder to get me the invoices you spoke to Allen about.

Thanks

Jeff

Jeffrey S. McConney

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Yours,

Michael D. Cohen, Esq. Personal Attorney to President Donald J. Trump -0114 @gmail.com 1.1

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Yours,

Michael D. Cohen, Esq. Personal Attorney to President Donald J. Trump -0114 @gmail.com

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--Yours,

Michael D. Cohen, Esq. Personal Attorney to President Donald J. Trump D114 @gmail.com Ē

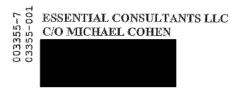
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# GX 35



## SIMPLIFIED BUSINESS CHECKING



**Statement Period:** October 26, 2016 -October 31, 2016

Account Number: XXX-XXX0-1897

At Your Service: 24-Hour Automated Banking System (800) 392-1407

Page 1 of 2

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ACCOUNT SUMMARY	7	XXX-XXX0-1897	
Beginning Balance	\$0.00	Average Daily Balance	\$22,637.50
Total Deposits and Credits	\$131,000.00	Minimum Balance	\$965.00
Total Withdrawals and Debits	\$130,035.00-	Service Charges	\$0.00
Total Checks Paid	\$0.00 -	Interest Earned This Period	\$0.00
Ending Balance	\$965.00.	Interest Year to Date	\$0.00

## ACCOUNT ACTIVITY

DATE	DESCRIPTION	-	AMOUNT
	Deposits and Credits		
10/26	CREDIT-SPECIAL ADV 6194		\$131,000.00
	Total Deposits and Credits		\$131,000.00
	Withdrawals and Debits		
10/27	DOMESTIC WIRE FUNDS-DEBIT KEITH M DAVIDSON ASSOCIATES PLC		\$130,000.00-
10/27	WIRE TRANSFER FEE		\$35.00-
	Total Withdrawals and Debits		\$130,035.00-
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III PINE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94111, TEL (415) 392-1400 OR 1-800-392-1400 24 HOUR AUTOMATED BANKING SYSTEM 1-800-392-1407 www.firstrepublic.com · MEMBER FDIC

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## **GX 68**

Message	
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From:	Rhona Graff [/O=EXCHANGELABS/OU=EXCHANGE ADMINISTRATIVE GROUP			
	(FYDIBOHF23SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=14EBD437	76C2E4F8BA02446FC9E61E71A-RGRAFF]		
Sent:	1/24/2017 4:12:23 PM			
To:	Westerhout, Madeleine E. EOP/WHO [	@who.eop.gov]		
Subject:	RE: Contacts			

I'm working on it. Hope to have it to you in a little while.

Rhona Graff Senior Vice President - Assistant to the President 725.Fifth Avenue | New York NY | 10022. p. 2000 | p. 2000 7209 | f. 2000 3230 @trumporg.com | trump.com

----Original Message-----From: Westerhout, Madeleine E. EOP/WHO [mailto Sent: Tuesday, January 24, 2017 5:01 PM To: Rhona Graff decom@trumporg.com> Subject: Contacts

Could you have the girls put together a list for me of people that he frequently spoke to? I don't want to have to bug you all the time- even though I will still call often :)

Madeleine Westerhout Executive Assistant to the President Cell: 503 Office: 5295

## **GX 69**

From:	Rhona Graff [/O=EXCHANGELABS/OU=EXCHANGE ADMINISTRATIVE GROUP
	(FYDIBOHF23SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=14EBD4376C2E4F8BA02446FC9E61E71A-RGRAFF]
Sent:	1/24/2017 4:44:57 PM
To:	Westerhout, Madeleine E. EOP/WHO [
Subject:	FW: Contacts
Attachments:	DJT Limited Contacts WH.xlsx

How this for a start?

R



THE TRUMP ORGANIZATION

#### Rhona Graff

Senior Vice President – Assistant to the President 725 Fifth Avenue | New York, NY | 10022 p. 2000 | p. 2000 | f. 2009 | f. 2009 2000 | p. 2000 | f. 2009 | f. 2009 2000 | trump.com

## **GX 81**

OGE Form 278e (March 2014)

U.S. Office of Government Ethics; 5 C.F.R. part 2634 | Form Approved: OMB No. (3209-0001)

Report Type:	Annual
Year (Annual Report only):	2017
	January 20, 2017

#### UNITED STATES OFFICE OF **GOVERNMENT ETHICS**

× Preventing Conflicts of Interest in the Executive Branch

.....

## Executive Branch Personnel Public Financial Disclosure Report (OGE Form 278e)

Filer's Information					
Last Name	First Name	MI	Position	Agency	
Trump	Donald	J	President of the United States of America		
Other Federal Government Positions Held I	During the Preceding 12 Months		damaanaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ah		
N/A					
Name of Congressional Committee Conside	ring Nomination (Nominees onl	y);			
N/A					
Filer's Certification - I certify that the stater	nents I have made in this report a	ure true, con	nplete and correct to the best of my knowledge:		
Signature:			Date:		
	basis of information contained in	this report	, I conclude that the filer is in compliance with applicable	e laws and regulations	
(subject to any comments below)			7		
Signature:	John Brent Date: May 15, 2018				
Other Review Conducted By:		***************************************			
Signature:		Date:			
U.S. Office of Government Ethics Certifica	tion (if required):				
Signature:	~		Date: 5/16/2018		
Comments of Reviewing Officials:					
Note 3 to Part 8: OGE has concluded that the information related to the payment made by Mr. Cohen is required to be reported and that the information provided meets the disclosure requirement for a reportable liability.					

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Instructions for Part 1	

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Filer's Na	U110				Page Number	
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Part 1:	Filer's Positions Held Outside United States Government					
<u> </u>	Organization Name	City/State	Organization Type	Position Held	From	To
	7					
1	4 Shadow Tree Lane LLC	New York, NY	<u> </u>	President	09/26/12	1/19/2017
2	4 Shadow Tree Lane Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	09/26/12	1/19/2017
3	40 Wall Development Associates LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member & President	4/11/95 & 8/11/03	1/18/2017
4	40 Well Street Commercial LLC	New York, NY	uic	President	08/27/09	1/19/2017
5	40 Wall Street LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President	04/23/98	1/19/2017
6	49 Well Strest Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director	04/29/98	1/19/2017
7	3128 Corperation	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director	06/01/99	1/19/2017
8	401 Mezz Venture LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President	10/01/04	1/19/2017
9	401 North Wabash Venture LLC	New York, NY	<u>u.c</u>	Member & President	5/22/02 & 10/1/04	1/19/2017
12	809 North Canon LLC	New York, NY	<u> </u>	President	12/13/06	1/19/2017
13	809 North Canon Member Corporation	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director	12/13/96	1/19/2017
14	81 Pine Note Holder Inc	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Secretary	06/30/99	1/19/2017
15	Avialion Payrol Company	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Chairman	08/09/12	1/19/2017
17	Bedlord Hills Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director & President/Tressuren/Secretary	8/3/1995 & 4/16/96	1/19/2017
18	Briar Hall Operations LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member	01/09/97	1/19/2017
19	Briarollif Properties, Inc.	New York, NY	Corporation	Director & President/Treasurer/Secretary	1/17/1996 & 4/16/96	1/19/2017
20	Caribusiness MRE LLC	New York, NY	<u> </u>	Member	03/13/13	1/19/2017
21	Caribusinass RE Corp. The	New York, NY	Carporation	Director/Chairman/President	03/12/15	1/19/2017
22	Chelses Hell LLC	New York, NY	110	Nember	11/22/95	1/19/2017
23	Chicago Unit Acquisition LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member/President	12/15/05	1/19/2017
24	China Trademark LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member/President	08/17/08	1/19/2017
25	Coronel Hall Inc.	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Vice President	08/01/69	1/19/2017
26	Development Member Inc.	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Secretary & Director	10/24/1996 & 11/4/96	1/19/2017
27	D B Pace Acquisition, LLC	South Carolina	LLC	Member/President	11/12/14	1/19/2017
28	D B Pace Acquisition Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Chairman/President/Director	11/07/14	1/19/2017
29	DJT Aerospace LLC	Allentic City, NJ	uc	Member/President	05/02/10	1/18/2017
30	DJ Aerospace (Bermude) Limited	Bermuda	Foreign Corporation	President/Director	03/09/94	1/19/2017
31	DJT Entrepreneur Managing Member LLC (IR/a DJT University Managing Member LLC)	New York, NY	uc	Member & President	10/25/04	1/19/2017
32	DJT Entrepreneur Member LLC (IIIda DJT University Member LLC)	New York, NY	uc	Member & President	10/25/04	1/19/2017
33	DJT Holdings LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member & President	11/29/2010 & 12/2/2010	1/19/2017
34	OJT Holdings Managing Member LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member & President	12/02/10	1/19/2017
35	DJT Land Holdings Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President /Director	01/10/12	1/19/2017
36	DJT Operations I LLC	Paim Beech, Florida	uc	Member/President	07/15/10	1/19/2017
37	DJT Operations II ULC	Palm Besch, Florida	LLC	Member/President	07/15/10	1/19/2017
38	DJT Operations CX LLC	Waterbury, CT	LLC	Member/President	09/12/12	1/19/2017
41	DT APP Warrant Holding LLC	New York, NY	LLC .	Member/President	63/02/12	1/19/2017
42	DT APP Warrant Holding Managing Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Chairman/President	03/02/12	1/19/2017
43	DT Connect II LLC	Paim Beach, Florida	LLC	Member/President	07/31/14	1/19/2017
44	DT Connect il Member Corp	Paim Beach, Florida	Corporation	Director/Chelman/President	07/31/14	1/19/2017
47	DT Dubei Golf Manager LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member/President	03/20/13	1/19/2017
48	DT Dubai Golf Manager Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Cheirman/President	03/20/13	1/19/2017
49	DT Dubai II Golf Manager LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member/President	10/30/14	1/19/2017
50	DT Dubai II Golf Manager Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Chelmen/President	10/30/14	1/19/2017
51	DT Home Marks International LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member/President	07/12/13	1/19/2017
52	DT Home Marks International Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Chalmsn/President	07/12/13	1/19/2017
53	OT India Venture LLC	New Yark, NY	uc	Member/President	01/09/12	1/19/2017

Filer's No	ik is a public form. Do not include account numbers, stress addresses, or family member as me	mes. See instructions for required	i information.		Page Number	*****
Donald.	3. Yaxao			~~~~~	3 of 46	
Part I:	Filer's Positions Held Outside United States Government			*****		
*	Organization Name	City/State	Organization Type	Position Heid	Fram	Te
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54	DT India Venture Managing Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Chairman/President	81/09/12	1/19/2017
55	DT Marks Baku LLC	New York, NY	uc	Mamber/President	84/10/12	1/19/2017
56	OT Marks Baku Managing Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Chairman/President	04/10/12	1/19/2017
57	DT Marks Dubai LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member/President	09/05/13	1/19/2017
58	DT Marks Dubal Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Chairmen/President	09/05/13	1/19/2017
61	DT Merks Gurgeon LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member/President	10/26/14	1/19/2017
62	DT Marks Gurgeon Menaging Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Cheimen/President	10/30/14	1/19/2017
63	DT Marks Jersey City LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member/President	19/30/14	1/19/2017
64	DT Marks Jupker LLC	New York, NY	LLC .	Member/President	38/29/14	1/19/2017
65	DT Merks Gatar LLC	New York, NY	u.c	MantberiPresident	10/30/14	1/19/2017
66	DT Marks Qalar Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Directon/Chairman/President	10/30/14	1/19/2017
67	DT Merks Products International LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member/President	09/13/13	1/19/2017
68	DT Marks Products International Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Chairman/President	09/13/13	1/19/2017
69	DT Marks Pune LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member/President	01/09/12	1/19/2017
70	DT Marks Pune Managing Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Chairman/President	01/09/12	1/19/2017
71	DT MARKS PUNE II LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member/President	08/18/14	1/19/2017
72	OT Marks Puna II Managing Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Chairman/President	06/18/14	1/19/2017
73	OT Marks Rio LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member/President	03/09/12	1/19/2017
74	DT Marks Rio Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Cheirman/President	03/09/12	1/19/2017
75	DT Marks Vancouver LP	New York, NY	Parinership	Fartner/President	01/22/13	1/19/2017
76	DT Marks Vancouver Menager Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Chairman/President	01/22/13	1/19/2017
77	OT Marks World LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member/President	05/21/13	1/19/2017
78	DT Marks Worll Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Chairman/President	05/21/13	1/19/2017
79	OT Tower Gurgaon LLC	New York, NY	LIC	Member/President	03/09/15	1/19/2017
80	DT Tower Gurgeon Managing Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Chairman/President	63/09/15	1/19/2017
81	DTW Venture LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member	03/14/14	1/19/2017
82	DTW Venture Menaging Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/President	03/14/14	1/19/2017
83	East 61 St Company, L.P., The	New York, NY	Partnership	Perimer	12/06/96	1/19/2017
84	EID Venture I LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member	05/01/13	1/19/2017
85	EID Venture   Corporation	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director	05/01/13	1/19/2017
86	Excel Venture I LLC	St. Martin, French West Indias	ua	President/Secretary/Treasurer/Member	07/01/19	1/19/2017
87	Excel Venture I Corp.	St. Martin, French West Indies	Corporation	Director/Chairman/President	07/01/13	1/19/2017
88	Fifty Seven Management Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Chairman	08/23/12	1/19/2017
89	Filly Seventh Street Associaties LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President	11/30/95	1/19/2017
90	First Member, Inc.	New York, NY	Corporation	President	09/26/96	1/19/2017
91	Flights, Inc. (Formerly Trump Flights, Inc.)	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Treasurer/Director	07/01/99	1/19/2017
92	Fioride Properties Management LLC	Palm Beach, Fiorida	LLC	Member	12/17/01	1/19/2017
93	Fontainbleu Apariments LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member	11/22/95	1/19/2017
94	Galf Productions LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member/President	05/16/09	1/19/2017
95	Golf Productions Member Corp.	New York, NY	Corponation	President/Director/Chairman	06/16/09	1/19/2017
98	Golf Recreation Scotland Limited	Turnberry, Scotland	Foreign Entity	Director	04/18/14	1/19/2017
97	Helicopter Air Services, Inc.	New York, NY	Corporation	President	08/16/85	1/19/2017
107	Indian Hills Holdings LLC (%/a Indian Hills Development LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member/President	2/5/1998 & 8/2000	1/19/2017
108	Jupiter Golf Club U.C (Trump National Golf Club - Jupiter)	New York, NY	LLC	President	09/26/12	1/19/2017
109	Jupiter Golf Club Managing Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	09/25/12	1/19/2017
110	Lamington Family Holdings LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	7/7/2011 & 7/6/2011	1/19/2017

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Effer's Name				Page Number				
ski J. Trung 4 of 46								
Part 1: Mier's Positions Held Outside United States Government								
# Organization Name	City/Stafe	Organization Type	Position Reld	From	To			
					·····			
111 Lawrence Towers Apartments LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member	11/22/95	1/19/2017			
112 LFB Acquisition LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President	08/29/02	1/19/2017			
113 LFB Acquisition Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	11/09/11	1/19/2017			
114 Mar A Lago Civo, Inc	Palm Eleach, Florida	Corporation	President/Treasuren/Secretary	04/16/96	1/19/2017			
115 Mer A Lago Ciub, L.L.C.	New York, NY	uc	Member/President	01/14/10	1/19/2017			
116 Midland Associates	New York, NY	Partnership	Partner	06/15/68	1/19/2017			
117 Miss Universe L.P., I.L.I.F. (Formerly Trump Pageants, L.P.)	New York, NY	Partnership	Pariner	October, 1996	1/19/2017			
118 Nitio World Co., Limited	Tumberry, Scotland	Foreign Entity	Director	05/11/14	1/19/2017			
118 Ocean Development Member Inc.	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director	03/08/07	1/19/2017			
121 OPO Hotel Menager LLC	New York, NY	uc	President	09/12/13	1/19/2017			
122 OPO Hotel Manager Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Chsirman/President	05/12/13	1/19/2017			
123 OWO Developer LLC	New York, NY	uç	President/Member	11/05/14	1/19/2017			
124 Panama Ocean Club Management LLC	New York, NY	<u> </u>	Member/President	D8/05/10	1/19/2017			
125 Panama Ocean Club Management Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Chairman/Director	08/05/10	1/19/2017			
128 Pare Consulting, Inc.	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Secretary	06/01/99	1/19/2017			
129 Park Briar Associates	New York, NY	Partnership	Partner	08/24/69	1/19/2017			
130 Pine Hill Development Managing Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director & Chairman/President	4/19/14 & 4/15/14 & 4/16/14	1/19/2017			
131 Pine Hill Development LLC	New York, NY	u.c	President	D4/15/14	1/19/2017			
132 Pleza Consulting Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President	10/22/86	1/18/2017			
133 Poker Venture LLC	New York, NY	<u>LLC</u>	Member/President	03/19/12	1/19/2017			
124 Foker Venture Managing Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/President/Chairman	03/19/12	1/19/2017			
135 Reg Tru Equilies, LTD.	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/President/Secretary/Treasurer	8/7/30 & 8/26/77	1/19/2017			
138 RPV Development LLC	New York, NY	<u> </u>	Member/President	06/06/02	1/19/2017			
137 Scotland Acquisitions LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member/Fresident	03/21/05	1/19/2017			
140 Seven Springs LLC	New York, NY	ilc	President	Dec. 1995	1/19/2017			
142 Shore Haven Apt#1,Inc	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Vice President	06/01/69	1/19/2017			
143 Shore Haven Shopping Center LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member	11/22/95	1/18/2017			
144 SLC Tumberry Limited (Trump Tumberry)	Turnberry, Scotland	Foreign Entity	Director/Chelman	06/11/14	1/19/2017			
147 Sussex Hali, Inc.	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Vice President	08/01/69	1/19/2017			
150 T International Realty U.C (dba Trump International Realty)	New York, NY	<u>uc</u>	Member/President	09/12/12	1/19/2017			
151 Tag Air, Inc.	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director	08/24/10	1/19/2017			
153 THC Baku Hotel Manager Services LLC	New York, NY	<u> </u>	President/Member	12/19/14	1/19/2017			
154 THC Baku Hotel Manager Services Member Corp.	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Chairman/President	12/19/14	1/19/2017			
155 THC Baku Services LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member/President	12/10/14	1/19/2017			
158 THC Baku Services Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Chairman/President	12/10/14	1/19/2017			
157         THC Barra Hotelaria LTDA.           158         THC Central Reservations LLC	Brezil	Foreign Entity	Member	04/15/14	1/19/2017			
	New York, NY		Member/President	09/15/13	1/19/2017			
	New York, NY	Corporation	Chairman/Director/President	08/16/13	1/19/2017			
	New York, NY New York, NY		President Chai/man/Director/President	02/20/08	1/19/2017			
	***************************************	Corporation			1/19/2017			
	New York, NY	<u> </u>	Member/President	05/15/13	1/19/2017			
166         THC Hotel Development LLC           167         THC IMEA Development LLC	New York, NY		Member/President President	01/16/12	1/19/2017			
167 THC IMEA Development LLC 168 THC Mismi Restaurant Hospiteliiv Member Corp	New York, NY New York, NY		Chairman/Director/President	02/01/15	1/19/2017			
169 THC Miami Restaurant Hospitality Member Corp	New York, NY	Corperation LLC	Member/President	02/01/13	1/19/2017			
170 THC Muant Restaurant Rospitality LLC 170 THC Rio Managing Member Corp	New York, NY		Chairman/Director/President	04/11/13	1/19/2017			
TILO THO WEINEDING MEMORY COID	HARM, LOLK' M.L	Corporation	I Chaimary Directory resident	1 94/11/13	1 1/18/2017			

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Gaps in numerical sequence are due to the removal of previously reported items no longer reportable on this part.

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Instructions for Part 1

Note: This is a public form. On not include account nonhers, street addresses, or family mamber names. See instructions for required information.

Aute: This is a public form. Do not include account numbers, sized addresses, or family resenter o Filer's Name				Page Number	
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Part 1: Filer's Positions Held Outside United States Government			*****	1	<u>,</u>
Organization Name	Low-No.	Augustania and an Maria	<b>15</b> - 201 12 - 12	Front	To
is forestingation reage	City/State	Organization Type	Position Held	From	1.0
171 THC Rio Manager LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member/President	04/11/13	1/19/2017
172 THC sales & Markeling LLC	New York, NY	uc uc	Member/President	09/17/13	1/19/2017
173 THC Sales & Markeling Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Chairman/Director/President	09/17/13	1/19/2017
174 THC China Technical Services Manager Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Chairman/Director/President	05/18/14	1/19/2017
175 THC China Technical Services LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member/President	05/16/14	1/19/2017
176 THC gatar Bota Manager LLC	New York, NY	uc uc	Member/President	10/30/14	1/19/2017
177 THE Qatar Hotel Manager Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Chairman/Director/President	10/30/14	1/19/2017
178 THC Services Shenzhen LLC	New York, NY	U.C	Member/President	11/25/14	1/19/2017
178 THC Services Chenzhen Member Com	New York, NY		Chairman/Director/President	11/25/14	1/19/2017
180 THC Services Snetzhen Hotel Menager LLC	New York, NY	Corporation	Member/President	11/25/14	1/19/2017
180 THC Shenzhen Hotel Manager Member Corp				11/25/14	1/19/2017
182 THC Vancouver Management Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Chairman/Director/President	01/23/13	1/19/2017
	New York, NY	Corporation	Chairman/Director/President	02/20/15	1/19/2017
	British Columbia (Canada)	Corporation	Director/President	03/14/14	1/19/2017
184 THC Venture I LLC 185 THC Venture II LLC	New York, NY		Member/President	03/14/14	1/19/2017
	New York, NY	uc	Member/President		~~~~~
	New York, NY	uc	President/	10/27/14	1/19/2017
4	New York, NY	Corporation	Chairman/Director/President	03/14/14	1/19/2017
	New York, NY	Corporation	Chairmen/Director/President	03/14/14	1/19/2017
188 THC Venture III Member Corp - N/K/A TTTT Venture Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Chairman/Directon/President	10/27/14	1/19/2017
190 The Densid J. Trump Foundation, Inc.	New York, NY	Non profit	Director	02/13/87	1/19/2017
191 The Trump Corporation	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/President/Chairman	07/39/80	1/19/2017
192 The Trump Foilles Member Inc.	New York, NY	Corporation	Chairman/Director/President	12/13/10	1/19/2017
193 The Trump Equilable Fifth Avenue Company	New York, NY	Partnership	Partner	01/30/80	1/19/2017
194 TIGL Common Aree Menagement Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director	02/21/14	1/19/2017
196 TIGL Ireland Enterprises Limited (Trump International Golf Linka - Doonbeg)	Doonbeg, Ireiand	Foreign Entity	Director/President	02/24/14	1/19/2017
197 TIGL reland Management Limited	Doonbeg, Ireland	Foreign Enlity	President/Director	02/24/14	1/19/2017
198 TIHC Reservations LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member/President	08/09/10	1/19/2017
198 TIHH Member Corp	New York, NY	Comparation	President/Director	09/10/09	1/10/2017
200 TIHH Member LLC	New York, NY	<u> </u>	Member/President	09/18/09	1/19/2017
201 TIHM Membar Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director	08/13/06	1/19/2017
202 TIHT Chicago Member Acquisition LLC	New York, NY	<u>цс</u>	President	06/03/04	1/19/2017
203 TIHT Commercial LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member/President	12/30/98	1/19/2017
204 TIHT Holding Company LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member/President	01/18/05	1/19/2017
205 THAT Member LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member/President	07/20/06	1/19/2017
206 Tipperary Really Corp.	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Treasurer/Director	11/13/75	1/19/2017
207 TMG Member, LLC	New York, NY	<u> </u>	Mamber	01/15/99	1/19/2017
208 TNGC Charlotte LLC	New York, NY	<u> </u>	President	10/20/11	1/19/2017
209 TNGC Charlotte Manager Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Chairman/Director	10/20/11	1/19/2017
210 TNGC Dutchess County LLC (Ike Trump Marks Clessis Cars LLC)	New York, NY	uc	President	11/17/09	1/19/2017
211 TNGC Dutchess County Member Corp (fka Trump Marks Classic Cars Member Corp)	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Chairman/Director	11/17/08	1/19/2017
212 TNGC Jupiter Management LLC	New York, NY	uc	President	06/26/14	1/19/2017
213 TNGC Jupiter Managing Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Cheirman/Director	05/26/14	1/19/2017
214 TNGC Pine Hill LLC (Na Crest Court LLC) (Trump National Golf Club - Philadelphia)	New York, NY	uc	President	11/17/09	1/19/2017
215 TNGC Pine Hill Member Corp. (fka Cresi Court Member Corp)	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Chairman/Director	11/17/09	1/19/2017
216 Toronto Development LLC	New York, NY	uc	Mamber/President	06/28/01	1/19/2017
219 Travel Enterprises Management, Inc (Formerly Toys at Trump, Inc.)	New York, NY	Corporation	President/CEO	03/24/85	1/19/2017

Filer's Name					Page Number	
Doneld J. Trump					6 of 46	,
Part 1: Filer's Posi	tions Held Outside United Sistex Government					
• Organization	1 Name	City/State	Organization Type	Position Held	From	To
220 Trump 106 C	N0D-0 1 /2	New York, NY		Member/President	03/28/97	1/19/20
			uc		C9/19/03	1/19/20
		New York, NY	<u> </u>	Member/President		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
224 Trump 845 L		New York, NY	uc	Member/President/Treasurer	06/20/97	1/19/20
	IN MGR Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President	10/14/98	1/19/20
*****	IN MGR LLC (FAVA 845 UN LLC)	New York, NY	uc	President/Treesurer/Member	05/14/97	1/19/20
	asino Marks LLC	New York, NY	<u> </u>	President/Member	08/03/10	1/19/20
	asino Marka Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Chsirmsn/Director	08/03/10	1/19/20
229 Trump Acqui		New York, NY	Corporation	President/Chairman/Director	02/06/08	1/19/20
230 Trump Acqui		New York, NY	LIC	Member/President	02/06/08	1/19/20
231 Trump Books		New York, NY	uc	Member/President	10/03/11	1/19/20
	s Manager Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Chairman/Director	10/03/11	1/19/20
233 Trump Brazil		New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	09/08/03	1/19/20
	siff Manor Development LLC (formerly Briar Hali Davelopment LLC)	New York, NY	uc	President	03/04/96	1/19/20
	dian Services inc.	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Secretary	March-03	1/13/20
236 Trump Cano	uan Estate LLC	New York, NY	uc	President/Member	12/19/07	1/19/20
237 Trump Gano	uan Estate Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Chairman/Director	12/19/07	1/19/20
38 Trump Carib	bean LLC	Now York, NY	LLC	Member	08/27/01	1/19/20
239 Trump Carou	usefLLC	New York, NY	uc	President/Member	02/18/10	1/19/2
240 Trump Carou	usel Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Chainman/Director	02/18/10	1/19/20
241 Ace Entertais	nment Holdings Inc (Ikka Trump Casinos Inc. & Formerly Trump Tai Mahal, Inc.)	Allantic City, NJ	Corporation	Chairman/Treasurer	08/03/88	1/19/20
242 Trump Centr	al Park West Corp	New York, NY	Consoration	President	September-94	1/19/20
243 Trump Chica	igo Commerciai Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Chairman/Director	07/08/10	1/19/20
	ago Commercial Manager LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Nember	06/28/10	1/19/2
	to Development LLC	New York, NY	uc	President/Member	12/26/01	1/19/2
	Bio Hola Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Chairman/Director	07/08/10	1/19/2
	igo Hotel Manager LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	08/28/10	1/19/2
	ago Managing Mamber LLC	New York, NY	uc	President	10/01/04	1/19/20
	igo Member LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President	October-04	1/19/20
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	age Residential Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Chaiman/Diroctor	07/08/10	1/19/20
	ngo Residential Manager LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	06/28/10	1/19/2
	igo Retail LC	New York, NY	uc	President	10/16/12	1/19/2
	ngo Retall Manager LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	10/23/12	1/19/2
***************************************	igo Retail Member Com	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Chairman/Director	10/23/12	1/19/2
	nercial Chicago LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President	08/29/07	1/19/2
		New York, NY	Corporation	Director	11/06/96	1/19/2
260 Trump CPS I 261 Trump CPS I		***************************************	LLC	Member & President	11/6/1996 & 11/16/06	1/19/2
		New York, NY	~~~~~			1/19/2
	***************************************	New York, NY	<u> </u>	Member	11/21/01	
***************************************	Inpment Services LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	09/28/08	1/19/2
	lopment Services Member Corp.	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director	09/28/09	1/19/2
267 Trump Drinks		New York, NY	LLC	Member/President	05/25/11	1/19/2
	s Israel Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	05/25/11	1/19/2
269 Trump Educa		Nova Scotia (Canada)	Corporation	Chairman/Director	05/29/09	1/19/2
270 Trump Empir	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Treasurer/Director	04/15/94	1/19/2
	avor 12 LLC (Trump National Doral)	New York, NY	LLC	President	10/05/11	1/19/20
	avor 12 Manager Com	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	10/06/11	1/19/2
73 Trump EU M	larks LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member/President/Secretary/Treasurer	08/04/11	1/19/2

055 Fm 278 (Mach 264) Instructions for Part 1 Marse This is a matter form for not include account automates, creast addresses or family member spaces. Say instructions for considered information

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	J. Tranco		****		7 of 46	
Freemanne	Filer's Positions Held Outside United States Government				1 / 01 30	
	Organization Name	City/State	Organization Type	Position Held	Brom	To
1 <u>«</u>	Internition traine	(City/State	Iorganization Type	Lossendi yesti	1 prom	1 10
274	Trump EU Marks Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	08/04/11	1/19/2017
275	The Trump Entrepreneur Initiative LLC (I/k/a Trump University CA LLC)	New York, NY	LLC	Nember	05/14/09	1/19/2017
276	Trump Ferry Point LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	06/04/10	1/19/2017
277	Trump Ferry Point Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	06/04/10	1/19/2017
278	Trump Florida Management LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member	06/13/05	1/19/2017
279	Trump Florida Menager Corp.	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/President	06/10/05	1/19/2017
280	The Trump Folities LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member & President	12/14/06	1/19/2017
283	Trump Golf Acquisition LLC	New York, NY		Member/President	04/23/10	1/19/2017
284	Trump Gulf Coco Beach LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member/President	12/11/07	1/19/2017
285	Trump Golf Coco Beach Member Corp			Director/President	12/11/07	1/19/2017
286	Trump Golf Management LLC	New York, NY New York, NY	Corporation		01/28/05	1/19/2017
287			······································	Member/President		1/19/2017
288	Trump Home Marks LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member/President	11/19/09	
288	Trump Home Marks Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director	11/19/09 03/25/04	1/19/2017
	Trump ice LLO	New York, NY	uc	President/Member		
290 293	Trump ice, Inc.	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/President	03/03/99	1/19/2017
	Trump International Development LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member/President	11/29/10	1/19/2017
294	Trump International Development Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	11/29/10	1/19/2017
295	Trump International Golf Club LC (Trump International Golf Club - Florida)	Palm Beach, Florida	uc	Member & President	5/3/1997 & 11/1/13	1/19/2017
296	Trump International Golf Club Scotland Limited	Aberdeen, Scotland	Foreign Entity	Director & Chairman	1/24/06 & 3/13/06	1/19/2017
297	Trump International Golf Club, Inc.	Paim Beach, Florida	Corporation	President/Director/Secretary/Treasurer	12/09/96	1/19/2017
298	Trump International Hotel and Towar Condominium	New York, NY	Condominium Association	President	September-98	1/19/2017
299	Trump International Hotel Hawaii LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President	09/10/09	1/19/2017
300	Trump International Hotels Management LLC	New York, NY	uc	President/Member	06/13/06	1/19/2017
301	Trump International Management Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Presideni/Director	07/02/96	1/19/2017
304	Trump Korean Projects LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member	05/04/99	1/19/2017
305	Trump Las Olas LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member	06/10/05	1/19/2017
306	Trump Las Olas Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Presideni	06/10/05	1/19/2017
307	Trump Las Vegas Corp.	Las Vegas, NV	Corporation	Director/President	12/04/09	1/19/2017
308	Trump Las Vegas Development LLC	Las Vegas, NV	LEC	President/Member	10/10/02	1/19/2017
309	Trump Las Vegas Managing Member LLC	Las Vegas, NV	uc	President/Member	10/10/02	1/19/2017
312	Trump Las Vegas Member LLC	Las Vegas, NV	uc	President/Member	10/01/02	1/19/2017
314	Trump Las Vegas Seles & Marketing Inc	Las Vegas, NV	Corporation	President	10/08/04	1/19/2017
316	Trump Lauderdale Development 2 LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member	09/06/04	1/19/2017
317	Trump Lauderdale Development LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President & Member	1/12/04 & 9/22/2003	1/19/2017
318	Trump Menagement Inc.	New York, NY	Corporation	Director & VP	04/22/69	1/19/2017
319	Trump Marketing LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member/President	02/10/11	1/19/2017
320	Trump Marks Asia Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Chairman/Director	03/03/08	1/19/2017
321	Trump Marks Asia LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President	2/29/2008 11/14/11 & 2/29/08	1/19/2017
322	Trump Marks Allenta LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Mamber/President	05/01/08	1/19/2017
323	Trump Marks Atlante Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	05/01/08	1/19/2017
326	Trump Marks Balumi LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member & President	3/3/11 & 3/9/11	1/19/2017
327	Trump Marks Balumi Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	03/09/11	1/19/2017
330	Trump Marks Canouan Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chainman	05/17/07	1/19/2017
331	Trump Marks Canoban LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member/President	05/17/07	1/19/2017
332	Trump Marks Chicago LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member/President	04/14/10	1/19/2017
		New York, NY		President/Director/Chairman	04/14/10	1/19/2017

OGE Form 278e (March 2014)

Instructions for Part 1

Motes: This is a public form. On not include account numbers, street addresses, or family member names. See instructions for required information.

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Instructions for Part 1 Note: This is a public form. Do not include account numbers, street addresses, or family member parses. See instructions for required informations

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Part 1: Filer's Positions Held Ontside United States Covernment					
# Organization Name	City/State	Organization Type	Position Held	From	To
336 Trump Marks Dubai Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	06/13/07	1/19/2017
337 Trump Marks Dubal LLC	New York, NY	uc	President/Member	05/13/07	1/19/2017
338 Trump Marks Egypt Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	09/17/07	1/19/2017
339 Trump Marks Egypt LLC	New York, NY	uc	President/Member	09/17/07	1/19/2017
340 Trump Marks Fine Foods LLC	New York, NY	uc	President/Membar	09/11/09	1/19/2017
341 Trump Marks Fine Foods Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	09/11/09	1/19/2017
342 Trump Marks FL Lauderdale LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	11/08/07	1/19/2017
343 Trump Marks Ft. Lauderdale Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	11/06/07	1/19/2017
346 Trump Marks GP Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	07/12/05	1/19/2017
347 Trump Marke Holding LP (FKA Trump Marks LP)	New York, NY	Partnership	Pariner	05/25/05	1/19/2017
348 Trump Marks Hollywood Corp	New York, NY	Curporation	Director/Chairman/President	04/10/07	1/18/2017
349 Trump Marks Hollywood LLC	New York, NY	uc	President/Member	04/09/07	1/19/2017
350 Trump Marks Istanbul II Corp.	New York, NY	Corparation	Director/Chairman/President	03/19/08	1/18/2017
351 Trump Merke Islanbul II LLC	New York, NY	uc	President/Member	C3/18/08	1/19/2017
352 Trump Marks Jersey City Corp.	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/President	06/27/07	1/19/2017
353 Trump Marks Jersey City LLC	Naw York, NY	LLC	President/Member	06/22/07	1/19/2017
354 Trump Marks Las Vegas Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/President	09/10/07	1/19/2017
355 Trump Marks Las Vegas LLC	New York, NY	uc	President/Mamber	09/10/07	1/19/2017
356 Trump Marks LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President	02/28/05	1/19/2017
359 Trump Marks Mattress LLC	New York, NY	uc	President/Member	08/07/08	1/19/2017
360 Trump Marks Mathesa Member Corp.	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Chairman/President	08/07/08	1/19/2017
361 Trump Marks Menswear LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	08/24/09	1/19/2017
362 Trump Marks Menswear Membar Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/President	08/24/09	1/19/2017
363 Trump Marks Mortgage Corp.	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Oirector	06/19/07	1/19/2017
364 Trump Marks Mig LLC	New York, NY	uc	President/Member	98/23/07	1/19/2017
365 Trump Marks Mumbai LLC	New York, NY	uc	President/Member	10/11/10	1/19/2017
366 Trumo Marks Mumbai Member Corp	New York, NY	Consuration	President/Director/Chainnan	10/11/10	1/19/2017
369 Trump Marks New Rorthelle Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/President	96/13/07	1/19/2017
370 Trump Marks New Rochelle LLC	New York, NY	uc	President/Member	05/13/07	1/19/2017
371 Trump Marks Palm Beach Corp.	New York, NY	Comparation	Director/President	08/12/07	1/19/2017
372 Trump Marks Palm Beach LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	06/12/07	1/19/2017
373 Trump Marks Panama Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/President	54/26/07	1/19/2017
374 Trump Marks Panema LLC	New York, NY	LLC LLC	PresidenVMember	04/26/07	1/19/2017
375 Trump Marks Philadelphia Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/President	D4/18/07	1/19/2017
376 Trump Marks Philadelphia LLC	New York, NY	uc	President/Member	04/18/07	1/19/2017
377 Trump Marks Philippines LLC	New York, NY	LLO	President/Member	03/03/05	1/19/2017
378 Trump Marks Philippines Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/President	03/03/08	1/19/2017
379 Trump Marks Products LLC	New York, NY	uc	President/Mamber	09/13/10	1/19/2017
380 Trump Marks Products Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	09/13/10	1/19/2017
381 Trump Marks Puerto Rico i LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	12/11/07	1/19/2017
382 Trump Marks Puerto Rico I Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	DirectonPresident	12/11/07	1/19/2017
385 Trump Marks Punte dei Este LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	01/05/12	1/19/2017
386 Trump Marks Punta del Este Manager Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	01/05/12	1/19/2017
367 The Donald J. Trump Company LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Manager	04/07/14	1/19/2017
388 The Trump Merks Real Estate Corp	New York, NY	Carporation	Chairman/Director & President	02/23/07	1/19/2017
369 Trump Marks Real Estate LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	06/01/07	1/19/2017
390 Trump Marks SOHO License Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Chairman/Director	06/11/07	1/19/2017

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Part 1	: Filer's Positions Held Outside United States Government	******	***************************************			
2	Organization Name	City/Stale	Organization Type	Position Held	From	
391	Trump Marks SOHO LLC	New York, NY	uc	President/Member	06/11/07	
394	Trump Marks Stamford Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/President	06/13/07	
395	Trump Marks Stamford LLC	New York, NY	uc	President/Member	06/13/07	
396	Trump Marks Sunny Isles I LLC	New York, NY	uc	Presiden/Member	11/08/07	
397	Trump Marka Sunny Isles I Member Corp.	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/President	11/06/07	
398	Trump Marks Sunny Isles II LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	11/08/07	
399	Trump Marks Sunny Isles II Member Corp.	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/President	11/06/07	
400	Trump Marks Tampa Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/President	10/28/07	
401	Trump Marks Tamps LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	10/26/07	
402	Trump Marks Toronto Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/President	08/09/07	
403	Trump Marks Toronio LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	08/09/07	
404	Trump Marks Toronto LP ( formally Trump Toronto Managemeni LP)	New York, NY	Partnership	Partner	03/19/08	
405	Trump Marks Walkiki Corp	New York, NY	Cerporation	Director/President	04/10/07	
408	Trump Marks Waikiki LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	04/08/07	
407	Trump Marks Westchester Corp.	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/President	06/13/07	
408	Trump Marks Westchester LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	06/13/07	
409	Trump Marks While Plains Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director	08/13/07	
410	Trump Marks White Plains LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	96/13/07	
411	Trump Miami Resort Managament LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	03/22/12	
412	Trump Mismi Resort Menagement Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	03/22/12	
413	Trump National Golf Club Coits Nack LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	07/10/08	
414	Trump National Golf Club Colts Neck Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	07/10/08	
415	Trump National Golf Club LLC (Trump National Golf Club - Westchester)	New York, NY	LLC	President	08/02/00	
416	Trump National Golf Club Member Corp	New York, NY	Corperation	Director/President/Chairman	11/09/11	
417	Trump National Gelf Club Washington DC LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President	02/03/09	
418	Trump National Golf Club Washington DC Member Corp.	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Chairman/Director	02/03/08	
421	Trump Old Post Office LLC	New York, NY	uc	PresidenMember	06/30/11	
422	Trump Old Past Office Member Corp.	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	08/30/11	
424	Trump Organization LLC	New York, NY	uc	Chairman and President/Member	2/1/08 & August 2000	
425	The Tramp Organization, Inc.	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/President/Chairman	05/01/81	
426	Trump Pegeants, Inc.	New York, NY	Corporation	Director & Chairman/President	10/15/96 & 5/1/06	
427	Trump Palace Condominium	New York, NY	Condominium Association	President	03/27/91	
428	Trump Felace/Parc LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member	10/01/98	
429	Trump Panama Condominium Management LLC	New York, NY	u.c	PresidentiMember	12/13/10	
430	Trump Panama Condominium Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	12/13/10	
431	Trump Fanama Hotel Management LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member	08/05/10	
432	Trump Panama Hotel Management Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	08/05/10	
433	Trump Perc East Condominium	New York, NY	Condominium Association	President	04/30/38	
434	Trump Park Avenue Acquisition LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member/President	Nov, 2004	
435	Trump Park Avenue LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President	01/31/02	
436	Trump Payroll Chicago LLC	New York, NY	uc	President	08/29/07	
437	Trump Payrol Corp.	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Treasuren/Secretary/Olrector	04/16/96	
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Instructions for Part 1 Note: This is a public form. On not include account numbers, street addresses, or family member names. See instructions for required information.

Gaps in numerical sequence are due to the removal of previously reported items no longer reportable on this part.

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LLC

Corporation

LLC

President/Member

Member

Director/President/Treasurer

Member/President

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Filer's Name

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Trump Plaza LLC

Trump Phoenix Development LLC

Trump Plaza Member Inc. (F/K/A Trump Plaza Corp.)

Trump Productions LLC (former Rancho Lien LLC)

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Part 1: Filer's Positions Held Outside United States Government				1 10 101 40	
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8 Organization Name	City/State	Organization Type	Position Heid	from	To
443 Trump Production Managing Member Inc	New York, NY		Pro 1 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	05/18/08	1/19/2017
	INEW YOR, NY	Corporation	Director/Chsimen/President/Treasurer/Secretary	00/16/35	1/19/2017
Trump Really Services, LLC (Vk/a Trump Montgage Services LLC (03) & Tower Montgage 446 Services LLC)	Paim Beach, Florida	uc	President/Member	05/09/00	1/19/2017
447 Trump Reateurents LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	07/31/12	1/19/2017
449 Trump Riverside Management LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member	09/25/00	1/19/2017
450 Trump Ruffin Commercial LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Presklent	07/25/07	1/19/2017
451 Trump Ruffin LLC	Las Vegas, NV	uc	President	10/22/02	1/19/2017
452 Trump Ruthin Toward LLC	Las Veges, NV	LLC	President & Director	4/8/2005 & 7/12/05	1/18/2017
453 Trump Sales & Lessing Chicago LLC	Chicago, IL	uc	Member/President	10/20/09 & 10/21/09	1/19/2017
454 Trump Seles & Leasing Chinago Member Corp	Chicago, IL	Corporation	Member/Director/President	10/20/09 & 10/21/09 & 10/21/09	1/19/2017
455 Trump Scotland Member Inc	Aberdeen, Scotland	Corporation	Director/President/Chairman	03/01/06	1/19/2017
456 Trump Statsborough Square LLC	Scotsborough Sq. VA	LLC	President	07/07/11	1/19/2017
457 Trump Scotsborough Square Member Corp.	Scotsborough Sq. VA	Corporation	President/Chairman/Director	07/07/11	1/19/2017
458 Trump Sol to Hotel Condominium New York	New York, NY	Condominium Association	Member of the Board	08/03/07	1/19/2017
459 Trump Soho Member LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member/President	04/24/06	1/19/2017
460 Trump Toronio Development Inc	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Secretary	04/02/03	1/19/2017
461 Trump Toronto Hotel Management Corp.	Toronio, CA	Corporation	President	05/30/06	1/19/2017
462 Trump Toronto Member Corp. (formally Trump Toronto Menagement Member Corp)	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Chairman	03/19/08	1/19/2017
463 Trump Tower Commercial LLC	New York, NY	uc	President	12/22/97	1/19/2017
464 Trump Tower Condominium Residential Section	New York, NY	Condominium Association	President	03/23/83	1/19/2017
465 Trump Tower Managing Member inc	New York, NY	Corporation	President	12/22/97	1/19/2017
466 Trump Village Construction Corp.	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/vice President	08/01/69	1/19/2017
467 Trumo Vineyard Estates LLC	New York, NY	uc	President	03/18/11	1/19/2017
468 Trump Vineyard Estates Manager Corp.	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	03/18/11	1/19/2017
469 Trump Vineyard Estales Lot 3 Owner LLC (the Eric Trump Land Holdings LLC)	New York, NY	LLC	President	08/15/11	1/19/2017
470 Trump Vineyard Estates Manager Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	03/18/11	1/19/2017
471 Trump Virginia Acquisitions LLC (%a Virginia Acquisitions LLC)	New York, NY	11.0	Member/President	3/4/2011 & 1/25/11	1/19/2017
472 Trump Virginia Acquisitions Manager Corp.	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	03/15/11	1/19/2017
473 Trump Virginia Lot 5 LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President	06/25/11	1/19/2017
474 Trump Virginia Lot 5 Manager Corp.	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director/Chairman	08/28/11	1/19/2017
475 Trump Wine Marks LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Secretary/Treasurer	06/21/11	1/19/2017
476 Trump Wine Marks Member Corp.	New York, NY	Corporation	Director & Chairman/ President	5/21/2011 & 5/21/08	1/19/2017
477 Trump World Productions LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member/President	09/29/11	1/19/2017
478 Trump World Productions Manager Carp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Cheiman/President	09/29/11	1/19/2017
479 Trump World Publications LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member/Fresident	09/29/11	1/19/2017
480 Trump/New World Property Menanement LLC	New York, NY	uc	President	11/22/00	1/19/2017
481 Trump's Casile Management Com	Atlantic City, NJ	Corporation	President	03/24/92	1/19/2017
462 Trump Marks White Plains Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Director	06/13/07	1/19/2017
484 Tumberry Scotland Managing Member Corp	Tumberry, Scotland	Corporation	Director/Chairman/President	04/09/14	1/19/2017
465 Tumperry Scotland LLC	Tumberry, Scotland	LLC	President	04/09/14	1/19/2017
486 TW Venture I LLC	Palm Baach, Fiorida	 LLO	President	11/19/13	1/19/2017
487 TW Venture II LLC	Doonbeg, Ireland	uc	President	01/31/14	1/19/2017
488 TW Venture I Manacing Member Corp	Palm Beach, Florida	Corperation	President/Director/Chairman	11/19/13	1/19/2017
469 TW Vendre I Managing Member Corp	Doonbeg, Insland	Corporation	President/Orector/Chairman	01/31/14	1/19/2017
490 Ultimate Air Corp.	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Tressurer/Secretary/Director	4/16/96 & 12/9/1993	1/19/2017
491 Unit 2502 Enterprises Com		~~~~			
45.1 Truncans chiedbises Colb	Chicago, IL	Corporation	President/Director	07/21/08	1/19/2017

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Filer's Positions Held Outside United States Government					*****
Organization Name	City/State	Organization Type	Position Held	From	To
Unit 2502 Enterprises LLC	Chicago, II.	uc	Member/President	7/16/08 & 7/18/08	1/19/2017
VH Preparty Corp. (Trump National Gelf Club - Los Angeles)	Los Angeles, CA	Corporation	Secretary/President/Director	9/22/00 & 12/2/02 11/26/02 & 11/25/02	1/19/2017
VHPS LLC	Los Angeles, CA	uc	President/Member	5/28/08 & 12/1/04	1/19/2017
West Palm Operations LLC	WPB, Florida	LLC	Mamber/President	8/27/10 & \$/1/10	1/19/2017
Wexford Hell Inc.	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Vice President	08/01/69	1/19/2017
White Course LLC	Miami, Fiorida	LLC	President	03/20/12	1/19/2017
White Course Managing Member Corp	Miami, Floride	Corporation	Otrector/Chsirmen/President	03/20/12	1/19/2017
Wilshire Hall LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member	11/22/95	1/19/2017
Wolman Rink Operations LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member/President	9/24/01 & 11/1/01	1/19/2017
Yorktown Real Estate LLC (F/K/A/ Yorktown Development Associates LLC )	New York, NY	uc	Member/President	09/30/97	1/19/2017
The Fred C. Trump December 16, 1976 Trust- F/B/O Doneld J. Trump	New York, NY	Trust	Trustee	December-76	1/19/2017
The Fred C. Trump December 16, 1976 Trust- F/B/O Robert S. Trump	New York, NY	Trust	Trusiee	December-76	1/19/2017
The Fred C. Trump December 18, 1976 Trust- F/B/D Elizabeth J. Trump	New York, NY	Trust	Tiustee	December-76	1/19/2017
Fred C. Trump, GRAT Trust- F/B/D Elizabeth Trump Grau	New York, NY	Trust	Trustee	November-97	1/19/2017
	New York, NY	Trust	Trustee	Apri-01	1/19/2017
Maryanne Trump GRAT Trust- F/B/O Elizabeth Trump Grau	New York, NY	Trust	Trustae	November-97	1/19/2017
	~~~~~~			April-D1	1/19/2017
		Trust	Trustee	April-14	1/19/2017
The Police Athletic League, Inc.	New York, NY	Non profit	Member of the Board	68-ylul	1/19/2017
DT Bali Golf Manager LLC		LLC	President	06/23/15	1/19/2017
OT Ball Golf Manager Member Corp		Concertion	Director/Chairmen/President	06/23/15	1/19/2017
				06/23/15	1/19/2017
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	VH Property Corp. (Trump National Golf Club - Los Angeles)           VHPS LLC           West Palm Operations LLC           Westord Hell Inc.           White Course LLC           White Course LLC           White Course LLC           White Course LLC           Wishire Hall Inc.           Wishire Hall Inc.           Wishire Hall LLC           Voltman Risk Operations LLC           Yorktown Real Estate LLC (FAUA) Yorktown Development Associates LLC )           The Fred C. Trump December 16, 1976 Trust-F78/D Donald J. Trump           The Fred C. Trump December 16, 1976 Trust-F78/D Donald J. Trump           The Fred C. Trump December 16, 1976 Trust-F78/D Elizabeth J. Trump           Fred C. Trump December 16, 1976 Trust-F78/D Elizabeth J. Trump           Fred C. Trump December 16, 1976 Trust-F78/D Elizabeth Trump Grau           Trust U/W/Q Fred C. Trump-F78/D Filizabeth Trump Grau           Maryanne Trump GRAT Trust-F78/D Elizabeth Trump Grau           Trust U/W/Q Fred C. Trump-F78/D Elizabeth Trump Grau           Trust U/W/D Fred C. Trump-F78/D Filizabeth Trump Grau           Trust U/W/D Fred C. Trump-F78/D Filizabeth Trump Grau           Trust U	VH Preperty Corp. (Trump. National Golf Club - Les Angeles)       Los Angeles, CA.         VHPS LLC       Les Angeles, CA.         West Pain Operations LLC       WVPB, Florida         West Pain Operations LLC       New York, NY         White Course LLC       New York, NY         White Course Managing Member Corp.       Miam, Florida         Wite Pain Rink Operations LLC       New York, NY         Worktown Roet Estate LLC (FI/GV Yorktown Development Associates LLC)       New York, NY         The Fred C. Trump December 16, 1976 Trust-F/B/O Dansid J. Trump       New York, NY         The Fred C. Trump December 16, 1976 Trust-F/B/O Dansid J. Trump       New York, NY         The Fred C. Trump December 16, 1976 Trust-F/B/O Dansid J. Trump       New York, NY         Trust U/W/O Fred C. Trump. Flave Flave Estate LLC       New York, NY         Trust U/W/O Fred C. Trump. Flave Flave Estabetin Trump Grau       New York, NY         Trust U/W/O Fred C. Trump. Flave Estabetin Trump Grau       New York, NY         Trust U/W/O Fred C. Trump. Flave Dasate Flave Estabetin J. Trump       New York, NY         The Police Athletic League, Inc.       New York, NY         The	VH Prozenty Corp. (Trump National Gell Club - Lee Angeles.)         Lee Angeles, CA.         Corporation           VHPS LLC         Lea Angeles, CA.         LLC           Week Pain Operations LLC         VPPB, Florida         LLO.           Week Pain Operations LLC         VPPB, Florida         LLO.           While Course Managing Mamber Corp.         Milmi, Florida         LLO.           While Course Managing Mamber Corp.         Milmi, Florida         LLO.           Week Tain Operations LLC         New York, NY         LLC           Week To Course Managing Mamber Corp.         Milmi, Florida         LLO.           Week Teal To Course Managing Mamber Corp.         New York, NY         LLC           Yerkkown Real Estate LLC (#MAW Yorkown Development Associates LLC)         New York, NY         Trust           The Fred C. Trump Decomber 16, 1976 Trust-Fiel/D Chood J. Trump         New York, NY         Trust           The Fred C. Trump Decomber 16, 1976 Trust-Fiel/D Chood J. Trump         New York, NY         Trust           Fred C. Trump Decomber 16, 1976 Trust-Fiel/D Chood J. Trump         New York, NY         Trust           Mayrano Tumo PRAT Trust-Fiel/D Checkebeh Trump Grau         New York, NY         Trust           Trust LWWO Fred C. Trump - KRW Trust Grau         New York, NY         Trust           Trust Drug Recordial Erust	VH Progenty Corp. (Trume National Solt Glob - Los Argeñes, CA.         Corporation         SearcharyPresident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devident/Devid	NH Progets, Corp. 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#### (R)E Form 278c (Shord: 2014)

Instructions for Part 1

Note: This is a public form. Do not include account numbers, streast addresses, or femily member nemes. See instructions for required information.

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Part 1: Filer's Positions Held Outside United States Government					
/ Organization Name	City/State	Organization Type	Position Held	From	ro
548 DT Venturs II LLC	New York, NY	uc	President	01/04/16	1/19/2017
549 DT Veniure II Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Chairman/President	01/04/16	1/19/2017
550 DTTM Operations LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member/President	01/15/16	1/19/2017
551 DTTM Operations Managing Member	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Chairman/President	D1/15/16	1/19/2017
552 EID Venture II LLC	New York, NY	LLC	Member/President	01/04/16	1/19/2017
553 EID Venture II Member Corp	New York, NY	Corporation	Director/Chairman/President	01/04/16	1/18/2017
554 Mobile Payrell Construction LLC	New York, NY	uc	Member/President	06/04/15	1/19/2017
555 Mobile Payroll Construction Manager Corp	Nøw York, NY	Corporation	Director/Cheirman/President	06/04/16	1/19/2017
556 THC DC Resiaurant Hospitality LLC	New York, NY	uc	President	08/17/15	1/19/2017
561 C DEVELOPMENT VENTURES LLC	New York, NY	uc	President/Member	04/03/16	1/19/2017
562 C DEVELOPMENT VENTURES MEMBER CORP	New York, NY	Corporation	President/Directon/Chairman	04/06/16	1/19/2017
563 TC MARKS BUENOS AIRES LLC	New York, NY	LLC	President/Member	04/20/16	1/19/2017
584 WMTMFLLC	New York, NY	uc	President/Secretary/Treasurer/Managing Member	09/24/15	1/19/2017
565 Lamington Farm Club LLC (TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB - BEDMINSTER)	Bedminster, NJ	LLC	President	02/11/00	1/19/2017

#### OGE Form 278e (March 2014)

Instructions for Part 2

Note: This is a public form. Do not include account numbers, street addresses, or family member names. See instructions for required information.

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Part 2: Filer's Employment Assets and Income	200000000000000000000000000000000000000

*	Description		attached schedule (Part 2 - EXHIBIT A) Reference #	Value	Income Type	income Amount
002	40 Wall Street LLC Underlying Assets: commercial real estate Location: New York, NY See attached schedule	N/A	005	Over \$50,000,000	rent	Over \$5,000,000
004	401 North Wabash Ventura LLC Underlying Assets: residential & commercial real estate Location: Chicago, IL See attached schedule	N/A	008	Over \$50,000,000	rent condo sales	Over \$5,000,000 \$18,498
005	809 NORTH CANON LLC Underlying Assets: residential real estate Location: Beveriy Hilts, CA See attached schedule	N/A	009	\$5,000,001 - \$25,000,000		None (or less than \$201)
007	845 UN Limited Partnership Underlying Assets: commercial real estate Location: New York, NY See attached schedule	N/A	012	\$5,090,001 - \$25,000,000	rent	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000
008	Caribusiness Investments, S.R.L. Underlying Assets: land Location: Dominican Republic See attached schedule	N/A	025	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000		None (or issa than \$201)
010	Country Apartments, LLC Visia reported refersive bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset none Entity set up in buy & set revidenies real estate, New York, NY; See attached schedum	N/A	032	\$1,001 - \$15,000		None (or iess than \$201)
011	Country Properties, LLC Underlying Assets: residential real estate Location: Norfolk, VA See attached achedule	N/A	034	\$50,901 - \$100,000		None (or less than \$201)

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Part 2	: Filer's Employment Assets and Income						
#	Description	EIF	attached schedule (Part 2 - EXHIBIT A) Reference #	Value	Income Type	Income Amount	
012	D B Pace Acquisition, LLC Underlying Assets: land, building and fi&e Location: New York, NY See attached schedule	N/A	036	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000		None (or less than \$201)	
013	DJT AEROSPACE LLC Underlying Assets: aircraft Location: New York, NY See attached schedule	NA	039	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000		None (or less than \$201)	
014	DJT HOLDINGS LLC Value reported reflects bank soccurs only. Entity's other holdings and assets are reported elsewhere; see attached schedule. Holding company, New York, NY	N/A	042	\$1,000,001 ~ \$5,000,000	interest	\$60,001 - \$100,000	
017	DJT OPERATIONS I LLC Underlying Assets: aircraft Location: New York, NY See attached schedule	N/A	046	Over \$59,000,000	rærit	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000	
018	DT CONNECT II LLC Underlying Assets: aircraft Location: Palm Beach, FL See attached schedule	N/A	055	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000	rent	\$50,001 - \$100,000	
020	DT DUBAI GOLF MANAGER LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Desemping Asser: management deal with DAMAC CRESCENT PROPERTIES ILC - value not readily aspertainable. Management company, Dubit, UAE, See attached schedule.	NA	059	\$15,001 - \$50,000	management fees		\$141,433
021	DT HOME MARKS INTERNATIONAL LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: license deal with RNA RESOURCES GROUP LTD, DORYA INTERNATIONAL LLC, HOMESTUDIO INTERNATIONAL SA, WONU CO LTD - value not readily ascertainable. License holder, New York, NY; See attached schedule.	N/A	063	\$15,001 - \$50,000	royaties	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	
024	Excel Venture LLLC Underlying Assets: residential rental property Location: St. Martin, French Weat Indias See attached schedule	N/A	098	\$5,000,001 - \$25,000,000	(BU)	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	

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Part 7. Riler's Employment Assets and Income	

Part 2: Filer's Employment Assets and Income										
#	Description	EIF	attached schedulc (Part 2 - EXHIBIT A) Reference #	Value	Income Type	Income Amount				
026	Fifty-Seventh Street Associates LLC Underlying Assets: commercial real estate Location: New York, NY See attached schedule	N/A	100	Over \$50,000,800	rent	Over \$5,000,000				
028	Golf Productions LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Entity promotes golf business, New York, NY; See attached schedule Value not readily ascertainable.	N/A	105	None (or less then \$1,001)	golf related revenue	\$270,000				
030	TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB - JUPITER Underlying Assets: golf club Location: Jupiter, FL	N/A	117	Over \$50,000,000						
031	See attached schedule LAMINGTON FAMILY HOLDINGS LLC Underlying Assets: land Location: Bedminster, NJ See attached schedule	N/A	119	\$100,001 - \$250,000	golf related revenue	\$14,262,997 None (or less than \$201)				
032.	TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB - BEDMINSTER Underlying Assets: golf club Location: Bedminster, NJ See attached schedule	W/A	120	Over \$50,000,000	golf related revenue	\$15,165,035				
034	MAR-A-LAGO CLUB, L.L.C. Underlying Assets: resort Location: Palm Beach, FL See sitached schedule	N/A	126	Over \$50,000,000	resort related revenue	\$25,145,488				
036	PINE HILL DEVELOPMENT LLC Underlying Assets: golf club Location: Pine Hill, NJ See attached schedule	N/A	142	\$100,001 - \$250,000		None (or less than \$201)				
037	Seven Springs LLC Underlying Assets: real estate Location: Mt. Kisco, NY See attached schedule		153	\$25,000,001 - \$60,000,000		None (or less than \$201)				
038	TRUMP TURNBERRY Underlying Assets: golf courses and resort Location: Turnberry, Scotland See allached schedule	N/A		Over \$50,000,000	golf related revenue	\$20,393,118				
039	T International Reality LLC Vatue reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: brokerage company - value not readily ascertainable. Brokerage company, New York, NY; See attached schedule	N/A	160	\$100,001 - \$250,000	commissions	\$2,090,405				

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#	Description	EIF	attached schedule (Part 2 - EXHIBIT A) Reference #	Value	Іпсоте Туре	Income Amount	
040	THC CENTRAL RESERVATIONS LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: hotel company - value not readily ascertainable. Hotel company, New York, NY; see attached schedule	NVA	167	\$250,001 - \$500,000		None (or less than \$201)	
041	THC CHINA DEVELOPMENT LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: developer - value not readily ascertainable. Developer, New York, NY; See attached schedule	WA	169	\$1,001 - \$15,000		None (or less than \$201)	
043	The East 61 Street Company, LP Underlying Assets: residential real estate Location: New York, NY See attached schedule	WA	199	\$5,000,001 - \$25,000,000	rent	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	
044	THE TRUMP CORPORATION Underlying Assets: management company Location: New York, NY See attached schedule	N/A	200	Over \$50,000,000	management and related feas	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$15,844,624
045	The Trump-Equitable Fifth Avenue Company Value reported reflects bank account only. Entity's other holdings and assets are reported elsewhere; see attached schedule. Pass- thru entity. New York, NY	N/A	208	None (or less than \$1,001)	rent	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	
046	TRUMP INTERNATIONAL GOLF LINKS - DOONBEG Underlying Assets: golf course and resort Location: Doonbeg, Ireland See attached schedule	N/A	211	\$25,000,001 - \$50,000,000	golf related revenue		\$14,184,974
047	TIHT COMMERCIAL LLC Underlying Assets: commercial real estate Location: New York, NY See attached schedule	N/A	218	\$5,000,001 - \$25,000,000	rent	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000	
048	TIHT HOLDING COMPANY LLC Underlying Assets: hotel condo unit Location: New York, NY See attached scheduls	N/A	219	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000	rent	\$50,001 - \$100,000	
049	TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB - CHARLOTTE Underlying Assets: golf club Location: Charlotte, NC	N/A	223	\$5,000,001 - \$25,000,000			
050	See attached schedula TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB - HUDSON VALLEY Underlying Assets: golf club Location: Hopewell Junction, NY	N/A	225	\$5,000,001 - \$25,000,000	golf related revanue		\$11,750,135
	See attached schedule				golf related revenue		\$4,372,400

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Part 2: Filer's Employment Assets and Income

Ħ	Description	EIF	attached schedule (Part 2 - EXHIBIT A)	Value	Income Type	Income Amount
			Reference #			
051	TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB - PHILADELPHIA Underlying Assets: golf club Location: Pine Hill, NJ	N/A	229	\$5,000,001 - \$25,000,000		
	See attached schedule		<u> </u>		golf related revenue	\$4,377,111
052	TRUMP 106 CPS LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: none Location: New York, NY; See attached schedule	N/A	234	\$15,001 - \$50,000		None (or less than \$201)
057	TRUMP BOOKS LLC THE MIDAS TOUCH Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: book deal with Plata Publishing LLC - value not readily ascertainable. Holder of book contract, New York, NY, See attached schedule (Published 2011)	N/A	243	None (or less than \$1,001)	royallies	\$2,501 - \$5,000
059	TRUMP CAROUSEL LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: operating agreement with NEW YORK GITY DEPARTMENT OF PARKS & RECREATION - value not readily ascertainable. Carousel operator, New York, NY. See attached schedule	N/A	250	\$1,001 - \$15,000	admissions	\$535,849
061	TRUMP CPS LLC Underlying Assets: commercial and residential real estate Location: New York, NY See attached schedule	N/A	269	\$26,000,001 - \$50,000,000	rent	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000
064	TRUMP NATIONAL DORAL Underlying Assets: golf courses & resort Location: Miami, FL See attached schedule	N/A	279	Over \$50,000,000	golf resort related	\$74,755,375
			<u> </u>	<u></u>	revenues	
065	TRUMP FERRY POINT LLC Underlying Assets: operating agreement with NEW YORK CITY DEPARTMENT OF PARKS & RECREATION - golf course Location: New York, NY See attached schedula (Opening Day: April 1, 2016)	N/A	283	\$5,000,001 - \$25,000,000	golf related revenue	\$5,651,002
066	TRUMP GOLF ACQUISITIONS LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: none Entity sol up to says letters of stress for golf related cests, New York, NY; See attached	N/A	287	\$1,001 - \$15,000		
	schutzán	(			golf related ravenue	\$6,081

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Part 2:	Filer's Employment Assets and Income					
¥	Description	EIF	attached schedule (Part 2 - EXHIBIT A) Reference #	Value	Income Type	Income Amount
067	TRUMP HOME MARKS LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: license deal with DOWNLITE INTERNATIONAL INC, GOURMET HOME PRODUCTS LLC, NORTHPOINT TRADING LLC, SIGN OF TIMES INC, TPS SAS - value not needily ascertainable. License holder, New York, NY See attached schedule	N/A	291	\$1,001 - \$15,000	royatiles	\$15,001 - \$50,000
068	TRUMP ICE LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: wholesale company - value not readily ascertainable. Water wholesaler, New York, NY; See stiached scheduie	N/A	294	None (or less than \$1,001)	sales	\$280,899
069	TRUMP INTERNATIONAL GOLF LINKS - SCOTLAND Underlying Assets: golf course Location: Aberdeen, Scotland See attached schedule	N/A	297	Over \$50,000,000	golf related revenue	\$3,445,724
070	TRUMP INTERNATIONAL GOLF CLUB - FLORIDA Underlying Assets: golf club Location: West Palm Beach, FL See attached schedule	N/A	299	\$25,000,001 - \$50,000,000	golf related revenue	\$12,825,725
071	TRUMP INTERNATIONAL HOTEL HAWAII LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: management and license agreements with IRONGATE AZREP BW LLC - value not readily ascertainable. License holder, Walkiki, HI See attached schedule	N/A	300	None (or less than \$1,001)	royalties management fees	\$100,001 ~ \$1,000,000 \$2,079,134
072	TRUMP INTERNATIONAL HOTELS MANAGEMENT LLC Underlying Assets: management company Location: New York, NY See attached schedulu	N/A	301	Over, \$50,000,000	management fises & other contract payments	\$17,125,815
073	TRUMP LAS VEGAS DEVELOPMENT LLC Underlying Assels: developmens deal with TRUMP RUFFIN TOWER FLLC Entry set up to receive development frees, Las Vagas, RV; See attacned scherbus	N/A	308	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000		None (or less than \$201)
076	TRUMP MARKS ASIA LLC Underlying Assets: residential real estate Location: Sterling, VA See attached schedule	N⁄A	316	\$500,001 ~ \$1,000,000		None (or less than \$201)

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Par	2: Filer's Employment Assets and Income	******	******	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	***************************************		
#	Description	EIF	attached schedule	Value	Income Type	Income Amount	
			(Part 2 - EXHIBIT A)				
			Reference #				

			Reference #			
078	TRUMP MARKS ISTANBUL II LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: license deal with ORTADOGU OTOMOTIV TICARET AS - value not readily ascertainable. License holder, New York, NY See attached schedule	WA	342	None (or less than \$1,001)	roysilies	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000
079	TRUMP MARKS LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only, Additional Underlying Asset: license deal with ELK LIGHTING INC - value not readily ascertainable. License holder, New York, NY See attached schedule	WA	347	None (or less than \$1,001)	royaities	\$1,001 - \$2,500
080	TRUMP MARKS MATTRESS LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only, Additional Underlying Asset: license deal with SERTA - value not readily ascertainable, License holder, New York, NY See attached schedule	WA	350	\$1,001 - \$15,000	royalties	\$5,001 - \$15,000
	TRUMP MARKS MENSWEAR LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: license deal with PVH CORP, PEERLESS CLOTHING INTERNATIONAL, PARLUX LTD, OXFORD OPTHALMIC, RANDA ACCESSORIES - value not readily ascertainable. License holder, New York, NY See attached schedule	N/A	352	\$1,001 - \$15,000	roysities	\$50,001 - \$100,000
082	TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: license deal with NEW ROC PARCEL 1A LLC - value not readily ascertainable. License holder, New York, NY See attached schedule	N/A	359	None (or less than \$1,001)	royatties	\$18,001 - \$60,000
083	TRUMP MARKS PANAMA LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: license deal with K GROUP DEVELOPERS INC - value not readily ascertainable. License bolder, New York, NY See attached schedule	NVA	363	\$1,001 - \$15,000	toyallies	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000
087	TRUMP MARKS WAIKIKI LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: license deal with IRONGATE AZREP BW LLC - value not readily ascertainable. License holder, New York, NY See attached schedule	N/A	391	None (or less than \$1,001)	royaities	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000

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#	Description	EIF	attached schedule (Part 2 - EXHIBIT A) Reference #	Value	Income Type	Income Amount	
090	TRUMP MIAMI RESORT MANAGEMENT LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Management company - value not readily ascertainable, Miami, FL; See attached schedule	N/A	396	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000		None (or less than \$201)	
091	TRUMP MODEL MANAGEMENT LLC Modeling agency Location: New York, NY See attached schedule	N/A	398	\$15,001 - \$50,000	commissions		\$714,914
092	TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB - COLTS NECK Underlying Assets: golf club Location: Colts Neck, NJ See atlached schedule	N/A	399	Over \$50,000,000	colf related revenue		\$7,118.536
093	TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB - WESTCHESTER Underlying Assets: golf club Location: Briarcliff Manor, NY See attached schedule	NVA	401	Over \$50,800,000	golf related revenue		\$7,253,306
094	TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB - WASHINGTON DC Underlying Assets: golf club Location: Potomac Falls, VA See attached schedule	N/A	403	Over \$50,000,000	golf related revenue		\$12,735,221
095	TRUMP OLD POST OFFICE LLC Underlying Assets: hotel Location: Washington, DC See attached schedule	NVA.	408	Over \$50,000,000	hotel related revenue		\$40,408,037
097	Miss Universe L.P., LLLP Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: none See attached schedule	N/A	413	\$15,001 ~ \$50,000		None (or less than \$201)	
098	TRUMP PALACE/PARC LLC Underlying Assets: commercial real estate Location: New York, NY See attached schadule	NVA	414	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000	rent	\$15,001 - \$50,000	
099	TRUMP PARK AVENUE LLC Underlying Assets: residential & commercial real estate Location: New York, NY See attached schedule	N/A	420	Over \$50,000,080	ront condo sales	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000	\$15,893,500
100	TRUMP PLAZA LLC Underlying Assets: residential & commercial real estate Location: New York, NY See attached schedule	N/A	424	\$25,000,001 - \$50,000,000	rent	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000	

Filer's N							Page Number
	J. Trump			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		******	21 of 46
Part 2	: Filer's Employment Assets and Income						
#	Description	EIF	attached schedule (Part 2 - EXHIBIT A) Reference #	Value	Income Type	Income Amount	
101	TRUMP PRODUCTIONS LLC Underlying Assets: production company Locstion: New York, NY See attached schedule	N/A	426	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000	production revenue		\$2,059,048
103	Trump Restaurants LLC Underlying Assets: restaurant Lucation: New York, NY See attached schedule	NA	430 -	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000	food & beverage related sales		\$3,869,445
104	TRUMP RUFFIN TOWER I LLC Underlying Assets: commercial real estate Location: Las Vegas, NV See attached schedule	N/A	434	Over \$50,000,000	conto sales hotel related revenue		\$8,814,000 \$22,894,946
106	TRUMP SCOTSBOROUGH SCUARE LLC Underlying Assets: residential real estate Location: Scotsborough Square, VA See attached schedule	N/A	438	\$500,001 - \$1,000,000	rest	\$2,601 - \$6,000	
108	TRUMP TOWER COMMERCIAL LLC Underlying Assets: commercial real estate Location: New York, NY See attached schedule	N/A	444 .	Over \$50,000,000	reni	Over \$5,000,000	
109	TRUMP TOWER MANAGING MEMBER INC. Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Entity's other holdings and assets are reported elsewhere; see attached schedule. Pass-thru entity. New York, NY	WA.	445	\$1,001 - \$15,000		None (or less than \$201)	
110	TRUMP VINEYARD ESTATES LLC Underlying Assets: vineyard Location: Charlottesville, VA See attached schedule	N/A	447	\$5,000,001 - \$25,000,000	runt	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	
111	TRUMP VINEYARD ESTATES LOT 3 OWNER LLC Underlying Assets: vineyard Location: Charlottesville, VA See attached schedule	N/A	448	\$500,001 - \$1,000,000	rani	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	
112	TRUMP VIRGINIA ACQUISITIONS LLC Underlying Assets: commercial real estate Location: Charlottesville, VA	N/A	450	\$5,000,001 - \$25,000,000			
113	See attached schedule TRUMP VIRGINIA LOT 6 LLC Underlying Assets: vineyard Location: Charlottesville, VA See attached schedule	N/A	452	\$500,001 - \$1,000,000	notel related revenue rent	\$50,001 - \$100,000	\$979,578
116	TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB - LOS ANGELES Underlying Asaats: golf course and unsold lots Location: Los Angeles, CA See attached schedule THE ACCOMPANYING SCHEDULE (PART 2 - EXHIBIT A) IS		469	Over \$50,030,000	golf related revenus land sales	Thisperaitel Constants	\$11,644,421 \$9,275,000

sequence are due to the removal of previously reported items no longer reportable on this part. Information being reported from January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017.

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Part 2	: Filer's Employment Assets and Income						
#	Description	EIF	attached schedule (Part 2 - EXHIBIT A) Reference #	Value	Income Type	Income Amount	
119	Woliman Rink Operations LLC Underlying Assets: operating agreement with NEW YORK CITY DEPARTMENT OF PARKS & RECREATION - Ice skating rinks Location: New York, NY See attached schedule	N/A	476	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000	ice skating rink operation		\$8,255,614
120	HWA 555 Owners, LLC Underlying Assels: commercial real estate Location: San Francisco, CA See altached schedule	N/A	478	Over \$50,000,000	reni	Over \$6,000,000	
121	1290 AVENUE OF THE AMERICAS, A TENANCY-IN-COMMON Underlying Assets: commercial real estate Location: New York, NY See attached schedule	N/A	479	Over \$50,600,000	rent	Cvar \$5,000,000	
122	4% Imited partnership interest in Starrett City Associates, L.P. (via the entities disclosed on Exhibit A and direct ownership by The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust) Underlying Assets: residential real estate Location: Brooklyn, NY	WA	018, 141, 154, 446	\$5,000,001 - \$25,000,000	reni	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000	
123	4% limited partnership interest in Spring Creek Plaza LLC (via the entities disclosed on Exhibit A and direct ownership by The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust) Underlying Assets: commercial real salate Location: Brooklyn, NY	NA	018, 141, 154, 446	\$500,001 - \$1,000,000	rorn	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	
124	Trump Towar Triplex Underlying Assets: residential real estate Location: New York, NY	N/A		Over \$50,000,000		None (or isss than \$201)	
125	N/K/A DT VENTURE I LLC Underlying Assels: residential resilestate Location: Palm Beach, FL See attached schedule	N/A	533	\$5,000,001 - \$25,000,000		None (or less than \$201)	
126	N/K/A DTW VENTURE LLC Underlying Assets: residential roal estate Location: Palm Beach, FL See attached schedule	N/A	093	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000		None (or less than \$201)	

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Part	2:	Filer's	s Emplo	yment	Assets	and	Income	

#	Description	EIF	attached schedule	Value	Income Type	Income Amount
			(Part 2 - EXHIBIT A) Reference #			
127	DT Marks Worll LLC Underlying Assets: license deal Licensee(s): JAWALA REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LTD, LODHA DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LTD Location: New York, NY See attached schedule Value not readily ascertainable	N/A	089	· · ·	roysitias	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000
130	THC VANCOUVER MANAGEMENT CORP Underlying Assets: management company Location: Vancouver, Canada See attached schedule Value not readily ascertainable	NA	190		management less	\$1\$6,983
131	THE TRUMP ENTREPRENEUR INITIATIVE LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: seminar program Location: New York, NY See attached schedule Value not readily ascertainable	N/A	201	\$15,001 - \$50,000	residual income	\$31,190
132	TNGC JUPITER MANAGEMENT LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Assat: management company Location: Jupiter, FL See attached schedule Value not readily ascertainable	N/A	227	\$50,001 - \$100,000	management facs	\$361,110
133	TRUMP CHICAGO COMMERCIAL MANAGER LLC Underlying Assets: management company Location: New York, NY See attached schedule Value not readily ascertainable	N/A	254		management fees	\$817,292
134	TRUMP CHICAGO HOTEL MANAGER LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Underlying Asset: management company Location: New York, NY See attached schedule Value not readily ascertainable	N/A	256	None (or less than \$1,001)	management fees	\$1,604,141
135	TRUMP CHICAGO RESIDENTIAL MANAGER LLC Underlying Assets: management company Location: New York, NY See attached schedule Value not readily ascertainable		260 ·		management fees	\$508,988

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 Part 7: Filer's Employment Assets and Income
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Part 2	: Filer's Employment Assets and Income					
#	Description	EIF	attached schedule (Part 2 - EXHIBIT A) Reference #	Value	Income Type	Income Amount
136	TRUMP MARKS FINE FOODS LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: license deal with TWO RIVERS COFFEE - value not readily ascertainable. License holder, New York, NY See attached schedule	N/A	333	\$1,001 - \$15,000	royallies	\$15,001 - \$50,000
137	TRUMP MARKS PHILIPPINES LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Licensee(s): CENTURY CITY DEVELOPMENT CORP Location: New York, NY See attached schedule Value not readily ascertainable	N/A	367	None (or less than \$1,001)	royailies	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000
139	TRUMP MARKS STAMFORD LLC Underlying Assets: license deal Licensee(s): 33 BROAD STREET ASSOCIATES II Location: New York, NY See attached schedule Value not readily ascertainable	N/A	380		royailies	\$100,001 ~ \$1,000,000
140	TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES I LLC Underlying Assets: license deal Licensee(s): MICHAEL DEZER & NAOMI DEZERTOV Location: New York, NY See attached schedule Value not readily ascertainable	N/A	381		royallies	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000
141	TRUMP PANAMA HOTEL MANAGEMENT LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only Underlying Assets: management agreement Location: New York, NY See attached schedule Value not readily ascentainable	N/A	417	None (or less than \$1,001)	management feas	\$458,597
142	TRUMP TORONTO HOTEL MANAGEMENT CORP Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: management deal with TALON INTERNATIONAL INC - value not readily ascartainable. Management company, New York, NY; See attached schedule.	N/A	442	\$1,001 - \$15,000	management fees & other contract payments	\$2,273,297
143	TW VENTURE LLLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: transportation services company - value not readily ascertainable. Palm Beach, FL See attached schedule	N/A	462	\$1,001 - \$15,000	operating income	\$75,517

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Part 2:	t 2: Filer's Employment Assets and Income									
#	Description	EIF	attached schedule (Part 2 - EXHIBIT A) Reference #	Value	Income Type	Income Amount				
	Trump Management Inc. Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: management company - value not readily ascertainable Location: Manhasset, NY See attached achedule	N/A	480	\$15,001 - \$50,000	managemeni feas	\$12,735				
Î.	RITZ CARLTON HOTEL AT 112 CENTRAL PARK SOUTH N/K/A DT VENTURE II LLC Underlying Assets: management agreement Location: New York, NY Value not readily ascertainable	N/A	535		management fees	\$71,500				
	Think Like A Champion Publisher: Vanguard Press, a member of Perseus Books LLC Underlying Assets: book Location: New York, NY Value not readily ascertainable (Published 2005)	N/A			royaillos	\$15,001 - \$50,000				
	The Art Of The Dasi Publisher: Random House Underlying Assets: book Location: New York, NY Value not readily accertainable (Published 1987)	N/A			royallies	\$100,001 ~ \$1,000,000				
	Time To Gel Yough Publisher: Regnery Publishing Underlying Assets: book Location: New York, NY Value not readily ascertainable (Published 2011)	N/A			royalties	\$15,001 - \$50,000				
	Think Like a Billionaire Publisher: Random House Underlying Assets: book Location: New York, NY Value not readily ascenteinable (Published 2004)	N/A			royalites	\$2,301 - \$5,000				
150	The Art of the Comeback Publisher: Random House Underlying Assets: book Location: New York, NY Value not readily ascertalhable (Published 1997)	N/A				None (or less than \$201)				

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*** * * * **	: Filer's Employment Assets and Income					
	Description	EIF	attached schedule (Part 2 - EXHIBIT A) Reference #	Value	Income Type	Income Amount
1	Why We Want You To Be Rich Publisher: Plata Publishing LLC Underlying Assets: book Location: New York, NY Value not readily ascertainable (Published 2008)	N/A				None (or less than \$201)
2	Trump 101: The Way to Success Publisher: John Wiley & Sons, Inc. Underlying Assets: book Location: New York, NY Vaiue not readily ascertainable (Published 2007)	N/A				None (or less than \$201)
3	The America We Deserve Publisher: Renaissance Books Unterlying Assets: book Location: New York, NY Value not readily ascertainable (Published 2000)	N/A				None (or iess than \$201)
4	Naver Give Up Publisher: John Wiley & Sons, Inc. Underlying Assets: book Location: New York, NY Value not readily ascertainable (Published 2008)	N/A				None (or less than \$201)
5	The Best Real Estate Advice I Ever Received Publisher: Thomas Nelson, Inc. Underlying Assets: book Location: New York, NY Value not readily ascertainable (Published 2005)	N/A				None (or less than \$201)
	The Way To The Top Publisher: Bill Adler Books Underlying Assela: book Location: New York, NY Value not readily ascertainable (Published 2004)	N/A			royaities	\$1,001 - \$2,500
7	How to Get Rich Publisher: Random House Underlying Assets: book Location: New York, NY Value not readily ascertainable (Published 2004)	N/A			roysities	\$15,001 - \$50,000
8	Think Big and Kick Ass Publisher: HarperCollins Publishers Underlying Assets: book Location: New York, NY Value not readily ascertainable (Published 2007) THE ACCOMPANYING SCHEDULE (PART 2 ~ EXHIBIT	N/A				None (or iese than \$201)

sequence are due to the removal of previously reported items no longer reportable on this part. Information being reported from January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017.

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	รักการสารางการสาราวที่สารางการสารางการสารางการสารางการสารางการสารางการสารางการสารางการสารางการสารางการสารางการส
Part 2- Filer's Employment Assets and Income	

Part 2:	2: Filer's Employment Assets and Income									
#	Description	EIF	attached schedule (Part 2 - EXHIBIT A) Reference #	Value	Іпсоте Туре	Income Amount				
159	Trump: Surviving At The Top Publisher: Random House Underlying Assets: book Location: New York, NY Value not readily ascertainable (Published 1990)	N/A				None (or less then \$201)				
	SCREEN ACTORS GUILD PENSION Underlying Assets: pension Location: Burbank, CA Value not readily ascertainable	N/A			pension	\$64,840				
169	THC MIAMI RESTAURANT HOSPITALITY LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Restaurant operations at Trump National Doral Location: Miami, FL	N/A	178	\$15,001 - \$50,000	food & beverage related	\$5,415,844				
172	40 WALL STREET COMMERCIAL LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Entity's other holdings and assets are reported elsewhere; see attached schedule. Payroll company. New York, NY	N/A	004	\$15,001 - \$50,000		None (or less than \$201)				
173	DT DUBALII GOLF MANAGER LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: management deal with FRONTLINE INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT CO LLC (AN AFFILIATE OF DAMAC) - value not readily ascertainable. Management company, Dubai, UAE; See attached schedule.	N/A	061	\$15,001 - \$60,000		None (or less than \$201)				
174	DT TOWER GURGAON LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: license deal with IREO PRIVATE LTD - value not readily ascertainable. License holder, Gurgaon, india; See attached schedule.	N/A	091	\$1,001 - \$15,000		None (or less than \$201)				
	THC IMEA DEVELOPMENT LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only, Additional Underlying Asset: developer - value not readily ascertainable, Location: New York, NY See attached schedule.	N/A	177	\$15,001 - \$50,000		None (or less than \$201)				

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Part 2	: Filer's Employment Assets and Income						
#	Description	EIF	attached schedule (Part 2 - EXHIBIT A) Reference #	Value	Income Type	Income Amount	
180	TRUMP MARKS PUNTA DEL ESTE LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: license deal with AETOS SA and FAROY SA - value not readily ascertainable. License holder, Punta Del Este, Uruguay; See attached schedule.	N/A	374	None (or less than \$1,001)	royalliss	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000	
181	DT BALLTECHNICAL SERVICES MANAGER LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: management deal with PT BALL NIRWANA RESORT - value not readily ascertainable.	N/A	497	\$100,001 - \$250,000	management fees		\$108,887
	Management company, Ball, Indonesia; See attached schedule.						
182	DT CONNECT EUROPE LIMITED Underlying Assets: aircraft Location: Tumberry, Scotland See attached schedule	NVA	499	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000	fræn	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	
183	DT ENDEAVOR I LLC Underlying Assets: aircraft Location: Palm Beach, FL See sitached schedule	N/A	500	\$5,000,001 - \$25,000,000		None (or less than \$201)	
184	DT LIDO TECHNICAL SERVICES MANAGER LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Assat: management deal with PT LIDO NIRWANA PARAHYANGAN - value not readily ascertainable. Management company, Lido, Indonesia; See attached schedule.	N/A	509	\$100,001 - \$250,000	management fees		\$154,762
187	MOBILE PAYROLL CONSTRUCTION LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: none Payroll company, Bedminster, NJ; See attached schedule	NA	523	\$59,001 - \$100,000		None (or less than \$201)	
188	CRIPPLED AMERICA Publisher: Threshold Editions Underlying Assets: book Location: New York, NY Value not readily ascertainable (Published 2015)	N/A				None (or less than \$201)	
191	Trump Las Vegas Sales & Marketing, Inc. Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Assets: sales & marketing deal with TRUMP RUFFIN TOWER I LLC - value not readily ascertainable. Entity sat up to receive brokerage commissions, Las Vegas, NV; See attached schedule	N/A	311	\$15,001 - \$50,000	commissions		\$193,469
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Donald	J. Trump						29 of 46
Part 2 #	: Filer's Employment Assets and Income Description	EIF	attached schedule (Part 2 - EXHIBIT A) Reference #	Value	Income Type	Income Amount	
192	DT TOWER KOLKATA LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: license deal with CONCAST INFRASTRUCTURE PRIVATE LIMITED, TRIBECA OREATORS LLP, REGENT HIRISE PRIVATE LIMITED, RAI CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS PRIVATE LIMITED, ROB REALTY & INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED - value not readily ascertainable. License holder, Kolkata, India; See attached schedule.	N/A	517	\$1,001 - \$15,000	roysities	\$100,001 ~ \$1,000,000	
193	DT MARKS VANCOUVER LP Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: license deal with WEST GEORGIA DEVELOPMENT LIMITED PARTNERSHIP AND WEST GEORGIA HOLDINGS INC value not readily ascertainable. Ucense holder, Vancouver, Canada; See attached schedule.	N/A	087	None (or less than \$1,001)	royallios	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000	
194	STORAGE 106 LLC Underlying Assets: commercial real estate Location: New York, NY See altached schedule	N/A	542	\$5,000,001 - \$25,000,000	nent	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	
195	SC CLEVELAND MS MANAGEMENT LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: management deal with CHAWLA POINTE, LLC Management company, Cleveland, MS; See attached schedula Value not readily ascertainable	N/A	545	None (or less Ihan \$1,001)	management lees		\$25,667
196	T RETAIL LLC online retail business; startup Location: New York, NY See attached schedule	N/A	548	\$1,001 - \$15,000	saios		\$107,186
197	WESTMINSTER HOTEL MANAGEMENT LLC Value reported reflects bank account holding only. Additional Underlying Asset: management deal with ESPLANADE LIVINGSTON, LLC Management company, Livingston, NJ; See attached schedule Value not readily ascertainable	N/A	550	None (or less than \$1,001)	management fees		\$20,002

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Part 2	: Filer's Employment Assets and Income						
#	Description	EIF	attached schedule (Part 2 - EXHIBIT A) Reference #	Value	Income Type	Income Amount	
198	AMERICAN FEDERATION of TELEVISION and RADIO ARTISTS PENSION Underlying Assets: pension Location: New York, NY Value not readily ascertainable	N/A			pension		\$5,543
199	WB Studio Enterprises Inc Residual income earned from movies/television The Fresh Prince of Bel-Air All others generated less than \$200 of income Location: Burbank, CA Value not readily ascertainable	N/A			royallies	\$201 - \$1,000	
200	Universal City Studios LLC Residual income earned from movies/television The Little Rascats All others generated less than \$200 of income Location: New York, NY Value not readily ascertainable	N/A			royalties	\$201 - \$1,000	
201	Entertainment Partners Residual income earned from movies/television Information regarding the specific movies/television programs is not yet available. Should the information become available, it will be later provided. Location: Burbank, CA Value not readily ascertainable	N/A			royaties	\$201 - \$1,000	

Instructions for Part 3

Fil	er's Name		Page Num	iber
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Ps	urt 3: Filer's Employm	ent Agreements :	and Arrangements	
#	Employer or Party	City/State	Status and Terms	Date
1.	Screen Actors Guild - Producers	Burbank, CA	Pension Plan for Motion Picture Actors; payments received on a monthly basis. The date was changed to reflect the year that Donald J. Trump began participating in the plan. The previous reports reflected the date that the first payment was received.	1992
2.	AMERICAN FEDERATION of TELEVISION and RADIO ARTISTS Retirement Fund	New York, NY	Pension Plan for Television and Radio Artists; payments received on a monthly basis. Information about the plan was inadvertently omitted from Parts II and III of the prior financial disclosure reports. The date reflects the year that Donald J. Trump began participating in the plan; first payment received in May 2017.	1989
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Instructions for Part 4

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Pa	art 4: Filer's Sources of Compensation Exceeding \$5,000 in a Year							
#		City/State	Brief Description of Duties					
1.	N/A							
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## Instructions for Part 5

Fil	er's Name			***************************************		Page Number
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Pa	rt 5: Spouse's Employment Assets and Income					
#	Description	EIF	Value	Income Type	Income Amount	
1.	Melania LLC Underlying Assets: inactive Location: New York, NY	WA	None (or less than \$1,001)		None (or less than \$201)	
2.	MELANIA MARKS ACCESSORIES LLC Underlying Assets: licensing agreement Licensee(s): MZ BERGER & COMPANY LLC Location: New York, NY Value not readily ascertainable	N/A			None (or less than \$201)	
3.	MELANIA MARKS ACCESSORIES MEMBER CORP (pass-thru company for MELANIA MARKS ACCESSORIES LLC) Location: New York, NY Value not readily ascertainable	N/A			None (or less than \$201)	
4.	721 33H LLC Underlying Assets: residential real estate Location: New York, NY	N/A	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000		None (or less than \$201)	
5.	721 33H Holdings LLC (pass-thru company for 721 33H LLC) Location: New York, NY Value not readily ascertainable	N/A			None (or less than \$201)	
6.	Getty images Inc. Use of photographic images Location: New York, NY Value not readily ascertainable	N/A		Royalties	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	
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# Instructions for Part 6

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Do	nald J. Trump	*****				34 of 46
Pa	rt 6: Other Assets and Income					
¥	Description	EIF	Value	Income Type	Income Amount	
1	MIDOCEAN CREDIT OPPORTUNITY FUND LP (MIDOCEAN CREDIT PARTNERS)	Ŷ	None (or less than \$1,001)	Ordinary Income, Interest	\$50,001 - \$100,000	
2	JP MORGAN CHASE - CHECKING AND SAVINGS ACCOUNTS	N/A	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000	Interest	\$1,001 - \$2,600	
3	CAPITAL ONE BANK - CHECKING AND SAVINGS	N/A	\$5,000,001 - \$25,000,000	Interest	\$50,001 - \$100,000	
4	SIGNATURE BANK - CHECKING	N/A	\$100,001 - \$250,000	Interest	\$1,001 - \$2,500	
5	BANK UNITED, NA - MONEY MARKET	N/A	\$100,001 - \$250,000	Interest	\$1,001 - \$2,500	
6	FIRST REPUBLIC BANK - CHECKING	N/A	\$15,001 - \$50,000	Interest	None (or less than \$201)	
7	INVESTMENT IN GOLD	N/A	\$100,001 - \$250,000		None (or less than \$201)	
8	WMTMF LLC (US BANK CASH ACCOUNT)	N/A	\$50,001 - \$100,000		None (or less than \$201)	
	The Fred C. Trump December 16, 1976 Trust- F/B/O Donald J. Trump					
1	JP MORGAN CHASE - SAVINGS ACCOUNT	N/A	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000	Interest	\$1,001 - \$2,500	
~~~~~	JP MORGAN CLEARING CORP - BROKERAGE ACCOUNT - HOLDINGS					
1	APPLE, INC	N/A	None (or less than \$1,001)	Capital Gain	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	
2	CATERPILLER INC	NA	None (or less than \$1,001)	Capital Gain	\$15,001 - \$50,000	
3	MICROSOFT CORP	N/A	None (or less than \$1,001)	Capital Gain	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	
4	PEPSICO INC	N/A	None (or less than \$1,001)	Dividends,Capital Gain	\$15,001 - \$50,000	
5	ECO TEK 360 INC (#k/a GLOBAL FASHION TECHNOLOGIES)	NVA	\$1,001 - \$15,000		None (or less than \$201)	

Instructions for Part 6

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Fil	r's Name					Page Number
Do	nald J. Trump			*****		35 of 46
Pa	rt 6: Other Assets and Income			***************************************		
<del>荐</del>	Description	EIF	Value	Income Type	Income Amount	
6	HALLIBURTON COMPANY	N/A	None (or less than \$1,001)	Capital Gain	\$15,001 - \$50,000	
7	PHILLIPS 66 COM	N/A	None (or less than \$1,001)	Capital Gain	\$5,001 - \$15,000	
		ļ				
	The Donald J Trump Revocable Trust					
1	CAPITAL ONE BANK - CHECKING AND SAVINGS (account funded 4/12/2017))	N/A	Over \$50,000,000	Interest	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	
		ļ				
	DEUTSCHE ASSET & WEALTH MANAGEMENT A/C 2 BOND ACCOUNT - HOLDINGS	ļ				
1	DEUTSCHE GOVERNMENT MONEY MARKET	N/A	None (or less than \$1,001)	Dividends	\$5,001 - \$15,000	
	Family Trust 1*			Interest, Dividends, Capital Gains	\$15,001 - \$50,000	
1	AMERICAN BEACON GLG Total Return - Ultra	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000			
2	AMG MG PICTET INTL-Z	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000			
3	AQR LONG-SHORT EQUITY-R6	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000			
4	AQR MANAGED FUTURES STR-R6	¥	\$1,001 - \$15,000			
5	ARTISAN INTL VALUE FD-INS	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000			
6	BLACKROCK HIGH YIELD PT-BLAC	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000			
7	CHILTON STRATEGIC EUROPEAN EQUITIES FD	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000			
8	DODGE & COX INCOME FD	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000			

Instructions for Part 6

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Filer's Name	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				Page Number
Donald J. Trump					36 of 46
Part 6: Other Assets and Income					
# Description	EIF	Value	Income Type	Income Amount	
9 DODGE & COX INTL STOCK FD	Y	\$15,001 - \$50,000			
10 FMI LARGE CAP FUND-INST	Y	\$1,001 ~ \$15,000			
11 ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE ETF	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000			
12 ISHARES INC MSCI JAPAN NEW	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000			
13 ISHARES MSCI EAFE INDEX FUND	Y	\$15,001 - \$50,000			
14 JOHN HAN II-ABS RET CURR-R6	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000			
15 JPM SHRT-INT MUNI BND-I FUND 3602 1.88%	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000			
<sup>16</sup> JPMORGAN GL RES ENH IDX-R6	Y	\$15,001 - \$50,000			
17 JPMORGAN US L/C CORE PL-R6	Υ	\$15,001 - \$50,000			
18 METROPOLITAN WEST Total Return Bond-PLN	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000			
<sup>19</sup> MFS EMERGING MKTS DEBT FD R6	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000			
20 NEUBERGER BER MU/C OPP-INS	Y	\$15,001 - \$50,000			
21 PIMCO UNCONSTRAINED BOND-INS	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000			
22 PRIMECAP ODYSSEY STOCK FD	Y	\$15,001 - \$50,000			
23 SPDR S&P 500 ETF TRUST	Y	\$50,001 - \$100,000			
24 US Bank Cash Account	N/A	\$15,001 - \$50,000			
<sup>25</sup> ISHARES RUSSELL MIDCAP INDEX FUND	Y	None (or less than \$1,001)			
<sup>26</sup> JPM MID CAP VALUE FD - L FUND 758	Y	None (or less than \$1,001)			

Instructions for Part 6

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Filer's Name									
Dc	inald J. Trump					37 of 46			
Pa	Part 6: Other Assets and Income								
#	Description	EIF	Value	Income Type	Income Amount	***************************************			
	Family Trust 2*			Interest, Dividends, Capital Gains	\$15,001 - \$50,000				
1	AMERICAN BEACON GLG Total Return - Ultra	Y	\$1,001 ~ \$15,000						
2	AMG MG PICTET INTL-Z	Y	\$15,001 - \$50,000						
3	AQR LONG-SHORT EQUITY-R6	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000						
4	ARTISAN INTL VALUE FD-INS	Y	\$15,001 - \$50,000						
5	BLACKROCK HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000						
6	CHILTON STRATEGIC EUROPEAN EQUITIES FD	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000						
7	DODGE & COX INCOME FD	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000						
8	DODGE & COX INTL STOCK FD	Y	\$15,001 - \$50,000						
9	EQUINOX FDS TR IPM SYSTMATC I	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000						
10	FMI LARGE CAP FUND-INST	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000						
11	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE ETF	Y	\$15,001 - \$50,000						
12	ISHARES INC MSCI JAPAN NEW	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000						
13	ISHARES MSCI EAFE INDEX FUND	Y	\$15,001 - \$60,000						
14	JOHN HAN II-ABS RET CURR-R6	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000						
15	JPM SHRT-INT MUNI BND-I FUND 3602 1.88%	Ŷ	\$15,001 - \$50,000						
16	JPMORGAN GL RES ENH IDX-R6	Y	\$15,001 - \$50,000						
17	JPMORGAN US L/C CORE PL-R6	Y	\$15,001 - \$50,000						

## Instructions for Part 6

Note: This is a public form. Do not include account numbers, street addresses, or family member names. See instructions for required information.

Filer's Name Page Number							
Do	nald J. Trump					38 of 46	
Pa	rt 6: Other Assets and Income						
#	Description	EIF	Value	Income Type	Income Amount		
18	METROPOLITAN WEST Total Return Bond-PLN	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000				
19	\$	¥	\$1,001 - \$15,000				
20	NEUBERGER BER MU/C OPP-INS	Y	\$15,001 - \$50,000				
21	PIMCO UNCONSTRAINED BOND-INS	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000				
22	PRIMECAP ODYSSEY STOCK FD	¥.	\$15,001 - \$50,000				
23	SPDR S&P 500 ETF TRUST	Y	\$50,001 - \$100,000				
24	US Bank Cash Account	N/A	\$15,001 - \$50,000				
25	ISHARES RUSSELL MIDCAP INDEX FUND	Y	None (or less than \$1,001)				
26	JPM MID CAP VALUE FD - L FUND 758	¥	None (or less than \$1,001)				
	Family Trust 3*			Interest, Dividends, Capital Gains	\$15,001 - \$50,000		
1	AMERICAN BEACON GLG Total Return - Ultra	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000				
2	AMG MG PICTET INTL-Z	Y	\$15,001 - \$50,000				
3	AQR LONG-SHORT EQUITY-R6	Y	\$1,001 ~ \$15,000				
4	AQR MANAGED FUTURES STR-R6	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000				
5	ARTISAN INTL VALUE FD-INS	Y	\$15,001 - \$50,000				
6	BLACKROCK HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO	Y	\$1,001 ~ \$15,000				
7	CHILTON STRATEGIC EUROPEAN EQUITIES FD	Y	\$1,001 - \$16,000				

Instructions for Part 6

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File	'iler's Name Page Number							
Do	nald J. Trump					39 of 46		
Pa	rt 6: Other Assets and Income							
#	Description	EIF	Value	Income Type	Income Amount			
8	DODGE & COX INCOME FD	Ŷ	\$1,001 - \$15,000					
9	DODGE & COX INTL STOCK FD	Y	\$15,001 - \$50,000					
10	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE ETF	Y	\$15,001 - \$50,000					
11	ISHARES INC MSCI JAPAN NEW	γ	\$1,001 - \$15,000					
12	ISHARES MSCI EAFE INDEX FUND	Y	\$50,001 - \$100,000					
13	JOHN HAN II-ABS RET CURR-R6	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000					
14	JPM SHRT-INT MUNI BND-I FUND 3602 1.88%	Y	\$15,001 - \$50,000					
ž	JPMORGAN GL RES ENH IDX-R6	Y	\$50,001 - \$100,000					
8	JPMORGAN US L/C CORE PL-R6	Y	\$15,001 - \$50,000					
1.00	METROPOLITAN WEST Total Return Bond-PLN	Ŷ	\$1,001 - \$15,000					
1.8	MFS EMERGING MKTS DEBT FD R6	Y	\$1,001 ~ \$15,000					
19	NEUBERGER BER MU/C OPP-INS	Y	\$15,001 - \$50,000					
20	PIMCO UNCONSTRAINED BOND-INS	Y	\$1,001 - \$15,000					
21	PRIMECAP ODYSSEY STOCK FD	Y	\$15,001 - \$50,000					
22	SPDR S&P 500 ETF TRUST	Y	\$100,001 - \$250,000					
23	US Bank Cash Account	N/A	\$15,001 - \$50,000					
24	ISHARES RUSSELL MIDCAP INDEX FUND	γ	None (or less than \$1,001)					
25	JPM MID CAP VALUE FD - L FUND 758	Y	None (or less than \$1,001)					

Instructions for Part 7

Note: This is a public form. Do not include account numbers, street addresses, or family member names. See instructions for required information.

?iler'	s Name			Page Number
*****	ild J. Trump			40 of 46
Pari	7: Transactions			
#	Description	Туре	Date	Amount
1	MIDOCEAN CREDIT OPPORTUNITY FUND LP (MIDOCEAN CREDIT PARTNERS) - notice of sale date received after June 14, 2017	Sale	03/31/2017	\$1,000,001 ~ \$5,000,000
	Family Trust 1*			
1	METROPOLITAN WEST Total Return Bond-PLN	Purchase	11/21/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
2	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE ETF	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
3	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE ETF	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
4	SPDR S&P 500 ETF TRUST	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
5	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE ETF	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
6	AQR LONG-SHORT EQUITY-R6	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
7	CHILTON STRATEGIC EUROPEAN EQUITIES FD	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
8	DODGE & COX INTL STOCK FD	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
9	AMG MANAGERS PICTET INTERNATIONAL FUND CLASS I	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
10	AMERICAN BEACON GLG Total Return - Ultra	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
11	ISHARES MSCI EAFE INDEX FUND	Purchase	05/10/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
12	ISHARES MSCI EAFE INDEX FUND	Purchase	05/10/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
13	AMG MANAGERS PICTET INTERNATIONAL FUND CLASS I	Purchase	05/10/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
14	JPM SH INT MUNI BD FD - CL I FUND 3602	Purchase	04/06/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
15	AQR MANAGED FUTURES STR-R6	Purchase	03/02/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
16	SPDR S&P 500 ETF TRUST	Purchase	01/31/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000

Instructions for Part 7

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iler's	Name			Page Number
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Part	7: Transactions			
#	Description	Туре	Date	Amount
17	ISHARES INC MSCI JAPAN NEW	Purchase	01/31/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
18	BLACKROCK HIGH YIELD PT-BLAC	Sale	11/22/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
19	ISHARES RUSSELL MIDCAP INDEX FUND	Sale	07/05/2017	\$15,001 - \$50,000
20	JPM MID CAP VALUE FD - L FUND 758	Saie	06/30/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
21	JPM SHRT-INT MUNI BND FD - CLL FUND 3602	Sale	06/30/2017	\$1,001 ~ \$15,000
22	BLACKROCK HIGH YIELD PT-BLAC	Sale	06/30/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
23	MFS EMERGING MKTS DEBT FD-I	Sale	06/30/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
24	ISHARES INC MSCI JAPAN NEW	Sale	05/15/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
25	JPM MID CAP VALUE FD - L FUND 758	Saie	05/11/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
26	VANGUARD INTM TRM INV G-ADM	Sale	04/13/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
27	Equinox IPM Systematic Macro Fund	Sale	03/03/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
28	JPM SH INT MUNI BD FD - INSTL FUND 3602	Sale	02/01/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
	Family Trust 2*			
1	METROPOLITAN WEST Total Return Bond-PLN	Purchase	11/21/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
2	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE ETF	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
3	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE ETF	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
4	SPDR S&P 500 ETF TRUST	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$15,001 - \$50,000
5	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE ETF	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000

Instructions for Part 7

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iler's	Name	***************************************	******	Page Number
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Part	7: Transactions			
#	Description	Туре	Date	Amount
6	AQR LONG-SHORT EQUITY-R6	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 ~ \$15,000
7	CHILTON STRATEGIC EUROPEAN EQUITIES FD	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
8	DODGE & COX INTL STOCK FD	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
9	AMG MANAGERS PICTET INTERNATIONAL FUND CLASS I	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
10	AMERICAN BEACON GLG Total Return - Ultra	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
11	ISHARES MSCI EAFE INDEX FUND	Purchase	05/10/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
12	ISHARES MSCI EAFE INDEX FUND	Purchase	05/10/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
13	AMG MANAGERS PICTET INTERNATIONAL FUND CLASS I	Purchase	05/10/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
14	JPM SH INT MUNI BD FD - CL I	Purchase	04/06/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
15	SPDR S&P 500 ETF TRUST	Purchase	01/31/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
16	ISHARES INC MSCI JAPAN NEW	Purchase	01/31/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
17	AMG MANAGERS PICTET INTERNATIONAL FUND CLASS I	Purchase	01/31/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
18	BLACKROCK HIGH YIELD PT-BLAC	Sale	11/21/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
19	ISHARES RUSSELL MIDCAP INDEX FUND	Sale	06/29/2017	\$15,001 - \$50,000
20	JPM MID CAP VALUE FD - L	Sale	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
21	JPM SHRT-INT MUNI BND FD - CL L FUND 3602	Sale	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
22	BLACKROCK HIGH YIELD PT-BLAC	Sale ·	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
23	MFS EMERGING MKTS DEBT FD-I	Sale	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
24	ISHARES INC MSCI JAPAN NEW	Sale	05/10/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000

Instructions for Part 7

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iler's	Name			Page Number
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Part	7: Transactions			
#	Description	Туре	Date	Amount
25	ISHARES INC MSCI JAPAN NEW	Sale	05/10/2017	\$1,001 ~ \$15,000
26	JPM MID CAP VALUE FD - L FUND 758	Sale	05/10/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
27	VANGUARD INTM TRM INV G-ADM	Sale	04/12/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
28	DODGE & COX INCOME FD	Sale	01/31/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
29	JPM SH INT MUNI BD FD - INSTL FUND 3602	Sale	01/31/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
	Family Trust 3*			
1	METROPOLITAN WEST Total Return Bond-PLN	Purchase	11/21/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
2	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE ETF	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
3	SPDR S&P 500 ETF TRUST	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$15,001 - \$50,000
4	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE ETF	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
5	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE ETF	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
6	AQR LONG-SHORT EQUITY-R6	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
7	CHILTON STRATEGIC EUROPEAN EQUITIES FD	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
8	DODGE & COX INTL STOCK FD	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
9	AMG MANAGERS PICTET INTERNATIONAL FUND CLASS I	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
10	AMERICAN BEACON GLG Total Return - Ultra	Purchase	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
11	ISHARES MSCI EAFE INDEX FUND	Purchase	05/10/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
12	ISHARES MSCI EAFE INDEX FUND	Purchase	05/10/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000

Instructions for Part 7

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000000000000000000000000000000000000000	Name			Page Number
Dona	ld J. Trump			44 of 46
*****	7: Transactions			
#	Description	Туре	Date	Amount
13	AMG MANAGERS PICTET INTERNATIONAL FUND CLASS I	Purchase	05/10/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
14	JPM SH INT MUNI BD FD - CL I	Purchase	04/06/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
15	AQR MANAGED FUTURES STR-R6	Purchase	03/02/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
16	SPOR S&P 500 ETF TRUST	Purchase	01/31/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
17	ISHARES INC MSCI JAPAN NEW	Purchase	01/31/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
18	BLACKROCK HIGH YIELD PT-BLAC	Sale	11/21/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
19	ISHARES RUSSELL MIDCAP INDEX FUND	Sale	06/29/2017	\$15,001 - \$50,000
20	JPM MID CAP VALUE FD - L FUND 758	Sale	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
21	JPM SHRT-INT MUNI BND FD - CLL FUND 3602	Sale	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
22	BLACKROCK HIGH YIELD PT-BLAC	Sale	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
23	MFS EMERGING MKTS DEBT FD-I	Sale	06/29/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
24	ISHARES INC MSCI JAPAN NEW	Sale	05/10/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
25	ISHARES INC MSCI JAPAN NEW	Sale	05/10/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
26	JPM MID CAP VALUE FD - L	Sale	05/10/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
27	VANGUARD INTM TRM INV G-ADM	Sale	04/12/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
28	Equinox IPM Systematic Macro Fund	Sale	03/02/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000
29	JPM SH INT MUNI BD FD - INSTL FUND 3602	Sale	01/31/2017	\$1,001 - \$15,000

## Instructions for Part 8

Note: This is a public form. Do not include account numbers, street addresses, or family member names. See instructions for required information.

*****	s Name	***************************************		***************************************		Page Number
Dona	ald J. Trump					45 of 46
Part	t 8: Liabilities					
¥	Creditor Name	Type	Amount	Year Incurred	Rate	Term
1.	Ladder Capital Finance LLC	Trump Tower Commercial LLC - mortgage	Over \$50,000,000	2012	4.200%	Matures in 2022
	Ladder Capital Finance I LLC	40 Wall Street LLC - Ioan	Over \$50,000,000	2015	3.665%	Matures in 2025
•	Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas	Trump National Doral - mortgage	Over \$50,000,000	2012	LIBOR + 1.75% or Prime minus .75%	Matures in 2023
ŀ,	Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas	Trump National Doral - mortgage	\$5,000,001 - \$25,000,000	2012	LIBOR + 1.75% or Prime minus .75%	Matures in 2023
š.	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company N.A., as trustee	Fifty-Seventh Street Associates LLC - issuer of secured lease bonds - loan was fully satisfied before year-end on December 31, 2017	\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000 *	1996	7.125%	Loan Salisfied
	Investors Savings Bank	Trump Park Avenue LLC - mortgage	\$5,000,001 - \$25,000,000	2010	3.250%	Matures in 2020
r,	Ladder Capital Finance LLC	Trump Plaza LLC - mortgage	\$5,000,001 - \$25,000,000	2014	3.850%	Matures in 2024
3.	Amboy Bank	Trump National Golf Club Colts Neck LLC - mortgage	\$5,000,001 - \$25,000,000	2008	5.250%	Matures in 2028
» <u>.</u>	Chevy Chase Trust Holdings, Inc. as successor in interest to Bondy Way Development	Trump National Golf Club Washington DC LLC - mortgage	\$5,000,001 - \$25,000,000	2009	5.500%	Matures in 2029
0.	Royal Bank America	Seven Springs - mortgage	\$5,000,001 - \$25,000,000	2000	4.000%	Matures in 2019
1.	Ladder Capital Finance LLC	TIHT Commercial LLC - mongage	\$5.000,001 - \$25,000,000	2016	4.050%	Matures in 2026
2,	Merrill Lynch Credit Corporation	1094 S Ocean Blvd - mortgage - loan was fully satisfied before year-end on December 31, 2017	\$100,001 - \$250,000	1994	Six month LIBOR + 1.50%	Loan Satisfied
3,	Merrill Lynch Credit Corporation	124 Woodbridge Road - mortgage - loan was fully satisfied before year-end on December 31, 2017	\$50,001 - \$100,000	1993	Six month LIBOR + 1.75%	Loan Satisfied
4.	Chicago Unit Acquisition LLC	TIHT Chicago - springing loan	Over \$50,000,000	2012	Prime + 5%	Springing loan
<u>s</u> .	Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas	TIHT Chicago - term Ioan	\$25,000,001 - \$50,000,000	2012	LIBOR + 2.00% or Prime minus .50%	Matures in 2024
.6.	Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas	Trump Old Post Office - loan	Over \$50,000,000	2015	LIBOR + 1.75% or Prime minus .25% **	Matures in 2024

(\*) Prior year's report reflected a scrivener's error of \$500,000 - \$1,000,000. Value range should have been shown as \$1,000,000 - \$5,000,000.

(\*\*) Change attributable to correcting a scrivener's error.

In the interest of transparency, while not required to be disclosed as "reportable liabilities" on Part 8, in 2016 expenses were incurred by one of Donald J. Trump's attorneys, Michael Cohen. Mr. Cohen sought reimbursement of those expenses and Mr. Trump fully reimbursed Mr. Cohen in 2017. The category of value would be \$100,001 - \$250,000 and the interest rate would be zero.

Instructions for Part 9

	er's Name	***************************************		Page Number	
	nald J Trump				46 of 46
Pa	ort 9: Gifts and Travel Reimburg	sements			
#	Source Name	City/State	Brief Description		Value
1.	Kevin Streelman	Scottsdale, AZ	Golf Clubs/Golf Bag		\$1,150
2,	Bryson DeChambeau	Dallas, TX	Golf Clubs		\$750
3.					
4.					
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20.					

#### (Nill: Form 278s (Klassh 2014)

Instructions for Part 2

Note: This is a public form. Do not include account numbers, street addresses, or family minibur names. See instructions for required i	nformation.
Filor's Mana	Page Number
Densel J. Trunp	A1 of 46

Reference # [

Part 2 disclosed entities with assets over \$1,000 or which produced income of over \$200. This Schedule (EXH/BIT A) discloses the ownership structure of the entities on Part 2, so well as additional entities with assets over \$1,000 or which produced income of over \$200. This Schedule (EXH/BIT A) discloses the ownership structure of the entities on Part 2, so well as additional entities that are not disclosed on Part 2. For each of the entities below that are not disclosed on Part 3, the numerical start label indicates which reason for non-disclosure applies. The numerical labels are as follows: \*(1) have no independent value or income and are part of the entity structures listed in Part 2; (2) have no independent value or income and part to the entity structures listed in Part 2; (2) have no independent value or income and each to check listense each each to check listense each listense each listen entities (3) are domaint/inactive (14) listense no independent value or income and each to check listense each each each or corrently have valuable eachs in entity structures listed heart 2; (2) have no independent value or income and each to check listense each each each are properties, inactive, or otherwise do not corrently have valuable eachs in the entities that are properties leads. This Schedule is being provided to ensure a complete picture of the easests and holdings of the filer. Gaps in numerical sequence are due to the removal of previously reported items no longer reportable on this exhibit. All of the interest sisted below in the exhibit, which were formerly held by Donald J. Trump, directly or indirectly, are now held by The Donald J. Trump, Revocable Trust.

#### 1 4 SHADOW TREE LANE LLC \*(5)

Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	<u>Næme</u> 4 shadow tree lane member Corp		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
2 4 SHADOW TREE LANE MEN	59 1 <u>BER CORP '(1)</u>	DIT HOLDINGS ILC		Member
Owned by :	<u>% Ownershia</u> 100	Name Dit Holdings Managing Membe LLC	3	<u>Role</u> Shareholder
Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name 4 Shadow Tree Lane LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
s <u>40 Wall Development Associ</u>	atos, LLC *(1)			
Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 0.1 99.9	Name Pare Consulting, Inc. The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trus	ţ	<u>Role</u> Member Member
Has awnerskip interest in :	Entity Name 40 Wall Street LLC 40 Wall Street Commercial LLC	<u>Ownership</u> 99.90% 100.00%	<u>Title</u> Mømber Member	
	40 Wall Street Member Corp.	100.05%	Shareholder	
4 40 WALL STREET COMMERC				
Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> 40 Wall Davelopment Associates, LL	c	<u>Role</u> Member
5 40 Wall Street LLC				
Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 0.1	<u>Name</u> 40 Wall Street Member Corp.		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
	99,9	40 Wall Development Associates, LL	c	Member
6 40 Wall Street Member Corp.	<u></u>			
Owned by :	<u>% Ownershia</u> 100	<u>Name</u> 40 Wall Davelopment Associates, U	c	<u>Role</u> Shareholder
Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> 40 Wall Street LLC	Ownership 0.10%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
7 401 MEZZ VENTURE LLC *(1)	ł			
Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP CHICAGO MANAGING MEMBER LLC		<u>Role</u> Managing Membar
	49 50	TRUMP CHICAGO MEMBER LLC THT CHICAGO MEMBER ACQUISITION LLC		Member Member
Has ownership interest in ;	<u>Entity Name</u> 401 North Wabash Vanture LLC	Dwnershin 100.00%	<u>Tille</u> Member	
	TRUMP CHICAGO RETAIL LLC	100.00%	Mamber	
8 <u>401 North Wabash Venture L</u>	LC			
Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name 401 MEZZ VENTURE LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP COMMERCIAL CHICAGO LLC	Qwnership 100.00%	<u>Title</u> Member	

OGE Form 238c (March 2014) Instructions for Part 2 Nota: This is a public f vformatios ddrastes, or family me Page Number Filer's Name onald J. Trump A2 of 46 Reference # TRUMP PAYROLL CHICAGO LLC 100.00% Managing Member 9 809 NORTH CANON LLC Owned by : % Ownership Name Role 809 NORTH CANON MEMBER Managing Member CORPORATION DIT HOLDINGS LLC 33 Member 10 809 NORTH CANON MEMBER CORPORATION \*(1) Owned by : % Ownership Name DJT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER <u>Role</u> Sharehoider 100 uc Has ownership interest in : Entity Name <u>Ownership</u> Title 809 NORTH CANON LLC 1.00% Managing Member 11 81 Pine Note Holder Inc. \*(3) Name DJT Holdings LLC Owned by : % Ownership Role 100 Sharebolder 12 845 UN Limited Partnership Owned by : % Ownership Name Rois Trump 845 LP LLC 60 Partner Trump 845 UN GP LLC 40 Partner 13 Ace Entertainment Holdings Inc. \*(3) <u>Name</u> DJT Holdings LLC Owned by : % Ownership Role 100 Shareholder 14 All County Building Supply & Maintenance Corp. \*(3) Owned by : % Ownership <u>Name</u> DJT Holdings U.C Role 25 Shareholder 75 **Trump Family Members** Shareholder 15 AVIATION PAYROLL COMPANY \*(2) Owned by : Role % Ownership Name 100 DIT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER Shareholder uc 17 Beach Haven Apartments #3 LLC \*(3) Owned by : % Ownership Name Role The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust Member 25 75 Trump Family Members Member 18 Beach Haven Apt #1, inc. \*(1) Owned by : % Ownership Name Role 25 The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust Shareholder Sharsholder 75 **Trump Family Members** Has ownership interest in : Entity Name Starrett City Associates, L.P. Ownership 0.86% Title Partner Spring Creek Plaza LLC 0.85% Member 20 Beach Haven Shopping Center LLC \*(3) Owned by : % Ownership Role Name 25 DIT Holdings LLC Member 75 Trump Family Members Member 21 Bedford Hills Corp. \*(1) Owned by : % Ownership Name Role 100 DIT Holdings LLC Shareholder Has ownership interest in : Entity Name Ownership Title Seven Springs LLC 0.10% Member 22 TRUMP BRIARCLIFF MANOR DEVELOPMENT LLC \*(2) Owned by : % Ownership Name <u>Role</u> BRIARCLIFF PROPERTIES, INC. 0.1 Member DIT HOLDINGS LLC 99.9 Member 23 Briar Hall Operations LLC \*(3) Owned by : % Ownership Role Name Development Member Inc. 0.1 Mamber

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uce #	Consis J. Yazap				A3 of 46
		99,9	DJT Holdings LLC		Member
24	BRIARCLIFF PROPERTIES,	. INC. "[1]			
	Owned by :	% Ownership 100	<u>Name</u> Dit Holdings Managing Member LLC		Role Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name BRIAR HALL DEVELOPMENTLLC (N/K/A TRUMP BRIARCLIFF MANOR DEVELOPMENT LLC)	Ownership 0.10%	<u>Title</u> Member	
25	Caribusiness Investments,				
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		1 99	THE CARIBUSINESS RE CORP CARIBUSINESS MRE LLC		Member Member
25	CARIBUSINESS MRE LLC	m			,
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name The caribusiness be corp		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
	Has ownership interest in :	99 <u>Entity Name</u> Caribusiness Investments, S.R.L.	DIT Heldings LLC <u>Ownership</u> 99.00%	<u>Title</u> Member	Member
27	' <u>Chelsea Hall LLC *(3)</u>				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 25	Name DIT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
28	CHICAGO UNIT ACQUISITI	75 ON LLC 'Y6)	Trump Family Members		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u>	Name		Role
29	CHINA TRADEMARK LLC *	100 (2)	DЛT Holdings LLC		Member
	Owned by :	% Ownership 100	Name DJT Holdings LLC		Role Member
30	Clyde Hall, Inc. "(3)				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 25	Name D/T Holdings LLC		ftøle Shareholder
31	Coronet Hall, Inc. *(3)	75	Trump Family Members		Shareholder
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 25	Name DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Refe</u> Shareholder
32	Country Apartments, LLC	75	Trump Family Members		Shareholder
	Owned by :	% Ownership 25	Name DJT Holdings LLC		Rele Member
33	Country Investors (.L.C *(3)	75	Trump Family Members		Member
	Owned by :	% Ownership 25	Name DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
34	Country Properties, LLC	75	Trump Family Mambers		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownershie</u> 25	Name Dif Holdings LLC		Rola Member
35	D B PACE ACQUISITION M	75 EMBER CORP (1)	Trump Family Members		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 130	Name Dit Holdings Managing Member		<u>Role</u> Shareholder

36 D B Pace Acquisition, LLC

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eference #	Owned by :	& Gumarshin	Voma		Polo
	Owned by :	% Ownership 1	Name D B PACE ACQUISITION MEMBER CORP		<u>Hole</u> Managing Member
37	Development Member Inc. (3)	99	DJT Holdings LLC		Wambar
	Owned by :	% Ownership 100	Name DIT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER		Rols Shareholder
	Has ownership Interest in :	Entity Name Briar Hall Operations LLC	UC Ownership 0.10%	<u>Title</u> Member	
38	DJ Aerosnace (Bermuda) Limit		«»	meinen	
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
39	DJT AEROSPACE LLC				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Member
40	DJT ENTREPRENEUR MANAG	ING MEMBER LLC 'Y1)			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 108	Name DIT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name THE TRUMP ENTREPRENEUR INITIATIVE LLC (NY DOMESTIC)	<u>Ownership</u> 0.10%	<u>Title</u> Managing Membar	
41	DJT ENTREPRENEUR MEMBE				
	Owned by :	% Ownership 100	Name DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name THE TRUMP ENTREPRENEUR INITIATIVE LLC (NY DOMESTIC)	Ownership 91,90%	<u>Title</u> Member	
42	DJT HOLDINGS LLC	, .			
	Assumed Names :	D/B/A DJT 3 HOLDINGS LLC	<u>Jurisdiction</u> Florida	Expiration Date	<u>Filing Data</u>
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name DIT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER LLC		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
		99	The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		Member
	Has ownership interest in :	various entities as indicated elsew	here in this schedule		
43	DJT HOLDINGS MANAGING MI	EMBER LLC *(1)			
	Owned by :	26 Ownership 100	<u>Name</u> The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Rule</u> Member
	Has awnership interest in :	various antitlas as indicated alsow	here in this schedule		
44	DJT LAND HOLDINGS MEMBE	R CORP 73)			
	Dwned by :	% Ownership 100	Name DIT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
45	DJT OPERATIONS CX LLC '15		6200		
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Nama DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
46	DJT OPERATIONS ILLC				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Mamber
47	DJT OPERATIONS II LLC *(1)				
	Owned by :	X Ownership 100	<u>Name</u> The Donald J. Tromp Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Member
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TAG AIR INC.	Ownership 100.00%	<u>Title</u> Shareholder	

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1	Donald J. Trump	*******	*****		Page Number A5 of 4
#					******
48	Donald J Trump Enterprises	<u>LLC 73</u>			
	Owned by 3	% Ownership 100	Name Trump Family Membars		Role Member
49	Donald J. Trump Enterprises		County Constitution		)-(u(()uu)
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
۶n	Donald J. Trump Enterprises	100 101 C *(3)	Trump Family Members		Member
~ <b>~</b>					
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name Trump Family Members		<u>Role</u> Member
53	DT APP WARRANT HOLDIN	<u>S LLC 'Y3)</u>			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		1	DT APP WARRANT HOLDING MANAGING MEMBER CORP		Managing Member
	n m 4 nn 1478 nn 6 83m 3 307 1307 1333	99 	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
<i>;</i> #		G MANAGING MEMBER CORP	181		
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DTTM Operations Managing		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Maria and Maria Andrea and A		Member Corp		
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name OT APP WARRANT HOLDING LLC	<u>Qwnershia</u> 1,00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
55	DT CONNECT II LLC				
			¥6		n.i.
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownershia</u> 1	Name DT CONNECT II MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
55	DT CONNECT II MEMBER CO	99 <u>ORP Y1)</u>	DIT HOLDINGS LLC		Member
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Rola
	www.ca.ay.	100	The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name	Ownership	Title	
		DT CONNECT II LLC	1.00%	Managing Member	
59	DT DUBAI GOLF MANAGER	LLC			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	DT DUBAI GOLF MANAGER MEMBER		Managing Momber
		99	CORP DIT Holdings LLC		Member
50	DT DUBAI GOLF MANAGER	MEMBER CORP *(1)			
	Owned by :	56 Ownership	Name		Rols
		103	DIT Holdings Managing Member LLC		Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name DT DUBAI GOLF MANAGER LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
		or down dolp himmer bud	2100.10		
		111 M			
61	DT DUBAL II GOLF MANAGE	nuc			
61	DT DUBAL IL GOLF MANAGE	». Qwnership	Name		Role
61			Name D'Eubai I: Golf Manager Member Corp		<u>Rale</u> Managing Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	DT DUBALL GOLF MANAGER		
	Gwned by : DT DUBAL II GOLF MANAGE	X Dwnershie 1 99 R MEMBER CORP *(1)	dt dubai e golf Manager Member Corp TTTT venture LLC		Managing Member Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	DT DUBALL GOLF MANAGER MEMBER CORP TITT VENTURE LLC Name		Managing Member
	Gwned by : <u>DT DUBAI II GOLF MANAGE</u> Gwned by :	X.Qwnership 1 99 <u>R MEMBER CORP *(1)</u> X.Qwnership 200	DT DUBALE GOLF MANAGER MEMBER CORP TTIT VENTURE LLC Name Duf Holdings Managing Member LLC	Title	Managing Member Member <u>Role</u>
	Gwned by : DT DUBAL II GOLF MANAGE	X.Qwnership 1 99 <u>R MEMBER CORP *11)</u> X.Qwnership	DT DUBALL GOLF MANAGER MEMBER CORP TITT VENTURE LLC Name	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	Managing Member Member <u>Role</u>
52	Gwned by : <u>DT DUBAI II GOLF MANAGE</u> Gwned by : Has awnership interest in :	X Qwnership 1 99 R MEMBER CORP */1) X Qwnership 200 Enlity Name DT OUBALII GOLF MANAGER LLC	DT DUBALL GOLF MANAGER MEMBER CORP TTTT VENTURE LLC Name DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC Ownership		Managing Member Member <u>Role</u>
62	Gwned by : <u>DT DUBAI II GOLF MANAGE</u> Owned by : Has ownership interest in : <u>DT HOME MARKS INTERNA</u>	X. Ownership 1 99 R. MEMBER CORP Y(1) 200 Entity Name OT DUBAI II GOLF MANAGER LLC T/ONAL LLC	DT DUBAH I GOLF MANAGER MEMBER CORP TTTT VENTURE LLC Name DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC <u>Ownership</u> 1,00%		Managing Member Member <u>Role</u> Shareholder
52	Gwned by : <u>DT DUBAI II GOLF MANAGE</u> Gwned by : Has awnership interest in :	X Qwnership 1 99 R MEMBER CORP */1) X Qwnership 200 Enlity Name DT OUBALII GOLF MANAGER LLC	DT DUBALL GOLF MANAGER MEMBER CORP TTTT VENTURE LLC Name DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC Ownership		Managing Member Member <u>Role</u>

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1     DT MODU APPRITURE MANAGING     Member       9     DTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       0     0     DTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       0     0     DTM OPERATIONS LLC     Bole       0     0     DTM OPERATIONS LLC     Bole       0     0     DTM APPL VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP 'YOU     Bole       0     0     DTM APPL VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP 'YOU     Bole       0     0     DTM APPL VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP 'YOU     Bole       0     0     DTM APPL VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP 'YOU     Bole       0     0     Sole     DTM APPL VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP 'YOU     Member       0     0     Sole     DTM APPL VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP 'YOU     Member       0     0     Sole     DTM APPL VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP 'YOU     Member       0     0     Sole     DTM APPL VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER     Member       0     0     0     Member     Member     Member       0     0     0     0     TTM APPL VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER     Member       0     0     0     0     DTTM APPL VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP     Member       0     0     0     0     DTTM APPL VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP     Member    1	65	DT INDIA VENTURE LLC *(3)					
60       DTIMOJA VENTURE MARAGING MEMBER CORP 'GJ       Same base of the second		Owned by ;	1	DT INDIA VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP			
100     DTM Operations Managing Member Corp DEMARKS BAKU LLC '100     Starteholder       77     DEMARKS BAKU LLC '100     Manual DT MARKS BAKU MANGING 1.00%     Manual DTM Operations Managing Member     Manual DTM Operations Managing Member     Manual Member       69     DEMARKS BAKU MANAGING DTM OPERATIONS LLC     Manual DTM OPERATIONS LLC     Manual Member     Manual Member       69     DTM ARKS BAKU MANAGING DTM OPERATIONS LLC     Manual Member Corp Member Co	66	DT INDIA VENTURE MANAGIN		DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member	
DT MORE VENTURE LLC         1.00%         Mernber           67         DT MORE OBAKU LLC Y3)         Service Statu         Mernber           90         Service Statu         Service Statu         Marrie DT MARKS BAKU MANAGING         Balls           99         DTM ARKS BAKU MANAGING         Mernber         Mernber           99         DTM OPERATIONS LLC         Mernber           90         Owned by:         Status MANAGING COPP Y3)         Mernber           0wend dy:         Status Marrie DTM Operations Managing         Mernber           100         Marrie DTM Operations Managing         Marrie Mernber           0wend by:         Status Marrie DTM ARKS BAKU LLC         DWeneschile         THIE           0wend by:         Montershile         DY MARKS BAKU LLC         Marrie DTM ARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP         Marrie Mernber           0wend by:         Montershile         DTM ARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP * (4)         Marrie DTM ARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP         Marrie Marrie Mernber           0wend by:         Status Marrie DTM ARKS DUBAI LLC * (4)         DTM Operations Managing         Marrie Marrie Mernber           7         DT MARKS DUBAI LLC * (4)         DY MARKS DUBAI LLC * (4)         Marrie Marrie Mernber         Marrie Ma		Owned by :		DTTM Operations Managing			
Owned by:     X Gwnership     Manne DT MARKS BAKU MANAGING     Bale Member     Member Member       99     OTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member     Member       90     DT MARKS BAKU MANAGING     Manne 99     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       0 wined by:     X Gwnership 100     Manne 0T MARKS BAKU LLC     Manne 0T MARKS BAKU LLC     Manne 0T MARKS BAKU LLC     Manne 0T MARKS BAKU LLC     Manne Member       7     DT MARKS DUBAI LLC YGU     Y     Manne 1     DT MARKS BAKU LLC     Manne Member       70     DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP YGU     DT MARKS BUBAI MEMBER CORP 1     Manne 1     Manne 1     Manne 1       70     DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP YGU     Manne 1     DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP 1     Member       70     DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP YGU     Manne 1     Manne 1     Member       70     DT MARKS DUBAI LLC YGU     Member     Member       70     DT MARKS DUBAI LLC YGU     Manne 1     Manne 1     Manne 1     Manne 1       70     DT MARKS DUBAI LLC YGU     Manne 1     Manne 1     Manne 1     Manne 1     Manne 1       71     DT MARKS GURGAON MARKS							
1     DTMARKS BACU MANAGING     Managing Mamber       98     97     Managing Mamber       98     DTMARKS BACU MANAGING MEMBER CORP '131     Mamaging Mamber       99     DYTM OPERATIONS LLC     Managing Mamber       90     Sourcership     Managing Mamber       100     Managing Mamber     Bale       100     Bane     DTMARKS DUBAL LLC '141       100     DYTM APERS DUBAL MEMBER CORP     Take       10     Bane     DYTM APERS DUBAL MEMBER       10     Demarship     Take       10     Sourcership     Take       11     DTMARKS DUBAL MEMBER CORP     Managing Member       12     DTMARKS DUBAL MEMBER CORP '141     Managing Member       13     Domenship     DTMARKS DUBAL LLC '141       14     Bole Sourcership     Managing Member       100     Sourcership     Managing Member       100     DTTMAPERATIONS LLC     Managing Member       100     DTTMAPERATIONS LLC     Managing Member       100     DTMARKS GURGAON LLC '141     Managing Member       100     DTTMAPERATION	6)	DI MARKS BARULLE 13					
68 DT MARKS BAKU MANAGING MEMBER CORP '13)       Gwwed by : <u>&amp; Ownership</u> 100     Marrie DT MO perations Managing Member Corp Dwmership interest in : <u>Bole</u> Distributions Banaging Member     Balle Managing Member       71 DT MARKS DUBAI LLC '140       Owned by : <u>&amp; Ownership</u> 1     DY MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP '140     Marrie D'MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP '140       Ownership 1     DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP '141       Ownership 1     DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP '141       Ownership 1     DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP '141       Ownership 100     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC       Owned by : <u>&amp; Ownership</u> 100     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       Owned by : <u>&amp; Ownership</u> 100     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       Member Corp 00       Member Corp 100       DT MARKS GURGAON MALC '164       Member Corp 00       Member Corp 00       DT MARKS GURGAON MALLC '164       Member Corp 00       Member Corp 00       Member Corp 00       Member Corp 00       Member Corp 00       Member Corp 01       Member Corp 01       Member Corp 01       Member Corp 01 <td cols<="" td=""><td></td><td>Owned by :</td><td>1</td><td>DT MARKS BAKU MANAGING MEMBER CORP</td><td></td><td>Managing Member</td></td>	<td></td> <td>Owned by :</td> <td>1</td> <td>DT MARKS BAKU MANAGING MEMBER CORP</td> <td></td> <td>Managing Member</td>		Owned by :	1	DT MARKS BAKU MANAGING MEMBER CORP		Managing Member
100     DUTM Deparations Managing Mendber Corp     Shareholder       Has ownership Interest In:     Entity Marne DTM ARKS BAKU LLC     Dim ARKS BAKU LLC     THE Managing Member       71     DTT MARKS DUBAI LLC Y/4     Jamas     Dim ArkS DUBAI MEMBER CORP     Kole       72     DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP YA     Jamas     Bole     Managing Member       73     DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP YA     Jamas     Bole     Managing Member       74     DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP YA     Managing Member     Managing Member       74     DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP YA     Managing Member     Managing Member       74     DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP YA     Managing Member     Managing Member       75     DT MARKS GURGAON LLC YA     Managing Member     Managing Member       74     DT MARKS GURGAON MALACYY     Managing Member     Managing Member       75     DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP YAH     Managing Member     Managing Member       74     DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP YAH     Managing Member     Managing Member       74     DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP YAH     Managing Member     Managing Member       74     DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP YAH     Managing Member     Managing Member       75     DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP YAH     Managing Member     Managin	68	DT MARKS BAKU MANAGING		DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member	
Has ownership interest in:     Entity Xame DT MARKS BAKU LLC     Dywnership L00%     Thie Managing Member       71     DT MARKS DUBAI LLC 'VAI Owned by:     XO Demarship 1     Nama DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP     Role Managing Member       72     DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP 'VAI     0     Managing Member DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP 'VAI     Managing Member DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP 'VAI     Managing Member Member       72     DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP 'VAI     0     Managing Member DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP 'VAI     Managing Member DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP 'VAI       74     DT MARKS GURGAON LLC 'YAI Managing Member DT MARKS DUBAI LLC 'YAI Names DUBAI LLC 'YAI Owned by:     XO Avariship 100     Marnaging Member DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP 'YAI DO MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP 'YAI DT MARKS JUBCON JUC     Marnaging Member DT MARKS JUBCON JUC     Tile Member       75     DT MARKS JUPTTER JLLC 'YAI Unvership     Marnaging Member Corp Wember Corp DT MARKS JUPTTER JLC 'YAI     Marnaging Member Corp Wember Corp DT MARKS JUPTTER JLC 'YAI     Marnaging Member Corp Managing Member Corp DT MARKS JUBCON JLC     <		Owned by :		DTTM Operations Managing			
Marrials       Bole         Owned by:       39       OTTM OPERATIONS LLC       Member         72       DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP. Y44       Member       Member         Owned by:       30       DTTM OPERATIONS LLC       Member         Owned by:       30       DTTM OPERATIONS Managing       Member         Mass ownership interest in:       Entity Name DT MARKS DUBAI LLC       DUBW       Managing Member         73       DT MARKS GURGAON LLC Y44       Member       Member       Stansholder         74       DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING       Member       Member       Member         74       DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP       Member       Member       Member         74       DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP       Member       Member       Member         74       DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP Y44       Member       Member       Member         75       DT MARKS JERSEY CITY LLC Y44       Member       Member       Member       Member         75       DT MARKS JERSEY CITY LLC Y44       Mare Stans       Member       Member       Member         76       DT MARKS JURSEY MEMBER       Mare Stans       Member       Member       Member         75 <td></td> <td>Has ownership interest in :</td> <td></td> <td>Ownership</td> <td></td> <td></td>		Has ownership interest in :		Ownership			
1     DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP     Managing Member       99     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       0runed by: <u>30 Quanarship</u> 109     Name DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER CORP     Adde Shareholder       Has ownership interest in: <u>20 Quanarship</u> 109     Demarship DT MARKS DUBAI LLC     Name Demarship     Adde Shareholder       73 <u>DT MARKS GURGAON LLC 'r/4'</u>	71	DT MARKS DUBAI LLC '44)					
72 DT MARKS DUBA! MEMBER CORP 'Y4!       Stareship       Name       Bals       Stareholder         90       109       DTTM Operations Managing       Bals       Stareholder         Has ownership interest in:       Entity Kame       DYMARKS DUBA! LLC       DYMARKS DUBA! LLC       Title         73       DT MARKS GURGAON LLC '(4)       UDWather Corp       Managing Member       Adals         74       DT MARKS GURGAON MALC 'MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP       Adals       Maraging Member         99       DTTM OPERATIONS LLC       Member       Maraging Member         74       DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP 'Y4!       Member       Member         0wned by:       X Ownership       Name       Member       Maraging Member         100       DTTM OPERATIONS LLC       Member       Member       Shareholder         74       DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP 'Y4!       Member       Member       Shareholder         100       DTTM OPERATIONS LLC       Member       Member       Shareholder       Shareholder         75       DT MARKS JUPITER LLC 'Y4!       Maraging Member       Title       Maraging Member       Shareholder         75       DT MARKS JUPITER LLC 'Y4!       Maraging Member       Title       Maraging Member		Owned by :					
ID9     DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp     Shareholder       Has ownership interest in :     Entity Mame DT MARKS DUBAI LLC     DUMARKS DUBAI LLC     Title Managing Member       73     DT MARKS GURGAON LLC '(4)     Name DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING     Managing Member       Owned by :     % Ownership 1     DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP 99     Name DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       74     DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP '(4)     Mame 100     Mame DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       74     DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP '(4)     Mame 100     Mame DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       74     DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP '(4)     Mame 100     Member Corp 00 met by :     Role Shareholder       75     DT MARKS JERSEY CITY LLC '(4)     Entity Name 100     Ownership 100     Mame DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Title Managing Member       75     DT MARKS JUPTTER LLC '(4)     IOU     Name 100     Mame DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Bolg Member       75     DT MARKS JUPTTER LLC '(4)     IOU     Mame 100     Mame DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Bolg Member       75     DT MARKS JUPTTER LLC '(4)     Kumership 100     Name Name     Bolg       76     Market Jup Jup Kasship 100     Name     Role Member	72	DT MARKS DUBAI MEMBER C		DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Matthet	
Has ownership interest in :       Entity Name DT MARKS DUBALLC       Downarship 1.00%       Title Menaging Member         73       DT MARKS GURGAON LLC '(4)		Owned by :		DTTM Operations Managing			
Owned by:     X.Ownership 1     Name DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP     Role Managing Member       99     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       74     DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP '(4)     Member       Owned by:     X.Ownership 109     Name DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp     Role Sharehoider       Ras ownership Interest in:     Entity Name DT MARKS GURGAON LLC     Name 1.00%     Title Managing Member       75     DT MARKS JERSEY CITY LLC '(4) 100     Starehoider       Owned by:     Storeship 100     Name DT MOPERATIONS LLC     Role Managing Member       75     DT MARKS JERSEY CITY LLC '(4) 100     Name DT MOPERATIONS LLC     Role Member       75     DT MARKS JUPITER LLC '(4) 00wned by:     Storeship 100     Name DT MOPERATIONS LLC     Role Member       76     DT MARKS JUPITER LLC '(4) 0wned by:     X.Ownership 100     Name     Role Member		Has ownership interest in :		Oznarship			
I     DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP     Managing Member       99     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       74     DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP '141     Member       74     DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP '141     Member       74     DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP '141     Member       74     DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP '141     Member       74     DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP '141     Member       74     DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP '141     Member       75     DT MARKS JERSEY CITY LLC '141     Member       75     DT MARKS JERSEY CITY LLC '141     Managing Member       75     DT MARKS JUPITER LLC '141     Managing Member       76     DT MARKS JUPITER LLC '141     Managing Member	73	DT MARKS GURGAON LLC 74	£				
74 DT MARKS GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP *(4)         Owned by:       X.Ownership       Name       Role         100       DTTM Operations Managing       Shareholder         Mamber Corp       Mamber Corp       Mamber Corp         Mass ownership Interest in :       Entity Name       Ownership       Title         DT MARKS JERSEY CITY LLC *(4)       00%       Managing Member         75       DT MARKS JERSEY CITY LLC *(4)       Name       Role         Owned by:       X.Ownership       DTM OPERATIONS LLC       Role         75       DT MARKS JUP/TER LLC *(4)       Managing Member       Member         0wned by:       X.Ownership       Name       Role		Owned by :			EMBER CORP		
Owned by :     X. Ownership 100     Name DTIM Operations Managing     Acie Shareholder       Has ownership Interest in :     Entity Name DT MARKS GURGAON LLC     Ownership 1.00%     Title Managing Member       75     DT MARKS JERSEY CITY LLC '14J       Owned by :     X. Ownership 100     Name DTIM OPERATIONS LLC     Role Member       75     DT MARKS JUPITER LLC '14J       Owned by :     X. Ownership 100     Name DTIM OPERATIONS LLC     Role Member       75     DT MARKS JUPITER LLC '14J       Owned by :     X. Ownership 100     Name     Role			99	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member	
100     DTM Operations Managing     Shareholder       Member Corp     Member Corp     Member Corp       Has ownership interest in :     Entity Name     Ownership     Title       DT MARKS GURGADN LLC     1.00%     Managing Member       75     DT MARKS JERSEY CITY LLC Y4J     Mane     Role       Owned by :     \$6.0wnership     100     DTM OPERATIONS LLC       75     DT MARKS JUPITER LLC Y4J     Manee     Role       0wned by :     \$6.0wnership     Maree     Role       0wned by :     \$6.0wnership     Name     Role	74	DT MARKS GURGAON MANAC	JING MEMBER CORP *(4)				
Has ownership Interest In :     Entity Name DT MARKS GURGAON LLC     Ownership 1.00%     Title Managing Member       75     DT MARKS JERSEY CITY LLC '14J     Name 100     Role Member       Owned by :     ½ Qwnership 100     Name DTM OPERATIONS LLC     Role Member       75     DT MARKS JUPITER LLC '14J     Role Member       0wned by :     ½ Qwnership 100     Name     Role Member		Owned by :		DTTM Operations Managing			
Owned by : <u>% Ownership</u> <u>Name</u> <u>Role</u> 100 DTIM OPERATIONS LLC Member 76 <u>DT MARKS JUPITER LLC */41</u> Owned by : <u>% Ownership</u> <u>Name Role</u>		Has ownership interest in :		Ownership			
100     DTTM OPERATIONS LC     Member       76     DT MARKS JUPITER LLC */41     Owned by:     X Ownership       Owned by:     X Ownership     Name     Role	75	DT MARKS JERSEY CITY LLC	<u>*(4)</u>				
Owned by : <u>X. Ownership</u> <u>Name</u> <u>Role</u>							
	75		% Ownership	Name		Role	
			100	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Managing Member	

77 DT MARKS PRODUCTS INTERNATIONAL LLC Y4)

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Instructions for Part 2 Notes This is a public form. Do not include account conducts, stress addresses, or family member names. See instructions for required information Filer's Name Page Number A7 of 46 ionsis J. Trump Reference # Owned by : % Ownership Nama Role DT MARKS PRODUCTS 1 Managing Member INTERNATIONAL MEMBER CORP 99 DTTM OPERATIONS LLC Member 78 DT MARKS PRODUCTS INTERNATIONAL MEMBER CORP \*(4) Owned by : % Ownership 100 Name DTTM Operations Managing <u>Rois</u> Shareholder Mamber Corp Entity Name OT MARKS PRODUCTS Has ownership interest in : Ownership Title 1.00% Managing Member INTERNATIONAL LLC 79 DT MARKS PUNE II LLC Y3) Owned by : Name DT MARKS PUNE II MANAGING % Ownership Role Managing Member 2 MEMBER CORP 99 DTTM OPERATIONS LLC Member 80 DT MARKS PUNE II MANAGING MEMBER CORP '(3) Owned by : <u>% Ownership</u> Role Name 180 **DTTM Operations Managing** Shareholder Member Corp Entity Name DT MARKS PUNE II LLC Has ownership interest in : Title Managing Member <u>Ownership</u> 1.00% 81 DT MARKS PUNE LLC Y4) Neme DT MARKS PUNE MANAGING Owned by : % Ownership <u>Role</u> Managing Member MEMBER CORP 99 DTTM OPERATIONS LLC Member 82 DT MARKS PUNE MANAGING MEMBER CORP \*(4) Owned by : % Ownership Role Name 100 BTTM Operations Managing Shareholder Member Corp Entity Name DT MARKS PUNE LLC Has ownership interest in : Ownership Title 1.00% Managing Member 89 DT MARKS QATAR LLC \*(3)-DISSOLVED 1/26/17 Owned by : % Ownership Name DT MARKS QATAR MEMBER CORP <u>Role</u> Managing Member 1 99 OTTM OPERATIONS LLC Member 84 DT MARKS QATAR MEMBER CORP \*(3)--DISSOLVED 1/26/17 Owned by : % Ownership Role Name 100 DTTM Operations Managing Shareholda Member Corp Entity Name DT MARKS CATAR LLC Has ownership interest in : Ownership Title 1.00% Managing Member 85 DT MARKS RIO LLC \*(3) Owned by : % Ownership Name Role DT MARKS RIO MEMBER CORP Managing Member 99 DTTM OPERATIONS LLC Member 86 DT MARKS RIO MEMBER CORP \*(3) Owned by : % Ownership <u>Roie</u> Sharehoider Neme DITM Operations Managing 100 Member Coro Entity Name DT MARKS RIO LLC Ownership 1.00% Has ownership interest in : Title Managing Mamber 87 DT MARKS VANCOUVER LP Owned by : % Ownership Name Title

OGE From 2784 (March 2014) Instructions for Part 2 Note: This is a public for curt numbers, street eddresses, or family member carries. See instructions for required information Do not include se Filer's Name Page Number ensid J. Trump A8 of 46 Reference # ĩ DT MARKS VANCOUVER MEMBER General Partner COSP 22 The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust Limited Partner 88 DT MARKS VANCOUVER MEMBER CORP '(1) Owned by : Name DTTM Operations Managing % Ownership <u>Raie</u> 100 Shareholder Member Corp Has ownership interest in : Entity Name Ownership Title 1.000000 units (100.00 %) General Partner DT MARKS VANCOUVER LP 89 DT Marks Worli LLC Owned by : % Ownership Role Name DT Marks Worll Member Corp 1 Managing Member 89 DTTM OPERATIONS LLC Mamber 90 DT Marks Worli Member Corp "(1) Owned by : % Ownership <u>Role</u> Shareholder Name 100 DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp Has ownership interest in : Entity Name DT Marks World LLC Ownership 1.00% <u>Title</u> Managing Member 31 DT TOWER GURGAON LLC Owned by : % Ownership Name Role DT TOWER GURGAON MANAGING 1 Managing Member MEMBER CORP TTTT Venture LLC 99 Member 92 DT TOWER GURGAON MANAGING MEMBER CORP 11 Owned by : % Ownership Name DTTM Operations Managing <u>Role</u> 100 Sharahalder Member Corp Has ownership interest in : Entity Name Ownership Title DT TOWER GURGAON LLC 1.00% Managing Member 93 DTW VENTURE LLC Owned by : % Ownership Name Role DJT Holdings LLC 100 Member 94 DTW VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP. \*(3) Owned by : % Ownership Name Role DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC 100 Shareholder 95 EID Venture ( Corporation \*(3) Owned by : % Ownership Name Role 300 DTTM Operations Managing Shareholder Member Corp

96 EID Venture ( LLC \*(3) Owned by : % Ownership 100 \$7 Excel Venture ( Corporation \*(1) Owned by : % Ownership 100

Has ownership interest in : Entity Name Excel Venture | LLC

98 Excel Venture I LLC Owned by : % Ownership 39

99 Fifty-Seven Management Corp. "(1) Owned by : % Ownership Name DTTM OPERATIONS LLC

Name

Name DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC

Ownership Title 1.00% Managing Member

Name Role Excel Venture I Corporation DIT HOLDINGS LLC Member

Managing Member

<u>Rcie</u>

Role

Role

Shareholder

Member

	Filer's Name	·····	mes, or family mamber names. See ins		Page Number
	Denald J. Teamp		****	******	A9 of 46
æ#		100	The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> Filty-Seventh Street Associates LLC	Ownership 1.00%	Title Managing Member	
100	Fifty-Seventh Street Associ				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	<u>Name</u> Fifty-Seven Management Corp.		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
		96	The Trump-Equitable Fifth Avenue Company		Member
101	FIRST MEMBER INC Y1)		company		
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> The Donald I. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Sharaholdar
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP PALACE/PARCILC	Ownership 0.10%	<u>Title</u> Managing Mansber	
102	FLIGHTS INC YE				
	Owned by :	X Ownership 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Nambar LLC		<u>Rola</u> Shareholder
103	FLORIDA PROPERTIES MA	NAGEMENT LC *(2)			
	Owned by :	% Ownership 100	Name DJT Holdings LLC		Role
104	Fountainbleu Aperiments L		tot noiongs i.c.		Mambar
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 25	Name DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Mamber
105	Golf Productions LLC	76	Trump Family Members		Mambar
	Owned by :	<u>X Ownership</u> 1	Name Golf Productions Member Carp		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
105	Golf Productions Member C	99 2010 1711	DIT Holdings LLC		Mamber
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name Golf Productions LLC	<u>Ownership</u> 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
107	Golf Recreation Scotland L	imited *(1)			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
	Has ownership interest in :	100 <u>Ennity Name</u> Trump Turnberry	TURNBERRY SCOTLAND LLC Øwnership 100.00%	<u>lille</u> Shareholder	Sole Member
108	HELICOPTER AIR SERVICE	<u>S INC '43)</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name Dit Holdings Managing Member		<u>Role</u> Shareholdar
110	Hudson Waterfront Associa	ites I, LP "(1)	нс		
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name Hudson Waterfront I		<u>Role</u> Pørtner
		69	CORPORATION HUDSON WESTSIDE ASSOCIATES I,		Partner
		30	L.P. The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		Pariner
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> HWA 555 Owners, LLC	Ownership 100.00%	<u>Title</u> Partner	
	Hudson Waterfront Associa				

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	Ooneld J. Ynursp				A10 of
L		1	HUDSON WATERFRONT II		Partnet
		69	CORPORATION HUDSON WESTSIDE ASSOCIATES II,		Partner
		30	L.P. The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		Partner
2	Hudson Weterfront Associa	tes    , LP °(1)			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Rals
		1	HUDSON WATERFRONT III CORPORATION		Partner
		69	HUDSON WESTSIDE ASSOCIATES III,		Partner
		30	L.P. The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		Partner
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name HWA 1290 III LLC	Ownership 100.00%	<u>Title</u> Partnør	
3	Hudson Waterfront Associa		100,747/0	r at triot	
			<b>A 1</b>		<b>7</b> .1
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name HUDSON WATERFRONT IV		<u>Role</u> Partner
		69	CORPORATION HUDSON WESTSIDE ASSOCIATES IV,		Partner
			L.P.		
		30	The Donald I. Trump Revocable Trust		Partner
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> HWA 1290 IV LLC	Ownership 100.00%	<u>Title</u> Partner	
4	Hudson Waterfront Associa	tes V LP *(1)			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		1	HUDSON WATERFRONT V CORPORATION		Partner
		69	HUDSON WESTSIDE ASSOCIATES V,		Partner
		30	L.P. The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		Partner
	Has awnership Interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> HWA 1290 V LLC	<u>Ownership</u> 100.00%	<u>Title</u> Partner	
16	Indian Hills Holdings LLC ។	3)			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
17	TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF C	100 LUB - JUPITER	DJT Holdings LLC		Member
			Rinner		Durlin
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name JUPITER GOLF CLUB MANAGING		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
		99	MEMBER CORP BIT HOLDINGS LLC		Member
18	JUPITER GOLF CLUB MAN		and a second		
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		100	BIT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER		Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB -	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
ia	LAMINGTON FAMILY HOLD	JUPITER			
	Owned by:		Name		Rola
		<u>% Ownership</u> 190	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings LLC.		<u>Role</u> Member
20	TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF C	LUB - BEDMINSTER			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 109	Name LFB ACQUISITION LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
a.	Lawrence Towers Apartmen	<u>its LLC *(3)</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 25	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings ILC		<u>Role</u> Member
		75	Trump Family Members		Member
2	LFB ACQUISITION LLC *(1)				
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role

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	fiots: This is a public form. Do not incl Filer's Name	puctions for required	~~~~~~~~~						
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		1	LFB ACQUISITION MEMBER CORP		Managing Member				
	Has ownership interest in :	99 <u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB - BEDMINSTER	DIT HOLDINGS LLC Ownership 100.00%	<u>Title</u> Member	Member				
12	23 LFB ACQUISITION MEMBER C								
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DIT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholdør				
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name LFB ACQUISITION LLC	<u>Ownership</u> 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member					
13	25 MAR-A-LAGO CLUB INC *(1)								
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder				
	Hes ownership interest in :	Entity Name MAR-A-LAGO CLUB, L.L.C. MALC, Inc.	Ownership 0.01% 100.03%	<u>Title</u> Member Shareholder					
12	26 MAR-A-LAGO CLUB, L.L.C.								
	Assumed Names :	D/B/A MAR-A-LAGO CLUB, L.L.C., L.C.							
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 0,01 99,99	<u>Name</u> MAR-A-LAGO CLUB INC The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Member Member				
13	27 <u>Midland Associates *(3)</u>								
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 28 75	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Partner Partner				
12	28 <u>NITTO WORLD CO., LIMITED *</u>								
	Owned by :	25 Ownership 100	<u>Name</u> TRUMP TURNBERRY		<u>Role</u> Shareholder				
13	29 OCEAN DEVELOPMENT MEM								
	Owned by :	% Ownership 100	Name DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Sharehoider				
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name OCEAN DEVELOPMENT SERVICES LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Member					
13	31 <u>One Central Park West Associ</u>	ates *(3)							
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 50	Name TRUMP CENTRAL PARK WEST CORP		Role Partner				
	Has ownership interest in :	.50	GALBREATH COLUMBUS CIRCLE DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATES, L.P. <u>Ownership</u>	Title	Partner				
15	32 One Central Park West PT Ass	One Central Park West PT 34.30% Member Associates							
20	Che Cennar Park Wester 1 Ass	0000000 101							
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 34.3	<u>Name</u> One Central Park West Associates		<u>Role</u> Partner				
15	33 OPO HOTEL MANAGER LLC	65.7 (5)	CPW PT Partners, G.P.		Partner				
	Owned by :	<u>% Öwnership</u> 1	<u>Name</u> OPO HOTEL MANAGER MEMBER CORF		<u>Role</u> Managing Membor				
		22.50	Trump Family Members		Member				
15	4 OPO HOTEL MANAGER MEME	76.50 IER CORP (1)	DIT HOLDINGS LLC		Member				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DIT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder				
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name	<u>Ownership</u>	Title					

Consult J. Transp A12 of 46	1	Note: This is a public form. Do not inclu Filer's Nama				Page Number
135       OWNO DEVELOPENT LLC 'CO' 300       Name 300       Name 301       D/T Holdings LLC       Mathemerican Mathematican Sector Paragraphic Paragraphinter Paragraphic Paragraphic Paragraphinter Paragraphic Paragraph		Burners and a second		***************************************		A12 of 46
Marine matrix 300Marine matrix 100Marine matrix 	ence #	L	OPO HOTEL MANAGER LLC	1.00%	Managing Member	
Join         Source lays and by:         Source lays by:         Source lays by: </td <td>124</td> <td>ONO DEVELOPER LLC */3</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	124	ONO DEVELOPER LLC */3				
SPANAMA OCEAN CLUB MANAGEMENT LLC '93       Managing Marcher Marc						
1     PARAMA OCENA CLUB     Managing Member       137     PARAMA OCENA CLUB MANAGENES     Managing Member       137     PARAMA OCENA CLUB MANAGENES     Managing Member       138     PARAMA OCENA CLUB MANAGENES     Managing Member       139     PARAMA OCENA CLUB MANAGENES     Managing Member       130     DUT Holdings Managing Member     Rabe       140     Parc Consulting, Inc. Y(I)     Managing Member     Managing Member       140     Parc Consulting, Inc. Y(I)     Managing Member     Managing Member       141     Parc Consulting, Inc. Y(I)     Managing Member     Managing Member       140     Managing Member     Managing Member     Managing Member       141     Parc Consulting, Inc. Y(I)     Managing Member     Managing Member       143     Parc Consulting, Inc. Y(I)     Managing Member     Managing Member       144     Parc Consulting, Inc. Y(I)     Managing Member     Managing Member       145     Park Briar Associates Y(I)     Time Danial J. Trump Revocable Trust     Partner       144     Park Briar Associates Y(I)     Managing Member     Partner       145     Park Briar Associates Y(I)     Managing Member     Managing Member       144     Park Briar Associates Y(I)     Managing Member     Managing Member       145 <t< td=""><td>136</td><td>PANAMA OCEAN CLUB MANA</td><td></td><td>D31 Holdings LLC</td><td></td><td>Memper</td></t<>	136	PANAMA OCEAN CLUB MANA		D31 Holdings LLC		Memper
137       PARAMA OCEAN CLUB MANAGEMENT MEMBER CORP (3)       Number of the second of the seco		Owned by :	1	PANAMA OCEAN CLUB MANAGEMENT MEMBER CORP		Managing Member
Id0D0T Moldings Managing Member LUCShareholderHis ownership Interest In :Math MAGE Managing Member LUCTitle Managing Member LUCTitle Managing Member LUCOwned by :Statesholder Managing Member LUCBole ShareholderBole ShareholderInterest In :Statesholder Managing Member LUCBole ShareholderBole ShareholderInterest In :Statesholder Managing Member LUCBole Managing Member LUCBole ShareholderInterest In :Statesholder Managing Member LUCBole Managing Member LUCBole ShareholderInterest In :Statesholder Title Device Member LUCBole Managing Member LUCBole Managing Member LUCInterest In :Statesholder Title Device Members Tomp Family Managing Member LUCBole Managing Member LUCInterest In :Statesholder Tomp Family Managing Member LUCBole Managing MemberInterest In :Statesholder Tomp Family Managing MemberBole Managing MemberInterest In :Statesholder Tomp Family Managing Member<	137	PANAMA OCEAN CLUB MANA				wencer
PANAMA GCEAN CLUB MANAGEMENT LLC: MANAGEMENT LLC: MANAGEMENT LLC: MANAGEMENT LLC:LD05.Managing MemberJone dby: $30$ Ownership Marse AU Wall Development Associates, U.C. $2000000000000000000000000000000000000$		Owned by :				
140       Pare Consulting, Inc. '1(1)       Note that is a set of the se		Has ownership interest in :	PANAMA OCEAN CLUB			
Index     DT Holdings Managing Member LLC     Shareholder       Has ownership interest in :     Init/: Name (U) Divestopment Associates, 0.0%     This Member     This Member       Jac     Park Briar Associates, 7(J)     Ownership (U) Divestopment Associates, 0.0%     This Member     Failer       Jone div:     2.5     Divestopment Associates, 7(J)     Mame The Donaid J. Trump Paroly Members     Failer       Jone div:     2.5     This Donaid J. Trump Paroly Members     Failer       Jone div:     2.5     This Donaid J. Trump Paroly Members     Partner       Jone div:     2.5     This Donaid J. Trump Paroly Members     Partner       Jone div:     2.5     This Donaid J. Trump Paroly Members     Partner       Jone div:     3.60     Mame Spring Creak Planz LLC     1.47%     Member       Jone div:     3.60     Mame Spring Creak Planz LLC     1.47%     Member       Jone div:     3.60     Mame Spring Creak Planz LLC     DivestopMent LLD EVELOPMENT MANAGING MeMBER CORP     Member       Jone div:     2.6     Sowenership 100     Mame DivestopMent LLD EVELOPMENT Member     Member     Member       Jone div:     2.6     Sowenership 100     Mame The Donaid J. Trump Revocable Trust     Sole Mamaging Member       Jone div:     2.6     Sowenership 100     Mame The Donaid J. Trump Revocable Trust	140	Pare Consulting, Inc. "(1)				
All Development Associates, 0,30%     Member       111     Dark Briar Associates 1(1)     SQuencripile     Name       0wned by:     \$Quencripile     Trump Family Members     Trump Family Members       75     Trump Family Members     Title       74     Park Briar et GN Associates, LP, 14.77%     Trump Family Members     Title       74     Pinte Hill, DEVELOPMENT LLC     1.47%     Member       74     Pinte Hill, DEVELOPMENT LLC     Name     Partner       74     Owned by:     \$Quencripile     Name       74     Pinte Hill, DEVELOPMENT LLC     Member     Member       74     Pinte Hill, DEVELOPMENT LLC     Member     Member       74     Pinte Hill, DEVELOPMENT LLC     Member     Member       74     Pinte Hill, DEVELOPMENT MARGING MEMBER CORP     Member       74     Pinte Hill, DEVELOPMENT Hill, DEVELOPMENT LLC     Member       74     Pinte Hill, DEVELOPMENT Hill, DEVELOPMENT LLC     Member       75     Stareholder     100     Member       74     Pinte Hill, DEVELOPMENT Hill     Quencripile     Inte Managing Member LLC       75     Stareholder     100     Mane       76     Name     Tite Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust     Stale       76     Managing Member     Dinte Manag		Owned by :				
141 Park Briar Associates "(1)            wowe by :           So watcrifie         Z5           Name             The Donaid J. Trump Revocable Trust           Bole             Partner             Has ownership interest in :           So watcrifie         So watcrifie         Starett City Associates, LP,         Starett C		Has ownership interest in :	40 Wall Development Associates,			
Image: second	141	. <u>Park Briar Associates *(1)</u>				
Has ownership interest in :       Entity Name Startett City Associates, LC, apring Creek Plans LLC       Ownership 1.47%       Title Patiner         Ju       PINE HILL DEVELOPMENT LLC       Solvenership 1       Name Pine HIL DEVELOPMENT LLC       Solvenership 1       Name Pine HIL DEVELOPMENT MANAGING MEMBER CORP 30       Name DIT HOUNS LLC       Solvenership 100         Ju       PINE HILL DEVELOPMENT MAGING MEMBER CORP 100       Name 2000       Name 2000       Solvenership 2000       Name 2000       Name 2000 <td></td> <td>Owned by :</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		Owned by :				
142 PINE HILL DEVELOPMENT LLC         Owned by :       X Ownership 1       Name PINE HILL DEVELOPMENT MANAGING MEMBER CORP MANAGING MEMBER CORP 39       DIT HOLDINGS LLC       Managing Member MANAGING MEMBER CORP MANAGING MEMBER CORP MANAGING MEMBER CORP       Mame PINE HILL DEVELOPMENT MANAGING MEMBER CORP Y/II       Mame Managing Member       Managing Member MANAGING MEMBER CORP       Managing Member Managing Member       Managing Member Managing Member         UPINE HILL DEVELOPMENT MANAGING MEMBER CORP Y/II         Owned by :       X Ownership 100       Mame PINE HILL DEVELOPMENT LLC       Title Managing Member       Managing Member         Has ownership interest in :       K Ownership 100       Mame PINE HILL DEVELOPMENT LLC       Title Managing Member       Managing Member         Has ownership interest in :       K Ownership 100       Mame POKER VENTURE LLC Y31       Managing Member         Owned by :       X Ownership 10       Managing Member         145 POKER VENTURE LLC Y31         Owned by :       X Ownership 10       Mame 100       Mame POKER VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP       Managing Member MEMBER CORP       Managing Member Member         146 POKER VENTURE MANAGINA MEMBER CORP Y31       Managing Member 100       Mamaging Member       Managing Member       Managing Member         146 POKER VENTURE MANAGINA MEMBER CORP Y31       Mamaging		Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> Starrett City Associates, L.P.	Ownership 1.47%	Partner	Partner
1     PINE HILL DEVELOPMENT MANAGING MEMBER CORP DJT HOLDINGS LLC     Managing Member Member       143     PINE HILL DEVELOPMENT MANAGING MEMBER CORP.Y(1)     Member       0wned by :     ½.0wnershig 100     Name DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC     Bolg Shareholder       Has ownership interest in :     Entity Name PINE HILL DEVELOPMENT [LC     Qwnership 1.00%     Title Managing Member       144     Plaza Consulting Corp. *(1)     .00%     Title Managing Member       0wned by :     ½.0wnership 100     Name The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust     Rolg Shareholder       144     Plaza Consulting Corp. *(1)     .00%     Title Managing Member       0wned by :     ½.0wnership 100     Name The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust     Rolg Partner       145     POKER VENTURE LLC *(3)     Dut Managing Member DITM OPERATIONS LLC     Managing Member Member       146     POKER VENTURE MANAGING Member CORP 99     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Managing Member Member CorP Shareholder       146     POKER VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP 'SI)     Managing Member Member CorP Shareholder     Managing Member Managing Member Member CorP       147     POKER VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP 'SI)     Managing Member Member CorP Shareholder     Managing Member Managing Member Member CorP       148     POKER VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP 'SI)     Managing Member Member CorP     Managing Member Member       149     POKER VENT	142	PINE HILL DEVELOPMENT LL				
93     DJT HOLDINGS LLC     Member       143     PINE HILL DEVELOPMENT MANAGING MEMBER CORP 'Y'     Mame DT Holdings Managing Member LUC     Member       0wned by:     ½ Ownership 100     Name DT Holdings Managing Member LUC     Role Managing Member     Shareholder       144     Plaza Consulting Corp. '(f)     100     Name Diff Holdings Managing Member Tutc     Title Maraging Member       144     Plaza Consulting Corp. '(f)     Name Diff Holdings Managing Member Tutc     Title Maraging Member     Name Member     Title Maraging Member       144     Plaza Consulting Corp. '(f)     Name Diff No Policy     Name Diff No Policy     Title Maraging Member       145     Poker Venture LLC '(3)     Name Diff No Policy     Title Name Diff No Policy     Title Name Diff No Policy     Role Shareholder       145     Poker Venture MANAGING MEMBER CORP '(3)     Name Diff No Policy     Managing Member Member Corp     Managing Member Member Corp       146     Poker Venture MANAGING EMEMBER CORP '(3)     Name Diff No Policy     Managing Member Member Corp     Managing Member Corp       146     Poker Venture MANAGING EMEMBER CORP '(3)     Name Diff No Policy     Name Diff No Policy     Managing Member Corp       146     Poker Venture MANAGING EMEMBER CORP '(3)     Name Diff No Policy     Name Diff No Policy     Sole Shareholder       147     Poker Venture Managing Member Corp     N		Owned by :		PINE HILL DEVELOPMENT		
Owned by :       XOwnership 100       Name 100       Name Dif Holdings Managing Member LLC       Role Shareholder         Has ownership interest in :       Entity Name PINE HILL DEVELOPMENT [LC       Ownership 1.00%       Title Managing Member       Title Managing Member         144       Pfaza Consulting Corp. *(f1)	1/3	DINE HILL DEVELOPMENT MA		DIT HOLDINGS LLC		Member
IOD     DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC     Shareholder       Has ownership interest in :     Entity Name PINE HILL DEVELOPMENT LLC     Qwmership 1.00%     Title Managing Member       144     Plaza Consulting Corp. *(1) Owned by :     X. Ownership 100     Name The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust     Rolg Shareholder       144     Plaza consulting Corp. *(1) Owned by :     X. Ownership 100     Name The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust     Rolg Shareholder       145     POKER VENTURE LLC *(3) Owned by :     Éntity Name The East 61 Street Company, LP     Qwmership 0.10%     Title Partner       145     POKER VENTURE LLC *(3) 1     Name 1     Name PCKER VENTURE MANAGING Managing Member     Managing Member Member       146     POKER VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP 99     Name DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member Member       146     POKER VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP *(3) 100     Name DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp Member Corp     Member Shareholder       146     POKER VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP *(3) 100     Name DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp     Member Shareholder	243			_		Data
PINE HILL DEVELOPMENT LLC     1.80%     Managing Member       144     Plaza Consulting Corp. Y(1)		Gamed by ;				
Answer     Role       Owned by :     ½ Ownership       100     The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust       Has ownership Interest In :     Entity Name The East 61 Street Company, LP     Ownership       145     POKER VENTURE LLC '(3)     D.10%       Owned by :     ½ Ownership     Name The Base 61 Street Company, LP       0wned by :     ½ Ownership     Name POKER VENTURE MANAGING       99     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC       146     POKER VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP '(3)       0wned by :     ½ Ownership 100       0wned by :     ½ Ownership 100       99     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC       Wamber Corp Member Corp     Member Member Corp       146     POKER VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP '(3)       Owned by :     ½ Ownership 100       100     DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp       Has ownership Interest In :     Entity Name		Has ownership interest in :				
Info     The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust     Shareholder       Has ownership Interest in :     Entity Name The East 63 Street Company, LP     Ownership D.10%     Itile Partner       145     POKER VENTURE LLC *(3)     Dumership D.10%     Name Partner     Role Managing Member MEMBER CORP       0wined by :     ½ Ownership 1     Name POKER VENTURE MANAGING Managing Member     Role Managing Member       99     DTTM OPERATIONS LIC     Member       146     POKER VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP *(3)     Name DTTM OPerations Managing Member Corp Has ownership Interest in :     Role Shareholder	144	Pleza Consulting Corp. *(1)				
The East 61 Street Company, LP     D.10%     Partner       145     POKER VENTURE LLC *(3)     Name     Role       145     Managing Member     Managing Member       1     POKER VENTURE MANAGING     Managing Member       1     POKER VENTURE MANAGING     Managing Member       9     DTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       146     POKER VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP *(3)     Member       0wned by :     % Ownership 100     Name DTM Operations Managing Member Corp     Role Shareholder:       Has ownership Interest in :     Entity Name     Ownership     Title		Owned by :				
Owned by :     ½ Ownershin 1     Name     Role       1     PCKER VENTURE MANAGING     Managing Member       99     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       146     POKER VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP *(3)     Name     Role       0wned by :     ½ Ownership 100     Name     Role       0wnership Interest in :     Entity Name     Role       Has ownership Interest in :     Entity Name     Title		Has ownership interest in ;				
1     PCKER VENTURE MANAGING     Managing Member       MEMBER CORP     MEMBER CORP     Member       99     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       146 <u>POKER VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP *(3)</u> Member       0wned by : <u>% Ownership</u> <u>Name</u> 100     DTTM Operations Managing     Shareholder:       Member Corp     Member Corp       Has ownership Interest in : <u>Entity Name</u> <u>Ownership</u>	145	POKER VENTURE LLC *(3)				
99 DTTM OPERATIONS LLC Member 146 <u>POKER VENTURE MANAGING MEMBER CORP *(3)</u> Owned by : <u>% Ownership</u> Name <u>Role</u> 100 DTTM Operations Managing Shareholder Member Corp Has ownership interest in : <u>Entity Name</u> <u>Dwnership</u> <u>Title</u>		Owned by ;		POKER VENTURE MANAGING		
100     DTTM Operations Managing     Shareholder       Member Corp       Has ownership Interest in :     Entity Name     Dwnership	146	POKER VENTURE MANAGING				Member
Has ownership Interest in : <u>Entity Name</u> <u>Ownership</u> <u>Title</u>		Owned by :		DTTM Operations Managing		
		Has ownership interest in :		Ownership		

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# [	Owned by :	% Ownership 100	Name D/T Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
50	RPV DEVELOPMENT LLC *(1)				
	Daned by :	<u>X Ownershin</u> 100	Name DIT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER		<u>Role</u> Member
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB - LOS ANGELES	UC Ownership 100.00%	<u>Title</u> Shareholder	
51	SCOTLAND ACQUISITIONS LI				
	Owned by :	<u>X Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
53	<u>Seven Springs LLC</u>				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 0.1	Name Bedford Hills Corp.		<u>Rois</u> Managing Member
5.5	Shore Haven Apt#1, Inc. "(1)	99.9	DIT HOLDINGS LLC		Member
		* Aumarchin	Noma		Role
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 25	Name The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	75 <u>Entilty Namie</u> Starrett City Associates, L.P.	Trump Family Mambers <u>Ownership</u> 1.72%	<u>Title</u> Partner	Sharaholder
56	Shore Haven Shopping Cente	Spring Creek Piaza LLC r <u>LLC *(3)</u>	1.72%	Mamber	
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 25	Name DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
.57	TRUMP TURNBERRY	75	Trump Family Members		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> Golf Recreation Scotland Limited		<u>Role</u> Sole Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Neme</u> NITTO WORLD CO., LIMITED	<u>Ownership</u> 100.00%	<u>Title</u> Shareholder	
59	Sussex Hall, Inc. *(3)				
	Owned by :	<u>X Ownership</u> 25	<u>Nama</u> The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
60	T International Realty LLC	75	Trump Family Members		Shareholder
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name	Role	
		55	The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		
		45	Trump Family Members	Member	
61	TAG AIR INC. Y21				
	Owned by :	% Ownership 100	Name DIT OPERATIONS II LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
62	THC BAKU HOTEL MANAGE				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name THC BAKU HOTEL MANAGER SERVICES MEMBER CORP.		<mark>Reis</mark> Managing Member
63	THC BAKU HOTEL MANAGER	99 SERVICES MEMBER CORP	DJT Holdings LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DIT Holdings Managing Member II.C		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name THC BAKU HOTEL MANAGER	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	

164 THC BAKU SERVICES LLC \*(4)

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Instructions for Part 2 Note: This is a public form. Do not include excount numbers, stress addresses, or family member parties. See instructions for required information.

	Note: This is a public form. Do not ind	ude secount numbers, street addres	ses, or family member names. Saa ins	tructions for resulted :	information.
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Reference #					
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownershin</u> 1.	Name THC BAKU SERVICES MEMBER CORP		<u>Bois</u> Managing Member
165	THC BAKU SERVICES MEMBE	99 IR CORP *(4)	DJT Heldings LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<mark>% Ownership</mark> 100	<u>Neme</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name THC BAKU SERVICES LLC	<u>Ownershia</u> 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
166	5 <u>THC Barra Hotelaria LTDA. *(4</u>	2			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 99 1	Name DJT Holdings LLC THC DEVELOPMENT BRAZII MANAGING MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Shareholder Shareholder
167	THC CENTRAL RESERVATION	<u>VS LLC</u>	INVERSELING INERVICE CORP		
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name THC CENTRAL RESERVATIONS MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
168	THC CENTRAL RESERVATION	39 VS MEMBER CORP "(1)	DJT Holdings U.C.		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name THC CENTRAL RESERVATIONS LLC	Ownershia 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
169	THC CHINA DEVELOPMENT L	LC			
	Owned by :	% Ownership 100	Name TRUMP INTERNATIONAL HOTELS MANAGEMENT LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
170	THC CHINA TECHNICAL SER	//CES LLC *(3)			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name THC CHINA TECHNICAL SERVICES MANAGER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
		99 9	OJT Holdings LLC		Member
171	THC CHINA TECHNICAL SERV	/ICES MANAGER CORP *(3)			
	Owned by :	X.Ownership 100	Nams DIT Holdings Managing Member LLC		Role Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> The China Technical Services LLC	<u>Ownership</u> 1,00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
172	THC DEVELOPMENT BRAZIL				
	Owned by :	<u>X Ownership</u> 1	<u>Name</u> The development brazil Managing member corp		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
173	THC DEVELOPMENT BRAZIL	99 MANAGING MEMBER CORP	DJT Holdings LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<mark>% Ownership</mark> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name THC DEVELOPMENT BRAZIL LLC.	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
		THC Barra Hotelaria LTDA	1.00%	Managing Member	
176	THC HOTEL DEVELOPMENT L	<u>LC Y31</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DIT Holdings U.C		<u>Role</u> Membar

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> 177 THC IMEA DEVELOPMENT LLC Owned by : % Ownership Name Role 100 TRUMP INTERNATIONAL HOTELS Membe MANAGEMENTLLC 178 THC MIAMI RESTAURANT HOSPITALITY LLC <u>Role</u> Managing Member Owned by : % Ownership Name THC MIAMI RESTAURANT HOSPITALITY MEMBER CORP DJT Holdings LLC Member <u>9</u>9 179 THC MIAMI RESTAURANT HOSPITALITY MEMBER CORP (1) <u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC Owned by : % Ownership Role Shareholder 100 Has ownership interest in : Entity Name Ownership Title THC MIAMI RESTAURANT 1.00% Managing Mamber HOSPITALITY LLC 180 THC GATAR HOTEL MANAGER LLC \*(3)-DISSOLVED 1/26/17 Owned by : % Ownership Name Role THC QATAR HOTEL MANAGER Managing Member MEMBER CORP **DJT Holdings LLC** 99 Member 181 THC QATAR HOTEL MANAGER MEMBER CORP \*(3)--DISSOLVED 1/26/17 Owned by : <u>% Ownership</u> 100 <u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC <u>Role</u> Shareholder Has ownership interest in : Entity Name Ownership Title THE QATAR HOTEL MANAGER LLC 1.00% Managing Member 182 THC RIO MANAGER LLC \*(3) Owned by : Name THC RIO MANAGING MEMBER CORP % Ownership Role Managing Member 99 **DJT Holdings LLC** Member 183 THC RIO MANAGING MEMBER CORP \*(3) Owned by : % Ownership 100 <u>Name</u> DIT Holdings Managing Member LLC <u>Role</u> Shareholder Has ownership interest in : Entity Name THC RIO MANAGER LLC <u>Ownership</u> Title Managing Member 1.00% 184 THC SALES & MARKETING LLC '(5) Owned by : % Ownership Name Role THC SALES & MARKETING MEMBER Managing Member CORP **DIT** Holdings LLC 00 Member 185 THC SALES & MARKETING MEMBER CORP \*(1) Owned by : % Ownership Role Name 100 DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC Shareholder Has ownership interest in : Entity Name THC SALES & MARKETING LLC Title Ownership 1.00% Managing Member 186 THC SERVICES SHENZHEN LLC \*(3) Name THC SERVICES SHENZHEN MEMBER Owned by : % Ownership Role 1 Managing Member CORP 99 **DIT Holdings LLC** Member 187 THC SERVICES SHENZHEN MEMBER CORP \*(3) Owned by : <u>% Ownership</u> 100 Name DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC Role Shareholder Has ownership interest in : Entity Name Ownership Title

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		THC SERVICES SHENZHEN LLC	1.00%	Managing Member	
188	THC SHENZHEN HOTEL M	ANAGER LLC *(3)			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		1	THC SHENZHEN HOTEL MANAGER MEMBER CORP		Managing Member
189	THC SHENZHEN HOTEL M.	99 ANAGER MEMBER CORP *(3)	DJT Holdings LLC		Member
		% Ównership	Nomo		Polo
	Owned by :	100	Name DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Sharaholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name	Ownership	Title	
		THC SHENZHEN HOTEL MANAGER	1.00%	Managing Mamber	
190	THC VANCOUVER MANAG				
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		100	DIT Holdings Managing Member LLC		Shareholder
191	THC VANCOUVER PAYRO	LL ULC *(2)			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		100	THC VANCOUVER MANAGEMENT CORP		Member
192	THC VENTURE I LLC (3)				
2		of Marine 123-	Nome		oto
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownershin</u> 99	Name DIT HOLDINGS LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
		1	THC VENTURE I MANAGING MEMBER CORP		Member
193	THC VENTURE I MANAGIN	G MEMBER CORP. *(3)	···· · ···		
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		100	DITM Operations Managing Member Corp		Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name THC VENTURE I LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
		and any a construction	210712	wannen kontrast	
194	THC VENTURE II LLC Y3)				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name THC VENTURE II MANAGING		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
			MEMBER CORP.		
195	THC VENTURE II MANAGIN	99 IG MEMBER CORP. *(3)	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		100	DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp		Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name	Ownership	Title	
		THC VENTURE II LLC	1.00%	Managing Member	
196	THC VENTURE III LLC - N/	(/A TTTT Venture LLC ''/1)			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		1	TTTT Venture Member Corp		Managing Member
		76.272 22.728	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC Trump Family Members		Member Member
					Granitaet
	Has ownership interest in :	various entities as indicated elsew			
197	THC VENTURE III MEMBER	CORP - N/K/A TTTT Venture Me	amber Carp *(1)		
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
			• • •		
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name	Ownership	Title	

198 THE CARIBUSINESS RE CORP \*(1)

	Internations for Part 2	. e		en an terrar de la companya de la co	
	Note: This is a public form. Do not linck Filer's Name	ios accours, numeros, sciera adares	set, or tensory thereforer names. See his	uurriana arr requirea :	Page Number
	Osnets J. Trump				A17 of 46
Reference #	Owned by :	% Ownership 100	Name DIT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name CARIBUSINESS MRE LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
		Caribusiness Investments, S.R.L.	1.00%	Membar	
199	The East 61 Street Company, L	P			
	Owned by :	% Ownership 99,9	<u>Name</u> The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Partner
200	THE TRUMP CORPORATION	0.1	Plaza Consulting Corp.		Partner
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 103	Name The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Sharsholder
201	THE TRUMP ENTREPRENEUR	INITIATIVE LLC			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name THE TRUMP ENTREPRENEUR INITIATIVE LLC (NY DOMESTIC)		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP EDUCATION ULC	Ownership 100.00%	<u>Title</u> Sharehoider	
202	THE TRUMP ENTREPRENEUR	INITIATIVE LLC (NY DOMES	NTIC) *(1)		
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 0.1	Name DJT ENTREPRENEUR MANAGING MEMBER LLC (FORMALLY KNOWN AS DJT UNIVERSITY MANAGING MEMBER LLC)	ł	<u>Rule</u> Managing Member
		3.5 4.5 91.9	Spitalny, Jonathan Sexton, Michael DJT ENTREPRENEUR MEMBER LLC (FORMALLY KNOWN AS DJT UNIVERSITY MEMBER LLC)		Member Member Member
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Enlity Name</u> The Trump Entrepreneur Initiative LLC	<u>Ownershin</u> 100,00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
203	THE TRUMP FOLLIES LLC *(3)				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name THE TRUMP FOLLIES MEMBER INC.		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
204	THE TRUMP FOLLIES MEMBE	99 <u>R INC. *(3)</u>	DJT Holdings LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DIT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name THE TRUMP FOLLIES LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
205	The Trump Hotel Corp. *(3)				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Mamber LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
205	THE TRUMP MARKS REAL ES	TATE CORP YII			
	Owned by :	% Ownershin 100	<u>Name</u> DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP MARKS REAL ESTATE LLC	Ownership	<u>Title</u> Member	
207	The Trump Organization, Inc. '	Y3)			
	Owned by :	% Ownership 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder

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208 The Trump-Equitable Fifth Avenue Company

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Instructions for Part 2 Note: This is a public form. So not instude account numbers, street addresses, or family member names. See instructions for required information Filer's Nome Page Number A18 of 46 Despected J. To Reference # Owned by : % Ownership Name Role 99 The Donald J, Trump Revocable Trust Partner TIPPERARY REALTY CORPORATION 1 Partner Has ownership interest in : Entity Name Ownership Title Fifty-Seventh Street Associates 99.00% Member LLC TRUMP TOWER COMMERCIAL LLC 99.00% Member 209 TIGL COMMON AREA MANAGEMENT CORP (3) Owned by : % Ownership <u>Role</u> Shareholder Name DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC 100 211 TRUMP INTERNATIONAL GOLF LINKS - DOONBEG Owned by : % Ownership Role Name TW VENTURE II LLC 100 Sole Member 212 TIGL IRELAND MANAGEMENT LIMITED "Jassets & income already disclosed on Part 2 under TRUMP INTERNATIONAL GOLF LINKS -DOONBEG; operator of suites) Owned by : % Ownership Name TRUMP INTERNATIONAL GOLF LINKS -Role 100 Sole Member DOONBEG 213 TIHC RESERVATIONS LLC \*(3) Owned by : % Ownership Name <u>Role</u> Member DJT Holdings LLC 100 214 TIHH MEMBER CORP \*(1) Owned by : % Ownership Name Role 100 The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust Shareholder Has ownership interest in : Entity Name TRUMP INTERNATIONAL HOTEL Ownership 1.00% Title Managing Member HAWAII LLC 215 TIHH MEMBER LLC \*(1) <u>% Ownership</u> Owned by : <u>Bole</u> Managing Member Name The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust 100 Has ownership interest in : Entity Name TRUMP INTERNATIONAL HOTEL Ownership Title 99.00% Member HAWAII LLC 216 TIHM MEMBER CORP. \*(1) Owned by : % Ownership Role Shareholder Name 100 DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC Entity Name TRUMP INTERNATIONAL HOTELS Has ownership interest in : Ownership Title 0.10% Managing Member MANAGEMENT LLC 217 TIHT CHICAGO MEMBER ACQUISITION LLC Y(1) Owned by : % Ownership Name DJT HOLDINGS LLC <u>Role</u> 100 Member Has ownership interest in : Entity Name Title Ownership 401 MEZZ VENTURE LLC 50.00% Member 218 TIHT COMMERCIAL LLC Owned by : % Ownership <u>Roie</u> Member Name TIHT MEMBER LLC 0.01 99,99 The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust Managing Member 219 TIHT HOLDING COMPANY LLC Owned by : % Ownership Name Role DJT Holdings LLC Member 100 220 TIHT MEMBER LLC \*(1)

8	Filer's Namo				Page Number
,	Consid J. Yrons				A19 of 4
	Owned by :	% Ownership 100	<u>Name</u> The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		Role Member
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TIHT COMMERCIAL LLC	Ownershiz 0.01%	<u>Title</u> Member	
zi j	TIPPERARY REALTY CORP. Y	11			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 103	Name The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name The Trump-Equitable Fifth Avenue	<u>Ownership</u> 1,00%	<u>Title</u> Partner	
22	TMG Member, LLC *(1)	Company			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
	Has ownership interest in :	100 <u>Entity Name</u> Trump Model Management LLC	DJT Holdings U.C Ownershia 85.00%	<u>Title</u> Member	Member
3	TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLU	<u>B - CHARLOTTE</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TNGC CHARLOTTE MANAGER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Membar
		99	DIT HOLDINGS LLC		Member
	TNGC CHARLOTTE MANAGER	<u>: CORP *(1)</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DJT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB - CHARLOTTE	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
25	TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLU				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TNGC DUTCHESS COUNTY MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
		99	DIT HOLDINGS LLC		Member
	TNGC DUTCHESS COUNTY M				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DJT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB - HUDSON VALLEY	Ownershin 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
7	TNGC JUPITER MANAGEMEN				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TNGC JUPITER MANAGING MEMBER		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
28	TNGC JUPITER MANAGING M	99 FMRFR CORP 1/1	DIT HOLDINGS LLC		Member
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		100	DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TNGC JUPITER MANAGEMENT LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
29	TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLU	<u>B - PHILADELPHIA</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TNGC PINE HILL MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
30	TNGC PINE HILL MEMBER CO	99 RP *(1)	DJT HOLDINGS LLC		Member
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		<u>x ownersing</u> 100	NEITH DITHOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER LLC		<u>hais</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name	Ownership	Title	

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	Charles & France Decred J. Trance				Page Number A20 of 46
erence#					
		TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB - PHILADELPHIA	1.00%	Managing Member	
231	Toronto Development LLC *(3)				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DIT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
234	TRUMP 106 CPS LLC				
	Owned by :	% Ownership 100	<u>Name</u> DIT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
235	Trump 845 LP LLC *(1)				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> S45 UN Limited Partnership	<u>Ownership</u> 60.00%	<u>Títie</u> Partner	
236	TRUMP 845 UN GP LLC *(1)				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 0,1	<u>Name</u> TRUMP 845 UN MGR CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
		99.9	The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		Member
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> 845 UN Limited Partnership	Ownership 40,00%	<u>Title</u> Partner	
237	TRUMP 845 UN MGR CORP "(1	2			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP 845 UN GP LLC	<u>Ownership</u> 0,10%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
238	TRUMP 845 UN MGR LLC *(3)				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Neme</u> The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
239	TRUMP AC CASINO MARKS L	LC 1(3)			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP AC CASINO MARKS MEMBER		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
240	TRUMP AC CASINO MARKS M	99 EMBER CORP *(3)	CORP DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
	Gwned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DTTM Operations Managing		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP AC CASINO MARKS LLC	Member Corp <u>Ownership</u> 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
241	TRUMP ACQUISITION CORP. *	(3)			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
	Has ownership interest in :	100 Entity Name TRUMP ACQUISITION, LLC	DJT Holdings LLC <u>Øwnership</u> 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	Shareholder
242	TRUMP ACQUISITION, LLC Y3	ł			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP ACQUISITION CORP.		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
243	TRUMP BOOKS LLC	99	DJT Haldings LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	<u>Name</u> TRUMP BOOKS MANAGER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Mamber
		99	DIT Holdings LLC		Member

	COR Form 27th (March 2014)				
	Instructions for Part 2				- <b>8</b>
	Note: This is a public form. Do not instu Filer's Name	de account numbers, street accres	iss, or family member horses. See its	incipus ini jednice i	Page Number
	Consts J. Tromp	*****			A21 of 46
Reference # 244	TRUMP BOOKS MANAGER CO	RP *(1)			
	Owned by f	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interast in :	Entity Name TRUMP BOOKS LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
245	TRUMP BRAZIL LLC Y3)				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Roie</u> Member
246	TRUMP CANADIAN SERVICES	<u>, INC. *(3)</u>	-		
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
247	TRUMP CANOUAN ESTATE LL	<u>.C *(5)</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP CANOUAN ESTATE MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
248	TRUMP CANOUAN ESTATE M	99 E <u>MBER CORP *(1)</u>	Dif Holdings LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP CANOUAN ESTATE LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
249	TRUMP CARIBBEAN LLC *(3)				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
250	TRUMP CAROUSEL LLC				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	NEME TRUMP CAROUSEL MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
251	TRUMP CAROUSEL MEMBER	99 <u>CORP *(1)</u>	DIT Holdings LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DIT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP CAROUSEL LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
252	TRUMP CENTRAL PARK WES	T CORP *(3)			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name One Central Park West Associates	Ownership 50.00%	<u>Title</u> Partner	
253	Trump Chicago Commercial M	ember Corp *(1)			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Rola</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP CHICAGO COMMERCIAL MANAGER LLC	Ownershin 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
254	TRUMP CHICAGO COMMERCI				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	<u>Name</u> Trump Chicago Commercial Member Corp		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
255	TRUMP CHICAGO DEVELOPM	99 ENT LLC *(3)	DJT Holdings LLC		Member
	Owned by :	% Ownership 100	Name DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Rola</u> Member
256	TRUMP CHICAGO HOTEL MAN				

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Instructions for Part 2

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nce#	<u> </u>		······		·····
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	<u>Nama</u> Trump Chicago Hotel Manubar Corp.		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
257	Trump Chicago Hotel Membe	99 r Corp *(1)	DJT Holdings LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 160	<u>Name</u> DIT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP CHICAGO HOTEL MANAGER LLC	<u>Ownership</u> 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
258	TRUMP CHICAGO MANAGINO	<u>9 Member LLC "(1)</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DIT HOLDINGS LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name 401 MEZZ VENTURE LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Member	
259	TRUMP CHICAGO MEMBER L	<u>LC *(1)</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name Drf Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name 401 MEZZ VENTURE LLC	<u>Ownershin</u> 49.00%	<u>Title</u> Member	
260	TRUMP CHICAGO RESIDENT	IAL MANAGER LLC			
	Owned by ;	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	<u>Name</u> Trump Chicago Residential Member		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
		99	Corp DJT Holdings LLC		Membar
261	Trump Chicago Residential N		and the arriver and		
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Nama</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP CHICAGO RESIDENTIAL MANAGER LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
		C Yessets & income elready	disclosed on Part 2 under 401	North Wabash Ve	nture LLC; operator of ret
	space) Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		100	401 MEZZ VENTURE LLC		Member
263	TRUMP CHICAGO RETAIL M	ANAGER LLC *(3)			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	<u>Name</u> Trump chicago retail member		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
			CORP		
264	TRUMP CHICAGO RETAIL MI	99 EMBER CORP */3)	DJT Heldings LLC		Member
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		100	DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		Shareholder
	Has ownership Interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP CHICAGO RETAIL MANAGER LLC	<u>Ownership</u> 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
				an stid standi think	ash Ventura I I C <sup>.,</sup> operatu
267	TRUMP COMMERCIAL CHICA	GO LLC *(assets & income a	tready disclosed on Part 2 und	er aut ivortei syad	
	commercial space)			er 401 ivortiti svap	
		IGO LLC Yassets & Income s <u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name	er 401 North step	Role
	commercial space)	<u>% Ownership</u>		er 401 North syab	
	commercial space) Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u>	Name		Role
	commercial space) Owned by : <u>TRUMP CPS CORP *(1)</u>	<u>% Ownership</u> 105 <u>% Ownership</u>	<u>Name</u> 401 North Wabash Venture LLC <u>Name</u>		Role Member Role
268	<i>commercial space</i> ) Owned by : <u>TRUMP CPS CORP *{1}</u> Owned by : Has ownership interest in :	<u>% Ownership</u> 103 <u>% Ownership</u> 103 <u>Entity Name</u>	<u>Name</u> 401 North Wabash Venture LLC <u>Name</u> The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust <u>Ownership</u>	Tille	Role Member Role
268 269	commercial space) Owned by : <u>TRUMP CPS CORP *{{}</u> Owned by : Has ownership Interest in : <u>TRUMP CPS LLC</u>	<u>% Ownership</u> 103 <u>% Ownership</u> 103 <u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP CPS LLC	Name 401 North Wabash Venture LLC <u>Name</u> The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust <u>Ownership</u> 0.10%	Tille	<u>Role</u> Member <u>Role</u> Shareholder
268 269	<i>commercial space</i> ) Owned by : <u>TRUMP CPS CORP *{1}</u> Owned by : Has ownership interest in :	<u>% Ownership</u> 103 <u>% Ownership</u> 103 <u>Entity Name</u>	<u>Name</u> 401 North Wabash Venture LLC <u>Name</u> The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust <u>Ownership</u>	Tille	Role Member Role

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	Danses J. Trang				Page Number A23 of 46
ence# 270	TRUMP DELMONICO LLC "(1)				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Member
	Has ownership Interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP PARK AVENUE LLC	Ownership 50,00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
271	TRUMP DEVELOPMENT SERV	(ICES LLC *(3)			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP DEVELOPMENT SERVICES MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
272	TRUMP DEVELOPMENT SERV	99 //CES MEMBER CORP *(3)	D.IT Haldings LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DIT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :		<u>Ownership</u> 1,00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
275	TRUMP DRINKS ISRAEL LLC	uc <u>Y3)</u>			
	Owned by (	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP DRINKS ISRAEL MEMBER		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
276	TRUMP DRINKS ISRAEL MEM	99 BER CORP '(3)	CORP DIT Holdings LLC		Member
	Owned by :	% Ownership 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Mamber LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in ;	Entity Name TRUMP DRINKS ISRAEL LLC	Ownership 1.60%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
277	TRUMP EDUCATION ULC *(3)				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name THE TRUMP ENTREPRENEUR		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
278	TRUMP EMPIRE STATE INC Y	3)	INITIATIVE LLC (NY DOMESTIC)		
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DIT Holdings Managing Member U.C		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
279	TRUMP NATIONAL DORAL				
	Owned by :	<u>% Qwaership</u> 1	Name TRUMP ENDEAVOR 12 MANAGER		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
280	TRUMP ENDEAVOR 12 MANA	99 GER CORP *(1)	CORP DJT HOLDINGS LLC		Member
	Owned by :	24 Ownership 100	Name DIT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER LLC		<u>Bois</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP NATIONAL DORAL	<u>Ownership</u> 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
281	TRUMP EU MARKS LLC *(3)				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP EU MARKS MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
282	TRUMP EU MARKS MEMBER	99 CORP *(3)	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> D77M Operations Managing Member Corp		<u>Roïe</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in c	Entity Name TRUMP EU MARKS LLC.	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	

283 TRUMP FERRY POINT LLC

	ONE Form 278e (March 2014) Instructions for Part 2				
	Note: This is a sublic form. Do not inclu	ida account reambers, street addres	sas, or family member names. See ins	ructions for required i	istorquation.
	Filer's Name				Page Number
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nelei ence n		*****	*****		
	Assumed Names :	D/B/A Trump Golf Links Ferry Point Trump Golf Links Ferry Point Trump Golf Links	Jurisdiction Defaware New York New York		7-1-
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP FERRY POINT MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
284	TRUMP FERRY POINT MEMBE	<sup>99</sup> R CORP *(1)	DJT Holdings LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name The Donald I. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP FERRY POINT LLC	<u>Ownership</u> 1,00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
285	TRUMP FLORIDA MANAGEME	NT LLC *(3)			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP FLORIDA MANAGER CORP		<u>Role</u> Mamber
286	5 TRUMP FLORIDA MANAGER C	99 CORP *(3)	DIT HOLDINGS LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<mark>% Ownership</mark> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP FLORIDA MANAGEMENT LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Member	
287	TRUMP GOLF ACQUISITIONS				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownershin</u> 100	Name Dif Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
288	TRUMP GOLF COCO BEACH L				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP GOLF COCO BEACH MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
289	TRUMP GOLF COCO BEACH N	99 AEMBER CORP *(4)	DJT Holdings LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP GOLF COCO BEACH LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
290	TRUMP GOLF MANAGEMENT	<u>LLC Y3)</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
291	TRUMP HOME MARKS LLC				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP HOME MARKS MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Mamber
292	2 TRUMP HOME MARKS MEMBE	99 <u>R CORP '(1)</u>	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP HOME MARKS LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
293	TRUMP ICE INC *(3)				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
294	TRUMP ICE LLC	R. Churarable	Nama		27 ala
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role

		nciure encours numbers, surest eore	1585, of family stamber names. See itsi	nenors for redened	***************************************
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nce #	Consid J. Tamp				1 1423 41 44
	TRUMP INTERNATIONAL D	100 EVELOPMENT LLC *(3)	DJT Holdings LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Mamber
295	TRUMP INTERNATIONAL D	99 EVELOPMENT MEMBER CORF	DJT Holdings LLC		Member
					(1).
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DIT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> Trump International DEVELOPMENT LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
297	TRUMP INTERNATIONAL G	OLF LINKS - SCOTLAND			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 99	<u>Name</u> DJT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER LLC		Role Member
298	Trump International Golf Cl	1 ub inc */11	TRUMP SCOTLAND MEMBER INC		Member
200					
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DJT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> Trump international Golf Club - Florida	Ownership 0.001%	<u>Title</u> Member	
299	TRUMP INTERNATIONAL G	OLF CLUB - FLORIDA			
	Owned by :	<u>X Ownership</u> 9.001	<u>Name</u> Trump International Galf Club, Inc.		<u>Rols</u> Member
		99.999	The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		Member
300	TRUMP INTERNATIONAL H	OTEL HAWAILLC			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	<u>Nama</u> Tihh Member Corp		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
301	TRUMP INTERNATIONAL H	99 OTELS MANAGEMENT LLC	TIHH MEMBER LLC		Member
	Assumed Names :	D/8/A	Intelection		
		TRUMP HOTEL COLLECTION	Hawaii		
	Owned by :	TRUMP HOTEL COLLECTION <u>16 Ownership</u>	New York Name		Role
		0.1	TIHM MEMBER CORP.		Managing Member
	Has ownership interest in :	99.9 <u>Entity Name</u> THC CHINA DEVELOPMENT LLC THC IMEA DEVELOPMENT LLC	DJT Holdings LLC <u>Ownership</u> 100.00% 100.00%	<u>Title</u> Member Membar	Member
303	Trump Korea LLC *(3)	the med development too	236.6479		
	Owned by :	V Outerochin	1 income to		Dala
	rivinse bý ;	<u>% Ownership</u> 41	Name DAEWOO AMERICA DEVELOPMENT (NEW YORK) CORP		<u>Role</u> Namber
304	TRUMP KOREAN PROJECT	59 ( <u>S LLC *(3)</u>	TRUMP KOREAN PROJECTS LLC		Member
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
	Has ownership interest in :	100 Entity Name	DIT Holdings LLC <u>Ownership</u> ca cast	Title	Member
305	TRUMP LAS OLAS LLC *(3)	Trump Kores LLC	59.00%	Member	
	Owned by :	<u>X: Qwaership</u> 1	<u>Neme</u> TRUMP LAS OLAS MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member

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	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DIT Holdings Managing Mamber II.C		Role Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP LAS OLAS LLC	<u>Ownership</u> 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
307	TRUMP LAS VEGAS CORP	311			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DIT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Reme</u> Triump Las Vegas Managing Member LLC Triump Las Vegas Member LLC	LLC <u>Ownership</u> 6.00% 6.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member Managing Member	
308	TRUMP LAS VEGAS DEVEL	OPMENT LLC			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DIT HOLDINGS LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
309	TRUMP LAS VEGAS MANA	<u>GING MEMBER LLC '(1)</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 6 94	<u>Name</u> TRUMP LAS VEGAS CORP DIT HOLDINGS LLC		<u>Role</u> Mamber Member
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP RUFFIN LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
310	TRUMP LAS VEGAS MEMB	ER LLC YI)			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 6 94	<u>Name</u> TRUMP LAS VEGAS CORP DIT HOLDINGS LLC		<u>Rois</u> Member Managing Member
	Hes ownership interest in :	Easity Name TRUMP RUFFIN LLC	Ownership 49.00%	<u>Title</u> Member	
311	<u>Trump Las Vegas Sales &amp; M</u>	larketing, Inc.			
	Owned by :	<u>X Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DIT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Roie</u> Shareholder
312	TRUMP LAUDERDALE DEV	ELOPMENT LLC *(3)			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Bole
313	TRUMP LAUDERDALE DEV	190 ELOPMENT NO 2 LLC *(4)	DJT Holdings LLC		Mamber
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
314	TRUMP MARKETING LLC Y				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
315	TRUMP MARKS ASIA CORP	<u>= *11)</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DIT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP MARKS ASIA LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
316	TRUMP MARKS ASIA LLC				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	<u>Name</u> TRUMP MARKS ASIA CORF		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
317	TRUMP MARKS ATLANTA I	99 LLC <u>(13)</u>	DIT HOLDINGS LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1.	<u>Name</u> TRUMP MARKS ATLANTA MEMBER		<u>Role</u> Managing Member

		include actount numbers, street addre	sces, or family member names. See ins	tructions for required	information.
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nce #	Lore 050 3. 1 (2003)		*****		L (447 9140
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DTTM Operations Managing Membar Corp		<u>Role</u> Sharaholdar
	Has ownership Interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP MARKS ATLANTA LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
321	TRUMP MARKS BATUMI L	LC *(3)			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1 99	<u>Name</u> TRUMP MARKS BATUMI MANAGING MEMBER CORP DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		<u>Role</u> Managing Member Member
322	TRUMP MARKS BATUMI M	ANAGING MEMBER CORP *(3)	DEIM OF CHICKONS CC		) with it is a second
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP MARKS BATUMI LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
325	TRUMP MARKS CANOUAN	I CORP *(3)			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> Trump Marks Canouan LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
326	TRUMP MARKS CANOUAN	1LLC *(3)			
	Owned by t	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name Trump Marks Canouan Corp		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
		99	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
327	TRUMP MARKS CHICAGO	LLC Y3)			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	<u>Name</u> TRUMP MARKS CHICAGO MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
328	TRUMP MARKS CHICAGO	99 MEMBER CORP *(3)	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
			6)		8-1-
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DTTM Operations Managing Mamber Corp		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP MARKS CHICAGO LLC	<u>Ownership</u> 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
329	TRUMP MARKS DUBALCO	<u>RP *(3)</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DTTM Operations Managing		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP MARKS DUBAI LLC	Member Carp <u>Ownership</u> 1.05%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
330	TRUMP MARKS DUBALLL	<u>C *(3)</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP MARKS DUBAI CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
		39	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
331	TRUMP MARKS EGYPT CC	) <u>RP *(3)</u>			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		100	DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp		Sharaholder

332 TRUMP MARKS EGYPT LLC \*(3)

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Instructions for Part 2

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	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP MARKS EGYPT CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Mamber
333	TRUMP MARKS FINE FOODS	99 LLC	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	<u>Nome</u> TRUMP MARKS FINE FOODS MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
334	TRUMP MARKS FINE FOODS	99 MEMBER CORP *(1)	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP MARKS FINE FOODS LLC.	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
335	TRUMP MARKS FT LAUDERD	DALELLC *(3)			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP MARKS FT LAUDERDALE MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
336	TRUMP MARKS FT LAUDERD	99 DALE MEMBER CORP *(3)	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP MARKS FT LAUDERDALE ILC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
337	TRUMP MARKS GP CORP *(1				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name	Ownership	Title	
338	TRUMP MARKS HOLDINGS L	TRUMP MARKS HOLDINGS LP <u>P*(1)</u>	1.00%	Partner	
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP MARKS GP CORP		<u>Role</u> Partner
	Has ownership interest in :	99 <u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP MARKS LLC	DTTM Operations LLC <u>Ownership</u> 100.00%	<u>Title</u> Member	Partner
339	TRUMP MARKS HOLLYWOOL	<u> CORP *(3)</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP MARKS HOLLYWOOD LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
340	TRUMP MARKS HOLLYWOOL	<u>) LLC '(3)</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP MARKS HOLLYWOOD CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
341	TRUMP MARKS ISTANBUL II	99 CORP '(1)	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP MARKS INSTANBUL II LLC	<u>Ownership</u> 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
342	TRUMP MARKS ISTANBUL II	LLC			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role

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rence #	L				*****
		1	TRUMP MARKS ISTANEUL II CORP		Managing Member
		99	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
343	TRUMP MARKS JERSEY C	NTY CORP *(4)			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
	umaa ay .	100	DTTM Operations Managing		Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name	Member Corp Ownership	Title	
		TRUMP MARKS JERSEY CITY LLC	1.00%	Managing Member	
344	TRUMP MARKS JERSEY C	XTY LLC *(4)			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		1	TRUMP MARKS JERSEY CITY CORP		Managing Member
		99	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
345	TRUMP MARKS LAS VEG	<u>45 CORP "(3)</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DTTM Operations Managing		Role Shareholder
			Member Corp		
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP MARKS LAS VEGAS LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
346	TRUMP MARKS LAS VEG	<u>45 LLC 73)</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	<u>Name</u> TRUMP MARKS LAS VEGAS CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
					wand and all all and the
347	TRUMP MARKS LLC	99	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
6 11		Bf Duumarahte	Name		Pata
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		100	TRUMP MARKS HOLDINGS LP		Member
350	TRUMP MARKS MATTRES	<u>IS LLC</u>			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name TRUMP MARKE MATTOREE MEMORY		Role
		1	TRUMP MARKS MATTRESS MEMBER CORP		Managing Member
351	TRUMP MARKS MATTRES	99 S MEMBER CORP *(1)	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
			No		
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DTTM Operations Managing		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership Interest in :	Entity Name	Member Corp <u>Ownership</u>	Title	
	ine entre only and the corner	TRUMP MARKS MATTRESS LLC	1.00%	Managing Membar	
353	TRUMP MARKS MENSWE	ARLLC			
			Manua		tha in
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	<u>Name</u> TRUMP MARKS MENSWEAR		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
		99	MEMBER CORP DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
353	TRUMP MARKS MENSWE		me y stati nez nyeze ne inezhiñ klahe		
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		100	DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp		Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name	Ownership	Title	
		TRUMP MARKS MENSWEAR LLC	1.00%	Managing Member	
354	TRUMP MARKS MORTGA	GE CORP *(3)			
354	TRUMP MARKS MORTGA	<u>GE CORP *(3)</u> <u>% Ownership</u>	Name		Role
354			<u>Name</u> DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp		<u>Role</u> Shareholder

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99       DTM OPERATIONS LLC       Member         756       TRUMP MARKS MUMBAI LLC '13'       Name TRUMP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER TRUMP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER CORP       Name TRUMP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER CORP       Name CORP       Name CO	A 30 of 46 g Member g Member
ence #           Indum         TRUMP MARKS MTG LLC         1.00%         Managing Member           355         TRUMP MARKS MTG LLC         1.00%         Managing Member           355         TRUMP MARKS MTG LLC         1         Managing Member           356         TRUMP MARKS MUMBAI LLC         1         Managin           356         TRUMP MARKS MUMBAI LLC         99         DTTM OPERATIONS LLC         Member           356         TRUMP MARKS MUMBAI LLC         10         Managin         Role         Managin           357         TRUMP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER CORP         1         Managin         Role         Managing           357         TRUMP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER CORP         Name         Role         Managing         Managing           357         TRUMP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER CORP         Name         Managing         Managing         Shareho           0wned by :         \$000         Managing         Managing         Shareho         Managing Member         Shareho           100         Domeship Interest in :         Entity Name         Name         Managing Member         Shareho           358         TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE CORP * Y1         Owned by :         \$2,0wnership         Name         Managing Member         Shareho	g Member g Member der
TRUMP MARKS MTG LLC         1.00%         Managing Member           355         TRUMP MARKS MTG LLC '03)         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0 <th>g Mømber der</th>	g Mømber der
Owned by:     \$2 Ownership 1     Name TRUMP MARKS MORTGAGE CORP     Name TRUMP MARKS MORTGAGE CORP     Name Managin       98     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Marke CRUMP MARKS MUMBAI LLC (Y3)     Name TRUMP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER CRUP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER 1     Name CRUP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER CRUP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER 1     Name CRUP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER CRUP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER 1     Name CRUP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER CRUP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER 100     Name DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Name Managing Member Carp Member Carp Member Carp 100     Name Managing Member     Name Shareho Member Carp 100     Name Managing Member     Name Managing Member     Name Shareho Member Carp 100     Name Managing Member     Name Managing Member	g Mømber der
1     TRUMP MARKS MORTGAGE CORP     Managin       99     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       00 wned by :     X Ownership     Name       1     TRUMP MARKS MUMBAI LLC 'Y3)     Name       0wned by :     X Ownership     Name       1     TRUMP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER     Role       0wned by :     X Ownership     Name       0wned by :     X Ownership     Member       0wned by :     X Ownership     Member       0wned by :     X Ownership     Name       0wned by :     X Ownership     Member       100     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       0wned by :     X Ownership     Name       100     DTTM OPERATIONS Managing     Mamber       0wnership interast in :     Entity Name     Ownership       100     Mamber Corp     Mamber Corp       0wnership interest in :     Entity Name     Ownership       100     Name     Member Corp       0wnership interest in :     Entity Name     Ownership       100     Name     Mamber Corp       0wnership interest in :     Entity Name     Ownership       100     Name     TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE       100     Name     Sole       100     Name     Managing Member </td <td>g Mømber der</td>	g Mømber der
36 STUMP MARKS MUMBAILLE '39       DTIM OPERATIONS LLC       Member         0wned by:       X Ownership 1       SOWnership 29       TRUMP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER CORP       Marris TRUMP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER       Marris CORP         0wned by:       X Ownership 100       Name 200       DTIM OPERATIONS LLC       Member         100       Name Member Corp       Marris 100       Name 200       Title Marriship       Marriship 100         100       Name Member Corp       Title Marriship       Title Marriship       Marriship Marriship       Title Marriship       Marriship Marriship         100       Name TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE CORP '110       Name Marriship       Title Marriship       Marriship Marriship       Title Marriship       Marriship Marriship         100       Name TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE CORP '110       Name Name POTIM Operations Marriship Marriship       Marriship Marriship       Marriship Marriship       Marriship Marriship         100       Name Name Name       SOWnership Marriship       Name Name       Title Marriship       Marriship Marriship       Marriship         100       Name Name       SOWnership Marriship       Name Name       Title Marriship       Marriship         100       Name Name       SOWnership Name       Name Name       Name Name       Name Namaging Member       Name Name	g Mømber der
SS TRUMP MARKS MUMBAI LLC '131         Owned by:       X. Ownership I       Name CORP B       Name CORP CORP       Name CORP CORP       Name CORP B       Name CORP CORP       Name CORP CORP       Name CORP B       Name CORP       TH/A       Name Corp       TH/A       Name Corp       Name Corp       TH/A       Name Corp       Name Corp       TH/A       Name Corp       Na	der
Owned by :       X Ownership 1       Name TRUMP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER CORP       Name TRUMP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER CORP       Name CORP       Mamber CORP         337       TRUMP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER CORP       Name SP       Name CORP       Name CORP <td< td=""><td>der</td></td<>	der
1     TRUMP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER COP     Managin       99     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       337     TRUMP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER CORP '(3)     Name     Role       0wned by :     Stownership     100     DTTM Operations Managing     Role       Mas ownership Interest in :     Entity Name     Owned by :     Stownership       100     Marks MUMBAI LLC     1.00%     Managing       355     TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE CORP '(1)     Owned by :     Stownership       0wned by :     Stownership     Stownership     Name     Role       359     TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LOCP' (1)     Ownership     TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE CORP '(1)       0wned by :     Stownership     Stownership     Name     Role       359     TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LOCP'     Unvership     Title       0wned by :     Stownership     Stownership     Name       359     TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LLC     UNVERShip     Managing Member       350     TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH CORP '(3)     Name     Role       350     TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH CORP '(3)     Name     Role       360     TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH CORP '(3)     Name     Storeho       361     TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH CORP '(3)     Name     Name       362     TRUMP M	der
357       TRUMP MARKS MUMBAI MEMBER CORP '(3)       Name       Role       Sharsho         100       DTTM Operations Managing       Marnher Corp       Marnher Corp         Marnher Corp       Marnher Corp       Marnher Corp       Marnher Corp         358       TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE CORP '(1)       Komership       Tible       Name         0wned by:       % Ownership       Name       Role       Sharehol         100       DTTM Operations Managing       Managing Member       Kole         100       DTTM Operations Managing       Managing Member       Sharehol         100       TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LLC       Ownership       Managing Member       Managing Member         100       TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LLC       Sole       Managing Member       Name       Role         100       Name       Name       Sole       Managing Member       Sole         100       DTTM Operations Managing       Managing Member       Sharehol         100       DTTM	
Owned by :       X Ownership 100       Name DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp       Title Managing Member       Name Sharehol         355       TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE CORP *(1)       Uo03       Title Managing Member       Name Member Corp       Name DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp       Name Member Corp       Role Sharehol         485       TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE CORP *(1)       Name 100       Name DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp       Name Member Corp       Role Sharehol         485       TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LORP       Name 100       Dumarship DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp       Title Managing Member       Role Sharehol         595       TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LLC       Dumarship 100       Name Name 1.00%       Title Managing Member       Name Managing Member         595       TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LLC       Name 1       Name Name 1.00%       Name Member Corp       Name Member         596       TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH CORP *(3)       Name 1.00       Name Member Corp       Name Member Corp         696       TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH CORP *(3)       Name Nember Corp       Name Member Corp       Name Member Corp         100       DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp       Title Managing Member       Name Name Nember Corp       Name Member Corp         100       DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp       Namaging Member	
100     DTTM Operations Managing Marnber Corp     Sharehol Marnber       Has ownership interest in :     Entity Name TRUMP MARKS MUMBAILLC     1.00%     Title Marnaging Member       355     TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE CORP *(1)     Name TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE CORP *(1)     Name DTTM Operations Managing DTTM Operations Managing DTTM Operations Managing Marnber Corp     Role Sharehol       359     TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LIC     Dumarship 100     Name DTTM Operations Managing Marnber Corp     Title Managing Member       359     TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LIC     Downership 1     Name TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LIC     Name Name TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE CORP     Name Managing Member       359     TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LIC     Sole 1     Name Name Name DTTM Operations Managing Managing Member     Name Managing Member       360     TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH CORP *(3)     Name Name DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp Member Corp     Role Shareho Managing Member       361     TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH LIC *(3)     Name TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH LIC *(3)     Name Name Name Name Name Name Name Name	
TRUMP MARKS MUMBAILLC     1.00%     Managing Member       358     TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE CORP 'Y1)     Name     Role       0wned by:     25.0wnership     100     DTTM Operations Managing     Role       100     DTTM Operations Managing     Mamber Corp     Sharehoi       Mamber Corp     Mamber Corp     Managing Member     Sharehoi       100     DWNership     1.00%     Managing Member       110     DWNership     1.00%     Managing Member       110     Mamber Corp     Managing Member     Sharehoi       110     TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE     1.00%     Managing Member       110     TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LLC     1.00%     Managing Member       111     So     Name     Role       111     TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE CORP     Managing Member       111     So     Name     Managing Member       111     So     Name     Managing Member       111     So     Name     Role       111     So     Name     So       111     TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE CORP     Managing Member       111     So     Name     So       111     So     Name     So       111     So     Name     So       <	der
Warned by:       % Ownership 100       Name 100       Name DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp       Role Sharehoi Member Corp         Has ownership interest in :       Entity Name TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LLC       Ownership 1.00%       THUe Managing Member       THUe Managing Member       Sharehoi Managing Member         359       TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LLC       J.00%       Managing Member       Role Managing         0wned by :       % Ownership 1       Name TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE CORP       Name Member       Role Managing         360       TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH CORP *(3) 100       DTTM OPERATIONS LLC       Member       Role Sharehoi Member         360       TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH CORP *(3) 100       Name DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp Member Corp       Role Sharehoi Managing Member         361       TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH LLC *(3)       J.00%       J.00%       Managing Member	der
100     DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp     Sharehol Member Corp       Has ownership Interest in :     Entity Name TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE     Ownership LLC     Title Managing Member       359     TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LLC     IIII     Managing Member       359     TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LLC     Name 1     Role Managing Member       360     TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH CORP *(3)     Name 100     Name Name 100     Role DTTM OPERATIONS LLC       360     TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH CORP *(3)     Name 100     Name DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp     Role Shareho Member       361     TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH LLC *(3)     Name TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH LLC *(3)     TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH LLC *(3)	der
Has ownership interest in :     Entity Name TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LLC     Member Corp Ownership     Title Managing Member       359     TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LLC     .00%     Managing Member       359     TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LLC     .00%     Managing Member       359     TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LLC     .00%     Managing Member       359     TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE CORP     Soft     Member       360     TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH CORP *(3)     Member     Member       360     TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH CORP *(3)     Name 100     Name DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp     Role Shareho Member       361     TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH LLC *(3)     1.00%     Managing Member	996) 1
TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE       1.00%       Managing Member         S959 TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE LLC         0wned by : <u>% 0wnership</u> Name       Role         1       TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE CORP       Managing Member         89       DTTM OPERATIONS LLC       Member         360       TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH CORP *(3)       Mame         0wned by : <u>% 0wnership</u> Name         100       DTTM OPERATIONS LLC       Member         360       TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH CORP *(3)       Name         100       DTTM Operations Managing Member       Shareho         Member Corp       Member Corp       Member Corp         Managing Member TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH LLC       1.00%       Managing Member         361       TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH LLC *(3)       1.00%       Managing Member	
Owned by:     K Ownership 1     Name TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE CORP     Role Managin       89     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC.     Member       360     TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH CORP *(3) 0wned by:     Mame X Ownership 100     Mame Name DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp 0wnership Interest in :     Role Role Shareho Managing Member       361     TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH LLC *(3)	
1     TRUMP MARKS NEW ROCHELLE CORP     Managin       89     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC.     Member       360     TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH CORP *(3)     Member       0wned by : <u>% Ownership</u> 100     Name DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp     Role Shareho Member Corp       Has ownership Interest in :     Entity Name TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH LLC     2.00%     Title Managing Member       361     TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH LLC *(3)	
360 TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH CORP *(3)         Owned by :       % Ownership 100       Name DTM Operations Managing Member Corp       Role Shareho Member Corp         Has ownership Interest in :       Entity Name Entity Name TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH LLC       00%       Managing Member         361       TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH LLC *(3)	g Member
Owned by :     K Ownership     Name     Role       100     DTTM Operations Managing     Shareho       Member Corp       Has ownership Interest in :     Entity Name     Ownership       TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH LLC     1.00%     Managing Member       361     TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH LLC '(3)	
100     DTTM Operations Managing     Shareho       Member Corp     Member Corp       Has ownership Interest in :     Entity Name     Ownership       TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH LLC     1.00%     Managing Member       961     TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH LLC '43)	
Has ownership Interest in : <u>Entity Name Ownership Title</u> TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH LLC 2.00% Managing Member 961 <u>TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH LLC '(3)</u>	der
TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH LLC 2.00% Managing Member 361 <u>TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH LLC '(3)</u>	
Owned by : <u>% Ownership Name</u> <u>Role</u> 1. TRUMP MARKS PALM BEACH CORP Managir	g Member
99 DTTM OPERATIONS LLC Member 362 TRUMP MARKS PANAMA CORP *(1)	-
Owned by : <u>% Ownership Name</u> <u>Role</u> 100 DTTM Operations Managing Shareho	lder
Member Corp Høs ownexship interest in : <u>Entity Nønie</u> <u>Ownership Itile</u> TRUMP MARKS PANAMA LLC 1.00% Menaging Member	
363 TRUMP MARKS PANAMA LLC	
Owned by: <u>% Ownership Name</u> <u>Role</u> 1 TRUMP MARKS PANAMA CORP Managin	
99 DTTM OPERATIONS LLC Member 364 <u>TRUMP MARKS PHILADELPHIA CORP *(3)</u>	g Member
Owned by : <u>% Ownership Nørre</u> <u>Role</u>	
100 The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust Shareho	
Has swnership interest in : Entity Name Ownership Title	•

- F	Filer's Name	ude account numbers, street addres			Page Number
	Consid J. Thimp		****		A31 of 46
# { 365	TRUMP MARKS PHILADELPHI	A LLC */3)			·····
,	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	<u>Name</u> TRUMP MARKS PHILADELPHIA CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
		99	The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		Member
366	TRUMP MARKS PHILIPPINES	<u>CORP *(1)</u>			
;	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP MARKS PHILIPPINES LLC	<u>Ownership</u> 1,00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
67	TRUMP MARKS PHILIPPINES	LLC			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP MARKS PHILIPPINES CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
ca	701 (847) 354 DICC 202011/270 1	99 ( C */ 4)	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
	TRUMP MARKS PRODUCTS L		STORE -		Rola
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP MARKS PRODUCTS MEMBER CORP		<u>Rols</u> Managing Member
69	TRUMP MARKS PRODUCTS N	99 I <u>EMBER CORP *(4)</u>	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Enlity Name TRUMP MARKS PRODUCTS LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
370	TRUMP MARKS PUERTO RICO	DILLC *(3)			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP MARKS PLIERTO RICO I MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
371	TRUMP MARKS PUERTO RICI	99 1 MEMBER CORP *(3)	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		100	DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp		Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP MARKS PUERTO RICO I LLC	<u>Ownership</u> 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
374	TRUMP MARKS PUNTA DEL E				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	<u>Nome</u> Trump Marks Punta del Este Manager Corp		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
375	TRUMP MARKS PUNTA DEL E	99 STE MANAGER CORP *(1)	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Nama</u> DTTM Operations Managing		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP MARKS PUNTA DEL ESTE	Mamber Corp <u>Ownership</u> 1,00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
376	TRUMP MARKS REAL ESTAT	ис Е <i>LLC *{6</i> }			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	<u>Name</u> THE TRUMP MARKS REAL ESTATE CORP		<u>Rala</u> Member
377	TRUMP MARKE CORO I MEN	99 SE CORP *(4)	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
	TRUMP MARKS SOHO LICEN; Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 190	<u>Name</u> DTTM Operations Managing		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP MARKS SOHO LLC	Member Corp Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Member	

	ę	Note: This is a public form. Do not Filor's Name	inslude excount numbers, street eddres	ses, or family member names. See ins	tructions for requ	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
378 TRUMP MARKS SOLO LLC TGI Devined by : <u>Novementaling</u> 379 TRUMP MARKS STANFORD COPP Y11 Devined by : <u>Sourcer bins</u> 48 reventable interest in : <u>Edity Marks STANFORD LCC</u> 48 reventable interest in : <u>Edity Marks STANFORD COPP Y11</u> Devined by : <u>Sourcer bins</u> 48 reventable interest in : <u>Edity Marks STANFORD LCC</u> 4000 Devined by : <u>Sourcer bins</u> 59 TRUMP MARKS STANFORD LCC 4000 Devined by : <u>Sourcer bins</u> 50 TRUMP MARKS STANFORD LCC 4000 Devined by : <u>Sourcer bins</u> 50 TRUMP MARKS STANFORD LCC 4000 Devined by : <u>Sourcer bins</u> 50 TRUMP MARKS STANFORD LCC 4000 Devined by : <u>Sourcer bins</u> 50 TRUMP MARKS STANFORD LCC 4000 Devined by : <u>Sourcer bins</u> 50 TRUMP MARKS STANFORD CCC 4000 Devined by : <u>Sourcer bins</u> 50 TRUMP MARKS STANFORD CCC 50 TRUMP MARKS STANFORC CCCC 50 TRUMP MARKS STANFORC 50 TRU				*****	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	A32 of 46
Journel by:         Journel by:         Journel by:         Journel by:         Market 1         Market TRUMP MARKS STAMPORD CORP (Y1)         Market Market Stamp (Market Stamport)         Market Market Market Cop Market C		TOUMO MARKE COUO LL	· *(4)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
1       TRUMP MARKS SUMPLY SLES       Member         9       TRUMP MARKS STAMPOOL CORP '10'       Member         90       Downd by:       Somenship       Somenship         100       TRUMP MARKS STAMPOOL       Mana       Member         100       TRUMP MARKS STAMPOOL       Mana       Member         100       TRUMP MARKS STAMPOOL       Member       Member         100       TRUMP MARKS STAMPOOL       Member       Member         100       TRUMP MARKS STAMPOOL       Member       Member         100       Stampool       TRUMP MARKS SUMPLY ISLES       Member         11       Somenship       Member       Member       Member         11       Somenship       Member       Member       Member         11       Somenship       Member       Member       Member         12       TRUMP MARKS SUMPLY ISLES I MEMBER COOP       TRUMP MARKS SUMPLY ISLES I MEMBER COOP       Member         130       TRUMP MARKS SUMPLY ISLES I MEMBER COOP       Member       Member         14       Somenship       Member       Member       Member         100       Somenship       Member       Member       Member         100       Somenship       Mem			<u>~ (9)</u>			
373       TRUMP MARKS STAMPORD CORP.*(f)         9 wind by:       Sigma has a standing bit week has		Owned by :				
373       TRUMP MARKS STAMPORD CORP 'Y()         9       0 mond by:       \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$			99	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
Independence of particles Managing BarleboliderDimensional anging DescriptionDimensional anging DescriptionDimensional anging Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing Managing M	379	TRUMP MARKS STAMFOR	D CORP *(1)			
Har ownership interest in:     Bank Marks STAMFORD LLC     Developing     Title Member       300     TRUMP MARKS STAMFORD LLC     1.0004     Member       311     Goveen by:     SQ ownership 99     Interest for 1     Member       312     TRUMP MARKS STAMFORD LLC     Bala 99     Member       313     TRUMP MARKS STAMFORD COCP     Member       314     TRUMP MARKS STAMFORD COCP     Member       315     TRUMP MARKS STAMFORD COCP     Member       316     Owner by:     SQ ownership 1     Member       317     TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES I MEMBER CORP 4/11     Member       318     TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES I MEMBER CORP 4/11     Member       319     TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES I MEMBER CORP 4/11     Member       310     TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES I MEMBER CORP 4/11     Member       310     TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES I MEMBER CORP 4/11     Member       310     TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES I MEMBER CORP 4/11     Member       311     SQ ownership 100     Member     Member       313     TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES I MEMBER CORP 4/11     Member       314     TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES I MEMBER CORP 4/11     Member       315     TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES I MEMBER CORP 4/11     Member       316     TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES I MEMBER CORP 4/11     Member <td></td> <td>Owned by :</td> <td></td> <td><b>DTTM Operations Managing</b></td> <td></td> <td></td>		Owned by :		<b>DTTM Operations Managing</b>		
345 TRUMP MARKS STAMFORD LLC         Generating       Marke SP       Marke DTIM OPERATIONS LLC       Marke DTIM OPERATIONS LLC       Marke Member         341       THUMP MARKS STAMFORD CORP       Bals         343       THUMP MARKS STAMFORD CORP       Bals         344       THUMP MARKS STAMFORD CORP       Bals         345       THUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES / MEMBER CORP YOI       Bals         346       THUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES / MEMBER CORP YOI       Marnber Cop         347       THUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES / MEMBER CORP YOI       Marnber Cop         348       THUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES // MEMBER CORP YOI       Marnber Cop         343       THUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES // MEMBER CORP YOI       Marnber Cop         344       THUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES // MEMBER CORP YOI       Marnber Cop         345       THUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES // MEMBER CORP YOI       Marnber Cop         346       THUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES // MEMBER CORP YOI       Marnber Cop         347       THUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES // MEMBER CORP YOI       Marnber Cop         348       THUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES // MEMBER CORP YOI       Marnber Cop         349       THUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES // MEMBER CORP YOI       Marnber Cop         341       THUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP       Bals         342       THUMP		Has ownership interest in :		Ownership		
po         DTM OPERATIONS LLC         Member           381         TRUMP MARKS SUMPY ISLES ILLC         Member           381         TRUMP MARKS SUMPY ISLES ILLC         Member           381         TRUMP MARKS SUMPY ISLES         Member           382         TRUMP MARKS SUMPY ISLES IMEMBER CORP         Member         Member           382         TRUMP MARKS SUMPY ISLES         Member         Member           383         TRUMP MARKS SUMPY ISLES         Member         Member           384         TRUMP MARKS SUMPY ISLES         Member         Member           385         TRUMP MARKS SUMPY ISLES         Member         Member           384         TRUMP MARKS SUMPY ISLES         Member         Member           383         TRUMP MARKS SUMPY ISLES         Member         Member           384         TRUMP MARKS SUMPY ISLES         Member         Member           393         Domed by:         Young Marks SUMPY ISLES         Member           384         TRUMP MARKS SUMPY ISLES IIILC         Member         Member           385         TRUMP MARKS SUMPY ISLES IIILC         Member         Member           384         TRUMP MARKS SUMPY ISLES IIILC         Member         Member           385	380	TRUMP MARKS STAMFOR		210070	Wattivet	
1     THUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES // COMMARKS SUMMY ISLE		Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
Journel lay:         Zourschilt         Jame         Jame           1         State         THUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES   Member         Member           39         DTM OPERATIONS LUC         Member           39         DTM OPERATIONS LUC         Member           0         State         State         State           1         Owned by:         XOurnership         Mane         State           1         State         State         State         State           1         Stat						
1     THUMP MARKS SUMMY JELES / Member     Member       392     TRUMP MARKS SUMMY JELES / Member     Member       393     TRUMP MARKS SUMMY JELES / Member     Member       00med by:     \$00med by:     \$00med by:       200     Advantation     Description       1     Mamber Coope     Mamber Coope       1     Mamber Coope     Member       0     Member Coope     Member       1     Member Coope     Member       0     Member Coope     Me	381	TRUMP MARKS SUNNY IS	LESILLC			
SP         DUMO PREATIONS LLC         Member           382         TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES I MEMBER CORP Y(I)         Role         Role           382         TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES I MEMBER CORP Y(I)         Role         Shareholder           383         TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES I MEMBER CORP Y(I)         Role         Shareholder           383         TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES I LLC Y(A)         Member Corp         Member           383         TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES I LLC Y(A)         Member         Member           384         TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II         Member         Member           390         Ownership         Sourceship         Member           391         TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II         Member         Member           392         Ownership         Member         Member         Member           393         TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II         Member         Member         Member           394         TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES III.C         Member         Member         Member           394         TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES III.C         Member         Member         Member           394         TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES III.C         Member         Member         Member           394         TRUMP MARKS SUNNY		Owned by :				
352     TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES I MEMBER CORP 'Y(1)     Kole DTM Operations Managing     Role Shareholder       480     connership interest in :     Kole 200     DTM Operations Managing     Title Member       383     TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II LL C '(4)     Member     Member       383     TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II LL C '(4)     Member     Member       384     TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II LL C '(4)     Member     Member       385     TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II LL C '(4)     Member     Member       384     TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II LL C '(4)     Member     Member       385     TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II LL C '(5)     Member Corp     Member       384     TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II LL C '(6)     Member     Situreholder       385     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA COR '(2)     Ownership     Situreholder       386     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LC C '2)     Member Corp     Situreholder       387     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LC '2)     Situreholder     Situreholder       388     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LC C '2)     Member Corp     Situreholder       386     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LC C '2)     Member Corp     Member Corp       387     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LC C '2)     Member Corp     Member Member       388     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LC C '2)     Member Corp     Member Corp				MEMBER CORP		
100     DTM Operations Manuging     Shareheider       Member Corp     Member Corp     TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES II.L C 1.00%     True       383     TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES II.L C 1.00%     Member     Member       384     TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES II.L C 1.00%     Member       384     X Ownership     Member       384     X Ownership     Member       384     X Ownership     Member       384     X Ownership     Member       384     Y TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES II.L C 1.00%     Member       384     TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES II.L C 1.00%     Member       384     TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES II.L C 1.00%     Member       385     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP YOJ     Ownership     Member       385     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP YOJ     Ownership     Member       386     Member Corp     Ownership     Member       387     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP YOJ     Ownership     Shareholder       388     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP YOJ     Ownership     Shareholder       389     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP YOJ     Ownership     Shareholder       389     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC Y3J     Ownership     Shareholder       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP YOJ     YOTM OPERATIONS LLC     Shareholder       389     TRUM	382	TRUMP MARKS SUNNY IS		DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
Image: Source ship interest in :     200     DWnorship TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES II. C '000     This Dwnorship TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES II. C '000     This Member       383     TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES II. C '010     Mame Summarking     Mame Member     Mame Difference     Mame Member       384     TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES II. C '010     Mame Summarking     Mame Member     Mame Member       384     TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES II. C '010     Mame Member     Mame Member       384     TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES II. MEMBER CORP '010     Mame Member Corp     Member       384     TRUMP MARKS SUMMY ISLES II. MEMBER CORP '010     D'TM Operations Managing Member Corp     Member       385     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP '030     D'TM Operations Managing Member Corp     Mame Member Corp     Stateholder       385     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC '130     D'TM Operations Managing Member Corp     Mame Member Corp     Stateholder       386     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC '130     D'TM Operations Managing Member Corp     Mame Member Corp     Stateholder       387     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC '130     D'TM Operations Managing Member Corp     Member     Stateholder       388     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC '130     D'TM Operations Managing Member Corp     Member     Stateholder       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP '100     D'TM Operations Managing Member Corp     Stateholder     Member		Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II LLC 'LAD     Marrise       383     TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II LLC 'LAD       0wned by :     XOwnership 1     Marrise TUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II Member     Role Member       394     TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II MEMBER CORP 90     DTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       394     TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II MEMBER CORP 'LAD     Member       0wned by :     ½ Ownership 100     Marrise 000     Marrise 000       Has ownership Interest in :     Entity Name 100     Marrise 000     Title 000       Marrise Corp 100     Marrise Corp 000000000000000000000000000000000000		Hac numerchin interact in v	160	DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp	Tiele	
Jump diagram         Jump diagram         Anne Thurs Provide Support		and a second present in a				
1     TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II MEMBER CORP DITM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       384     TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II MEMBER CORP *(4)     Member       0wned by :     % Ownership 100     Name OTTM Operations Managing Member Corp     Role Stareholder       44s ownership interest in :     Entity Name TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II LLC     1.00%     Title Member       385     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP *(3)     Ownership Nember     Title Member       386     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP *(3)     Stareholder       386     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP *(3)     DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp     Member       386     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LCC *(3)     DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp     Title Member       386     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC *(3)     Title Member     Shareholder       387     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC *(3)     Title Member     Shareholder       388     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC *(3)     Title Member     Shareholder       389     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC *(3)     Member     Shareholder       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CONF *(3)     Name 1.00%     Member       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CONF *(3)     Member       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)     Member       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)     Member       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)     Member    <	383	TRUMP MARKS SUNNY IS	LES II LLC "(4)			
MEMBER CORP DTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       384     TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II MEMBER CORP *(4)     Name 100     Name DTM Operations Managing Member Corp     Role Strateholder       Has ownership interest in :     Entity Marine TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II LC 1.00%     Title Member     Role Strateholder       385     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP *(3)     Ownership TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP *(3)     Name TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP *(3)     Role Strateholder       386     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP *(3)     Name TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP *(3)     Name TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP *(3)     Role Strateholder       386     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC *(3)     00%     Title Member     Strateholder       398     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP *(3)     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP 99.     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP 99.     Role Member       387     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP * (3)     Name 100     Name 100%     Role Member       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP * (3)     Name 100%     Name 100%     Role Member       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LCC * (3)     Name 100%     Role Member     Strateholder       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LCC * (3)     Name 100%     Member     Role Member       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LCC * (3)     Name 100%     Member     Role Member       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LCC *(3)     Member     Role Member       389		Owned by :				
394 TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II MEMBER CORP *(A)         994       TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II MEMBER CORP *(A)       Name OTTM Operations Managing Membar Corp       Role Shareholder         985       TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP *(3)       Title 100       Title Membar Corp       Membar Corp         986       TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP *(3)       Name 100       Name DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp       Role Shareholder         986       TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC *(3)       Name TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC *(3)       Role Member       Shareholder         986       TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC *(3)       Name TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC *(3)       Role Member       Shareholder         986       TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP *(3)       Name 100       Name Nember       Role Member       Member         987       TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP *(3)       DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp       Member       Shareholder         988       TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)       DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp       Member       Shareholder         988       TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)       DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp       Member       Shareholder         988       TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)       Ownership       Member       Member         99       OTTM Operations Managing Member Corp       Member       Member       Member			1			Member
Owned by:     XOWNERShip     Name DOTM Operations Managing Membar Corp     Role Shareholder       Has ownership Interest in :     Entity Name Entity Name Sourceship     Entity Name Entity Name Sourceship     Itils Membar Corp     Tills Membar       385     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP 'Y3)     Name Entity Name 100     Name Membar Corp     Role Membar       386     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP 'Y3)     Name 100     Name Membar Corp     Role Shareholder       386     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC 'Y3)     Name 100     Name DTIM Operations Managing Membar Corp     Role Membar       386     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC 'Y3)     Name 100     Name Membar Corp     Role Membar       387     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP 'Y3)     Name 100     Membar       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP 'Y3)     Name 100     Role Membar Corp       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO UCP 'Y3)     Name 100     Membar       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC 'Y3)     Name 100     Membar       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC 'Y3)     Name 100     Membar       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC 'Y3)     Name 100     Membar       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC 'Y3)     Name 100     Membar       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC 'Y3)     Mambar     Role Membar       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP 10     Mambar     Role Membar<	384	TRUMP MARKS SUNNY IS		DITM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
100     DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp     Stareholder       365     Entity Name TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II LLC     1.00%     Title Member       365     FRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORF '(2)     Solvenship 100     Name DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp     Role Shareholder       366     FRUMP MARKS TAMPA LOCKF '(2)     Solvenship 100     Name DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp     Role Shareholder       366     FRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC '(3)     Title 100     Member Corp     Member       366     FRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC '(3)     Member 100     Member Corp       366     FRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC '(3)     Member     Member       367     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC '(3)     Member     Member       368     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP '(3)     Name 100     Name DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       368     FRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP '(3)     Xownership 100     Names DTTM OPERATIONS Managing Member Corp     Role Shareholder       368     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC '(3)     Name TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC '(3)     Name Member     Role Member       368     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP 1     Xownership 1     Name TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP 1     Member       369     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP 1     Name TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP 1     Member       369     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP 1     Name TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP 1     Role Member <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Name</td> <td></td> <td>Role</td>				Name		Role
Has ownership interest in :     Entity Name TRUMP MARKS SUNNY ISLES II LLC 1.00%     Title Member       395     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP '(3)       396     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP '(3)       397     Name 100     Name DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC '3)     Role Shareholder       398     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC '3)     Title Member Corp TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC '3)     Name TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC '0)       398     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC '3)     Name TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC '3)     Name Member Corp Member Corp       398     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC '3)     Name TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC '3)     Role Member       399     DTM OPERATIONS LLC     Role Member       390     DTM OPERATIONS LLC     Shareholder       4as ownership interest in :     Entity Name 100     Name DTM OPERATIONS LLC     Role Member       390     DTM OPERATIONS LLC     1.00%     Shareholder       391     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC '13)     Title Member     Shareholder       392     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC '13)     Title Member     Member       393     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC '13)     Name 1.00%     Title Member       394     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP 9     Y     Role Member       395     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP '10     Mamber       396     DTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       397				DTTM Operations Managing		
385 TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP '(3)         0wned by:       & Ownership 100       Name 100       Name DTITM Operations Managing Member Corp       Role Shareholder         386       TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC '(3)       Title Member Corp       Title Member       Member         386       TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP '(3)       Name 1       TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC '(3)       Role Member         387       TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP '(3)       Name 1       Name 1       Role Member       Role Member         387       TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP '(3)       Name 100       Name 100       Name Member Corp       Role Shareholder         388       TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LCC '(3)       Name 100       Ownership Member Corp       Title Member       Shareholder         388       TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LCC '(3)       Name 100       Ownership Member       Title Member       Shareholder         388       TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LCC '(3)       Name 100       Title Member       Member         388       TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LCC '(3)       Name 100       Role Member       Member         388       TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LCC '(3)       Name 100       Role Member       Member         389       TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LCC '(3)       Name 100       Role Member       Member         389       TRUM		Has ownership interest in :		Ownership		
Owned by :     % Ownership 100     Name DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp     Bole Shareholder       Has ownership interest in :     Entity Name TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC *(3)     Ownership 1.00%     Title Member     Shareholder       386     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC *(3)     Name 1.00%     Member     Sole       387     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC *(3)     Name 1.00%     Role Member       388     Shareholder     Member       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP *(3)     Sole 100       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP *(3)     Shareholder       388     Entity Name 100     DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp     Role Shareholder       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)     Ownership 100     Title Member Corp       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)     Ownership 100     Title Member Corp       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)     Member       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)     Member       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)     Member       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)     Member       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)     Member       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP     Member       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP     Member       389     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       389     DT				1.00%	Member	
100     DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp     Shareholder       Has ownership interest in :     Entity Name TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC 'Y3J     Ownership 1     This Name 1     This Name Name     This Member       386     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC 'Y3J     Name 1     Name Name     Acie Member       387     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP'SJ     Name 1     Role Member       387     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP'SJ     Name Nember Corp     Role Member       388     Stareholder Interest in :     Hity Name 100     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC DOWN operations Managing Member Corp     Role Shareholder       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC 'Y3J     Name 100     Ownership Itile Nember Corp     Role Member       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC 'Y3J     Name 100     Name 100     Member       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC 'Y3J     Name 100     Member       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC 'Y3J     Kole	385	TRUMP MARKS TAMPA C	<u> 0RP '(3)</u>			
TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC     1.00%     Member       386     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC 'Y3J     .100%     Member       Owned by :     ½ Ownership 19     Name 19     Role Member       387     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP 'Y3J     Name 100     Role Member Corp       Ownership interest in :     ½ Ownership 100     Name 100     Role DTTM OPERATIONS LLC       As ownership interest in :     ½ Ownership 100     Name Member Corp     Role Member       Ass ownership interest in :     ½ Ownership 100     Name TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC 'Y3J     Role Member       0wmed by :     ½ Ownership 100     Name 100     Member       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC 'Y3J     Name 100     Member       0wned by :     ½ Ownership 100     Name 100     Name 100%       0wned by :     ½ Ownership 100     Name 100%     Role Member       0wned by :     ½ Ownership 100     Name 100%     Role		Owned by :		DTTM Operations Managing		
386 TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LLC *(3)       Owned by:     X Ownership 1     Name TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP 99     Name DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Role Member       387     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP *(3)     Mame 100     Mame DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp     Role Shareholder       4as ownership interest in :     Entity Name TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)     Name DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp     Role Member       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)     Name TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)     Role Member       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)     Name TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP     Role Member       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)     Name DTIM OPERATIONS LLC     Role Member       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)     Name DTIM OPERATIONS LLC     Role Member       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLP *(3)     Name     Role       0wned by :     X Ownership 1     Name     Role       0wned by :     X Ownership     Name     Role		Has ownership interest in :				
1     TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP     Member       99     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       387     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP *(3)     Member       Owned by : <u>X Ownership</u> Name     Role       100     DTTM Operations Managing     Shareholder       Has ownership interest in :     Entity Name     Member Corp       TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC     1.00%     Member       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC */3J     1.00%       Owned by : <u>X Ownership</u> TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP       99     DTTM Operations Managing     Member       100     DTTM Operations Managing     Shareholder       Member     1.00%     Member       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC */3J     Member       Owned by : <u>X Ownership</u> Name     Role       1     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP     Member       99     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member	386	TRUMP MARKS TAMPA LL				
387 TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP *(3)       Owned by:     X Ownership 100     Name DTM Operations Managing Member Corp     Role Shareholder       Has ownership interest in :     Entity Name TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)     Ownership 1.00%     Title Member       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)     Name 1.00%     Role Member       Owned by :     X Ownership 99     DTIM OPERATIONS LLC       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)     Member       Owned by :     X Ownership 99     DTIM OPERATIONS LLC       Owned by :     X Ownership 99     Name DTIM OPERATIONS LLC       Owned by :     X Ownership 99     Name DTIM OPERATIONS LLC		Owned by :	1	TRUMP MARKS TAMPA CORP		Member
100     DTIM Operations Managing Member Corp     Shareholder       Has ownership interest in :     Entity Name TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC     Ownership     Title Nember       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)     Member       Owned by :     ½ Ownership 1     Name TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP     Role Member       99     DTIM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       99     DTIM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLP *(3)     Role	387	TRUMP MARKS TORONTO		DITM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
Has ownership interest in :     Entity Name TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC     Ownership 1.00%     Title Member       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC *(3)     1.00%     Member       Owned by :     ½ Ownership 1     Name TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP     Role Member       99     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       389     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LP *(3)     Member		Owned by :				
TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC     1.00%     Member       388     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC '/3)     Name     Role       Owned by :     ½ Ownership     Name     Role       1     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP     Member       99     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       369     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LP '13)     Member       Owned by :     ½ Ownership     Name     Role		Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name		Title	
1     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP     Member       99     DTTM OPERATIONS LLC     Member       369     TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LP *13)     Member       Owned by : <u>% Ownership</u> Name     Role			TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LLC			
389 <u>TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LP *(3)</u> Owned by : <u>% Ownership</u> <u>Name</u> <u>Role</u>		Owned by :	1	TRUMP MARKS TORONTO CORP		Member
	389	TRUMP MARKS TORONTO		LI DY OF EDUTIONS LLC		(4)5) (IDE)
		Owned by :				

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	Instructions for Part 2 Note: This is a public form. Do not inch	nia anno 1966 an addrean airse at a dalana	an arthur the structure of the fair		whitemed to a
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Reference #	Doneis J. Trimp				(133.01.40
390	TRUMP MARKS WAIKIKI CORI	<u>&gt; *(1)</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Sharaholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP MARKS WAIKIKI LLC	Ownership 1,00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
391	TRUMP MARKS WAIKIKI LLC				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP MARKS WAIKIKI CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
		99	The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		Member
392	TRUMP MARKS WESTCHESTE	ER CORP *(4)			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP MARKS WESTCHESTER LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
393	TRUMP MARKS WESTCHESTE	R LLC *(4)			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownerstilp</u> 1	Name TRUMP MARKS WESTCHESTER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
394	TRUMP MARKS WHITE PLAIN	99 <u>S CORP Y4)</u>	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in ;	Entity Name TRUMP MARKS WHITE PLAINS LLC	<u>Gwnershie</u> 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
395	TRUMP MARKS WHITE PLAIN	S LLC *(4)			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP MARKS WHITE PLAINS CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
		99	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
396	TRUMP MIAMI RESORT MANA	<u>GEMENT LLC</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP MIAMI RESORT MANAGEMENT MEMBER CORP		<u>Böle</u> Managing Member
397	TRUMP MIAMI RESORT MANA	99 Gement Member Corr */4	DJT Holdings LLC		Member
	Owned by:	% Ownership 100	2 <u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP MIAMI RESORT MANAGEMENT LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
398	TRUMP MODEL MANAGEMEN				
	Assumed Names :	<u>D/B/A</u> TRUMP MODELS	<u>Jurisdiction</u> New York		
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 15 85	<u>Name</u> Annia Veltri TMG Member, LLC		<u>Role</u> Member Member
399	TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLU	B - COLTS NECK			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB COLTS NECK MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
400	TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLU	99 B COLTS NECK MEMBER CO	DIT HOLDINGS LLC DRP 'Y1)		Mamber
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Nome		Role

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	Note: This is a public form, Do not its Filer's Name	ude account numbers, street addres	oos, or family member nomes. See inst	ractions for regulated	reformation. Page Number
	Daneid J. Yaung				A34 of 46
eference #					*
		100	DIT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER		Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name	ILC Ownership	Title	
		TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB -	1.00%	Managing Member	
		COLTS NECK			
401	TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLI	18 - WESTCHESTER			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		1	TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB MEMBER CORP		Managing Member
		99	DJT HOLDINGS LLC		Managing Member
402	TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLI	IB MEMBER CORP *(1)			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
	Conten B3 .	100	DIT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER		Shareholder
			LI.C.		
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB -	Ownership 1.00%	Title Managing Member	
		WESTCHESTER	14072	managa g manasi	
403	TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CL	<u>IB - WASHINGTON DC</u>			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
	omica of t	1	TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB		Managing Member
			WASHINGTON DC MEMBER CORP		
404	TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLI	99 IA MASHINGTON DC MEMBI	DIT HOLDINGS LLC		Member
	THOM MATIONAL OVER OL	in any and the off the method			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		100	DIT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER LLC		Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name	Ownership	Title	
		TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB -	1,99%	Managing Member	
405	Trump New World Property N	WASHINGTON DC			
100	<u></u>	ana <u>aanano 220 joj</u>			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		50	New World Property Management Limited		Managing Member
		50	TRUMP RIVERSIDE MANAGEMENT		Managing Member
101			uс		
400	TRUMP OLD POST OFFICE L	a			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		1	TRUMP OLD POST OFFICE MEMBER CORP		Managing Member
		76,725	DIT HOLDINGS LLC		Member
		22.275	Trump Family Members		Member
409	TRUMP OLD POST OFFICE M	EMBER CORP *(1)			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
	-	77.5	DJT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER		Shareholder
		22.5	LLC Trump Family Members		
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name	Ownership	Title	
		TRUMP OLD POST OFFICE LLC	1.80%	Managing Member	
611	TRUMP ORGANIZATION LLC	*/3)			
413	INUMP ORGANIZATION LLG	132			
	Assumed Names :	<u>D/8/A</u>	Jurisdiction		
	Owned by 1	The Trurnp Organization % Ownership	New York <u>Name</u>		Role
	Conten by 1	100	DIT Holdings LLC		Member
412	TRUMP PAGEANTS, INC, *(1)				
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
	A DESCRIPTION OF A	100	DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		Mus Shareholder
		0		and it a	
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name Miss Universe L.P., LLP	Qwnership 2.00%	<u>Titie</u> Partner	
413	Miss Universe L.P., LLLP	and very a strate of the second	5.00 W /0	1 JUL 11 11	
					× /
					D . I.
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 2	Name TRUMP PAGEANTS INC.		Role Partner
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 2 98	NRME TRUMP PAGEANTS, INC. DIT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Partner Partner

	OMETron 27% (Merch 2014) Instructions for Part 2				
	Note: This is a public form. On not inch	ide account numbers, street addres	see, or family member person. See inst	nuctions for required i	cformation.
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	Coneld J. Tramp				A35 of 46
Reference #	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 0.1	Name FIRST MEMBER INC		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
		99,9	The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		Member
415	TRUMP PANAMA CONDOMINI	UM MANAGEMENT LLC 'Y3)			
	Owned by :	<u>X Ovmership</u> 1	Name TRUMP PANAMA CONDOMINIUM MEMBER CORP		Raia Managing Member
410	5 TRUMP PANAMA CONDOMINI	99 UM MEMBER CORP *(3)	DJT Holdings LLC		Member
	Dwned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> Trump Panama condominium Management LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
413	7 TRUMP PANAMA HOTEL MAN	AGEMENTLLC			
	Dwned by :	<u>% Ownershia</u> 1	Name Trump Panama Hotel Management member corp		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
413	NING TRUMP PANAMA HOTEL MAN	<sup>39</sup> AGEMENT MEMBER CORP '	DJT Holdings LLC [[]]		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Rola</u> Sharsholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Enilly Neme</u> Trump Panama Hotel Management Lic	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
419	9 TRUMP PARK AVENUE ACQU				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 105	Name The Donaid J. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Member
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Enlity Name</u> TRUMP PARK AVENUE LLC	Ownership 49.90%	<u>Title</u> Mamber	
423	• TRUMP PARK AVENUE LLC				
	Owned by :	% Ownership 0.1	Name GEPT Delmonico LLC		Role Member
		49.9	TRUMP PARK AVENUE ACQUISITION		Member
		50	LLC TRUMP DELMONICO LLC		Managing Member
423	1 TRUMP PAYROLL CHICAGO L	LC *(2)			
	Dwned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> 401. North Wabash Venture ILC		<u>Role</u> Managing Mamber
422	2 TRUMP PAYROLL CORP *(2)				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DIT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
423	3 TRUMP PHOENIX DEVELOPM	ENTLLC Y31			
	Owned by :	% Ownership 100	Name DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
42/	A TRUMP PLAZA LLC				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	<u>Name</u> TRUMP PLAZA MEMBER INC.		<u>Role</u> Managing Membar
		99	The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		Member
425	TRUMP PLAZA MEMBER INC.	11) (11)			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Shareholder

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	Conells J. Trump	*****			A36 of 46		
nce #							
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP PLAZA LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member			
425	TRUMP PRODUCTIONS LLC						
	Owned by ;	<u>Xi Ownership</u> 1 39	Name TRUMP PRODUCTIONS MANAGING MEMBER INC. DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Managing Member Member		
427	TRUMP PRODUCTIONS MAN		D) Fridalings LLC		Wellog		
	Owned by :	% Ownership 100	Name DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder		
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP PRODUCTIONS LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member			
429	TRUMP REALTY SERVICES I	LC (15)					
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Member		
430	Trump Restaurants LLC		• · · · ·		24		
434	Owned by :	% Ownership 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Member		
431	TRUMP RIVERSIDE MANAGE	INENT LLC (3)					
	Owned by:	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DIT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder		
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Nama</u> Trump New World Property Management, LLC	Ownership 50.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member			
432	TRUMP RUFFIN COMMERCIA		ady disclosed on Part 2 under	TRUMP RUFFIN 1	OWER ILLC; operator of f		
	desk)						
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name TRUMP RUFFIN TOWER I LLC		<u>Roie</u> Managing Membar		
439	TRUMP RUFFIN LLC *(1)						
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	<u>Name</u> TRUMP LAS VEGAS MANAGING MEMBER LLC		<u>Role</u> Managing Member		
		49	TRUMP LAS VEGAS MEMBER LLC		Member		
	1)	50	Hyde Park, LLC		Member		
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP RUFFIN TOWER I LLC	Ownership 100.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member			
434	TRUMP RUFFIN TOWER I LL	G					
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name TRUMP RUFFIN LLC		<u>Role</u> Managing Member		
	Hes ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP RUFFIN COMMERCIAL LLC	Ownership 100.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member			
435	TRUMP SALES & LEASING C	CHICAGO LLC "(5)					
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name TRUMP SALES & LEASING CHICAGO MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Member		
436	TRUMP SALES & LEASING C	99 HICAGO MEMBER CORP *(1)	DJT Holdings LLC		Member.		
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder		
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP SALES & LEASING CHICAGO LLC	Ownership 1,00%	<u>Title</u> Member			
437	TRUMP SCOTLAND MEMBER						
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DIT Holdings Managing Member LLC		Role Shareholder		
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name	Ownership	Title			

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nce #			*****		1
	&	TRUMP INTERNATIONAL GOLF	1.00%	Member	
430		LINKS-SCOTLAND			
438	TRUMP SCOTSBOROUGH SC	<u>IVANE LLC</u>			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		1	TRUMP SCOTSBOROUGH SQUARE MEMBER CORP.		Managing Member
		99	DIT HOLDINGS LLC		Member
499	TRUMP SCOTSBOROUGH SC	QUARE MEMBER CORP. *(1)			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		100	DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		Shareholder
	Has awnership interest in ;	<mark>Enlity Name</mark> Trump scotsbordugh square LLC	Øwnership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
440	TRUMP SOHO MEMBER LLC	<u>13)</u>			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Roie
	7	100	DJT Holdings LLC		Member
441	TRUMP TORONTO DEVELOP	MENT, INC. "(4)			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		100	DIT Holdings Managing Member LLC		Shareholder
442	TRUMP TORONTO HOTEL M	ANAGEMENT CORP			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		160	DIT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER		nais Sharaholder
***	TOUMD TODANTA MEMORA	CODD */91	ILC		
443	TRUMP TORONTO MEMBER	<u>com- 101</u>			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role Christophalder
		100	DTTM Operations Managing Mamber Corp		Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name	Ownership	Title	
444	TRUMP TOWER COMMERCI	TRUMP MARKS TORONTO LP	1.00%	Member	
			Nama		Sala
	Owned by :	<u>X Ownershin</u> 1	Name TRUMP TOWER MANAGING		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
			MEMBER INC.		
		99	The Trump-Equitable Fifth Avenue Company		Mambar
445	TRUMP TOWER MANAGING	MEMBER INC.			
	Burned by a	2 Currentin	8inma		Qala
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Average and Ave				
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP TOWER COMMERCIAL LLC	Ownership 1.00%	Title Managing Member	
	w				
446	Trump Village Construction	. <u>019. "(1)</u>			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		25	The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		Shareholder
		75	Trump Family Members		Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> Starrett City Associates, L.P.	Ownership 1.84%	<u>Title</u> Partne:	
		Spring Creek Plaza LLC	1.84%	Member	
447	TRUMP VINEYARD ESTATES	ITTC			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		3	TRUMP VINEYARD ESTATES		Managing Member
		99	MANAGER CORP DJT HOLDINGS LLC		Member
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name	Ownership	Title	
		TRUMP VINEYARD ESTATES LOT 3 OWNER LLC	100.00%	Member	
448	TRUMP VINEYARD ESTATES				
448	TRUMP VINEYARD ESTATES		Name		Role

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Reference #	/ L				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 200	<u>Name</u> DIT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Sharebolder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP VINEYARD ESTATES LLC	Ownershia 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
45	<sup>50</sup> TRUMP VIRGINIA ACQUISITIO	NS LLC			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1 99	Name TRUMP VIRGINIA ACQUISITIONS MANAGER CORP DIT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Managing Member Member
49	1 TRUMP VIRGINIA ACQUISITIC		DAY HONDINGS LEG		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownershin</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		Rola Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP VIRGINIA ACQUISITIONS LLC	<u>Ownership</u> 1,80%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
45	52 TRUMP VIRGINIA LOT 5 LLC				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	<u>Name</u> TRUMP VIRGINIÀ LOT 5 MANAGER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
70	51 TRUMP VIRGINIA LOT 5 MAN	99 IGER CORR KIL	DJT HOLDINGS LLC		Member
	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownershin</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member U.C.		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP VIRGINIA LOT 5 LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
45	54 TRUMP WINE MARKS LLC *(3	2			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	<u>Name</u> TRUMP WINE MARKS MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
45	55 TRUMP WINE MARKS MEMBE	99 <u>R CORP *(3)</u>	DIT HOLDINGS LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DTTM Operations Managing Member Corp		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP WINE MARKS LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
43	56 TRUMP WORLD PRODUCTION	<u>VS LLC *(4)</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownershin</u> 1	Name TRUMP WORLD PRODUCTIONS MANAGER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
45	57 TRUMP WORLD PRODUCTIO	99 VS MANAGER CORP *(4)	DIT HOLDINGS LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		Role Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TRUMP WORLD PRODUCTIONS	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
45	58 TRUMP WORLD PUBLICATIO				
	Owned by :	% Ownership 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
43	59 TRUMP'S CASTLE MANAGEM	ENT CORP *(3)			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust	:	<u>Rote</u> Shareholder
46	60 TURNBERRY SCOTLAND LLC	<u>. 40</u>			
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role

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	Conald J. Ynamp				A39 of 46
ence#	I	1.	TURNBERRY SCOTLAND MANAGING MEMBER CORP		Managing Member
	Has ownership interest in :	99 <u>Entity Name</u> Golf Recreation Scotland Limited	DJT HOLDINGS LLC <u>Ownership</u> 100.00%	<u>Title</u> Sole Member	Member
461	TURNBERRY SCOTLAND M	ANAGING MEMBER CORP *(1)			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DIT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TURNBERRY SCOTLAND LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
462	TW VENTURE I LLC				
	Owned by :	% Ownership 1	Name TW VENTURE I MANAGING MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
463	TW VENTURE I MANAGING	99 <u>MEMBER CORP *(1)</u>	DIT HOLDINGS LLC		Member
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name TW VENTURE LLLC	<u>Ownership</u> 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
464	TW VENTURE II LLC *(1)				
	Owned by ;	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	<u>Name</u> TW VENTURE II MANAGING MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Membar
	Has ownership interest in :	99 <u>Entity Name</u> TRUMP INTERNATIONAL GOLF LINKS ~ DOONBEG	DJT HOLDINGS LLC Ownership 100.00%	<u>Title</u> Shareholder	Mømber
465	TW VENTURE II MANAGING				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DJT HOLDINGS MANAGING MEMBER		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> TW VENTURE ILLC	LLC <u>Ownership</u> 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Mamber	
466	ULTIMATE AIR CORP. 13				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
467	UNIT 2502 ENTERPRISES C	<u>ORP *(1)</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name UNIT 2502 ENTERPRISES LLC	<u>Ownershin</u> 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
468	UNIT 2502 ENTERPRISES L	<u>LC *(5)</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	<u>Name</u> UNIT 2502 ENTERPRISES CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
469	TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF C	99 LUB - LOS ANGELES	DIT HOLDINGS LLC		Member
	Owned by :	% Ownership	Name No. ( Drug) construction		Role
	Has ownership interest in :	100 <u>Entity Name</u> VHPS LLC	RPV DEVELOPMENT LLC <u>Ownership</u> 100,00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	Shareholder

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		Filer's Name				Page Muniber A49 of 46
Reference		Oonald J. Trump				£
	470	VHPS LLC *(assets & income a	<u>iready disclosed on Part 2 u</u>	INDER TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF	CLUB - LOS ANG	SELES: owner of vacant land)
		Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name TRUMP NATIONAL GOLF CLUB - LOS ANGELES		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
	471	WEST PALM OPERATIONS LL	<u>C 75)</u>			
		Owned by :	% Ownership 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings LLC		<u>Role</u> Member
	472	Wexford Hall Inc. *(3)				
		Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 25	Name The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
	473	WHITE COURSE LLC '(5)	75	Trump Family Members		Shareholder
		Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name White Course Managing Member Corp		<u>Role</u> Managing Member
	a~7 a	14457 001007 MANAONO 8	99 17117578 0000 1001	DIT HOLDINGS LLC		Member
	4/4	WHITE COURSE MANAGING N				
		Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Shareholder
		Has awnership interest in :	Entity Name WHITE COURSE LLC	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member	
	475	Wilshire Hall LLC *(3)				
		Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 25 75	<u>Name</u> OJT Holdings LLC Trump Family Members		<u>Role</u> Member Member
	476	Wollman Rink Operations LLC	15	riding caring menubers		(4)4(3)2)4(1)
		Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
	477	YORKTOWN REAL ESTATE LL	100 <u>C (F/K/A Yorktown Develop</u>	DJT Holdings LLC ment Associates LLC) *(3)		Member
		Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DJT Holdings I.I.C.		<u>Role</u> Member
	478	HWA 555 Owners, LLC				
		Owned by :	% Ownership 100	<u>Name</u> Hudson Waterfront Associates I, L.P.		<u>Role</u> Partner
	479	1290 AVENUE OF THE AMERIC	CAS, A TENANCY-IN-COMM	<u>DN</u>		
		Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
			52 20.2	HWA 1290 III LLC HWA 1290 IV LLC		Partner Partner
	480	Trump Management Inc.	27.8	HWA 1290 V LLC		Partner
		Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
		Ownen på :	25	The Donald I. Trump Revocable Trust		Shareholder
	481	HWA 1290 III LLC *(1)	75	Trump Family Members		Shareholder
		Owned by :	% Ownership	Name		Role
			100	Hudson Waterfront Associates III, L.P.		Partner
		Has ownership Interest in :	Entity Name 1290 Avenue of the Americas	<u>Ownership</u> 52.00%	<u>Title</u> Partner	
	482	HWA 1290 IV LLC *(1)				
<i></i>		Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Nams</u> Hudson Waterfront Associates IV,		<u>Roie</u> Partner
		Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name 1290 Avenue of the Americas	L.P. <u>Ownership</u> 20.20%	<u>Title</u> Partner	

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		include account numbers, stores addr	estes, or family member names. See in	anuctions for required	i information.	
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nce#	Christit J. Thomp				A41 of 46	
	HWA 1290 V LLC *(1)					
-44.5		21 Marson matrix	News		n-1-	
	Owned by ;	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> Hudson Waterfront Associates V, L.P		<u>Role</u> Partner	
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name 1290 Avenue of the Americas	<u>Ownership</u> 27.80%	<u>Title</u> Partner		
486	Travel Enterprises Manage	ment inc. *(8)				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC	:	<u>Role</u> Shareholder	
490	The Donald J. Trump Com	pany LLC *(3)				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trus	t	<u>Role</u> Member	
493	DT BALI GOLF MANAGER	LLC *(4)				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name DT BAU GOLF MANAGER MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member	
		99	TTTT VENTURE LLC		Member	
494	DT BALI GOLF MANAGER	MEMBER CORP *(4)				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DiT Holdings Managing Member LLC	:	<u>Role</u> Shareholder	
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> DT BALI GOLF MANAGER	Ownership 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member		
495	DT BALI HOTEL MANAGE	<u> </u>				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name DT BALI HOTEL MANAGER MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member	
		99	TTTT VENTURE LLC		Member	
496	DT BALI HOTEL MANAGEI	R MEMBER CORP *{4)				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DIT Holdings Managing Member LLC	:	<u>Role</u> Shareholder	
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> Dt Bali Hotel Manager LLC	<u>Ownership</u> 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Mambar		
497	DT BALI TECHNICAL SER	VICES MANAGER LLC				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name DT BALI TECHNICAL SERVICES		<u>Role</u> Managing Member	
		99	MANAGER MEMBER CORP TTTT VENTURE LLC		Mamber	
498	DT BALI TECHNICAL SER	VICES MANAGER MEMBER CC	<u> 989 (1)</u>			
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC	:	<u>Role</u> Shareholder	
	Has ownership interest in :	Entity Name DT BALL TECHNICAL SERVICES MANAGER LLC	<u>Ownership</u> 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member		
499	DT CONNECT EUROPE LIN	<u>MITED</u>				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name Golf Recreation Scotland Limited		<u>Rola</u> Partner	

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Reference #	Dansid J. Tramp				A442 01 40		
500	DT ENDEAVOR ILLC						
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		<u>Role</u> Member		
505	DT LIDO GÖLF MANAGER LLC	<u>2 *(4)</u>					
	Owned by :	<mark>% Ownership</mark> 1	Name DT LIDO GOLF MANAGER MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member		
		99	TITT VENTURE LLC		Member		
506	DT LIDO GOLF MANAGER ME						
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	Name DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Rule</u> Shareholder		
	Has awnership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> DT LIDO GOLF MANAGER LLC	<u>Ownership</u> 1.00%	Titie Managing Member			
507	DT LIDO HOTEL MANAGER LL	<u>.C *(4)</u>					
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Name DT LIDO HOTEL MANAGER MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Member		
		99	TTTT VENTURE LLC		Member		
508	508 DT LIDO HOTEL MANAGER MEMBER CORP (4)						
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Sharaholder		
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> DT LIDO HOTEL MANAGER LLC	<u>Ownership</u> 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member			
509	DT LIDO TECHNICAL SERVICI	ES MANAGER LLC					
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 1	Neme DT LIDO TECHNICAL SERVICES MANAGER MEMBER CORP		<u>Role</u> Managing Mamber		
		99	TTTT VENTURE LLC		Member		
510	DT LIDO TECHNICAL SERVICI	ES MANAGER MEMBER COF	RP *(1)				
	Owned by :	<u>% Ownership</u> 100	<u>Name</u> DJT Holdings Managing Member LLC		<u>Role</u> Sharoholder		
	Has ownership interest in :	<u>Entity Name</u> DT LIDO TECHNICAL SERVICES MANAGER LLC	<u>Ownerzhip</u> 1.00%	<u>Title</u> Managing Member			
S11	DT MARKS BALILLC *(4)						
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512	DT MARKS BALI MEMBER CO	<u>RP *(4)</u>					
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515	DT TOWER I LLC *(4)						
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516	DT TOWER I MEMBER COI	<u>3P *(4)</u>					
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517	DT TOWER KOLKATA LLC						
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518	DT TOWER KOLKATA MAI	VAGING MEMBER CORP Y	Ω				
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519	DTTM OPERATIONS LLC	ຒ					
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521	EID VENTURE II LLC Y2)						
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522	EID VENTURE II MEMBER	CORP 121					
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		99	MEMBER CORP DTTM OPERATIONS LLC		Member
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533	DT VENTURE [ ] LLC				
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534	DT VENTURE I MEMBER C	ORP (13)			
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535	DT VENTURE II LLC				
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536	DT VENTURE II MEMBER (	CORP 19			
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537	DT TOWER II LLC *(4)				
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538	DT TOWER II MEMBER CO				
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542 <u>STOF</u>	RAGE 108 LLC				
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543 <u>TEX</u> I	PRESS LLC *(5)				
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550	WESTMINSTER HOTEL MANA	<u>GEMENT LLC</u>			
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551	1 WESTMINSTER HOTEL MANA	GER MEMBER CORP *(1)			
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		77.5	The Donald J. Trump Revocable Trust		Shareholder
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		WESTMINSTER HOTEL	1.00%	Managing	
		MANAGEMENT LLC		Member	

Real Estate License Fees (Royalties) are customarily paid to Trump in phases; upon signing of the License Agreement (Upfront Fee), and during various stages of the project's development. Therefore, the amount of License fee income reflected herein is dependent on the phase of that project's development cycle with the majority of payment back-loaded towards project completion.

## **GX 93**

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https://www.wsj.com/articles/trump-lawyer-arranged-130-000-payment-for-adult-film-stars-silence-1515787678

### Trump Lawyer Arranged \$130,000 Payment for Adult-Film Star's Silence

Agreement just before election required woman to keep quiet about an alleged sexual encounter with Trump in 2006, people familiar with the matter say

*By Michael Rothfeld* Follow *and Joe Palazzolo* Follow *Updated Jan. 12, 2018 3:13 pm ET* 



Donald Trump with Stephanie Clifford, whose stage name is Stormy Daniels, in a 2006 photo uploaded to her Myspace.com account.

A lawyer for President Donald Trump arranged a \$130,000 payment to a former adult-film star a month before the 2016 election as part of an agreement that precluded her from publicly discussing an alleged sexual encounter with Mr. Trump, according to people familiar with the matter.

Michael Cohen, who spent nearly a decade as a top attorney at the Trump Organization, arranged payment to the woman, Stephanie Clifford, in October 2016 after her lawyer negotiated the nondisclosure agreement with Mr. Cohen, these people said. Ms. Clifford, whose stage name is Stormy Daniels, has privately alleged the encounter with Mr. Trump took place after they met at a July 2006 celebrity golf tournament on the shore of Lake Tahoe, these people said. Mr. Trump married Melania Trump in 2005.

Mr. Trump faced other allegations during his campaign of inappropriate behavior with women, and vehemently denied them. In this matter, there is no allegation of a nonconsensual interaction.

"These are old, recycled reports, which were published and strongly denied prior to the election," a White House official said, responding to the allegation of a sexual encounter involving Mr. Trump and Ms. Clifford. The official declined to respond to questions about an agreement with Ms. Clifford. It isn't known whether Mr. Trump was aware of any agreement or payment involving her.

In a statement, Mr. Cohen didn't address the \$130,000 payment but said of the alleged sexual encounter that "President Trump once again vehemently denies any such occurrence as has Ms. Daniels."



Michael Cohen, Mr. Trump's personal attorney PHOTO: JONATHAN ERNST/REUTERS

Mr. Cohen added in the statement, addressed to The Wall Street Journal: "This is now the second time that you are raising outlandish allegations against my client. You have attempted to perpetuate this false narrative for over a year; a narrative that has been consistently denied by all parties since at least 2011."

The Journal previously reported that Ms. Clifford, 38 years old, had been in talks with ABC's "Good Morning America" in the fall of 2016 about an appearance to discuss Mr. Trump, according to people familiar with the matter. In that article, the Journal reported the company that owns the National Enquirer agreed to pay \$150,000 to a former Playboy centerfold model three months before the election for her story of an affair a decade earlier with the Republican presidential nominee, which the tabloid newspaper didn't publish. The company said she was paid to write fitness columns and appear on magazine covers.

Mr. Cohen also sent a two-paragraph statement by email addressed "TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN" and signed by "Stormy Daniels" denying that she had a "sexual and/or romantic affair" with Mr. Trump.

"Rumors that I have received hush money from Donald Trump are completely false," the statement said.

Ms. Clifford didn't respond to multiple emails seeking comment.

After the agreement, Ms. Clifford's camp complained the payment wasn't being made quickly enough and threatened to cancel the deal, some of the people familiar with the matter said.

The payment was made to Ms. Clifford through her lawyer in the matter, Keith Davidson, with funds sent to Mr. Davidson's client-trust account at City National Bank in Los Angeles, according to the people.

"I previously represented Ms. Daniels," Mr. Davidson said, referring to Ms. Clifford's stage name. "Attorney-client privilege prohibits me from commenting on my clients' legal matters."

A spokeswoman for City National Bank declined to comment.

The agreement with Ms. Clifford came as the Trump campaign confronted allegations from numerous women who described unwanted sexual advances and alleged assaults by Mr. Trump.

In October 2016, the Washington Post published a videotape made, but never aired, by NBC's "Access Hollywood" in which Mr. Trump spoke of groping women.

Mr. Trump denied all allegations of inappropriate sexual conduct and apologized at the time for his remarks on the tape, calling them locker-room banter.

Mr. Cohen worked at the Trump Organization from 2007 until after the election. As Mr. Trump took office, Mr. Cohen said he would work in private practice and act as Mr. Trump's personal attorney. "I am the fix-it guy," he said in an interview in January 2017 before Mr. Trump's inauguration. Ms. Clifford has appeared in about 150 adult films, and was considered among the industry's biggest stars when the then-27-year-old met Mr. Trump at the American Century Championship in 2006, held at Edgewood Tahoe golf course in Nevada.

Another adult-film star, Jessica Drake, later alleged in an October 2016 news conference that Mr. Trump kissed her and two other women without permission in a hotel suite after the same 2006 golf event.

"I did not sign [a nondisclosure agreement], nor have I received any money for coming forward," Ms. Drake said this week in an emailed statement. "I spoke out because it was the right thing to do."

A White House official responded to questions about Ms. Drake by referring to a previous statement by the Trump campaign, which called her account "totally false and ridiculous."

*—Alexandra Berzon contributed to this article.* 

Write to Michael Rothfeld at michael.rothfeld@wsj.com and Joe Palazzolo at joe.palazzolo@wsj.com

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Boston Brussels Chicago Düsseldorf Frankfurt Houston London Los Angeles Miami Milan Munich New York Orange County Paris Rome Silicon Valley Washington, D.C.

Strategic alliance with MWE China Law Offices (Shanghai)

Stephen M. Ryan Attorney at Law @mwe.com 8333

February 8, 2018

#### VIA E-MAIL

Federal Election Commission Office of Complaints Examination and Legal Administration Attn: Christal Dennis, Paralegal 999 E Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20463

### HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL

Re: MUR 7313

Dear Mr. Jordan:

I am writing on behalf of my client, Michael D. Cohen, in response to your letter dated, January 30, 2018. Specifically, this letter responds to the complaint numbered MUR 7313, which was filed with the Federal Election Commission (FEC) by Common Cause and Paul S. Ryan.

In a private transaction in 2016, before the U.S. presidential election, Mr. Cohen used his own personal funds to facilitate a payment of \$130,000 to Ms. Stephanie Clifford. Neither the Trump Organization nor the Trump campaign was a party to the transaction with Ms. Clifford, and neither reimbursed Mr. Cohen for the payment directly or indirectly.

Contrary to the allegations in the complaint, which are entirely speculative, neither Mr. Cohen nor Essential Consultants LLC made any in-kind contributions to Donald J. Trump for President, Inc., or any other presidential campaign committee. Mr. Cohen has not been a government employee during any of the relevant time period. The payment in question does not constitute a campaign contribution or expenditure and, therefore, the FEC lacks jurisdiction over this matter. The complainants have not and cannot present any evidence to the contrary. Accordingly, the complaint should be dismissed.

Please contact me at your earliest convenience at -8333 if you have any questions regarding this letter.

Sincerely. Stephen M. Ryan Counsel for Michael Cohen

U.S. practice conducted through McDermott Will & Emery LLP.

500 North Capitol Street, NW | Washington, DC 20001-1531 | Tel: +1 202 756 8000 | Fax: +1 202 756 8087 | www.mwe.com

"In late January 2018, I received a copy of a complaint filed at the Federal Election Commission (FEC) by Common Cause. The complaint alleges that I somehow violated campaign finance laws by facilitating an excess, in-kind contribution. The allegations in the complaint are factually unsupported and without legal merit, and my counsel has submitted a response to the FEC.

I am Mr. Trump's longtime special counsel and I have proudly served in that role for more than a decade. In a private transaction in 2016, I used my own personal funds to facilitate a payment of \$130,000 to Ms. Stephanie Clifford. Neither the Trump Organization nor the Trump campaign was a party to the transaction with Ms. Clifford, and neither reimbursed me for the payment, either directly or indirectly. The payment to Ms. Clifford was lawful, and was not a campaign contribution or a campaign expenditure by anyone.

I do not plan to provide any further comment on the FEC matter or regarding Ms. Clifford."

"Just because something isn't true doesn't mean that it can't cause you harm or damage. I will always protect Mr. Trump."

From:Costello, Robert J.Sent:Saturday, April 21, 2018 8:57 PMTo:Michael CohenSubject:Giuliani

Attomey Client Communication Privileged

I spoke with Rudy. Very Very Positive.You are "loved". If you want to call me I will give you the details. I told him everything you asked me to and he said they knew that. There was never a doubt and they are in our corner. Rudy said this communication channel must be maintained. He called it crucial and noted how reassured they were

that they had someone like me whom Rudy has known for so many years in this role.

Sleep well tonight, you have friends in high places.

Bob

P.S. Some very positive comments about you from the White House. Rudy noted how that followed my chat with him last night.

Sent from my iPad

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From: **Costello, Robert J.** @dhclegal.com> Date: Wed, Jun 13, 2018 at 3:21 PM Subject: FW: Update DRAFT To: Michael Cohen < @gmail.com>

#### Michael,

Since you jumped off the phone rather abruptly, I did not get a chance to tell you that my friend has communicated to me that he is meeting with his client this evening and he added that if there was anything you wanted to convey you should tell me and my friend will bring it up for discussion this evening.

I would suggest that you give this invitation some real thought. Today's newspaper stories should not rattle you. The event announced today you thought would be announced Friday or Monday so it is merely a difference of timing. MW& E were brought in to do a discreet task and they have performed those services in an exemplary fashion. This is not a change in plan rather it is exactly what was planned. Your message or the message of MW &E should be positive and not negative in any way. What you do next is for you to decide, but if that choice requires any discussion with my friends client, you have the opportunity to convey that this evening, but only if you so decide.

I must tell you quite frankly that I am not used to listening to abuse like today's conversation. You have called me numerous times over the last month to discuss issues and I have always tried to be as helpful as I could. You told me back in April that I was part of the team and I have acted accordingly on your behalf. When I suggested that we meet and discuss a strategy following this news you

suddenly took a new approach and stated: "That's not going to happen" Stunned by this remark, I was asking you for a clarification of our legal relationship. You indicated that you would be talking to someone in a boutique firm that was not ready to get involved and when I noted that you were willing to sit down with them but not sit down with us, you had an unfortunate outburst. I relayed this situation to Jeff Citron who suggested that you probably were just having a bad moment but that it was necessary to seek a clarification of our position with you in light of your remarks.

Please remember if you want or need to communicate something, please let me know and I will see that it gets done. I hope I am wrong but it seems to both Jeff and I that perhaps we have been played here. Let me know what you want to do.

Bob



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#### STATEMENT OF CONFIDENTIALITY

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In accordance with Internal Revenue Service Circular 230, we inform you that any discussion of a federal tax issue contained in this communication (including any attachments) is not intended or written to be used, and it cannot be used, by any recipient for the purpose of (i) avoiding penalties that may be imposed on the recipient under United States federal tax laws, or (ii) promoting, marketing or recommending to another party any tax-related matters addressed herein.

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Yours,

Michael D. Cohen 0114 (Cellular) @gmail.com





📞 Unanswered outgoing call

I am on a call.

you do

Ok. Buzz me after

Delivered







(Audio File Admitted in Native Format)

#### **Trump-Cohen Recording**

Michael Cohen: Told you about Charleston. I need to open up a company for the transfer of all of that info regarding our friend, David, you know, so that -- I'm going to do that right away. I've actually come up and I've spoken --

- Donald J. Trump: Give it to me and get me a --
- Michael Cohen: And, I've spoken to Allen Weisselberg about how to set the whole thing up with --

Donald J. Trump: So, what do we got to pay for this? One-fifty?

- Michael Cohen: -- funding. Yes. And it's all the stuff.
- Donald J. Trump: Yes, I was thinking about that.
- Michael Cohen: All the stuff. Because -- here, you never know where that company, you never know what he's --

Donald J. Trump: Maybe he gets hit by a truck

Michael Cohen: Correct. So, I'm all over that. And, I spoke to Allen about it, when it comes time for the financing, which will be --

Donald J. Trump: Listen, what financing?

Michael Cohen: We'll have to pay him something.

Donald J. Trump: (INAUDIBLE) pay with cash.

Michael Cohen: No, no, no, no, no, I got it.

Donald J. Trump: Check.

Time	line	(4)

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#	Туре	Directio n	Attachment s	Location s	Date	Time	Party	Description	Source	Latitud e	Longitud	Addres s	Delete d	Tag Note	Source file information	Carve 1
1	Instant Messages	Outgoing			2/6/2018	2/6/2018 2:03:56 PM(UTC- 5)	Cohen (owner) To: 4978 Maggie Haberman To: 4978 Maggie Haberman	Big boss just approved me responding to complaint and statement. Please start writing and I will call you soon	Native Messages						971effd1117bd8fdce3bfdf2a4202 af234e6300_files_full.zip/private /var/mobile/libary/SMS/sms.db : 0x2DA7895 (Table: message, handle; Size: 82022400 bytes)	
2	Instant Messages	Outgoing			2/6/2018	5)	From: 0114 Michael Cohen (owner) To: 4978 Maggie Haberman To: 4978 Maggie Haberman	Embargoed until we talk with Steve Ryan. But you are the only one who will have it	Native Messages						971effd1117bd8fdce3bfdf2a4202 af234e5300_files_full.zip/private /var/mobile/Library/SMS/sms.db : 0x2DAAFE4 (Table: message, handle; Size: 82022400 bytes)	
3	Instant Messages	Outgoing			2/13/2018	2/13/2018 4:28:09 PM(UTC- 5)	From: 0114 Michael Cohen (owner) To: 4978 Maggie Haberman To: 4978 Maggie Haberman	"In late January 2018, I received a copy of a complaint filed at the Federal Election Commission (FEC) by Common Cause. The complaint alleges that I somehow violated campaign finance laws by facilitating an excess, in-kind contribution. The allegations in the complaint are factually unsupported and without legal merit, and my counsel has submitted a response to the FEC. I am Mr. Trump's longtime special counsel and I have proudly served in that role for more than a decade. In a private transaction in 2016, I used my own personal funds to facilitate a payment of \$130,000 to Ms. Stephanie Clifford. Neither the Trump Organization nor the transaction with Ms. Clifford, and neither transaction with Ms. Clifford and neither transaction with Ms. Stafford and the stafford and transaction with Ms. Stafford and transaction and the stafford and tr	Native Messages						971effd1117bd8fdce3bfdf2a4202 af234e63f00_files_full.zip/private <i>Vartmobile/Library/SMS/sms.db</i> b/02F798F (Table: message, handle; Size: 82022400 bytes)	
								reimbursed me for the payment, either directly or indirectly. The payment to Ms. Clifford was lawful, and was not a campaign contribution or a campaign expenditure by anyone.								
4	Instant Messages	Outgoing			2/13/2018	2/13/2018 7:37:03 PM(UTC- 5)	From: 0114 Michael Cohen (owner) To: 4978 Maggie Haberman To: 4978 Maggie Haberman	We are good to go on the statement. Release tomorrow at 6:40am	Native Messages						971effd1117bd8idce3bfdf2a4202 af234e5300_files_full.zip/private /var/mobile/Library/SMS/sms.db : 0x2E7FA78 (Table: message, handle; Size: 82022400 bytes)	



# **GX 407F**

### ← Thread



**Donald J. Trump** 

The New York Times and a third rate reporter named Maggie Haberman, known as a Crooked H flunkie who I don't speak to and have nothing to do with, are going out of their way to destroy Michael Cohen and his relationship with me in the hope that he will "flip." They use....

9:10 AM · Apr 21, 2018							
<b>7,762</b> R	etweets 3,75	<b>8</b> Quote Tweets	36.4K Likes				
	Q	t↓	$\heartsuit$		土		
T	■ Donald J. Trump ♥ @realDonaldTrump • Apr 21, 2018 Replying to @realDonaldTrumpnon-existent "sources" and a drunk/drugged up loser who hates Michael, a fine person with a wonderful family. Michael is a businessman for his own account/lawyer who I have always liked & respected. Most people will flip if the Government lets them out of trouble, even if						
	<b>Q</b> 6,705	€7,431	♥ 29.6K	da	土		
T	it means lyi	<b>mp </b> @realDona ng or making up s orrible Witch Hunt	tories. Sorry, I do	n't see Mi	-		
	<b>Q</b> 13.9K	<b>1</b> ,377	♡ 31.9K	ılı	⚠		

## **GX 407G**



**Donald J. Trump** 

Mr. Cohen, an attorney, received a monthly retainer, not from the campaign and having nothing to do with the campaign, from which he entered into, through reimbursement, a private contract between two parties, known as a non-disclosure agreement, or NDA. These agreements are.....

6:46 AM · May 3, 2018





**Donald J. Trump** 

...very common among celebrities and people of wealth. In this case it is in full force and effect and will be used in Arbitration for damages against Ms. Clifford (Daniels). The agreement was used to stop the false and extortionist accusations made by her about an affair,.....

6:54 AM · May	3, 2018			
<b>Q</b> 15K	10К	♥ 46К	35	♪



**Donald J. Trump** 

...despite already having signed a detailed letter admitting that there was no affair. Prior to its violation by Ms. Clifford and her attorney, this was a private agreement. Money from the campaign, or campaign contributions, played no roll in this transaction.

7:00 AM · May	3, 2018			
<b>Q</b> 36K	1ЗК	♡ 51K	49	个

### GX 407H



**Donald J. Trump** 

If anyone is looking for a good lawyer, I would strongly suggest that you don't retain the services of Michael Cohen!

...

8:44 AM · Aug 22, 2018

<b>Q</b> 57K	<b>1</b> 47K	💙 99К	260	♪
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# **GX 407I**



**Donald J. Trump** 

I feel very badly for Paul Manafort and his wonderful family. "Justice" took a 12 year old tax case, among other things, applied tremendous pressure on him and, unlike Michael Cohen, he refused to "break" – make up stories in order to get a "deal." Such respect for a brave man!

9:21 AM · Aug 2	22, 2018			
<b>Q</b> 42K	<b>1</b> 9K	♡ 58K	104	₾